

## **Cautionary Statement**

All information contained in this release which pertains to the current plans, estimates, strategies and beliefs of Anritsu Corporation (hereafter "Anritsu") that is not historical fact shall be considered forward-looking statements of future business results or other forward-looking projections pertinent to the business of Anritsu. Implicit in reliance on these and all future projections is the unavoidable risk, caused by the existence of uncertainties about future events, that any and all suggested projections may not, come to pass. Forward-looking statements include but are not limited to those using words such as "believe", "expect", "plans", "strategy", "prospects", "forecast", "estimate", "project", "anticipate", "may" or "might" and words of similar meaning in connection with a discussion of future operations or financial performance.

Actual business results are the outcome of a number of unknown variables and may substantially differ from the figures projected herein.

Factors which may affect the actual business results include but are not limited to the economic situation in the geographic areas in which Anritsu conducts business, including but not limited to, Japan, Americas, Asia, and Europe, changes in actual demand for Anritsu products and services, increases or decreases in the competitive nature of markets in which Anritsu sells products or buys supplies, changing aptitudes at providing services, and exchange rates.

You also should not place reliance on any obligation of Anritsu to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Anritsu disclaims any such obligation.



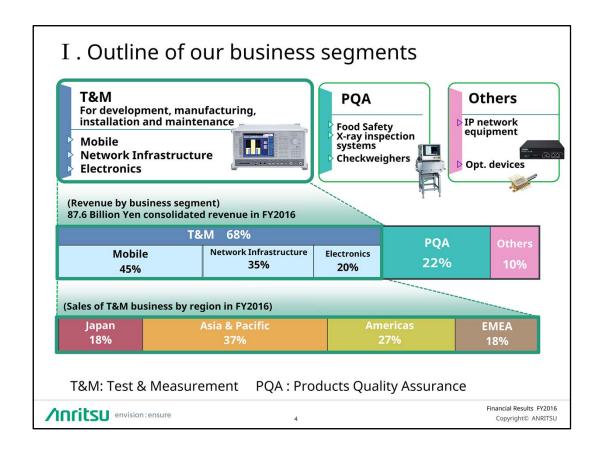
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## **Agenda**

- I. Outline of our business segments
- II. Consolidated performance review of fiscal year ended March 31, 2017
- III. Outlook for full year of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2018
- IV. Future initiatives in FY2017
- V. Expansion and advances in demand for "connection" opened up by 5G/IoT  $\sim$  Mobile World Congress 2017 Report  $\sim$



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#### II -1. Consolidated performance - Financial results -Both profit and revenue were down Unit: Billion Yen (For reference) **International Financial** FY2015 FY2016 Oct.27 **Reporting Standards (IFRS)** Forecast Order Intake 94.6 88.9 (5.7)-6% 87.5 87.6 Revenue 95.5 (7.9)-8% 87.5 Operating profit (loss) 4.2 2.2 5.9 (1.7)-28% Profit (loss) before tax 3.6 (1.8)-33% 5.4 1.4 Profit (loss) 3.8 2.7 (1.1)-27% 1.0 Comprehensive income 0.6 3.3 2.7 417% Note: Numbers are rounded off in each column Financial Results FY2016 Inritsu envision: ensure Copyright© ANRITSU

The Group's consolidated order intake decreased by 6% year on year to 88.9 billion yen and revenue decreased by 8% year on year to 87.6 billion. Operating profit decreased by 28% year on year to 4.2 billion yen.

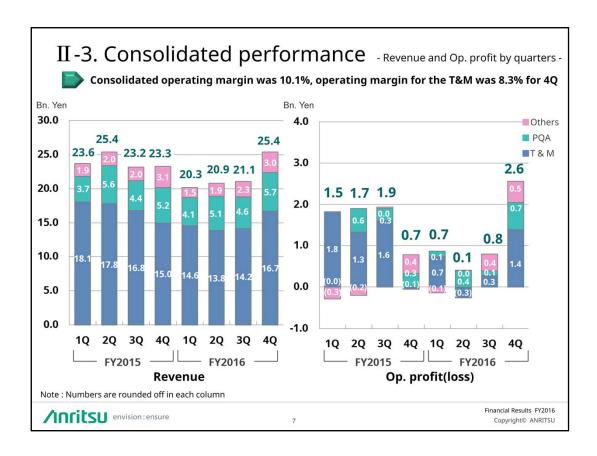
Profit for the period was 2.7 billion yen, and comprehensive income was 3.3 billion yen.

11-2.	Consolidated <sub> </sub>	perfori	mance	- Results by		ment - Jnit: Billion Yer
International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)		FY2015	FY2016	YoY	YoY (%)	(For reference) Oct.27 Forecast
	Revenue	67.7	59.3	(8.4)	-12%	58.5
T&M	Op. profit (loss)	4.7	2.1	(2.6)	-55%	0.5
	Adjusted operating profit (loss) *	5.4	2.5	(2.9)	-54%	=
PQA	Revenue	18.9	19.6	0.7	4%	20.0
PQA	Op. profit (loss)	1.2	1.3	0.1	9%	1.4
Others	Revenue	8.9	8.7	(0.2)	-2%	9.0
Others	Op. profit (loss)	(0.0)	0.8	0.8	-	0.3
	Revenue	95.5	87.6	(7.9)	-8%	87.5
Total	Op. profit (loss)	5.9	4.2	(1.7)	-28%	2.2
	Adjusted operating profit (loss)	6.6	4.6	(2.0)	-30%	-
* Adjusted o	pers are rounded off in each column perating profit is Anritsu's original pr vith a transient nature from operating k Measurement POA: Products Que	profit. No items				ing profit and

Both revenue and profit were down for the T&M business, and the operating margin was 3.6%.

The operating margin was 4.2% on an adjusted operating profit basis, excluding approximately 0.4 billion yen of restructuring and M&A-related costs in Europe and the U.S.

Both revenue and profit increased in the PQA business. Operating margin was 6.6%.



The consolidated operating margin and the operating margin for the T&M and PQA businesses in 4Q were as follows respectively:

Consolidated: 10.1%

T&M: 8.3% PQA: 11.7%

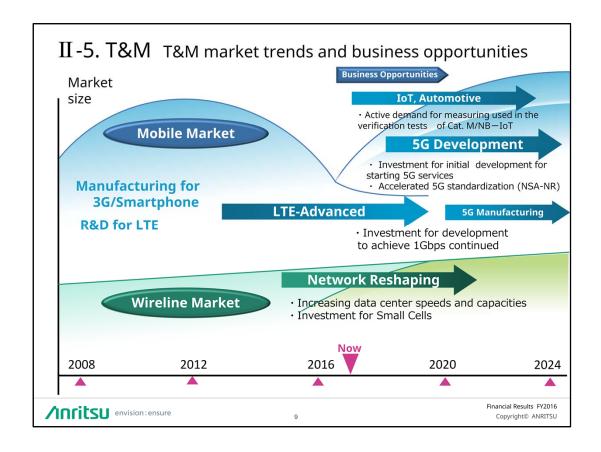
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In the T&M business, restrained investment by customers continued in the smartphone market overall. A cautious stance was seen, especially in the LTE-Advanced-related R&D market, since FY2016 represented a period of transition from LTE to 5G.

On the other hand, projects are beginning to materialize for development in the automotive market, where competition in the development of automated driving is intensifying, as well as in the operator-driven IoT field including Category M and NB-IoT. Also, the commercialization of 5G is beginning to materialize, as domestic and overseas major operators are announcing plans for verification tests of 5G.

Demand remained strong for measuring instruments used in the development and manufacture of optical modules, as investment for increasing speeds of network infrastructure is picking up.

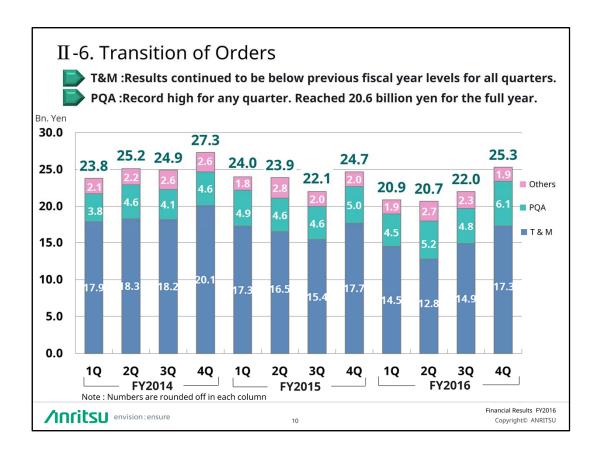
In the PQA business, demand for X-ray inspection systems is strong both in Japan and overseas and growing in all markets.



As shown in the overview of operations, in the T&M business environment, investment in the smartphone-related market has continued to be restrained, as FY2016 is a period of transition in this market. Meanwhile, accelerated 5G standardization in 3GPP has led to the materialization of moves toward commercialization in 2019 by carriers in each country. Accordingly, movements in demand for development are expected in markets related to 5G Development and LTE-Advanced. In particular, NSA-NR (Non-Standalone New Radio), which is scheduled to be standardized in December 2017, assumes the use of LTE-Advanced technology for the realization of 5G, and LTE-Advanced will therefore become an indispensable technology for realizing 5G in the future.

In addition, measurement demand for development compatible with high speed LTE- Advanced (1 Gbps) is expected.

In the Network Reshaping-related market, there is strong demand for optical-module evaluation solutions for increasing data center speeds and capacities. There is strong measurement demand in the manufacture of 100 Gbps optical modules, and for development of 400 Gbps optical modules to attain even higher speeds.

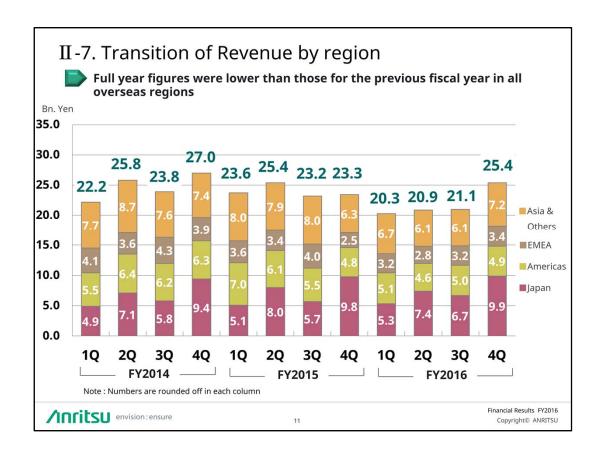


Order intake in the T&M business for 4Q amounted to 17.3 billion yen mainly as a result of capturing demand of instruments for LTE-Advanced development and from manufacturers/vendors of smartphones.

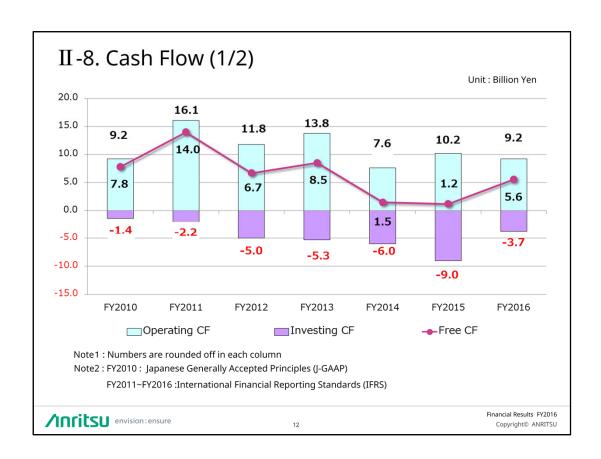
However, in terms of the full year, orders in all quarters were at lower levels than in the previous fiscal year, indicating that the order intake environment continues to be challenging.

Order intake in the PQA business for 4Q amounted to 6.1 billion yen, which is a record high for any quarter, and full-year orders reached 20.6 billion yen.

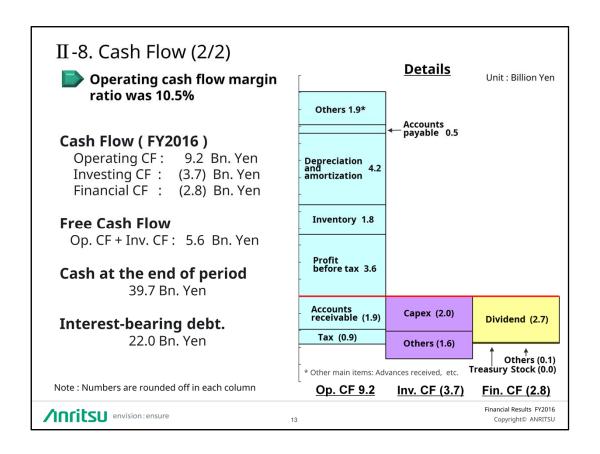
Meanwhile, the order backlog for the entire Group was 18.2 billion yen (2% year-on-year increase) and 13.2 billion yen (4% year-on-year decrease) for the T&M business.



With respect to full year revenue by region, in the Japanese market, revenue in the PQA business increased by 3% year on year thanks to strong sales, while revenue in the T&M business remained at the same level year on year. In overseas markets, revenue was lower than previous fiscal year in all regions, with revenue decreasing year on year by 16% in the Americas, 8% in EMEA, and 13% in Asia.



A steady inflow of operating cash flow has been generated mainly through improved working capital efficiency. Outflow in FY2015 was mainly due to the acquisition of property, plant and equipment, including the construction of the Global Headquarters Building.



The operating cash flow was inflow of 9.2 billion yen.

The investing cash flow was outflow of 3.7 billion yen.

As a result, the free cash flow amounted to an inflow of 5.6 billion yen.

A cash outflow of 2.8 billion yen in the financial cash flow primarily comprises dividends paid of 2.7 billion yen (dividend per share: June: 12 yen, December: 7.5 yen).

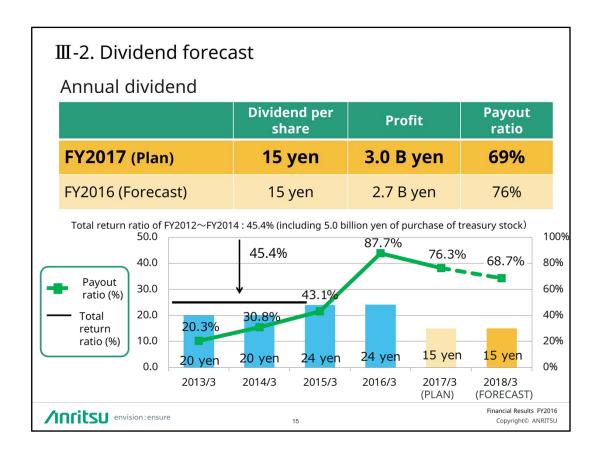
Consequently, the balance of cash equivalents at the end of the period increased by 2.3 billion yen from the beginning of the fiscal year to 39.7 billion yen.

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		•			Unit: Billion Y
International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)		FY2016		FY2017	
		Actual	Forecast	YoY	YoY(%)
Revenue		87.6	91.0	3.4	4%
Operating profit (loss)		4.2	4.4	0.2	4%
Profit (loss) before tax		3.6	4.2	0.6	16%
Profit (loss)		2.7	3.0	0.3	10%
T&M	Revenue	59.3	61.0	1.7	3%
I & IVI	Op. profit (loss)	2.1	2.2	0.1	3%
DOA	Revenue	19.6	21.5	1.9	10%
PQA	Op. profit (loss)	1.3	1.5	0.2	15%
Others	Revenue	8.7	8.5	(0.2)	-2%
	Op. profit (loss)	8.0	0.7	(0.1)	-13%

The forecast for the full year results of FY2017 is as shown above.

Revenue in the T&M business is expected to increase by 3% year on year through the steady capture of the "business opportunities in Slide 9." Operating profit is expected to be same level the previous fiscal year due to focused investment in 5G-related development.

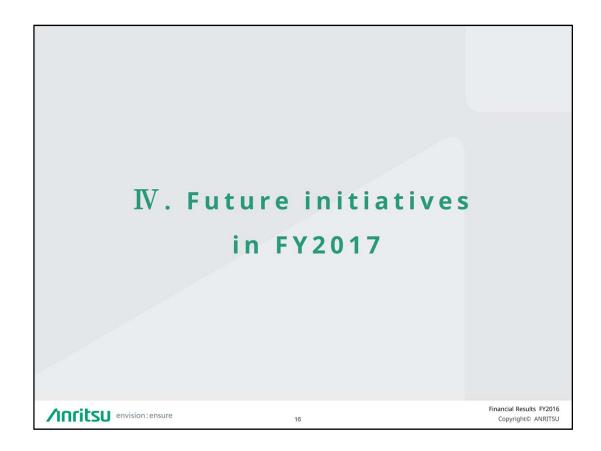
In the PQA business, as in the previous fiscal year, we will aim to achieve 21.5 billion yen in revenue by steadily capturing quality assurance needs in the domestic and overseas food processing markets through offering optimal solutions.

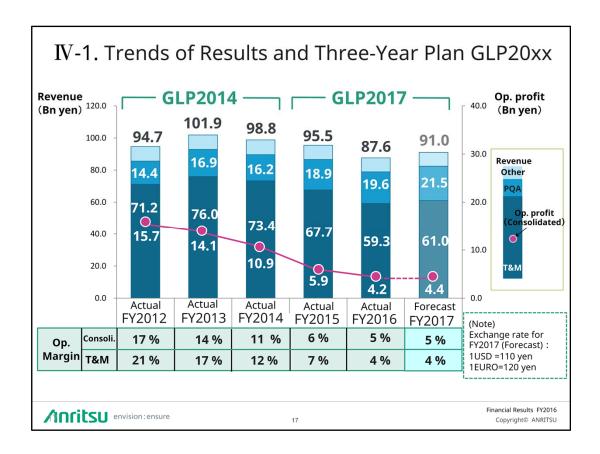


The Company's core policy for returning profits to its shareholders is to distribute profits in accordance with its consolidated performance, taking into account the total return ratio.

With regard to the distribution from surplus, while taking the basic approach of raising dividends on equity (DOE) in accordance with the increase in consolidated profits for the fiscal year, the Company's policy is to pay dividends twice a year as an interim dividend and a year-end dividend aiming at a consolidated dividend payout ratio of 30% or more by the resolution of the Board of Directors or the General Meeting of Shareholders.

We plan to pay an annual dividend of 15 yen per share (including an interim dividend of 7.5 yen per share) for FY2017, based on the assumption to achieve the business results forecast for the next fiscal year.





In GLP 2017, which is a three-year plan that ends in FY2017, we reported that the targets were not expected to be achieved as of the end of FY2015, due to dramatic changes in the T&M business environment. Thereafter, we focused on stemming the deterioration in results by taking measures to reform the management structure, and made growth investments for business opportunities in 5G/IoT. In FY2017, we will also work to build a solid management foundation in our continuous pursuit of this management policy.



In the current fiscal year, towards the formulation of GLP2020, which is a three-year plan starting in FY2018, the Group will capture growth drivers to restore growth potential and strive to consolidate our foundation for building a robust profit structure.

	IV-3. Middle and long-term business basic strategy Capture growth drivers , and realize "continuous profitable growth"					
		Market		Target		
		average annual growth rate	Growth driver	Sales growth rate	Operating margin	
	T&M	3-5%	Broadband expansion and innovation (1) LTE-Advanced, 5G (2) IoT, Connectivity (3) Network Reshaping	≧7%	≧20%	
	PQA	3-5%	Improvement of safety, security and health Solutions with X-ray for quality assurance	≧7%	≧12%	
	Consolidated	_	_	_	≧18%	
ROE —		_	_	≧15%		
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The basic policy of the medium- to long-term business strategy is to achieve profitable and sustainable growth by steadily capturing growth drivers. There are no changes to the growth drivers of the core T&M business. A society is being realized where everything is connected to the Internet through various systems (5G/IoT). Anritsu will steadily capture business opportunities amid the development of communication technologies supporting such realization.

The growth driver of the PQA business is "increase in safety, security and health."

The target growth rate, profit margin and ROE in the medium- to long-term basic business strategy are as shown above.

V . Expansion and advances in demand for "connection" opened up by  $5\mbox{G/IoT}$ 

 $\sim$  Mobile World Congress 2017 Report  $\sim$ 

### Hirokazu Hamada

Executive Vice President and M Group President Anritsu Corporation



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# V-1. MWC2017 from the viewpoint of a measuring instrument manufacturer

Mobile World Congress 2017 is the world's biggest mobile event that was held in Barcelona, Spain from February 27 through March 2.

With accelerated 5G standardization, commercialization in 2019 is now in sight!

Appearance of Gigabit LTE terminals, and further increasing speeds and capacities

Focus is on Cellular V2X, and the day will come when Cellular will be useful in safety and security for cars

Highlights of Anritsu, connection with IoT module of various companies, appearance of new WLAN product

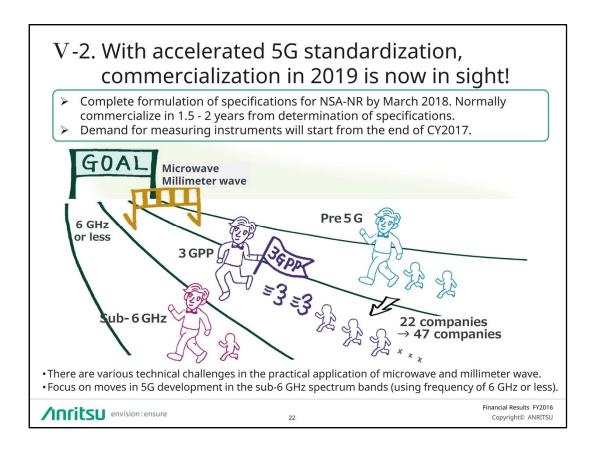


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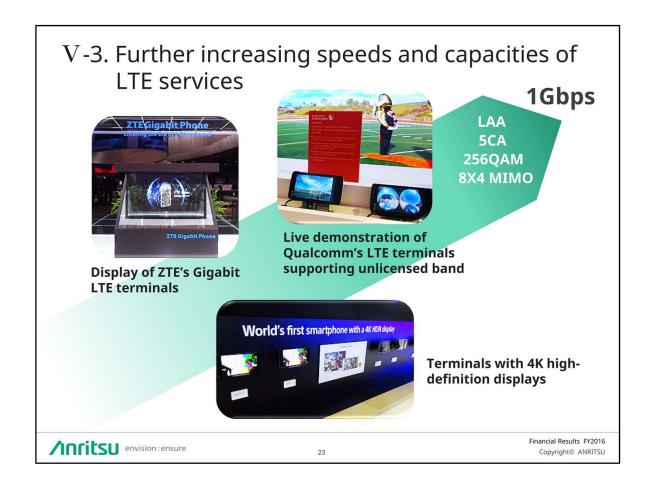
I will describe strategy and growth opportunities of the T&M business in GLP 2020.

There are no signs of slowing down when it comes to technological evolution for realizing a broadband environment that provides social value and customer experience by offering "connectivity anytime, anywhere, in a safe, secure and comfortable manner." Major growth opportunities are being realized in the fields of "mobile business" engaged in the measurement of terminals and "network infrastructure business" engaged in the measurement of wireless infrastructure.



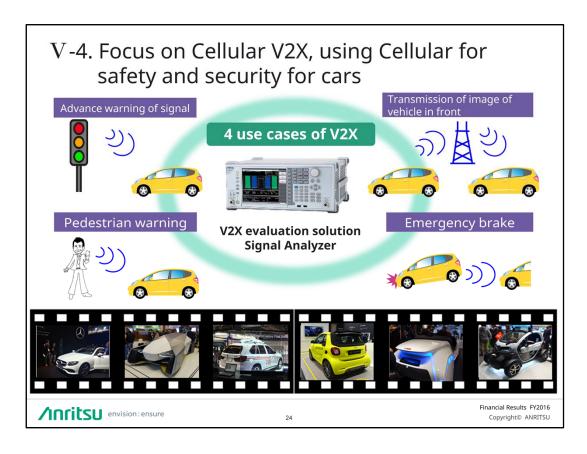
At MWC2017, 22 companies consisting of the world's major carriers and vendors agreed to a joint proposal for the early formulation of 5th generation mobile communications system (5G) specification. Thereafter, at the 3GPP plenary meeting held in Croatia, a larger number of companies (47 companies) entered their names on the joint proposal for the early formulation of 5G specification.

The accelerated formulation of 5G specification has increased the possibility of the commercial launch of 5G during 2019.

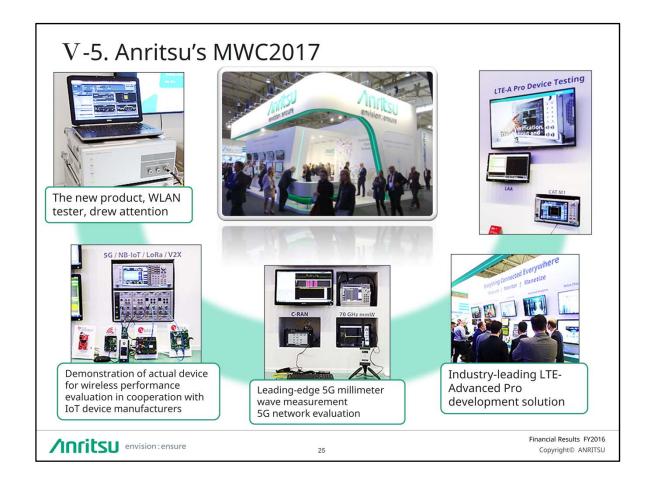


Gigabit LTE terminals for realizing high-speed (1 Gbps) LTE-Advanced were introduced.

In addition, terminals supporting LAA that use unlicensed band were also introduced. Not only investment for the commercialization of 5G but also investment in LTE-A can be expected.

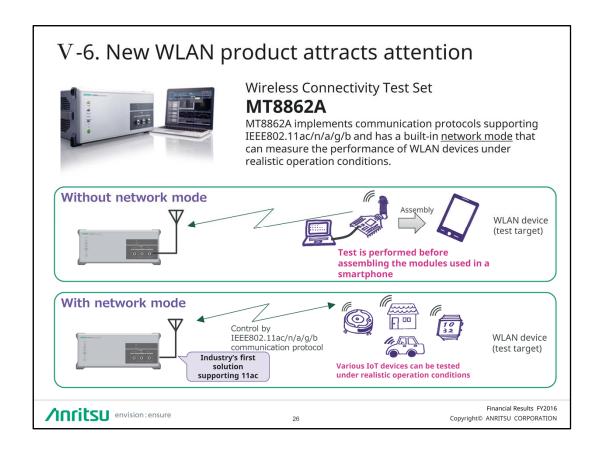


While the exhibition of connected cars of automakers drew much attention, a live demonstration of V2X was held for four use cases. Anritsu provides optimal solutions for the applications of development, evaluation and manufacturing of IEEE802.11p-based V2X wireless systems. In addition, an agreement on LTE V2X specification, which is an expansion of LTE specifications, was also reached in March 2017 as 3GPP Release 14. For LTE V2X, cellular measurement solutions, Anritsu's forte, will be provided to contribute to highly safe car driving.



At Anritsu's booth, WLAN for IoT and 5G test solution concepts were proposed. Amid the successive announcement of commercial chips supporting Cat.M/NB-IoT by chipset vendors, wireless evaluation tests using actual modules received favorable reviews.

In recent years, individual meetings with customers have increased every year at MWC. Anritsu's booth has become a meaningful place for customers to deepen their understanding of Anritsu's measurement solutions.



Anritsu's new product, MT8862A Wireless Connectivity Test Set, attracted attention.

This product supports not only smartphone quality evaluation but also evaluation tests of various IoT devices.

