EV-DO Forward Link Measurement
Demonstration using Signal Analyzer and Vector Signal Generator

MX269026A
EV-DO Forward Link Measurement Software

MX269026A-001
All Measure Function

MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A/MS2830A
Signal Analyzer

MG3710A
Vector Signal Generator
Introduction

This document explains output of the CDMA2000 1xEV-DO Rev. 0 forward link signal from the MG3710A Vector Signal Generator and measurement using the MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A/MS2830A Signal Analyzer.

The aim of this guide is to provide an understanding of the following items:
- Output of CDMA2000 1xEV-DO Rev. 0 Forward Link signal using MG3710A Vector Signal Generator and measurement of Tx characteristics using MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A/MS2830A Signal Analyzer
- High-speed measurement of CDMA2000 1xEV-DO Rev. 0 Forward Link signal Tx characteristics using All Measure Function

Measurement is performed first in the data sending status and then again in the idle status.

Preparations

Prepare the following equipment and software for the demonstration.

- MG3710A Vector Signal Generator (Firmware Ver. 2.00.02 or newer)
  - Opt-032 1stRF 100 kHz to 2.7 GHz (Opt-034, -036 also OK)
- MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A/MS2830A Signal Analyzer (Firmware Ver. 5.05.01 or newer)
  - MX269026A EV-DO Forward Link Measurement Software
  - MX269026A-001 All Measure Function
  - MS2830A-006 Analysis Bandwidth 10 MHz (using MS2830A)
- RF Cable 1 pc

The EV-DO Forward Link signal used in the demonstration uses the standard waveform patterns installed in the MG3710A Vector Signal Generator.

Connect the instruments as shown in the following set-up diagram.

![Connection Set-up Diagram](image_url)

To simplify the operations described in this application note, the cable attenuation settings and calibration procedures are omitted. To measure more accurately, refer to the operation manual and add the required procedures.
Outputting Tx Data: Vector Signal Generator Operation

Use the following procedure to output the EV-DO Forward Link signal from the MG3710A Vector Signal Generator.

[Procedure]
2. Press [Load] to display the Waveform List to Load window.
3. Select CDMA2000_1xEV-DO from the Packages list at the left side of the window.
4. Select FWD_2457_6kbps_1slot from Patterns in Packages list at the right side of the window.
   This waveform is the 1xEV-DO Revision 0, 2457.6 kbps data rate, 16QAM modulation signal.
6. Press [Select] to display the Waveform List to Play window.
7. Select CDMA2000_1xEV-DO from the Packages list at the left side of the window.
8. Select FWD_2457_6kbps_1slot from Patterns in the Packages list at the right side of the window.
10. Press [Frequency] and set the frequency to 870 MHz.
11. Press [Level] and set the level to –10 dBm.

The above procedure outputs the EV-DO Forward Link signal in the data Tx status from the RF Output of the MG3710A Vector Signal Generator.

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*Fig. 2. Vector Signal Generator Settings (Data Tx Status)*
Measuring Data Tx Status: Signal Analyzer Operation

Use the following procedure to measure the Tx characteristics of the EV-DO Forward Link signal in the Tx (sending) status using the MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A/MS2830A Signal Analyzer.

Modulation Accuracy Measurement

[Procedure]
1. Press [Application Switch] to select EV-DO Forward.
3. Press [Frequency] and set the frequency to 870 MHz.
4. Press [Amplitude] and set the level to –10 dBm.

The above operations measure the frequency error, modulation accuracy and code domain power.

![Measurement Result](image)

Fig. 3. Frequency Error/Modulation Accuracy/Code Domain Power Measurement Results
(Data Tx Status/MAC Channel Code Domain Power)
The modulation accuracy measurement results are displayed as numerical values in the lower part of the Code Domain screen. 

The frequency error is referenced as Frequency Error. 

The modulation accuracy is referenced as $\rho_{\text{overall1}}$, $\rho_{\text{overall2}}$, and $\rho_{\text{pilot}}$. 

The MAC channel maximum inactive channel power is referenced as Power of Max. MAC Inactive CH Power. 

The top of the Code Domain screen displays a graph of the code domain power and the power for each channel. 

Display of each I/Q code for the RMAC channel is performed by setting [Trace] -> [F2] Code Domain Channel Type to MAC. Pressing [Marker] to set [F2] Branch and [F3] Code Number can be used to reference the power and $\rho$ for any code channel. 

Display of each I/Q code for the traffic channel is performed by setting [Trace] -> [F2] Code Domain Channel Type to Data. Pressing [Marker] to set [F2] Branch and [F3] Code Number can be used to reference the power and $\rho$ for any code channel. 

![Code Domain Screen](image)

**Fig. 4. Frequency Error/Modulation Accuracy/Code Domain Power Measurement Results (Data Tx Status/Data Channel Code Domain Power)**
**Tx Power Measurement**


![Power Measurement Screen](image)

*Fig. 5. Tx Power Measurement Results (Data Tx Status/Data Channel)*

The power during data Tx must be obtained in the range of the average power ±2.5 dB. The Tx power is averaged for at least 512 measurements. When the obtained waveform comes within the mask template displayed on the signal analyzer Power vs Time screen, the evaluation result is Pass; otherwise, the result is Fail.
Occupied Bandwidth Measurement


Fig. 6. Occupied Bandwidth Measurement Results

![Emissions Measurement Results](image)

**Fig. 7. Emissions Measurement Results**
**Batch Measurement of Tx Characteristics**

The signal analyzer All Measure function can be used to measure not only the frequency error, modulation accuracy and code domain power but also for measure power vs time and spectrum measurements. Using this function can shorten the measurement time by selecting each function for each measurement item. There are three measurement units: Modulation Analysis, Occupied Bandwidth, and Spectrum Emission, and measurement can be enabled/disabled for each along with the number of measurement averagings.

[Procedure]
18. Press [Single] to start measurement.

The above procedure measures the modulation accuracy, Tx power, occupied bandwidth, and emissions as a single batch measurement.

![Fig. 8. All Measure Function Measurement Results](image_url)

**Fig. 8. All Measure Function Measurement Results**
Outputting Idle Status: Vector Signal Generator Option

Next, the pilot and MAC channel measurements are made in the idle status. The following MG3710A Vector Signal Generator operation procedure can be executed after the output procedure in the data Tx status.

[Procedure]
1. Press [Load] to display the Waveform List to Load window.
2. Select CDMA2000_1xEV-DO from the Packages list at the left side of the window.
3. Select FWD_Idle from the Pattern in Package list at the right side of the window.
5. Press [Select] to display the Waveform List to Play window.
6. Select CDMA2000_1xEV-DO from the Packages list at the left side of the window.
7. Select FWD_Idle from Patterns in the Packages list at the right side of the window.

The above procedure outputs the EV-DO Forward Link signal in the idle status from the RF Output port of the MG3710A Vector Signal Generator.

![Example of Vector Signal Generator Settings (Idle State)](image)

*Fig. 9. Example of Vector Signal Generator Settings (Idle State)*
Measuring Idle State: Signal Analyzer Operation

Use the following procedure to measure the Tx power of the EV-DO Forward Link signal in the Idle state using the MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A/MS2830A Signal Analyzer.

**Tx Power Measurement**

**[Procedure]**


The above procedure measures the pilot/MAC Channel Tx power.

Setting [Trace] -> [F1] Trace Mode can be used to zoom the Half Slot/On Portion/Ramp displays.

![Fig. 10. Tx Power Measurement Results (Idle Status/Pilot/MAC Channel/Half Slot)](image_url)
Fig. 11. Tx Power Measurement Results (Idle Status/Pilot/MAC Channel, On Portion)
Fig. 12. Tx Power Measurement Results (Idle Status/Pilot/MAC Channel/Ramp Segments)