MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A and MS2830A/MS2840A Signal Analyzer Vector Signal Generator Operation Manual IQproducer[™]

11th Edition

- For safety and warning information, please read this manual before attempting to use the equipment.
- Additional safety and warning information is provided within the "MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A Signal Analyzer Operation Manual (Mainframe Operation)", "MS2830A Signal Analyzer Operation Manual (Mainframe Operation)" or "MS2840A Signal Analyzer Operation Manual (Mainframe Operation)", and "MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A Option 020 Vector Signal Generator (Operation)" and "MS2830A/MS2840A Vector Signal Generator (Operation)" Please also refer to either of these documents before using the equipment.
- Keep this manual with the equipment.

ANRITSU CORPORATION

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Symbols used in manual



This indicates a very dangerous procedure that could result in serious injury or death if not performed properly.

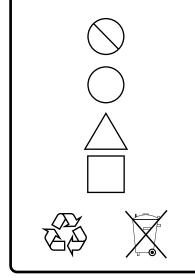


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This indicates a warning or caution. The contents are indicated symbolically in or near the triangle.

This indicates a note. The contents are described in the box.

These indicate that the marked part should be recycled.

MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A and MS2830A/MS2840A Signal Analyzer

Vector Signal Generator

Operation Manual (IQproducer[™])

25 April 2007 (First Edition)

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Prior to the software installation

Before installing this software or any other software recommended or approved by Anritsu, run a virus scan on your computer, including removable media (e.g. USB memory stick and CF memory card) you want to connect to your computer.

When using this software and connecting with the measuring instrument

- Copying files and data On your computer, do not save any copies other than the following:
 - Files and data provided by Anritsu
 - Files created by this software
 - Files specified in this document

Before copying these files and/or data, run a virus scan, including removable media (e.g. USB memory stick and CF memory card).

Connecting to network
 Connect your computer to the network that provides adequate
 protection against computer viruses.

Cautions on Proper Operation of Software

This software may not operate normally if any of the following operations are performed on your computer:

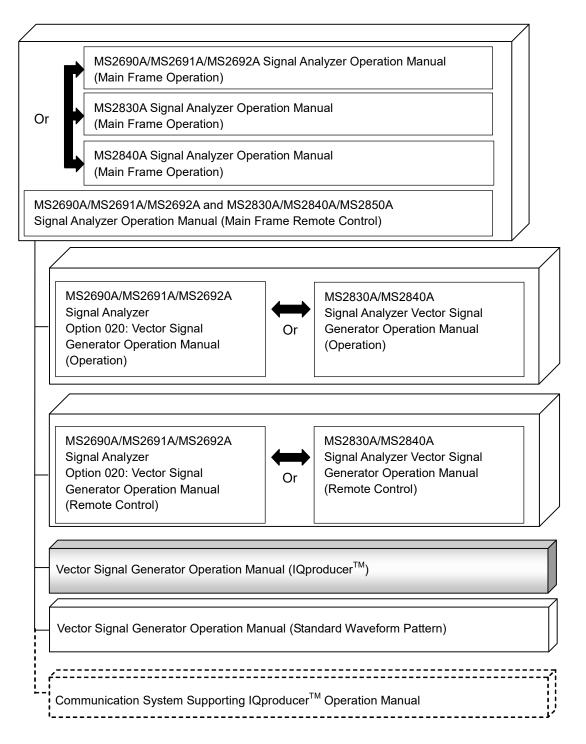
- Simultaneously running any software other than that recommended or approved by Anritsu
- Closing the lid (Laptop computer)
- Turning on the screen saver function
- Turning on the battery-power saving function (Laptop computer)

For how to turn off the functions, refer to the operation manual that came with your computer.

About This Manual

Composition of Operation Manuals

The operation manuals for the MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A, MS2830A or MS2840A Signal Analyzer are comprised as shown in the figure below.



• Signal Analyzer Operation Manual (Mainframe Operation)

• Signal Analyzer Operation Manual (Mainframe Remote Control)

These manuals describe basic operating methods, maintenance procedures, common functions, and common remote control of the signal analyzer mainframe.

Vector Signal Generator Operation Manual (Operation)

This manual describes functions, operating methods, and so on of the vector signal generator (option).

• Vector Signal Generator Operation Manual (Remote Control)

This manual describes remote control of the vector signal generator (option).

Vector Signal Generator Operation Manual (IQproducer[™]) (This manual)

This manual describes functions, operating methods, and so on of the IQproducer, which is application software used with the vector signal generator (option).

Vector Signal Generator Operation Manual (Standard Waveform Pattern)

This manual describes details on the standard waveform pattern data used with the vector signal generator (option).

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Chapter 1 Overview

This chapter provides an overview of the IQproducerTM for the MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A, MS2830A or MS2840A Signal Analyzer Vector Signal Generator option.

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1.1 Overview

The IQproducer[™] is Windows application software used to generate a modulated waveform pattern to be used by the MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A, MS2830A or MS2840A Signal Analyzer Vector Signal Generator option.

Note that purchase of a license key corresponding to the serial number of your Vector Signal Generator option is required when actually using a waveform file with the Vector Signal Generator option, a file generated by the modulated waveform pattern generator IQproducerTM (hereinafter, referred to as "signal generation application") corresponding to each communication system.

The IQproducer[™] also enables the Complimentary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) results and Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) results of a generated modulated waveform pattern to be displayed in a graph. In addition, it can convert an ASCII-format waveform pattern generated by your signal generation application tool to a binary-format waveform pattern that can be used in the Vector Signal Generator option.

This operation manual describes the functions of the IQproducer[™], except for the signal generation application.

1

1.2.1 Signal generation application corresponding to communications system

Signal generation applications that generate modulation waveform patterns are provided for each communications system. For detailed information on the operations and functions of these applications, refer to the operation manual of each signal generation application.

1.2.2 CCDF graph display function

1.2 Functions

The IQproducer[™] can read a modulation waveform pattern generated by each signal generation application and display it in the CCDF graph with up to eight traces.

The CCDF graph displayed on the screen can be printed out and saved into a CSV-format file.

1.2.3 FFT graph display function

The IQproducer[™] can read a modulation waveform pattern generated by each signal generation application and display it in the FFT graph with up to four traces.

The FFT graph displayed on the screen can be printed out and saved into a CSV-format file.

1.2.4 File conversion function

The IQproducer[™] can convert an ASCII-format waveform pattern generated by simulation software or other external software to a binary-format modulation waveform pattern file that can be used in the Vector Signal Generator option.

In addition, it can convert a digitized file that is created by the MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A, MS2830A or MS2840A Signal Analyzer using the digitize function, and convert a waveform pattern for the MG3700A/MG3710A Vector Signal Generator (hereinafter, referred to as "MG3700A/MG3710A") into a binary-format modulation waveform pattern that can be used in the Vector Signal Generator. Conversely, a waveform pattern for the MS269x/MS2830/MS2840 can also be converted into a file that can be used in the MG3700A/MG3710A.

1.2.5 Time domain graph display function

The IQproducer[™] can read a modulation waveform pattern generated by each signal generation application and display it in the time domain graph with up to four traces.

1.2.6 Clipping function

This function performs clipping processing for a waveform pattern generated by each signal generation application.

This chapter describes how to install/uninstall the IQproducerTM to a PC.

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2.1 Operating Environment

The IQproducer ${}^{\rm TM}$ requires the following environment.

PC	
OS	IQproducer [™] Version 16.01 or earlier Windows XP/Windows Vista/Windows 7 IQproducer [™] Version 17.00 or later Windows 7/Windows 10
CPU At least 1 GHz or faster Pentium III or equivalent	
Memory	512 MB or more
Hard disk 5 GB or more free space in the drive where IQproducer TM is to be installed.	
Peripheral device	
Display	Displays with a resolution of 1024×768 pixels are best viewed using a small font setting.

Table 2.1-1	Operating	Environment
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Although the IQproducer[™] can be installed and operated in the MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A or MS2830A/MS2840A, operations of the measurement functions are not guaranteed when the IQproducer[™] is running on the MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A or MS2830A/MS2840A.

Installation/Uninstallation Procedure 2.2

The IQproducer[™] can be installed interactively by activating the setup program.

If resident virus check programs are running on your PC, exit them before activating the IQ producer ${}^{\rm TM}$ setup program, as well as other Windows applications in progress.

Note:
If you upgrade the IQ producer $^{\rm TM}$ after the version 3.00 (hereafter
referred to as "new software") in PC in which the IQ producer $^{\rm TM}$
before version 2.01 (hereafter referred to as "old software") is
installed, please execute the setup file of the old software and
uninstall it before executing the setup file of new software.
However, if the short file name support was disabled on your
Windows, old software cannot be uninstalled. In this case,
instead of uninstalling the old software, execute the setup file of
the new software and specify the installation folder of the old
software for the Destination Folder , thereby installing the new
software, while overwriting the old one.
Note:
This software of version 13.00 or later requires you to have
installed Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 Redistributable Package (x86).
In addition, this software of version 13.00 or later does not work on
Windows2000.
Note:
When you run the setup program for IQproducer TM version 14.02
or later (hereafter referred to as "new software") on the PC to
which IQproducer TM version 14.01 or earlier (hereafter referred to
as "old software") has been installed, the automatic uninstallation
of the old software starts.
When the old software has been successfully uninstalled, the
installation of the new software starts.
Note:
To downgrade from IQproducer TM version 14.02 or later (hereafter
referred to as "new software") to IQproducer TM version 14.01 or
earlier (hereafter referred to as "old software"), uninstall the new
software before installing the old software.

2

2.2.1 Installation procedure

Follow the procedure below to install the IQproducerTM on the hard disk of your PC.

<Procedure>

1. Double-click the SETUP.EXE file in the folder where the files of the IQproducerTM are stored.

When installing the IQproducerTM using <u>the setup disk</u>, double-click the SETUP.EXE file in the \IQ producer directory of <u>the setup disk</u>.

2. If Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 Redistributable Package (x86) is not installed to your PC, start the installation of the package.

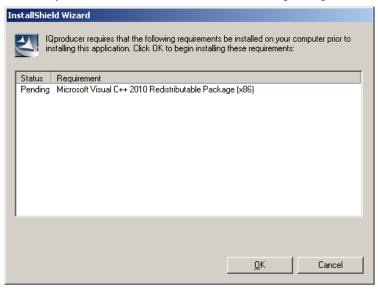


Figure 2.2.1-1 Installation of the Microsoft Visual C++2010 Redistributable Package

3. When Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 Redistributable Package (x86) version 10.0.30319 or later has been already installed, the following confirmation message may appear. If you see the confirmation message, continue the installation.



Figure 2.2.1-2 Confirmation Message That Appears When the New Version of Microsoft Visual C++2010 Redistributable Package Is Installed

> To check the version information of Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 Redistributable Package (x86), click **Control Panel**, and then click **Uninstall a program**.

- The IQproducerTM setup program starts. When "Welcome to the InstallShield Wizard for IQproducer" is displayed on the screen, click the Next> button.
- 5. The License Agreement screen is displayed. Read the license agreement terms, and click the **Yes** button if you agree with the contents.

Note that the installation procedure will not continue unless you agree with the license agreement terms.

- 6. The directory path in which the software will be installed is displayed in the **Destination Folder** field.
 When changing the installation folder, click the **Browse...** button to open the directory change dialog box, and specify the desired folder. In this event, be sure to confirm that there is enough free space in the drive where the target folder belongs to. For free space, refer to Section 2.1 "Operating Environment."
 The IQproducerTM generates temporary data under the installation
- After specifying the installation folder, click the Next> button to display the folder for storing the program icon in the program folder selection window. It is also possible to change from this window the folder for storing the program icon. Click the Next> button to start installation.

folder.

8. When **"InstallShield Wizard Complete"** is displayed, click the **Finish** button.

2

2.2.2 Upgrade procedure

Follow the procedure below to upgrade the IQproducerTM.

The upgrade process is run by double-clicking the SETUP.EXE file for the later version than the version currently installed on your PC.

<Procedure>

- Double-click the SETUP.EXE file in the folder where the IQproducer[™] is stored. To install using the <u>setup disk</u> for the IQproducer[™], double-click the SETUP.EXE file stored in the \IQproducer folder on the <u>setup disk</u>.
- The installation of Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 Redistributable Package (x86) begins in the same way as described in step 2 of 2.2.1 "Installation procedure". Follow step 2 of 2.2.1 "Installation procedure".
- 3. Follow step 3 of 2.2.1 "Installation procedure".
- 4. When you see the following message after the IQproducer[™] setup program starts, click the Yes button:
 "The setup will perform an upgrade of 'IQproducer'. Do you want to continue?"
- 5. When you see the following message, click the **Next** button to start upgrade:

"Resuming the InstallShield Wizard for IQproducer"

 When you see the following message, click the Finish button: "Update Complete"

Note:
If you double-click the SETUP.EXE file for the older version than
the version currently installed on your PC, the setup process is
cancelled and you will see the following message:
"A later version of 'IQproducer' is already installed on this machine.
The setup cannot continue."

2.2.3 Uninstallation procedure

Follow the procedure below to uninstall the IQ producer^M from the hard disk of your PC.

<Procedure>

- 1. Click the **Start** button on the Windows task bar, point **Setting**, and click **Control Panel**.
- 2. Double-click the Add or Remove Programs icon.
- 3. On the **Change or Remove Programs** tab, click the **IQproducer** item in the **Currently Installed Programs** list to display it highlighted.
- 4. Click the **Change/Remove** button.
- 5. When the uninstall program starts, read the message, and click the **OK** button.
- 6. A confirmation message may be displayed during uninstallation, asking whether to remove a shared file. Select NO unless it is not certain whether the indicated file is shared by any other programs. Some programs may not function correctly if a necessary shared file is removed inadvertently.
- 7. When "Uninstallation Complete" is displayed, click the Finish

Note	2:
	If a shared file is removed, there is a possibility that other
	application programs may not function. Do not remove the share
	file unless it is not certain whether the indicated file is shared or
	not.
	Even if a shared file is removed inadvertently, it may be restored
	by installing the IQproducer TM again.
	If the short file name support was disabled on your Windows,
	IQproducer [™] before version 1.02 cannot be uninstalled.

Chapter 3 Basic Operations

This chapter describes the operations specifically important for operating the IQproducer^{\rm TM} on Windows.

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Operations for Menu 3.1

Operations using mouse 3.1.1

- Description for mouse operation
 - Point:
- To move a mouse and place the mouse pointer onto the operation target object.
 - Click: To press a mouse button and release it immediately. The button indicates a left button unless otherwise specified.
 - Double click: To click a mouse button twice quickly. The button indicates a left button unless otherwise specified.
 - Drag: To press a mouse button and then move the mouse while holding down the button. The button indicates a left button unless otherwise specified.

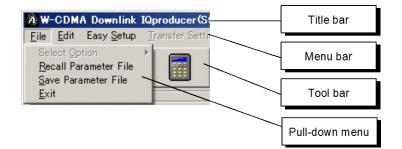


Figure 3.1.1-1 Screen explanation

<Procedure>

- Click a menu on the menu bar (File, Edit, etc.) to display the 1. pull-down menu.
- Select an item to be executed from the displayed pull-down menu, 2.and click it.

3.1.2 **Operations using keyboard**

<Procedure>

- 1. Press [Alt].
- 2.Select a menu on the menu bar using the right and left cursor keys (\leftarrow/\rightarrow) , and press [Enter] or the down cursor key (\downarrow) to display the pull-down menu.
- Select an item to be executed from the displayed pull-down menu, 3. and then press [Enter].

3.1.3 Operations using up and down cursor keys

<Procedure>

1. Select an item to be executed using the up and down cursor keys (\uparrow/\downarrow) and press Enter.

An item can also be selected by pressing the underscored character in that item on the menu bar and pull-down menus. Such a key is referred to as "accelerator key." For example, the accelerator key for the **Recall Parameter file** item is \mathbb{R} , and for **Exit**, \mathbb{E} . When selecting an item on the menu bar, however, it is necessary to activate the menu bar (an item is highlighted when the menu bar is activated) by pressing \mathbb{A} !

3.2 Operations for Dialog Box

3.2.1 File Open and Save as...

lect a drive or der.		Moves to the previous level directory.			
<mark>Open</mark> Look ji	: C IQproducer		- (+ E	?×	
	F 🔂 MultiCarrier vert 🍋 MWiMAX	i Transfer			Switches the display style for the current drive/folder contents.
l File <u>n</u> ar Files of	,			<u>O</u> pen Cancel	Displays the current drive/folder contents.
Specify a file display the type files only.	specific		Enter a file name	e.	1

Figure 3.2.1-1 Dialog box

<Procedure>

1. Select a drive or folder from the **Look in** box (for opening a file) or the **Save in** box (for saving a file).

For the mouse operation, click the **Look in** or **Save in** box to open the list of drives and folders. Select the target drive or folder from the list and click it to switch the display (the contents of the selected drive/folder are displayed).

For the keyboard operation, press Tab several times to highlight the **Look in** or **Save in** box, then press the up or down cursor key (\uparrow/\downarrow) to open the pull-down list of drives and folders. Use the cursor keys $(\uparrow/\downarrow/\leftarrow/\rightarrow)$ to select the target drive or folder from the list and then press (Enter).

2. Select a file type from the **Files of type** text box.

For the mouse operation, click the **Files of type** text box to open the list of file types. Select the target file type from the list and click it. For the keyboard operation, press **Tab** several times to highlight the **Files of type** text box, then press the up or down cursor key (\uparrow/\downarrow) to open the pull-down list of file types. Use the cursor keys $(\uparrow/\downarrow/\leftarrow/\rightarrow)$ to select the target file type from the list and then press **Enter**].

- 3. Enter into the **File name** box the name of a file to be opened or saved.
- 4. When opening a file by the mouse operation, click the file to be opened from the displayed files. The name of the selected file is displayed in the **File name** text box. Click the **Open** button to open the selected file.

The contents of a folder can also be displayed in a similar manner. Click a folder and then click the **Open** button to open the contents of the selected folder.

When opening a file or folder by the keyboard operation, press Tab several times to move the cursor to the folder/file display field (highlighted when selected), and use the cursor keys $(\uparrow/\downarrow/\leftarrow/\rightarrow)$ to select the file or folder to be opened. Then press Enter to open the selected file/folder.

5. When saving a file with a specified name, highlight the **File name** text box by clicking it (mouse operation) or pressing **Tab** several times (keyboard operation).

Next, type the desired file name in the text box. Then click the **Save** button (mouse operation) or press Enter (keyboard operation) to save the file with the specified name.

6. The "Open" and "Save As" operations can be cancelled halfway. For the mouse operation, click the **Cancel** button. For the keyboard operation, press **Tab** several times to move the cursor to the **Cancel** button and press **Enter**.

3.2.2 Entering numeric value and character string

<Procedure>

- When entering a numeric value, click the desired numeric value entry text box or move the cursor to the desired numeric value entry text box by pressing Tab several times. Enter a numeric value from the keyboard or numeric keypad. Then click the OK button or press Enter to input (finalize) the entered value.
- When entering a character string, click the desired character string entry text box or move the cursor to the desired character string entry text box by pressing Tab several times.
 Enter a character string from the keyboard. Then click the OK button or press Enter to input (finalize) the entered character string.
- The numeric value or character string entry operation can be cancelled halfway. For the mouse operation, click the Cancel button. For the keyboard operation, move the cursor to the Cancel button by pressing Tab several times and press Enter.

Chapter 4 Operations for Each Function

This chapter describes the items that the users should understand when actually operating the IQproducerTM, including the names of parts in each screen, operations in the CCDF/FFT graph screens, file conversion settings in the Convert screen, and functions in the data transfer screen.

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4.1 Starting/Exiting IQproducer[™]

4.1.1 Starting Software

Start the IQproducerTM by following the procedures below.

<Procedure>

- Click the Start button on the Windows task bar, and select All Programs. Then select Anritsu Corporation from the displayed program group and click IQproducer.
- 2. When IQproducer[™] is started, the Select instrument dialog box is displayed.

From the Select instrument options, select the main unit model that will use the waveform patterns created by IQproducerTM.

Notes:

- MG3740A requires the digital modulation option (020/120) to start IQproducer[™].
- If you don't want to see the Select instrument window again, select the Don't show this window next time check box, and IQproducer[™] will start for the selected model from the next startup without displaying the Select instrument window.
- 3. The common platform screen is displayed after starting up the IQproducer[™].

The common platform screen is a screen used to select each function of the IQproducerTM.

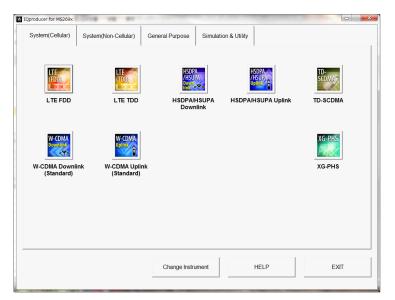


Figure 4.1.1-1 Common Platform Screen

4.1.2 Exiting Software

To exit IQproducer[™] that are running, select Exit on the Common Platform Screen. In this case, a dialog is displayed to confirm stopping of each running tool.

IQproducer for MS269x	The es at			X
System(Cellular)	System(Non-Cellular)	General Purpose Simula	tion & Utility	
	LTE TDD	HSDPA HSDPA/HSUPA HSDPA/HSUPA Downlink	HSDPA /HSUPA HSDPA/HSUPA Uplink	TD-SCDMA
W-CDMA Downling- (Standard)	ink W-CDMA Uplin (Standard)	ĸ		XG-PHS XG-PHS
				1
		Change Instrument	HELP	EXIT

Figure 4.1.2-1 Exiting IQproducer[™]

4.2 Common Platform Screen

The common platform screen shown in Figure 4.2-1 below is displayed first after starting up the IQproducerTM.

The common platform screen is a screen used to select each function of the IQproducerTM. Only the menu bar for selecting a function is displayed in this screen.

IQproducer for MS269x	Dia 18 81				X-
System(Cellular)	System(Non-Cellular)	General Purpose	Simulation & Utility		
		HSDPA /HSUPA bint ~~	2	HSDPA /HSUPA /HSUPA Uplink	TD-SCDMA
W-CDMA Downlink-	W-CDMA	Downli	nk	·	XG-PHS
W-CDMA Downli (Standard)		k			XG-PHS
		Change Instrun	nent	HELP	EXIT

Figure 4.2-1 Common Platform Screen

Description of menus

(1) System (Cellular) tab

Cellular system applications are displayed on the tabbed page. For detailed information about the signal generation applications, refer to the operation manual for each application.

(2) System (Non-Cellular) tab
 Non-cellular system applications are displayed on the tabbed page.
 For detailed information about the signal generation applications, refer to the operation manual for each application.

(3) General Purpose tab

General purpose applications are displayed on the tabbed page. For detailed information about the signal generation applications, refer to the operation manual for each application.

24	IQproducer for MS269x	Cling on an					
	System(Cellular)	System(Non-Cellular)	General Purpose	Simulation & Utility			ł
	TDMA	Multi- Carrier Multi-Carrier			Convert	Clipping	
			Change Instru	Iment	HELP	EXIT	
L							1

Figure 4.2-2 General Purpose Tab

1 TDMA

TDMA applications are displayed. Waveform patterns corresponding to TDMA system specifications are created in this application.

2 Multi-Carrier

Multi-Carrier applications are displayed.

Modulated waveform patterns corresponding to Multi-Carrier system specifications are created in this application.

3 Convert

The Convert screen is displayed.

In the Convert screen, ASCII-format waveform patterns generated by simulation software, digitized files created by the MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A, MS2830A or MS2840A using the digitize function, and waveform patterns formatted for the MS269x, MS2830A or MS2840A can be converted into a file so as to be used in the mainframe. Conversely, a waveform pattern for the mainframe can also be converted into a file that can be used in the MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A, MS2830A or MS2840A. 4 Clipping

The Clipping setting screen is displayed. Clipping processing can be performed in the Clipping setting screen, for a waveform pattern generated by each signal generation application.

(4) Simulation & Utility tab

Application menus of simulations and utilities are displayed on this tabbed page.

1	IQproducer for MS269x	Ran E Ding og	20 BU		1		X
	System(Cellular)	System(Non-Cellular)	General Purpose	Simulation & Utility			
	CCDF	Æ	۸ ¹	me			
			Dom	an			
	CCDF	FFT	Time D	omain			
			Change Instru	ument	HELP	EX	ат

Figure 4.2-3 Simulation & Utility Tab

1 CCDF

Displays the CCDF Graph Monitor screen.

The CCDF of a generated waveform pattern is displayed in a graph.

2 FFT

Displays the FFT Graph Monitor screen. The spectrum where FFT processing is performed for a generated waveform pattern is displayed in a graph.

3 Time Domain

Displays the time domain graph display screen. The time domain waveform of a created waveform pattern can be displayed in a graph.

(5) Change Instrument button

Provided to display the Select instrument dialog box at the next startup. A message is displayed indicating that the IQproducerTM must be restarted to change the target model.

(6) Help button

The version information of the IQproducer ${}^{\rm TM}$ is displayed.

(7) Exit button

Exits from this software. This menu also closes all the other screens for $IQproducer^{TM}$ functions if displayed.

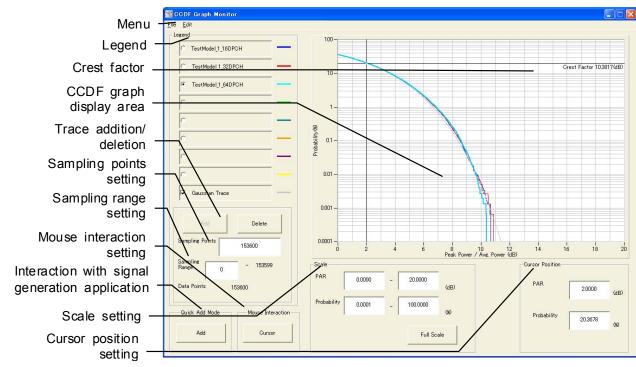
4.3 CCDF Graph Display

The Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) of a waveform pattern generated by a signal generation application can be displayed.

In a CCDF graph, the signal peak power/average power is displayed on the X axis, and on the Y axis, the cumulative probability that the peak power / average power of the signal is equal to or less than the value on the X axis is displayed. Distribution of peak powers of various modulation signals can be displayed in a screen. This screen is useful, for example, for estimating the output waveform distortion characteristics when a generated signal is input from the Vector Signal Generator option to a power amplifier or other devices.

4.3.1 Activation

Select **CCDF** from the **Simulation & Utility** tab on the common platform screen. The CCDF graph display screen is displayed separately.



4.3.2 CCDF graph display screen

Figure 4.3.2-1 CCDF graph display screen

- Description of items in CCDF graph display screen
- (1) Menu

Trace addition, graph print out, screen copy, graph data saving into a CSV format file, and CCDF graph display close can be executed.

(2) Legend

File name display for an added trace, selection of a displayed trace, and selection of a trace to be added/deleted can be executed.

- (3) CCDF graph display area A CCDF graph is displayed in this area. Cursor move and graph zoom-in display can be executed.
- (4) Crest Factor The ratio between the peak value and RMS value of the selected trace is displayed.
- (5) Add/Delete (trace addition/deletion) A trace can be added/deleted.
- (6) Sampling Points

The number of samples calculated by reading the selected trace is displayed. Different sampling points can be set by changing the value in this text box.

(7) Sampling Range

The sampling range for the selected trace is displayed. A different sampling range can be set by changing the value in this text box.

- (8) Cursor Position The current cursor position is displayed. The cursor position in the CCDF graph display area can be specified by entering a value in either PAR or Probability text box.
- (9) Quick Add Mode (interaction with signal generation application) Settings for addition of a waveform pattern generated by a signal generation application to the CCDF graph display in conjunction with the signal generation application can be executed.
- (10) Scale setting

The scale of the X and Y axes in the CCDF graph display area can be changed.

(11) Mouse Interaction

The mouse operation in the CCDF graph display area can be set to either the cursor move function or the zoom-in function.

4.3.3 Displaying CCDF graph

A waveform pattern generated by a signal generation application of the IQproducer[™] can be read and displayed in a CCDF graph.

CCDF graph display procedure

<Procedure>

1. Click one of the option buttons in the **Legend** dialog box to select the trace color of the waveform pattern in the CCDF graphical area.

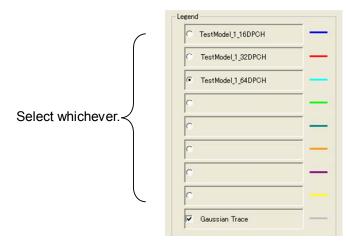


Figure 4.3.3-1 Selecting radio button in Legend

2. Click the **Add** button.

The **Add** button is disabled and cannot be selected when another waveform pattern is already selected. In this event, delete the selected waveform pattern or click another radio button in the **Legend** field.

Otherwise, click **Add Trace** from the **File** menu.

	Add	Delete
--	-----	--------

Figure 4.3.3-2 Add button

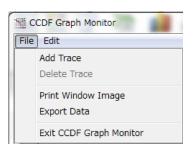


Figure 4.3.3-3 Add Trace in File menu

3. Click the ______ button in the Add Trace screen, and select a waveform pattern for which a CCDF graph is displayed. Next, set the number of target data samples and the target data area for displaying the CCDF graph, in the **Sampling Points** and **Sampling Range** text boxes, respectively. If the target area includes the RF Gate OFF area (RF output is set to off) at this time, the RF Gate OFF interval can be excluded from the CCDF graph display target by selecting the **Exclude RF Output Off Sample** check box.

Add Trace	×
C:¥W-CDMA(BS T	x test)¥TestModel_1_64DPCH.wvi
Sampling Points:	153600
Sampling Range:	0 - 153599
Data Points:	153600
🔽 Exclude RF	Output Off Sample
- Information	
File Name:	TestModel_1_64DPCH.wvi
Pattern Name:	TestModel_1_64DPCH
Package:	W-CDMA(BS Tx test)
Version:	1.03
DateTime:	11/11/03 16:20
Sampling Rate:	15360000.000 Hz
ок	Cancel

Figure 4.3.3-4 Add Trace screen

4. Click the **OK** button on the Add Trace screen to read the waveform pattern. A graph calculation progress screen as shown below is displayed while reading the waveform pattern.

valculation is	s in progress. Please wait	
	Cancel	

Figure 4.3.3-5 Graph calculation progress screen

4.3 CCDF Graph Display

If the **Cancel** button is clicked during the graph calculation, the calculation is interrupted and waveform pattern reading is stopped.

When the graph calculation and waveform reading have been completed, the graph calculation progress screen is closed automatically, and the CCDF graph display screen is displayed again with a trace in the color selected in **Legend**.

4.3.4 Deleting CCDF graph

The CCDF graph displayed in the screen can be deleted.

CCDF graph display deleting procedure

<Procedure>

1. In the **Legend** field, click the radio button of the trace to be deleted.

	Legend	
/	TestModel_1_16DPCH	—
	C TestModel_1_32DPCH	—
	C TestModel_1_64DPCH	
	0	—
Select whichever.	0	—
	0	
	0	
	0	
(Gaussian Trace	

Figure 4.3.4-1 Selecting radio button in Legend

2. Click the **Delete** button.



Figure 4.3.4-2 Delete button

Otherwise, click **Delete Trace** from the **File** menu.

<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit
10000	d Trace lete Trace
- 19 77 83	nt Window Image port <u>D</u> ata
<u>E</u> xi	t CCDF Graph Monitor

Figure 4.3.4-3 Delete Trace in File menu

The trace selected in **Legend** is deleted. After deleting a trace, another waveform pattern can be selected for that item.

4.3.5 Displaying Gaussian trace

A Gaussian distribution trace can be displayed in the graph when the **Gaussian Trace** check box is selected. This is useful when comparing the Peak Power / Average Power distribution of the waveform pattern used with the Gaussian distribution.

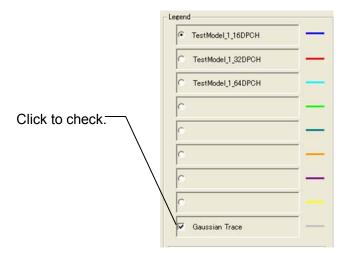


Figure 4.3.5-1 Selecting Gaussian trace

4.3.6 Interaction with signal generation application (Quick Add Mode)

The method for adding a trace to the CCDF graph in conjunction with a signal generation application can be set and changed. This function is enabled only when the CCDF graph display function is activated.

Click the **Quick Add Mode** button to display the **Quick Add Mode** dialog box.

Quick Add Mode			X
Add	Clear	Off	

Figure 4.3.6-1 Quick Add Mode Dialog Box

When Add is selected:

A trace is added to the CCDF graph when **CCDF** is selected from the **Simulation** menu or the **CCDF** tool button is clicked after data generation by the signal generation application. Note that the CCDF graph display will not be updated when the eight traces are all used.

When Clear is selected:

A trace is deleted from the CCDF graph and the distribution of the generated waveform pattern is displayed when **CCDF** is selected from the **Simulation** menu or the **CCDF** tool button is clicked after data generation by the signal generation application.

When Off is selected:

The CCDF graph display will not be updated even when **CCDF** is selected from the **Simulation** menu or the **CCDF** tool button is clicked after data generation by the signal generation application.

4.3.7 Selecting mouse interaction in CCDF graph display area

Cursor move or graph zoom in is selected for a dragging operation in the CCDF graph display area.

Click the **Mouse Interaction** button to display the **Mouse Interaction** dialog box.

Cursor The mouse is used to move the cursor.

Zoom The mouse is used to set the zooming area.

	×
Zoom	
	Zoom

Figure 4.3.7-1 Mouse Interaction Dialog Box

4.3.8 Moving graph cursor

The cursor displayed in the CCDF graph display area can be moved.

Moving cursor using mouse

When the **Cursor** radio button is selected in **Mouse Interaction**, the black-line cursor is moved by dragging the cursor in the CCDF graph display area.

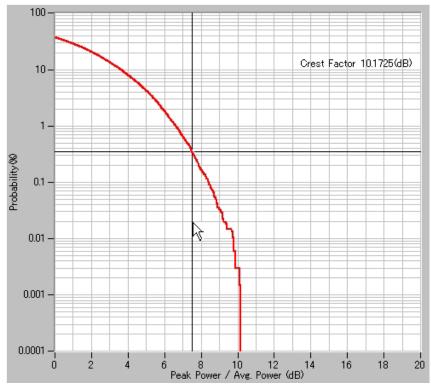


Figure 4.3.8-1 Cursor in CCDF graph display area

The contents displayed in **Cursor Position** in the CCDF graph display screen are updated as the cursor is moved.

Moving cursor changing Cursor value

The black-line cursor is moved by changing the value of **Cursor Position** in the CCDF graph display screen.

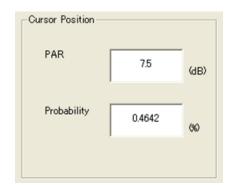


Figure 4.3.8-2 Cursor Position input

<Procedure>

- 1. When setting the cursor position by a Peak Power / Average Power value, click the **PAR** text box and enter a value from the keyboard.
- 2. When setting the cursor position by a cumulative possibility, click the **Probability** text box and enter a value from the keyboard.

When the focus is moved after changing the value in the **PAR** or **Probability** text box as shown in step 1 or 2, the black-line cursor in the CCDF graph display area is moved.

4.3.9 Changing graph scale

The scale of the graph currently displayed can be changed.

Changing graph display area scale

The display ranges for the X and Y axes in the CCDF graph display area are updated by changing the value in **Scale** in the CCDF graph display screen.

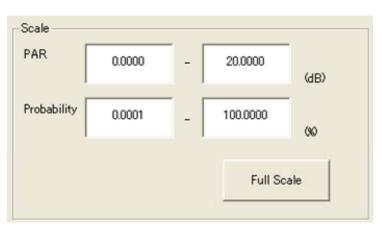


Figure 4.3.9-1 Scale input

<Procedure>

- 1. When changing the display range for the X axis, click the **PAR** text field and enter a value from the keyboard.
- 2. When changing the display range for the Y axis, click the **Probability** text field and enter a value from the keyboard.
- 3. When the **Full Scale** button is clicked, the scales for both axes are adjusted so that the entire of CCDF curve is displayed.

When the focus is moved after changing the value in the **PAR** text box as shown in 1. above, the scale for the X axis in the CCDF graph display area is updated.

Similarly, when the focus is moved after changing the value in the **Probability** text box as shown in 2. above, the scale for the Y axis in the CCDF graph display area is updated.



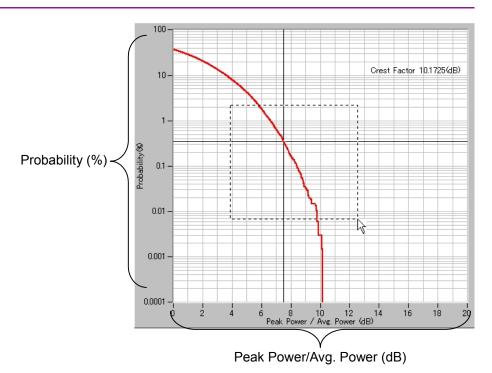


Figure 4.3.9-2 Graph scale change in CCDF graph display area

Specifying display area by mouse operation

When **Zoom** is selected for **Mouse Interaction**, pointing and dragging an area in the CCDF graph enlarges the selected area (enclosed by dotted lines).

4.3.10 Printing/saving graph data

Printing out graph display screen

Click **Print Window Image** from the **File** menu to display the print screen. Set the printer, printing range, number of copies, etc., in this screen, and print out the CCDF graph display screen (entire of the window) from the printer.



Figure 4.3.10-1 Print Window Image in File menu

Outputting graph data to file

Click **Export Data** from the **File** menu to display the file save screen. Set the saving destination, etc., in this screen, and click the **Save** button. Lists of Peak per Average (dB) and Probability (%) are saved to a file in the CSV format (a text file format in which values are delimited by a comma).

<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit
<u>A</u> do	d Trace
<u>D</u> el	ete Trace
Pri	nt Window Image
Exp	oort <u>D</u> ata
<u>E</u> xi	t CCDF Graph Monitor

Figure 4.3.10-2 Export Data in File menu

Copying graph image on screen

Click **Copy Graph Image** from the **Edit** menu to copy the current graph image on the screen to the clipboard.

<u>E</u> dit	
<u>C</u> opy Graph Image	

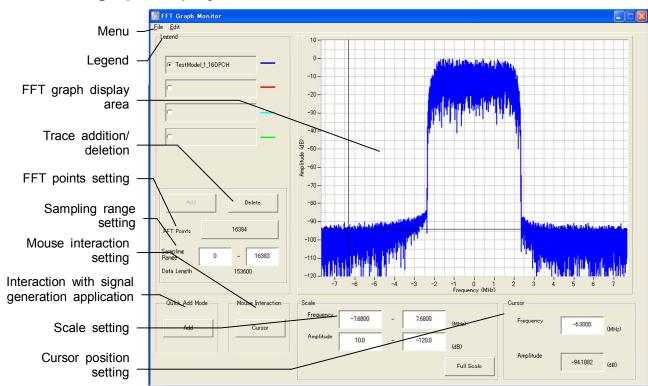
Figure 4.3.10-3 Copy Graph Image in Edit menu

4.4 FFT Graph Display

The Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) calculation results for a waveform pattern can be displayed in a graph. The Blackman-Harris window function is used.

4.4.1 Activation

Select **FFT** from the **Simulation & Utility** tab on the common platform screen. The FFT graph display screen is displayed separately.



4.4.2 FFT graph display screen

Figure 4.4.2-1 FFT graph display screen

Description of items in FFT graph display screen

(1) Menu

Trace addition, graph print out, screen copy, graph data saving into a CSV format file, and FFT graph display close can be executed.

(2) Legend

File name display for an added trace, selection of a displayed trace, and selection of a trace to be added/deleted can be executed.

- (3) FFT graph display area An FFT graph is displayed in this area. Cursor move and graph zoom-in display can be executed.
- (4) Add/Delete (trace addition/deletion) A trace can be added/deleted.
- (5) FFT Points The number of points of the X axis in the FFT graph display area can be specified.
- (6) Cursor Position The cursor position in the FFT graph display area can be specified by entering a value in the Frequency text box.
- (7) Quick Add Mode (interaction with signal generation application) Settings for addition of a waveform pattern generated by a signal generation application to the FFT graph display in conjunction with the signal generation application can be executed.
- (8) Scale setting The scale of the X and Y axes in the FFT graph display area can be changed.
- (9) Mouse Interaction

The mouse operation in the FFT graph display area can be set to either the cursor move function or the zoom-in function.

4.4.3 Displaying FFT graph

A waveform pattern generated by a signal generation application of the IQproducer[™] can be read and displayed in an FFT graph.

FFT graph display

<Procedure>

1. Click one of the option buttons in the **Legend** dialog box to select the trace color of the wave form pattern in the FFT graphical area.

TestModel_1_16DPCH	
c	
c	
c	

Figure 4.4.3-1 Selecting radio button in Legend

2. Click the **FFT Points** button to display the **FFT Points** dialog box. Then, select the number of points for the FFT operation. Be sure to select a value smaller than the number of sample points of the selected waveform pattern.

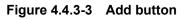
512	1024	2048
4096	8192	16384
32768	65536	131072
262144	524288	

Figure 4.4.3-2 FFT Point selection

3. Click the **Add** button.

The **Add** button is disabled when any other waveform pattern is already specified on the selected option button. In such a case, delete the waveform pattern by clicking the Delete button, or click one of other option button.

Add Delete



Otherwise, click **Add Trace** from the **File** menu.

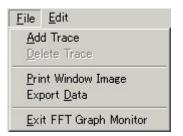


Figure 4.4.3-4 Add Trace in File menu

4. Click the button in the Add Trace screen, and select a waveform pattern for which an FFT graph is displayed.

Add Trace			×
C:¥Program Files	¥Anritsu Corporation¥S	ignal Analyzer:	
Information			
File Name:	UL_RMC_12_2kbps_TXv	vvi	
Pattern Name:	UL_RMC_12_2kbps_TX		
Package:	W-CDMA(UE Tx test)		
Version:	1.01		
DateTime:	07/03/12 17:47		
Sampling Rate:	11520000.000 Hz		
ОК		Cancel	

Figure 4.4.3-5 Add Trace screen

Click the OK button on the Add Trace screen to read the waveform pattern. A graph calculation progress screen as shown below is displayed while reading the waveform pattern.
 When the graph calculation has completed, the FFT graph display screen is displayed again with a trace in the color selected in the Legend field.

If a waveform pattern having a different sampling rate with that of the currently displayed waveform pattern is added, the current waveform pattern display disappears.

4.4.4 Deleting FFT graph

The FFT graph displayed in the screen can be deleted.

Deleting FFT graph display

<Procedure>

1. In the **Legend** field, click the radio button of the trace to be deleted.

_
_
-

Figure 4.4.4-1 Selecting radio button in Legend

2. Click the **Delete** button to delete the graph corresponding to the selection in the Legend field.



Figure 4.4.4-2 Delete button

Otherwise, click **Delete Trace** from the **File** menu.

<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit
257083	d Trace lete Trace
<u>P</u> rint Window Image Export <u>D</u> ata	
<u>E</u> xi	it FFT Graph Monitor

Figure 4.4.4-3 Delete Trace in File menu

The trace selected in **Legend** is deleted. After deleting a trace, another waveform pattern can be selected for that item.

4.4.5 Changing graph display area and axis plot interval

The plot interval of the X axis (frequency) on the FFT graph and the data range for FFT analysis can be changed.

FFT Points	16384		
Sampling Range	0	-	16383
Data Length		1536	00

Figure 4.4.5-1 Parameter input

<Procedure>

 Click the FFT Points button to display the FFT Points dialog box. Then, select the number of points for the FFT operation.

When the focus is moved to another control after selecting the FFT Points value, the plot interval of the X axis in the graph display area is changed.

2. Click the **Sampling Range** text box and enter the Sampling Range value.

When the focus is moved to another control after changing the Sampling Range value, the data range of the waveform pattern for FFT analysis is changed.

When the FFT Points value is changed, the new FFT Points value is applied to all the waveform patterns currently read. If the Sampling Range value has been set before changing the FFT Points value, it is cleared to "0" – "FFT Points – 1" after FFT Point value changes.

4.4.6 Interaction with signal generation application (Quick Add Mode)

The method for updating the FFT graph display in conjunction with waveform pattern generation by a signal generation application can be set and changed. This function is enabled only when the FFT graph display function is activated. Click the **Quick Add Mode** button to display the **Quick Add Mode** dialog box.



Figure 4.4.6-1 Quick Add Mode

When Add is selected:

A trace is added to the FFT graph when **FFT** is selected from the **Simulation** menu or the **FFT** tool button is clicked after data generation by the signal generation application. Note that the FFT graph display will not be updated when the four traces are all used.

When Clear is selected:

A trace is deleted from the FFT graph and the FFT analysis result of the generated data is displayed when **FFT** is selected from the **Simulation** menu or the **FFT** tool button is clicked after data generation by the signal generation application.

When Off is selected:

The FFT graph display will not be updated even when **FFT** is selected from the **Simulation** menu or the **FFT** tool button is clicked after data generation by the signal generation application.

4.4.7 Selecting mouse interaction in CCDF graph display area

Cursor move or graph zoom-in is selected for a mouse dragging operation in the FFT graph display area. Click the **Mouse Interaction** button to display the Mouse Interaction dialog box.

Cursor The mouse is used to move the cursor.

Zoom The mouse is used to set the zooming area.

·····	
Cursor	Zoom

Figure 4.4.7-1 Mouse Interaction Dialog Box

4.4.8 Moving graph cursor

The cursor displayed in the FFT graph display area can be moved.

Moving cursor using mouse

The black-line cursor moves by dragging the cursor in the FFT graph display area.

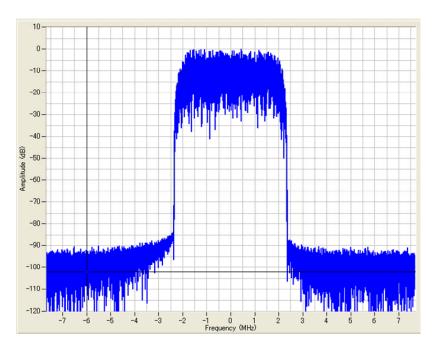


Figure 4.4.8-1 Cursor in FFT graph display area

The contents displayed in **Cursor** in the FFT graph display screen are updated as the cursor is moved.

Moving cursor changing Cursor value

The black-line cursor is moved by changing the value of **Cursor** in the FFT graph display screen.

-Cursor		
Frequency	-6.0000	(MHz)
Amplitude	1001000	
	-102.1298	(dB)

Figure 4.4.8-2 Cursor input

Click the **Frequency** text field and enter the Frequency value from the keyboard.

When the focus is moved after changing the Frequency value, the black-line cursor in the FFT graph display area is moved.

4.4.9 Changing graph scale

The scale of the graph currently displayed can be changed.

Changing graph display area scale

The scales for the X and Y axes in the FFT graph display area are updated by changing the value in **Scale** in the FFT graph display screen.



Figure 4.4.9-1 Scale input

<Procedure>

- 1. Click the **Frequency** text field and enter the Frequency value.
- 2. Click the **Amplitude** text field and enter the Amplitude value.
- 3. When the **Full Scale** button is clicked, the scales for both axes are adjusted so that the entire of FFT graph is displayed.

When the focus is moved after changing the value in the **Frequency** text box as shown in 1. above, the scale for the X axis in the FFT graph display area is updated.

Similarly, when the focus is moved after changing the value in the **Amplitude** text box as shown in 2. above, the scale for the Y axis in the FFT graph display area is updated.



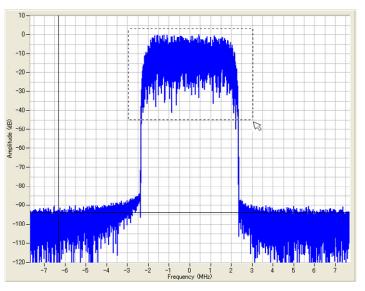


Figure 4.4.9-2 Graph scale change in FFT graph display area

Specifying display area by mouse operation

When **Zoom** is selected for **Mouse Interaction**, pointing and dragging an area in the CCDF graph enlarges the selected area (enclosed by dotted lines).

4.4.10 Printing/saving graph data

Printing out graph display screen

Click **Print Window Image** from the **File** menu to display the print screen. Set the printer, printing range, number of copies, etc., in this screen, and print out the FFT graph display screen (entire of the window) from the printer.



Figure 4.4.10-1 Print Window Image in File menu

Outputting graph data to file

Click **Export Data** from the **File** menu to display the file save screen. Set the saving destination, etc., in this screen, and click the **Save** button. Lists of Peak per Average (dB) and Probability (%) are saved to a file in the CSV format (a text file format in which values are delimited by a comma).

<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit
Add	d Trace
<u>D</u> el	ete Trace
Print Window Image	
Exp	oort <u>D</u> ata
<u>E</u> xi	t FFT Graph Monitor

Figure 4.4.10-2 Export Data in File menu

Copying graph image on screen

Click **Copy Graph Image** from the **Edit** menu to copy the current graph image on the screen to the clipboard.

<u>E</u> dit	
<u>C</u> opy Graph Image	

Figure 4.4.10-3 Copy Graph Image in Edit menu

4.5 File Conversion on Convert Screen

ASCII-format waveform patterns generated by simulator software, digitized files created by the MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A or MS2830A/MS2840A using the digitize function, and waveform patterns formatted for the MG3700A/MG3710A/MG3740A can be converted into a file in the format that can be used in the MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A or MS2830A/MS2840A. Conversely, a waveform pattern for the MS269x/MS2830/MS2840 can also be converted into a file that can be used in the MG3700A/MG3710A/MG3740A. The output file consists of a waveform information file (text format file with the extension ".wvi") that stores the information related to the waveform pattern and a waveform data file (binary format file with the extension ".wvd").

If the **Convert** screen is displayed in the MS2830/MS2840 mode, the functions below can be used.

Whether the memory option is used can be selected.

When With option 27(Memory 256Msamples) is selected for Memory Option, the maximum size of waveform patterns that can be generated increases from 64Msamples to 256Msamples. Enabling the memory option increases the maximum size of waveform patterns, but waveform patterns exceeding 64 Msamples can only be used if the ARB memory expansion option 256Msamples is installed for the used option (MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A, MS2830A, or MS2840A). Change the setting according to whether the ARB memory expansion option 256Msamples is installed for the used option (MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A, MS2830A, or MS2840A). The waveform pattern bit width can be selected as 14, 15, or 16 bits. Changing the bit width can improve the dynamic range. In addition, the specifiable RMS value range and usable marker signals differ for each bit width as follows.

Bit Width	Specifiable RMS Value Range	Usable Marker Signals			
14 bit	1 to 8191	Marker 1 to 3, RF Gate			
15 bit	1 to 16383	Marker 1, RF Gate			
16 bit	1 to 32767	None			

 Table 4.5-1
 Restrictions on each bit width

The specifiable bit widths differ for each conversion file format as follows.

4.5 File Conversion on Convert Screen

Input File Format	Selectable Bit Width
ASCII1	14/15/16 bit
ASCII2	16 bit
ASCII3	14/15
MS269x/MS2830/MS2840 Digitizer	14/15/16 bit
MG3710/MG3740/MS269x/MS2830/MS2840 (to MG3700)	14 bit
MG3700/MS269x/MS2830/MS2840 (to MG3710)	14 bit
MG3700/MS269x/MS2830/MS2840 (to MG3740)	14 bit
MG3700/MG3710/MG3740/MS2830/MS2840 (to MS269x)	14 bit
MG3700/MG3710/MG3740/MS269x (to $MS2830/MS2840$)	14 bit

Table 4.5-2 Input file format and specifiable bit widths

4.5.1 Activation

Click the **Convert** button on the **General Purpose** tabbed box in the Common Platform Screen. The Convert screen is displayed separately.

4.5.2 Convert screen

Input file selection-	Convert
File data setting-	Sampling Rate: 20000.000 Hz RMS Value: Peak Value: 0 0
File format-	Packager [Convert]]Cproducer
Comment entry-	Unit symbol: sample _ Spectrum: Normal _ Over Sampling: 1 Data Points: 0
	Comment Line 1: Comment Line 2: Comment Line 3:
Burst data setting-	Detail File: Reference Marker 1 Name: Marker 2 Name:
RF Gate setting-	Marker 3 Name:
Data conversion-	Frame Length: 1000 Frame Length Gap Length: 0 Data #1: Data #2 ··· : Data #h n = Data points / Frame length Patern Data #1: Data #12 ··· : Data #h n = Data points / Frame length Patern Data #1: Data #12 ··· : Data #h n = Data points / Frame length
Time Domain-	RF On/Off Threshold 10.00 % Gap length Gap length Frame l
Exit-	Time Domain Convert Exit

Figure 4.5.2-1 Convert screen

- Description of items
- (1) Input file selection

Click the **Reference** button and select a file to be input. Two or more files can be selected. The selected files are displayed in the left field. The number of files to be selected varies depending on the file format setting.

(2) File data setting

Set the data to be written in the waveform information file (.wvi format) of the waveform pattern to be generated.

(3) File format

Select a file format of the conversion source file from:

ASCII1,ASCII2,ASCII3, MS269x/MS2830/MS2840 Digitizer, MG3710/MG3740/MS269x/MS2830/MS2840 (to MG3700), MG3700/MS269x/MS2830/MS2840 (to MG3710), MG3700/MS269x/MS2830/MS2840 (to MG3740), MG3700/MG3710/MG3740/MS2830/MS2840 (to MS269x), MG3700/MG3710/MG3740/MS269x (to MS2830/MS2840)

(4) Comment entry Enter the comment. (5) Burst data setting

Set the Burst data. The Burst data includes Gap Length and Frame Length, and they should be set respectively. For a non-Burst continuous wave, set the number of samples per frame of the used communication system or "1" for Frame Length, and set "0" for Gap Length. When an external trigger is used, the waveform pattern output

timing is determined based on this setting. Refer to 2.6.2 "Setting Start/Frame trigger" in the Vector Signal Generator Operation Manual (Operation) for details of the external trigger.

- (6) RF Gate setting (ASCII file and digitized file conversion) Configures the RF gate settings. These parameters are enabled only when the file format is set to ASCII1, ASCII2, ASCII3, or MS269x/MS2830A/MS2840 Digitizer. When the RF Gate check box is selected, RF Gate processing is performed during waveform pattern conversion for samples in which the I and Q values (|I + jQ|) of the input ASCII file or digitized file data are continuously at or below the threshold level. The threshold level can be set by entering a ratio to the waveform pattern peak value in the RF On/Off Threshold text box. The RF Gate is executed only for the samples in which the I and Q values less than the threshold level continue for longer than the value set in the Minimum RF Gate Length text box. Since the samples for which the RF Gate is executed are excluded for rms calculation during waveform pattern conversion, it is therefore possible to prevent underestimation of the rms value of the burst signal waveform pattern (accordingly, the output level in a burst-on interval can be kept under the specified RF output level).
- (7) Data conversion Starts file conversion.
- (8) Exit Ends the conversion process.

4.5.3 Selecting input file

Select a file to be converted.

<Procedure>

- 1. Click the **w** button in the **File format** box to open a pull-down menu, and select the format of the file to be input.
- Click the **Reference** button to open the file dialog box, and select a file to be converted (conversion source file). The file selection dialog box is displayed when selecting several files having the same file format. Select a data file displayed in the file type.

I1aItxt, 11aQ.txt, Marker.txt	Reference	ASCII3	•

Figure 4.5.3-1 Conversion source file selection

The number of files to be selected and the file type differ depending on the file format as follow:

- ASCII1: One file that contains I-phase data, Q-phase data, and marker data.
- ASCII2: Two files of I-phase data file and Q-phase data file.
- ASCII3: Three files of I-phase data file, Q-phase data file, and marker data file.
- MS269x/MS2830/MS2840 Digitizer:

xml file, which is a digitized file created by the Signal Analyzer using the digitize function.

MG3710/MG3740/MS269x/MS2830/MS2840 (to MG3700):

Of the wvi and wvd files, which are waveform patterns for the MG3710A, MG3740A, MS269x, MS2830A or MS2840A, respectively, select the wvi file.

MG3700/MS269x/MS2830/MS2840 (to MG3710):

Of the wvi and wvd files, which are waveform patterns for the MG3700A, MS269x, MS2830A or MS2840A, respectively, select the wvi file.

MG3700/MS269x/MS2830/MS2840 (to MG3740):

Of the wvi and wvd files, which are waveform patterns for the MG3700A, MS269x, MS2830A or MS2840A, respectively, select the wvi file.

MG3700/MG3710/MG3740/MS2830/MS2840 (to MS269x): Of the wvi and wvd files, which are waveform patterns for the MG3700A, MG3710A, MG3740A, MS2830A or MS2840A, respectively, select the wvi file. MG3700/MG3710/MG3740/MS269A (to MS2830/MS2840):

Of the wvi and wvd files, which are waveform patterns for the MG3700A, MG3710A, MG3740A and MS269A, respectively, select the wvi file.

Click the OK button to finalize the input file selection. Click the Cancel button to cancel the input file selection.

If the file format is changed in the **File format** box after selecting the input files, the current settings are cleared.

3. In the MS2830A/MS2840A mode, the dialog box below for selecting the bit width appears after selecting the input file. Specify 14, 15, or 16 bits. However, the bit widths that can be specified depend on the selected file format as shown in Table 4.5-2.

Output IQ Data Width	×
Output IQ Data Width:	14 bit
	ок

Figure 4.5.3-2 Bit-width specification dialog box

4. When the input files are selected, they are read and a dialog box appears displaying the maximum value, minimum value, RMS value and the number of data.

In this dialog box, the edit boxes for setting the first and last samples are displayed only when MS269x/MS2830A/MS2840A Digitizer is selected for the file format. Use the edit boxes for setting the reading range.

Convert		×
Please "OK" butt	ton to read the file shown below.	
Import file type	e: ASCII3	
I data file name	e: tem¥Waveform¥WLAN¥WLAN_11a_54M_Itxt	
Q data file nam	ne: em¥Waveform¥WLAN¥WLAN_11a_54M_Q.txt	
Marker data fil	e name: em¥Waveform¥WLAN¥WLAN_11a_54M_M.txt	
Peak value:	4821.000000	
RMS value:	1163.7227	
Length:	12640	
	OK Cancel	

Figure 4.5.3-3 Input file information display dialog box

Click the **OK** button to finalize the input file selection. Click the **Cancel** button to cancel the input file selection.

If the file format is changed in the **File format** box after selecting the input files, the current settings are cleared.

4.5.4 Editing data in Convert screen

The data to be written in the waveform information file of the waveform pattern to be generated can be edited by setting the parameters in the **Waveform Pattern parameters** field.

Setting sampling rate

<Procedure>

- Click the Sampling Rate box and enter a sampling rate value to be set to the Vector Signal Generator from the keyboard. After the waveform pattern is selected by the Vector Signal Generator, the sampling rate can be changed to any value within the setting range when the selected waveform pattern is actually used. The sampling rate can be set from 20 kHz to 160 MHz.
- Click the button on the right of the Sampling Rate box to open a pull-down menu, and select the unit of the sampling rate. The unit can be set from Hz, kHz, and MHz.

Sampling Rate:	20000.000	Hz 💌
		Hz kHz MHz

Figure 4.5.4-1 Sampling Rate input

■ Normalizing setting (only available when the Convert screen is displayed in the MS2830A/MS2840A mode)

To apply the RMS (Route Mean Square) value of the standard waveform pattern used by the MS2830A or MS2840A to the amplitude of the waveform pattern to be converted, select the **Normalizing** check box.

Hz 💌	☑ Normalizing		
RMS Value:	1157	Peak Value:	1636.2451

Figure 4.5.4-2 Normalizing selection

Here, the RMS (Root Mean Square) value of the standard waveform pattern used for the MS2830A or MS2840A refers to the RMS1 and RMSq values below. However, these values depend on the specified bit width.

$$RMS_{I} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n} {I_{n}}^{2}}$$
$$RMS_{Q} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n} {Q_{n}}^{2}}$$
$$RMS_{IQ} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n} ({I_{n}}^{2} + {Q_{n}}^{2})}$$

Here, Σ indicates the sum of target waveform patterns. (except samples for which RF Gate is used to set RF output to Off).

Table 4.5.4-1	Bit widths and RMS values for standard waveform
	patterns

	-		
Bit Width	RMS	RMSQ	RMS IQ
14bit	1157	1157	1636
15bit	2314	2314	3272
16bit	4628	4628	6545

 $RMS_{\rm I}$ indicates the RMS value for the I phase, and $RMS_{\rm Q}$ indicates that for the Q phase.

 $\rm RMS_{IQ}$ indicates the RMS value of the I/Q vector when $\rm RMS_{I}$ and $\rm RMS_{Q}$ are as described above.

When **Normalization** is selected, a crest factor (Peak Power/RMS Power) of 17 dB can be obtained if the signal output of the MS2830A or MS2840A is set within the level assurance range.

RMS Value and Peak Value setting

When the **Convert** screen is displayed in the MS269xA mode The RMS value and the Peak value are displayed in each text box. The RMS value is fixed to 1157. The Peak value calculation method varies depending on the read file type. When an ASCII1, ASCII2, ASCII3, or a digitized file of the MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A, MS2830A, or MS2840A is read, the value is calculated from the RMS value (1157) and the ratio of the peak value calculated at file reading to the average (peak / average), and is displayed. When a waveform pattern for the MG3700A or a waveform pattern for the MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A, MS2830A, or MS2840A is read, the ratio of the Peak to the average (peak / average) is obtained from the value recorded in the wvi file, and the value is calculated from the obtained value. When the **Convert** screen is displayed in the MS2830A/MS2840A mode When reading waveform patterns, the data in the file to be converted is read, and then the RMS and Peak values are calculated and displayed. Click the **RMS Value** text box, and then enter the RMS value of the post-conversion waveform that is actually used for the MS2830A or MS2840A. The Peak value changes according the specified RMS value. Similarly, if the **Peak Value** text box is clicked and the Peak value is specified, the RMS value changes.



Figure 4.5.4-3 RMS Value input

Normally, the **Normalizing** check box is selected and the RMS and Peak values are automatically specified, but the values can be manually specified to adjust the characteristics for such signals that have a crest factor larger than 17 dB.

Note that the RF output level reliability for the MS2830A or MS2840A is specified assuming the following RMS values.

Table 4.5.4-2RMS-value setting ranges that guarantee output levelreliability

Bit Width	RMS-value setting range
14 bit	819 to 1634
15 bit	1638 to 3269
16 bit	3276 to 6537

Memory size setting (only available when the Convert screen is displayed in the MS2830A/MS2840A mode)

Select whether the ARB memory expansion option 256Msamples is installed for the used option (MS2830A or MS2840A). Specifying **With Option 27(Memory 256Msamples)** increases the maximum size of waveform patterns that can be generated, but waveform patterns exceeding 64Msamples can only be used if the ARB memory expansion option 256Msamples is installed for the used option (MS2830A or MS2840A). Change the setting according to whether the ARB memory expansion option 256Msamples is installed for the used option (MS2830A or MS2840A).



Figure 4.5.4-4 Memory Option selection

Setting package name

Enter the name of the package that is used to store the generated waveform patterns when transferring them to the Vector Signal Generator option.

Up to 31 characters can be used for a package name.

Alphanumeric characters and the following symbols may be used: ! % & () + = `{}_- ^ @ []

Package: Convert_IQproducer

Figure 4.5.4-5 Package input

 Unit setting (only available when ASCII1, ASCII2, ASCII3, or MS269x/MS2830A/MS2840A Digitizer is specified)
 Click in the Unit symbol list box, and then select the unit.
 sample, symbol, chip, or none can be selected as the unit.
 This setting is used as the unit for displaying values on screens when

using waveform patterns with the MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A, MS2830A, or MS2840A.

Unit symbol:	sample 💌
Over Sampling:	sample symbol
	chip
-	none

Figure 4.5.4-6 Unit symbol selection

Selecting spectrum (available for ASCII1, ASCII2, ASCII3, and Digitizer)
 Click the button on the right of the **Spectrum** box to open a
 pull-down menu, and select the spectrum from Normal and Reverse.
 When Reverse is selected, the phase of the RF modulated signal output is reversed.

Spectrum	Normal	-
Data Points:	Normal Reverse	

Figure 4.5.4-7 Spectrum selection

Setting over sampling rate (available for ASCII1, ASCII2, ASCII3, and Digitizer)

Set the over sampling rate for the waveform pattern to be input to Convert. Click the **Over Sampling** box and enter a numeric value from the keyboard.

When setting the sampling rate of 4 MHz for signals with 1-MHz symbol rate, for example, enter "4".

Over Sampling: 4	
------------------	--

Figure 4.5.4-8 Over Sampling input

Setting Data Points (available for ASCII1, ASCII2, and ASCII3) The number of sample points of the read waveform pattern is displayed in the **Data Points** box. Enter a Data Points value from the keyboard to change the value, though it is not necessary to change this setting

normally.

Data Points:	7200	
--------------	------	--

Figure 4.5.4-9 Data Points input

The maximum number of Data Points is 256M points. The number of sample points of the read data is greater than 256M points, an error message is displayed and reading fails.

When the number of sample points of the read waveform is less than 1000 points, the output pattern is repeated so that the number of output patterns becomes 1000 points or more. When the number of sample points of the read waveform is 99 points, for example, the output pattern is repeated 11 times and a waveform pattern with 1089 points is output.

Entering comments

Click the **Comment Line 1** box and enter a comment from the keyboard. The text entered here is displayed on the screen when the Vector Signal Generator option selects the corresponding waveform.

Leave this text box blank if unnecessary.

The **Comment Line 2** box is disabled until any comment is entered in the **Comment Line 1** box. Similarly, the **Comment Line 3** box is disabled until any comment is entered in the **Comment Line 2** box.

Comment Line 1:	Test
Comment Line 2:	
Comment Line 3:	

Figure 4.5.4-10 Comment Line input

Setting marker names

To set a marker name, select the Marker Name check box. Then the Marker 1 Name, Marker 2 Name, and Marker 3 Name boxes become

available. Click an input area and enter a marker name.

Note that these settings do not enable/disable the marker output of the Vector Signal Generator option.

The contents of these settings are displayed on the Vector Signal Generator option screen.

🔽 Marker Name	Marker 1 Name:	Marker 2 Name:
	Marker 3 Name:	

Figure 4.5.4-11 Marker Name input

Setting Burst information

To set the Burst information, select the **Burst Setting** check box. Then the **Frame Length** and **Gap Length** boxes become available. Click an input area and enter a numeric value to set Frame Length and/or Gap Length.

Refer to Section 5.1 "Generating Waveform Pattern" for details.

~	Burst Setting	
	Frame Length:	0
	Gap Length:	0

Figure 4.5.4-12 Burst Setting input

■ Configuring RF Gate settings (ASCII file and for digitized file conversion) To configure the RF Gate settings, select the **RF Gate** check box. The **RF On/Off Threshold** and **Minimum RF Gate Length** boxes will then become available. Click an input area and enter a numeric value to set the RF On/Off threshold and minimum RF gate length.

🔽 RF Gate	
RF On/Off Threshold 5.00	%
Minimum RF Gate Length 64	

Figure 4.5.4-13 RF Gate setting input

4.5.5 Executing conversion

Set a file before conversion (conversion source file) and a file after conversion (conversion destination file) before executing conversion.

<Procedure>

1. Click the **Convert** button to display the Export File screen shown in Figure 4.5.5-2 below.

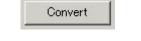


Figure 4.5.5-1 Convert button

2. Click the **Export File Name** box on the Export File screen and enter the name of the file to be output.

Export File	\mathbf{X}
Export Path:	C:¥Program Files¥Anritsu Corporation¥I
Package:	Convert_IQproducer
Full Path:	I Corporation¥IQproducer¥Convert¥Data
Export File Name:	
Transfer	🗖 Load 🗖 Play
	OK Cancel

Figure 4.5.5-2 Export File screen

3. Click the **OK** button to start conversion.

After this, if a clipping occurs during the conversion, the warning message "The waveform pattern to be generated will be above 8191 and be clipped." is displayed. If the **OK** button on the warning message dialog box is clicked at this time to continue the conversion as is, a waveform pattern for which clipping has been processed is generated.

Converting
Conversion is in progress. Please wait
Cancel

Figure 4.5.5-3 Conversion executing screen

The Conversion executing screen is displayed from the start to the end of conversion.

4. When conversion is completed, click the **OK** button to return to the Convert screen.

Two files of a file with the extension ".wvi" and a file with the extension ".wvd" are output and created in the file specified by the **Export Path** box after conversion.

4.5.6 Input file format

There are the following eight types of acceptable file for the Convert operation.

- ASCII1 format file
- ASCII2 format file
- ASCII3 format file
- The digitized file generated by the MS269x Digitizer (The digitizing capability of MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A, MS2830A or MS2840A signal analyzer)
- The waveform pattern formatted for MG3710A, MG3740A, MS269xA, MS2830A or MS2840A (MG3710/MG3740/MS269x/MS2830/MS2840 (to MG3700))
- The waveform pattern formatted for MG3700A, MS269xA, MS2830A or MS2840A (MG3700/MS269x/MS2830/MS2840 (to MG3710))
- The waveform pattern formatted for MG3700A, MS269xA, MS2830A or MS2840A (MG3700/MS269x/MS2830/MS2840 (to MG3740))
- The waveform pattern formatted for MG3700A, MG3710A, MG3740A, MS2830A or MS2840A (MG3710/MG3740/MG3700/MS2830/MS2840 (to MS269x))
- The waveform pattern formatted for MG3700A, MG3710A, MG3740A or MS269xA (MG3710/MG3740/MG3700/MS269x (to MS2830/MS2840))

This section describes the ASCII-format files.

ASCII format files contain the following data:

I-phase data

This is in-phase component data of the waveform pattern

Q-phase data

This is quadrature-phase component data of the waveform pattern

Marker data

This data is used to output marker signals from the AUX connector on the rear panel. There are three types of signal outputs: Marker 1, Marker 2, and Marker 3.

Each signal of marker data outputs either of the following TTL values: 0 = LO level

1 = HI level

When the Vector Signal Generator option uses waveform patterns, the difference between the marker data output timing and the timing the Vector Signal Generator option outputs the modulation data corresponding to the output marker data from the RF Output connector is adjusted to be within approx. ± 1 sample.



Figure 4.5.6-1 MS269xA AUX Connector On Rear Panel

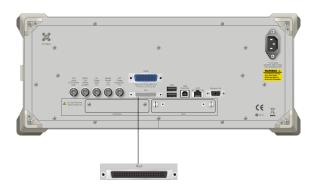
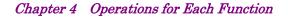


Figure 4.5.6-2 MS2830A/MS2840A AUX Connector On Rear Panel



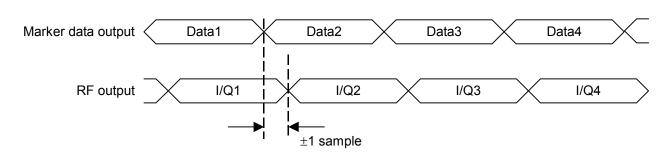


Figure 4.5.6-3 Marker data output and RF output

RF Gate

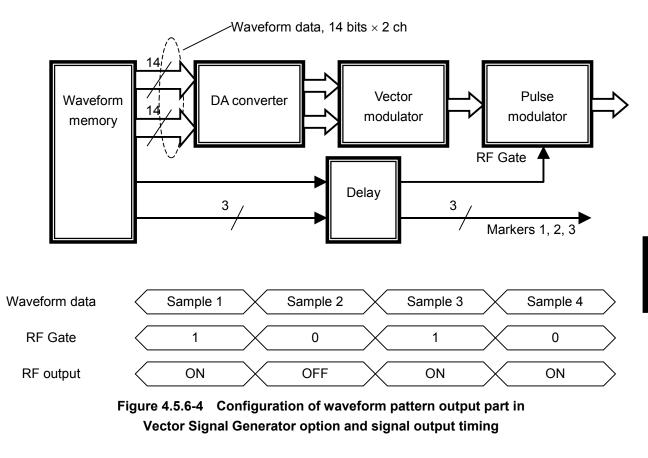
This data is used to execute pulse modulation for the RF output when using a Burst wave such as TDMA.

Each signal of RF Gate data indicates as follows:

0 = RF signal output On

1 = RF signal output Off

The RF Gate data is adjusted by the internal delay circuit of the Vector Signal Generator option so as to be input to the internal pulse modulator of the Vector Signal Generator option at almost the same time when the IQ-phase data corresponding to the RF Gate data is input to the pulse modulator. The pulse modulation timing for the RF output can be adjusted, therefore, by applying RF Gate = 0 at the same position with the IQ-phase data where the RF signal is required to be Off. When the data for both the I and Q phases are set to 0000h and the RF output is set to Off instead of using this bit (i.e., RF Gate data = 1), the On/Off power ratio of the RF output signal becomes smaller than that in the case using the RF Gate data. Therefore, when a larger On/Off power ratio is required, set the data for both the I and Q phases to 0 and then set the RF output to Off using the RF Gate data. Note that the sample for which RF output is set to Off using the RF Gate data is excluded from RMS value calculation/adjustment when reading input file or generating waveform pattern file. Refer to Section 4.5.4 "Editing data in Convert screen" for details.



The following describes details of the ASCII1, ASCII2, and ASCII3 formats:

ASCII1

Waveform patterns before conversion are configured in one file. One line indicates one data. The data format is delimited by a comma, in the order of I-phase data, Q-phase data, Marker 1, Marker 2, Marker 3, and RF Gate.

l-phase data	Q-phase data	Marker1	Marker2	Marker3	RF Gate				
Figure 4.5.6-5 ASCII1 data format									

The values for Markers 1 to 3 and RF Gate can be omitted. If these values are omitted, Markers 1 to 3 are assumed to be 0 (low level) and RF Gate is assumed to be 1 (indicating that RF output is On). However, if the **Convert** screen is displayed in the MS2830A/MS2840A mode, the format for Markers 1 to 3 and RF Gate depends on whether the 15 or 16-bit data width is specified as described below.

When 15 bit is specified

The data format is delimited by a comma, in the order of I-phase data, Q-phase data, Marker 1, Marker 2, Marker 3, and RF Gate.

	I-phase data	Q-phase data	Marker1	RF Gate
Figure	4.5.6-6 ASCII1	data format (wher	n 15 bit is sp	ecified)

If the values for Marker 1 and RF Gate are omitted, they are assumed to be 0 and 1, respectively. In addition, if data is specified as shown in Figure 4.5.6-5, only the Marker 1 and RF Gate values are read. If the RF Gate value is omitted, it is automatically set to 1.

When 16 bit is specified

As shown in Figure 4.5.6-7, the data format consists of I-phase data followed by Q-phase data, and the values are delimited with a comma. Markers 1 to 3 are automatically set to 0, and RF Gate is automatically set to 1.

l-phase	Q-phase
data	data

Figure 4.5.6-7 ASCII1 data format (when 16 bit is specified)

In addition, if the information for Markers 1 to 3 and RF Gate is specified as shown in Figure 4.5.6-5, the information is ignored, Markers 1 to 3 are automatically set to 0, and RF Gate is automatically set to 1.

If the **RF Gate** check box is selected, RF Gate is automatically set according to the parameters specified for **RF On/Off Threshold** and **Minimum RF Gate Length**. However, if the **Convert** screen is displayed in the MS2830A/MS2840A mode and the 16-bit bit width is specified, it is not possible to select the **RF Gate** check box.

Set '0' or '1' for Markers 1 through 3 and RF Gate. Markers 1 through 3 and RF Gate can also be omitted. If omitted, '0 (LO level)' is applied to Markers 1 through 3 and '1 (RF Output On)' to RF Gate.

A line starts with a character other than numeric, '+', or '-' is regarded as a comment line, and is ignored. I-phase data and Q-phase data can be expressed decimally, and also in exponents using e or E like "2.0E+3".

// IQ Data
Comment Line
-0.214178, -0.984242
-0.187286, -1.245890
-0.073896, -1.368888
0.091758,-1.316199
-0.073896, -1.368888, 1 # Marker1 = 1 is output.
0.091758,-1.316199,0,1 # Marker2 = 1 is output.
0.248275,-1.089333,0,0,1 # Marker3 = 1 is output.
0.331432,-0.729580,0,0,0,0 # RF output becomes Off.
0.331432,-0.729580,,0,0,1 # Marker1 = 0 is output and RF output
becomes On.
// IQ Data (when the Convert screen is displayed in the
MS2830A/MS2840A mode and the 15-bit bit width is specified)
Comment Line
-0.214178, -0.984242
-0.187286, -1.245890
-0.073896, -1.368888
0.091758, -1.316199
-0.073896, -1.368888, 1
Marker1 = 1 is output and RF output becomes On.
0.091758, -1.316199, 0, 1
Marker1 = 0 is output and RF output becomes On.
0.248275, -1.089333,, 0
Marker1 = 0 is output and RF output becomes Off.
0.331432, -0.729580, 1, 0, 0
Marker1 = 1 is output and RF output becomes On.
0.331432, -0.729580, 1, 0, 0, 1
Marker1 = 1 is output and RF output becomes On.
// IQ Data (when the Convert screen is displayed in the
MS2830A/MS2840A mode and the 16-bit bit width is specified)
Comment Line
-0.214178, -0.984242
-0.187286, -1.245890
-0.073896, -1.368888
0.091758, -1.316199, 1, 1, 1, 0
Marker1 to 3 = 0 is output and RF output becomes On.

ASCII2

I-phase data is stored in one file, Q-phase data is stored in another, and the Marker data file for the ASCII3 format described below is excluded. When using this format, Markers 1 to 3 are set to 0, RF Gate is set to 1, and Marker output is all 0s. If the **RF Gate** check box is selected for this format, RF Gate is automatically set according to the parameters specified for **RF On/Off Threshold** and **Minimum RF Gate Length**. However, if the **Convert** screen is displayed in the MS2830A/MS2840A mode and the 16-bit bit width is specified, it is not possible to select the **RF Gate** check box. If the **RF Gate** check box is not selected, RF output is On for all waveform pattern samples. In addition to displaying I-phase data and Q-phase data using decimal values, such data can be displayed using e or E and exponential notation (such as "2.0E+3").

ASCII3

For this format, pre-conversion waveform patterns are stored in three files. The patterns are divided such that I-phase data is stored in the first file, Q-phase data in the second, and Marker 1 to 3 and RF Gate data in the third. The Marker 1 to 3 and RF Gate data is stored in the following order, delimited by commas: Marker 1, Marker 2, Marker 3, and then RF Gate. Markers 1 to 3 can only be set to 0 and RF Gate can only be set to 1. The values for Markers 1 to 3 and RF Gate can be omitted. If these values are omitted, Markers 1 to 3 are assumed to be 0, and RF Gate is assumed to be 1. However, if the **Convert** screen is displayed in the MS2830A/MS2840A mode and the 15-bit bit width is specified, the format for Marker 1 to 3 and RF Gate data differs from the above.

Because only Marker 1 and RF Gate are used when the 15-bit bit width is specified, the data consists only of the Marker 1 data followed by the RF Gate data, with the values delimited by a comma. If these values are omitted, Marker 1 is assumed to be 0 and RF Gate is assumed to be 1. If data for Markers 1 to 3 and RF Gate (a total of four data items) is specified, the Marker 2 and Marker 3 data is ignored, and only the Marker 1 and RF Gate data is read. If the RF Gate value is omitted, it is assumed to be 1.

If the **RF Gate** check box is selected, RF Gate is automatically set according to the parameters specified for **RF On/Off Threshold** and **Minimum RF Gate Length**.

In each file, the I-phase data, Q-phase data, and Markers 1 through 3 and RF Gate data are combined and described in one line delimited by <cr><lf> with the same line number. Therefore, when a comment line is added to the start of one of these files, it is necessary to adjust the number of lines among the files by adding a comment line or <cr><lf> to other files. An error occurs if the number of lines differs between the I-phase data and Q-phase data. If Markers 1 through 3 and RF Gate data exists in a line where I-phase and Q-phase data do not exist, it is regarded that line has no data. If the data line of a different file is described in a comment line in a certain file, that data line is ignored. A line starts with a character other than numeric, '+', or '-' is regarded as a comment line, and is ignored. I-phase data and Q-phase data can be expressed decimally, and also in exponents using e or E like "2.0E+3".

File 1 (I-phase data)

// I Data **Comment Line** -0.214178-0.187286-0.0738960.0917580.2482750.331432• • •

File 2 (Q-phase data)

// Q Data <cr><lf>

- -0.984242
- -1.245890
- -1.368888
- -1.316199
- -1.089333
- -0.729580

•••

File 3 (Marker data)

<cr><lf></lf></cr>	
<cr><lf></lf></cr>	
<cr><lf></lf></cr>	# Markers 1through 3 = 0 and RF Gate = 1 for the
<cr><lf></lf></cr>	third and fourth lines.
1 # Corr	esponds to the fifth line data in the I-phase
$0,1$ and Q^2	phase data.
0,0,1	
1,0,0,1	
When the Con	vert screen is displayed in the MS2830A/MS2840A mode
and the 15-bit	bit width is specified
<cr><lf></lf></cr>	

#Adjusting the line number since two comment lines are added in the I-phase data.

4

<cr><lf></lf></cr>	
<cr><lf></lf></cr>	Lines 3 and 4 are Marker = 0 and RF Gate = 1,
	respectively.
<cr><lf></lf></cr>	
1	# Corresponds to the fifth line data in the I-phase and
Q-phase data	
0,0	# Marker1 = 0 is output and RF output becomes On.
1,0,0	# Marker1 = 1 is output and RF output becomes On.
1,1,1,0 # Mar	ker1 = 1 is output and RF output becomes 0.

4.5.7 Setting the RMS-value calculation range

By displaying the **Time Domain** screen from the **Convert** screen, the pre-conversion waveform pattern can be checked, the RMS-value calculation range can be set, and the RMS value of the read waveform can be recalculated.

However, the **Time Domain** screen can only be displayed if the file format is set to ASCII1, ASCII2, ASCII3, or MS269x/MS2830A/MS2840A Digitizer.

To display the **Time Domain** screen, click the **Time Domain** button.

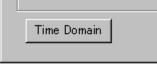


Figure 4.5.7-1 Time Domain screen displaying button

For details about using the **Time Domain** screen to specify the RMS-value calculation range, see Section 4.9.13 "Displaying the **Time Domain** screen from the Convert screen".

When the RMS-value calculation range is set, the RMS value for the waveform pattern is recalculated, and the value in the **Peak Value** text box is updated.

Using the above function makes it possible to prevent the ratio between the Peak value of a wave for which RF Gate is not set and the RMS value from being reduced as well as the resulting clipping.

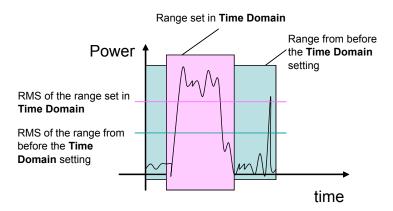


Figure 4.5.7-2 RMS-value calculation range

4.6 W-CDMA Downlink Waveform Pattern Generation Function

This function enables the generation of a waveform pattern to be used in cases such a W-CDMA reception sensitivity test, by changing some W-CDMA-related parameters of the MX269901A HSDPA/HSUPA IQproducerTM.

It is possible to change the scrambling code number and channelization code number for a waveform pattern that is provided as a standard waveform pattern.

4.6.1 Activation

Select **W-CDMA Downlink (Standard)** from the **System** menu on the common platform screen. The W-CDMA Downlink setting screen is displayed separately.

4.6.2 W-CDMA Downlink setting screen

Menu		V-CDMA Dow	1000	· · · ·	tandard) for MS26	9x		202 * 1	* 1	B 5	8000 E.W.	
			6	N/			乄					
Tool buttons _	8	Simulation Link	: Down Link	Scrambl	ing Code <u>1</u>	🕂 Tota	Power:	0.00 dB	Normalize Por	wer Numbe	r of Frames	2 🕂 🔽 Auto
Total Power –			ON •	Power Power	-3.32 dB	P-SH	A S-SCH F	Power: -5/32	dB			Channel Edit
display				Power Power	-8.32 dB	Ch Code Ch Code	2	SF = 256	D .	RMC12.2kbps	-	
			OFF •	Power	dB Ch Code			F = 128	Data /85/94/125/			16 Codes 🔽
Normalize Power _		HS-SCCH1 HS-PDSCH1	OFF 🔻	Power	-40.00 dB	Ch Code Ch Code	1 to 5,	SF = 128 SF = 16	Data Data	Coded HS-DSCH	~	Edit
button		HS-SCCH2 HS-PDSCH2	OFF 🔻	Power Power	-40.00 dB	Ch Code Ch Code	1	SF = 128 SF = 16	Data Data	Coded HS-DSCH		Edit
		HS-SCCH3 HS-PDSCH3	OFF 💌	Power Power	-40.00 dB	Ch Code Ch Code	1 1 to 5,	SF = 128 SF = 16	Data Data	Coded HS-DSCH		Edit
Status display –	-	HS-SCCH4	OFF 💌	Power Power	-40.00 dB	Ch Code Ch Code	1 1 to 5,	SF = 128 SF = 16	Data Data	Coded HS-DSCH		Edit
			$\overline{\ }$									

Figure 4.6.2-1 W-CDMA Downlink setting screen

File menu

The **File** menu contains the following items.

W-CDMA Downlink IQproducer(Standard) for MS2830			
File Edit Easy Setup Transfer Setting			
Select Option	With Option27(Memory 256Msamples)		
Recall Parameter File	 Without Option27(Memory 256Msamples) 		
Save Parameter File			
Exit	ing Code 🔟 🚊 Total Power: -0.00 dB 🛛 Norm		

Figure 4.6.2-2 Screen when File is selected

• Select Option

This menu item is enabled only if MS2830A/MS2840A was selected in Section 4.1 "Starting/Exiting IQproducerTM".

Select whether to enable/disable the ARB memory expansion option 256M samples for the Vector Signal Generator. Selecting With Option27 (Memory 256M samples) supports creation of larger waveform patterns. If the ARB memory expansion option 256M samples is not installed in the MS2830A or MS2840A, the generated waveform pattern may not be able to be used. Waveform patterns cannot be created with a size greater than 64Msamples when Without Option27 (Memory 256M samples) is selected. Select either With Option21 or Without Option21 according to whether the ARB memory expansion option 256Msamples is installed to be used.

• Recall Parameter File

Sets the W-CDMA Downlink parameters according to the setting of the parameter files saved by Save Parameter File.

• Save Parameter File

Saves the W-CDMA Downlink setting parameters to a file.

• Exit

Exits the W-CDMA Downlink IQproducerTM.

Edit menu

The Edit menu contains the following items.

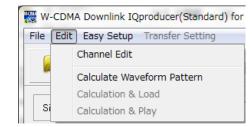


Figure 4.6.2-3 Screen when Edit is selected

• Channel Edit

Displays the Channel Edit screen in which the P-CCPCH and DPCH parameters are set. This is the same operation with clicking the **Channel Edit** button on the screen.

Calculate Waveform Pattern

Starts waveform pattern generation based on the settings on the screen.

The number of frames to be generated varies depending on the setting conditions for each channel, and the time required for generating a waveform pattern also varies accordingly. The number of frames to be generated is displayed on the calculation progress screen.

Refer to Appendix B "Number of Frames to Be Generated" in the MX269901A HSDPA/HSUPA IQproducerTM Operation Manual for details on the number of frames to be generated in accordance with the downlink setting conditions.

When a normal waveform pattern is generated, two files with the extensions ".wvi" and ".wvd" are created. When transferring a waveform pattern or loading a waveform pattern to a memory, select the *.wvi file for the target waveform pattern.

Refer to Appendix B "Number of Frames to Be Generated" in the MX269901A HSDPA/HSUPA IQproducerTM Operation Manual for details about the classification of waveform patterns.

Easy Setup menu

The **Easy Setup** menu contains the following item.

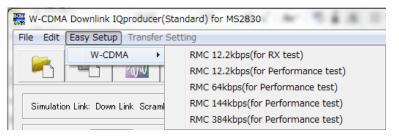


Figure 4.6.2-4 Screen when Easy Setup – W-CDMA is selected

Selects the bit rate setting for Reference Measurement Channels (RMC) specified in 3GPP TS25.101, TS25.104.

RMC 12.2kbps (for RX test) RMC 12.2kbps (for Performance test) RMC 64kbps (for Performance test) RMC 144kbps (for Performance test) RMC 384kbps (for Performance test)

Physical Channel	Power ratio
P-CPICH	P -CPICH_Ec/DPCH_Ec = 7 dB
P-CCPCH	P -CCPCH_Ec/DPCH_Ec = 5 dB
SCH	$SCH_Ec/DPCH_Ec = 5 dB$
PICH	$PICH_Ec/DPCH_Ec = 2 dB$
DPCH	$DPCH_Ec/Ior = -10.32 dB$

Table 4.6.2-1 Physical channel powers for RMC 12.2 kbps (for RX test)

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	ysical annel	Power ratio
P-CPIC	H	P -CPICH_Ec/Ior = -10 dB
P-CCP0	CH	P -CCPCH_Ec/Ior = -12 dB
SCH		$SCH_Ec/Ior = -12 dB$
PICH		$PICH_Ec/Ior = -15 dB$
	12.2 kbps	$DPCH_Ec/Ior = -16.6 dB$
DPC	64 kbps	$DPCH_Ec/Ior = -12.8 \text{ dB}$
H H	144 kbps	$DPCH_Ec/Ior = -9.8 dB$
	384 kbps	$DPCH_Ec/Ior = -5.5 dB$
OCNS		The power where the total of all the channels including OCNS is 0 dB.

Table 4.6.2-2Physical channel powers for channels other thanRMC 12.2 kbps (for RX test)

Tool buttons

The following tool buttons are provided:

- Recall Parameter File button



Save Parameter File button



Calculate Waveform Pattern button

Exit button

The function of each button is the same with the corresponding item in the **File** or **Edit** menu.

	Total	Power	display
--	-------	-------	---------



Figure 4.6.2-5 Total Power display

The total power of the channels that are set to ON (excluding OCNS) is displayed in this field. If the total power displayed here is out of ± 0.01 dB when OCNS is OFF, the warning message shown below is displayed during total power calculation, prompting to normalize the total power.

Warning			×
Total o It is ne	channel power is not norma acessary to normalize the to	lized to 0 dB. otal power when OC	NS is OFF.
	OK	Cancel	

Figure 4.6.2-6 Waning message

Normalize Power button



Figure 4.6.2-7 Normalize Power button

This button is enabled when OCNS is OFF. When this button is clicked, the value displayed in Total Power is subtracted from the power of each channel that is set to ON. As a result, the total power is normalized to 0 dB while retaining the power ratio between channels.

Status display

The status display on the bottom of the screen displays operation statuses such as a warning occurred during setting.

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4.6.3 Details of setting parameters on W-CDMA Downlink setting screen

This section describes the details of the setting items on the W-CDMA Downlink setting screen.

Setting Item	Scrambling Code	
Functional Outline	Sets the downlink scrambling code number.	
Setting Parameters	Setting Range	
	Scrambling Code	0 to 8191
Details	including CPICH, P-CCP code number should be se The primary scrambling o	here is applied to the scramble of all the channels CH, and PICH. Therefore, the primary scrambling et normally for this setting. code number is expressed as follows: number = 16*i (i = 0 to 511)

Setting Item	CPICH	
Functional Outline	Performs settings related to CPICH.	
Setting Parameters	Setting Range	
	ON/OFF ON or OFF	
	Power -40.00 to 0.00 (dB), setting resolution: 0.01 dB	
Details	The channelization code of the CPICH is fixed to 0.	

Setting Item	Р-ССРСН	
Functional Outline	Performs settings related	to P-CCPCH.
Setting Parameters		Setting Range
	ON/OFF	ON or OFF
	Power -40.00 to 0.00 (dB), setting resolution: 0.01 dB	
	P-SCH & S-SCH Power -40.00 to 0.00 (dB), setting resolution: 0.01 dB	
Details	The channelization code of the P-CCPCH is fixed to 1.	
	BCH is mapped for P-CCPCH.	

Setting Item	PICH	
Functional Outline	Performs settings related	to PICH.
Setting Parameters	Setting Range	
	ON/OFF ON or OFF	
	Power	-40.00 to 0.00 (dB), setting resolution: 0.01 dB
	Channelization Code	0 to 255

4.6 W-CDMA Downlink Waveform Pattern Generation Function

Setting Item	DPCH		
Functional Outline	Performs settings related to Downlink DPCH.		
Setting Parameters	Setting Range		
	ON/OFF	ON or OFF	
	Power	-40.00 to 0.00 (dB), setting resolution: 0.01 dB	
	Channelization Code	$0 ext{ to } SF - 1$	
		SF (spreading factor) varies depending on the setting of Data as follows:	
		RMC 12.2 kbps = 128	
		RMC 64 kbps = 32	
		RMC 144 kbps = 16	
		RMC 384 kbps = 8	
		AMR1/AMR2/AMR3 = 128 ISDN = 32	
		384 kbps Packet = 8	
	Data	RMC 12.2 kbps/RMC 64 kbps/RMC 144 kbps/	
	Data	RMC 384 kbps/AMR1/AMR2/AMR3/ISDN/ 384 kbps Packet	
Details	The channel coding paras format selected by Data .	meter of the DCH is set according to the standard	
	RMC 12 2 kbps/RMC 64	khns/RMC 144 khns/RMC 384 khns	
	RMC 12.2 kbps/RMC 64 kbps/RMC 144 kbps/RMC 384 kbps Refer to 3GPP TS25.101 Annex A.3 DL reference measurement channel for details of these channels. See the next and subsequent pages for details of each parameter.		
	AMR1/AMR2/AMR3/ISDN		
	Refer to 3GPP TR25.944 4.1.1.3 Example for DCH for details of these channels. See the sections below for details of DTCH, DCCH, and Multiplexing.		
	DTCH		
	AMR1: 4.1.1.3.1.2 Examp	ole for 12.2 kbps data (TFS = #1)	
	AMR2: 4.1.1.3.1.2 Example for 12.2 kbps data (TFS = #2) AMR3: 4.1.1.3.1.2 Example for 12.2 kbps data (TFS = #3) ISDN: 4.1.1.3.1.6 Example for 64 kbps data		
	DCCH <i>AMR1/AMR2/AMR3/ISDN: 4.1.1.3.1.1 Example for 3.4 kbps data</i>		
	Multiplexing		
	and	<i>1.3.2.2 Example for multiplexing of 12.2 kbps data</i> <i>3.4 kbps data</i>	
	ISDN: 4.1.1.3.2.5 Examp	le for multiplexing of 64 kbps data and 3.4 kbps data	

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DL_RMC_12_2kbps channel coding parameters

Table 4.6.3-1	DL reference measurement channel 12.2 kbps
	physical channel parameters

Parameter	Unit	Level
Information bit rate	kbps	12.2
DPCH	ksps	30
Slot Format #i	-	11
TFCI	-	On
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	dB	0
Puncturing	%	14.7

Table 4.6.3-2	DL reference measurement channel 12.2 kbp	
	transport channel parameters	

Parameter	DTCH	DCCH
Transport Channel Number	1	2
Transport Block Size	244	100
Transport Block Set Size	244	100
Transmission Time Interval	20 ms	40 ms
Type of Error Protection	Convolution Coding	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256	256
Size of CRC	16	12

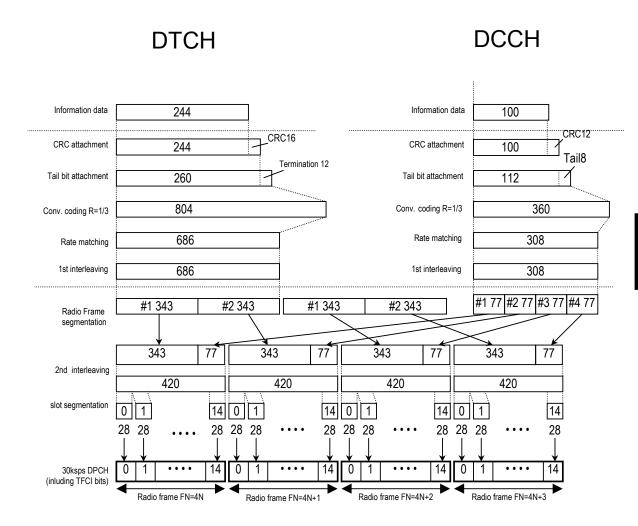


Figure 4.6.3-1 Channel coding for DL reference measurement channel 12.2 kbps

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DL_RMC_64kbps channel coding parameters

Table 4.6.3-3	DL reference measurement channel 64 kbps	
	physical channel parameters	

Parameter	Unit	Level
Information bit rate	kbps	64
DPCH	ksps	120
Slot Format #i	-	13
TFCI	-	On
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	dB	0
Repetition	%	2.9

Table 4.6.3-4DL reference measurement channel 64 kbpstransport channel parameters

Parameter	DTCH	DCCH
Transport Channel Number	1	2
Transport Block Size	1280	100
Transport Block Set Size	1280	100
Transmission Time Interval	20 ms	40 ms
Type of Error Protection	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256	256
Size of CRC	16	12
Position of TrCH in radio frame	fixed	fixed

DCCH



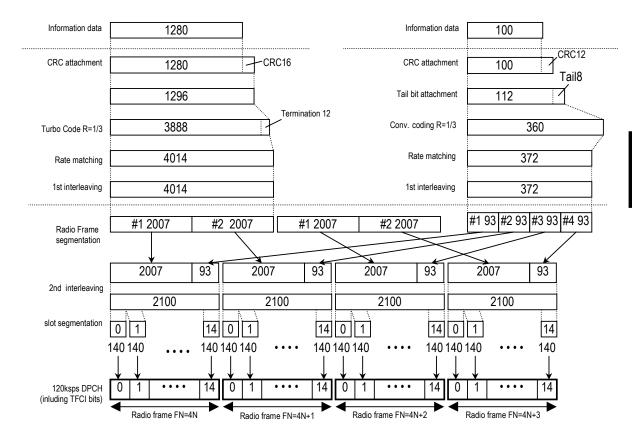


Figure 4.6.3-2 Channel coding for DL reference measurement channel 64 kbps

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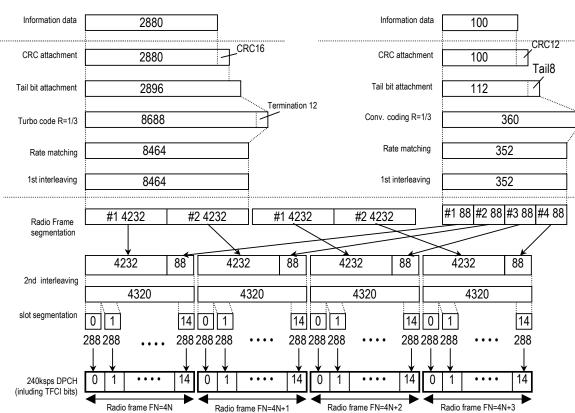
DL_RMC_144kbps channel coding parameters

Table 4.6.3-5	DL reference measurement channel 144 kb	
	physical channel parameters	

Parameter	Unit	Level
Information bit rate	kbps	144
DPCH	ksps	240
Slot Format #i	_	14
TFCI	-	On
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	dB	0
Puncturing	%	2.7

Table 4.6.3-6DL reference measurement channel 144 kbps
transport channel parameters

Parameter	DTCH	DCCH
Transport Channel Number	1	2
Transport Block Size	2880	100
Transport Block Set Size	2880	100
Transmission Time Interval	20 ms	40 ms
Type of Error Protection	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256	256
Size of CRC	16	12
Position of TrCH in radio frame	fixed	fixed



DTCH

Figure 4.6.3-3 Channel coding for DL reference measurement channel 144 kbps

Chapter 4 Operations for Each Function

DL_RMC_384kbps channel coding parameters

Table 4.6.3-7	DL reference measurement channel 384 kbp	
	physical channel parameters	

Parameter	Unit	Level
Information bit rate	kbps	384
DPCH	ksps	480
Slot Format #i	-	15
TFCI	-	On
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	dB	0
Puncturing	%	22

Table 4.6.3-8DL reference measurement channel 384 kbps
transport channel parameters

Parameter	DTCH	DCCH
Transport Channel Number	1	2
Transport Block Size	3840	100
Transport Block Set Size	3840	100
Transmission Time Interval	10 ms	40 ms
Type of Error Protection	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256	256
Size of CRC	16	12
Position of TrCH in radio frame	fixed	fixed

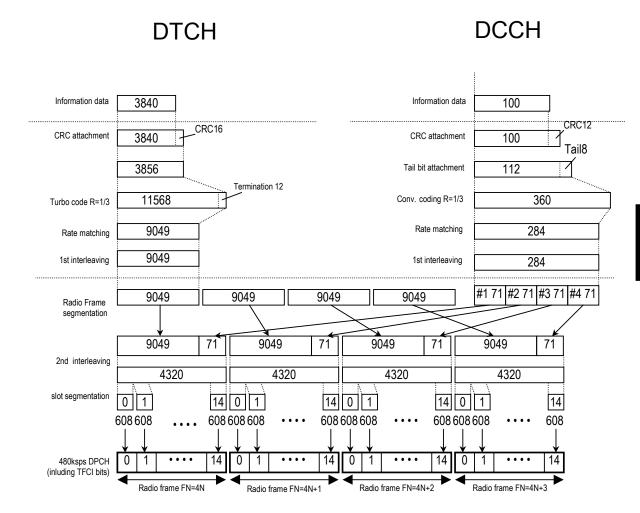


Figure 4.6.3-4 Channel coding for DL reference measurement channel 384 kbps

Chapter 4 Operations for Each Function

Setting Item	OCNS		
Functional Outline	Sets OCNS ON/OFF.		
Setting Parameters	Setting Range		
	ON/OFF	ON or OFF	
	Туре	16 Codes	
Details		the power of OCNS (Orthogonal Channel Noise that the total power of all the channels that are set	
	When the total power of all the channels that are set to ON (excluding OCNS) exceeds 0 dB while OCNS is set to ON , an error occurs and data generation is cancelled. The total power of all the channels that are set to ON (excluding OCNS) is displayed in Total Power on the screen.		
	For example, when P-CCI total power of the channe to ON in this event, and i An error may occur when	the actual total power exceeds 0 dB at the s that are not displayed, even if 0.00 dB is displayed	
		$\left.\begin{array}{l} PCH = -3.00 \text{ dB} \\ CH = -3.00 \text{ dB} \\ CH = -3.00 \text{ dB} \\ CH = -3.00 \text{ dB} \\ OCNS = ? \end{array}\right\}$ $Total > 0.0 \text{ dB}$	
	power of each channel so	, click the Normalize Power button to adjust the that the total power of all the channels becomes 0 wer ratio between channels.	
	P-CCPCH = -3.00 d CPICH = -3.00 d DPCH = -3.00 dE	3 CPICH = -4.80 dB	

Details (Cont'd)	OCNS consists of 16-channel (for Performance requirement) DPCH. The table below shows the parameters. Refer to 3GPP TS25.101 (Release 5) Table C.12 for details.			
		OCNS (16	channels)	
		Channelization Code at SF = 128	Relative Level Setting (dB)	
		2	-1	
		11	-3	
		17	-3	
		23	-5	
		31	-2	
		38	-4	
		47	-8	
		55	-7	
		62	-4	
		69	-6	
		78	-5	
		85	-9	
		94	-10	
		125	-8	
		113	-6	
		119	0	
	Displayed contents			
	An OCNS item Pow	er displays the pow	ver of OCNS only.	The total of this
	value and the value The Channelization displayed.	displayed in $\ensuremath{\text{Total}}$	Power is always 0) dB.

4.6.4 Details of setting parameters on Channel Edit screen

When the **Channel Edit** button is clicked, the Channel Edit screen shown below is displayed. This section describes the details of the setting items on this screen.

Channel Edit	a	Co Plan	B.045	×
P-CCPCH Edit				
	SFN Cyc	le Short 🔄	1	
		DPCH Edit PhyCH		
DPCH	IData TrCH	Thyon	BER -	*
	TFCI 0	Slo	ot Format #11	v
Spreading	Factor 128	- Timi	ng Offset 0	TPC Edit
			,	
	-	TrCH		
Easy Setup	TrCH Number	▼	DTX Fix	<u>_</u>
	TrCH1	TrCH2	TrCH3	TrGH4
Data	PN9fix •	16bitRepeat 💌		
Π	20ms 💌	40ms 💌		
Max. TrBk Size	244 bit	100 bit	- bit	- bit
TrBk Size	244 bit	100 bit	F bit	- bit
Max.TrBk Set No.	TrBk * 1	TrBk * 1	TrBk * -	TrBk * -
TrBk Set No.	TrBk * 1	TrBk * 1	TrBk * -	TrBk * -
CRC	16bit 💌	12bit 💌		
Coder	CC 1/3 🔻	CC 1/3 👻		
RM attribute	256	256	-	-
BER	-	-	-	-
BLER	-	-	-	-
	ОК		Can	cel

Figure 4.6.4-1 Channel Edit screen

OK and Cancel buttons

The **OK** and **Cancel** buttons are provided to close the Channel Edit screen after performing setting.

- When **OK** button is clicked: The Channel Edit screen is closed applying the settings.
- When **Cancel** button is clicked: The Channel Edit screen is closed ignoring the settings.

4.6 W-CDMA Downlink Waveform Pattern Generation Function

Setting Item	P-CCPCH Edit	
Functional Outline	Performs settings for P-CCPCH.	
Setting Parameters	Setting Range	
	SFN Cycle	Short (fixed)
Details	This is the cycle of SFN (System Frame Number) that is transmitted by BCH mapped to P-CCPCH, and is fixed to Short for the W-CDMA IQproducer TM . The cycle of SFN becomes a common multiple of the maximum TTI cycle.	

Setting Item	DPCH Edit (PhyCH)	
Functional Outline	Performs settings for DL-	DPCH physical channels.
Setting Parameters	Setting Range	
	Timing Offset 0 to 149	
	TFCI	0 to 1023

Setting Item	DPCH Edit (TrCh Edit)	
Functional Outline	Performs settings for TrCH.	
Setting Parameters	Setting Range	
	Data	PN9/PN9fix/PN15fix/16bitRepeat
Details	Data	
	Selects the data to be inserted to Information Data of the transport channel. PN9fix/PN15fix is PN9/PN15 data reset at the last data of a signal. The last	
	data of a signal and the first data of the next signal are not continuous.	

4.6.5 Saving/reading parameters

This numeric values and settings for each item can be saved in a parameter file by using the IQproducerTM.

Saving parameter file

<Procedure>

- 1. Select **Save Parameter File** from the **File** menu or click the tool button to display the parameter file saving screen shown in Figure 4.6.5-1.
- 2. Enter a file name in the **File name** text box and click the **Save** button to save the parameter file.

When the save destination is not changed in the **Save in** box, the parameter file is saved in the following directory with the entered file name:

X:\IQproducer\W_CDMA*Entered file name*.prm

("X:\IQproducer" indicates the folder where the IQproducerTM is installed.)

Save As	<u>? ×</u>
Save in: 🗀 W_CDMA	-
Deta DPCH_Param Trop HSDA_STDDowninit.prm HSDA_STDDowninit_MS269xA.prm HSDA_STDUpinit.prm	HSDA_STDUpinit_MS269xA.prm
File <u>n</u> ame:	Save
Save as type: Setting Files (*.prm)	Cancel

Figure 4.6.5-1 Parameter file saving screen

4.6 W-CDMA Downlink Waveform Pattern Generation Function

Reading parameter file

<Procedure>

- 1. Select **Recall Parameter File** from the **File** menu or click the tool button to display the parameter file reading screen shown in Figure 4.6.5-2.
- 2. Select a parameter file to be read from the file list, and then click the **Open** button to read the selected parameter file.

Open ? X
Look jn: 🔁 W_CDMA 💽 🖛 🖻 📸 🛛
Data HSDA_STDUpinit_MS269xA.prm DPCH_Param Trp HSDA_STDDowninit.prm HSDA_STDDowninit_MS269xA.prm HSDA_STDDowninit_MS269xA.prm HSDA_STDUpinit.prm
File <u>n</u> ame:pen
Files of type: Setting Files (*,prm)

Figure 4.6.5-2 Parameter file reading screen

4.6.6 Generating waveform pattern file

A waveform pattern file to be used in the Vector Signal Generator option can be generated based on the setting values. In the screen shown in Figure 4.6.6-2, the waveform pattern name and comments can be entered and whether to enable or disable the RRC filter can be set. The number of frames to be generated varies depending on the setting conditions for each channel, and the time required for generating a waveform pattern also varies accordingly.

Refer to Appendix B "Number of Frames to Be Generated" in the MX269901A HSDPA/HSUPA IQproducerTM Operation Manual for details on the number of frames to be generated in accordance with the downlink setting conditions.

<Procedure>

1. Select **Calculate Waveform Pattern** from the **Edit** menu or click the tool button.

At this time, the Warning message shown below appears when OCNS is set to OFF and the value of Total Power is out of ± 0.01 dB.

Warning 🔀
Total channel power is not normalized to 0 dB. It is necessary to normalize the total power when OCNS is OFF.
OK Cancel

Figure 4.6.6-1 Warning message

Click the OK button to normalize the Total Power and proceed with the next step.

	Output File Name
File name display area	test.wvi test.wvd
Output destination folder selection button	Export Path
	C#Anritsu#IQproducer#W_CDMA#Data
Package name input box	Package W-CDMA_Downlink
Output file name input box	Output File Name test
Comment input box	Comment
RRC Filter Off checkbox	I ☐ RRC Filter Off
	OK

2. The file name input screen is displayed.

Figure 4.6.6-2 File name input screen

Enter a file name in the file name input box within 18 characters. 1-byte alphanumeric characters and the following symbols can be used for a file name:

! % & () + = ` { } _ - ^ @ []

When a file name is entered, the file to be generated is displayed in the file name display area in the following format:

File name format:

test A.wvi Lest A.wvi Extension: wvi... Information file (text format) wvd... Data file (binary format) → Target memory: A... Read from waveform memory A B... Read from waveform memory B → Entered file name

Enter a comment for the waveform pattern in a comment input box. Three comment input boxes are provided, and a comment can be entered in each line within 38 characters.

1-byte alphanumeric characters and symbols can be used for comments.

The contents of each comment are displayed on the screen when the corresponding waveform pattern is selected by the Vector Signal Generator option. Leave the comment boxes blank if not necessary. When the **RRC Filter Off** check box is selected, symbol data that does not pass through the RRC filter is generated as a waveform pattern. You don't need to select this check box under normal conditions.

3. Click the **OK** button to start waveform pattern file generation. The calculation progress screen is displayed during the file generation progressing.

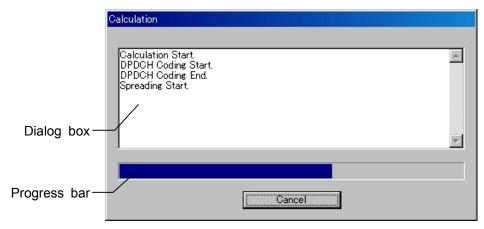


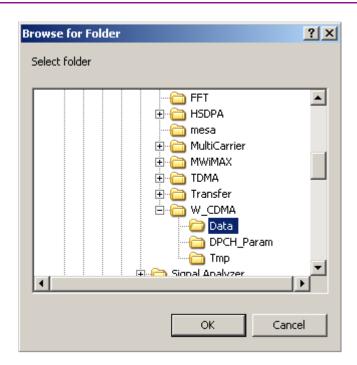
Figure 4.6.6-3 Calculation progress screen

The file generation processing statuses are displayed in the dialog box. The file generation progress status is indicated by the progress bar.

When started with MS269x, MS2830A, or MS2840A and when **MS269x** or **MS2830/MS2840** is selected in the **Select instrument** screen, waveform pattern files generated by this application are saved in the following directory:

Installed OS	Export destination folder
Windows Embedded Standard 7	C:\Anitsu\Signal Analyzer\ System\Waveform
Other than above	C:\Program Files\Anritsu Corporation\ Signal Analyzer\System\Waveform

In other cases, the output destination folder can be selected from the Browse for Folder screen shown in Figure 4.6.6-4, which is displayed by clicking the output destination folder selection button on the Output File Name screen (see Figure 4.6.6-2).



4.6 W-CDMA Downlink Waveform Pattern Generation Function

Figure 4.6.6-4 Browse for Folder screen

When the output destination folder is not specified, waveform pattern files are saved in the following directory:

 $X:\IQproducer\W_CDMA\Data$

("X:\IQ producer" indicates the folder where the IQ producerTM is installed.)

Note:	
ſ	Гhe W-CDMA Uplink IQproducer waveform pattern file generation
8	and the W-CDMA Downlink IQproducer waveform pattern file
Ę	generation must be operated exclusively. An error dialog box will
ł	be displayed if the W-CDMA Uplink IQproducer waveform pattern
f	ile generation is started while the W-CDMA Downlink IQproducer
V	waveform pattern file generation is operating, and vice versa. To
s	start the W-CDMA Uplink/Downlink IQproducer waveform pattern
f	ile generation while the other is operating, cancel the other file
Ę	generation or wait until the other file generation is completed.

4.6.7 Auxiliary signal output

When a waveform pattern generated by the W-CDMA Downlink IQproducerTM is selected by the Vector Signal Generator option, a marker signal synchronized with the RF signal is output from the AUX connector on the rear panel as an auxiliary signal. Refer to the MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A and MS2830A/MS2840A Vector Signal Generator Operation Manual (Operation) for details on the AUX connector. Frame Pulse (Marker 1) is output.

• Frame Pulse

A 10-ms cycle pulse synchronized with the symbol at the beginning of the frame is output from Marker 1. The signal polarity can be changed by changing the polarity of Marker 1.

4.7 W-CDMA Uplink Waveform Pattern Generation Function

This function enables the generation of a waveform pattern to be used in cases such a W-CDMA reception sensitivity test, by editing some W-CDMA-related parameters of the MX269901A HSDPA/HSUPA IQproducerTM.

It is possible to change the scrambling code number and channelization code number for a waveform pattern that is provided as a standard waveform pattern.

4.7.1 Activation

Select **W-CDMA Uplink (Standard)** from the **System** menu on the common platform screen. The W-CDMA Uplink setting screen is displayed separately.

W-CDMA Uplink IQproducer(Standard) for MS269x - -Edit Transfer Setting Menu File ネ 2014 Tool buttons Simulation Link: Up Link Scrambling Code 🔟 Normalize Power Number of Frames 4 Auto UL-DPCCH ON v Power -4.56 dB Code(Q) 0.SF = 256 Channel Edit RMC12_2kbps UL-DPDCH ON Ŧ Power -1.87 Ch Code(I) 16,SF = 64 Data • HS-DPCCH OFF v * 256 chip Ch Code(Q) 64.SF = 256 TimingOffset dB ACK Power Normalize Power ACK Pattern ACK_only -40.00 NACK Power dB button CQI Power -40.00 CQI value 2 ---dB ☐ Pattern Setting File -

4.7.2 W-CDMA Uplink setting screen

Figure 4.7.2-1 W-CDMA Uplink setting screen

4

■ File menu

The File menu contains the following items.

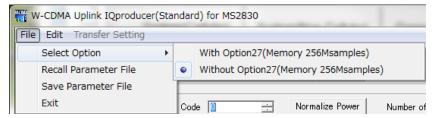


Figure 4.7.2-2 Screen when File is selected

Select Option

This menu item is enabled only if MS2830A/MS2840A was selected in 4.1 "Starting/Exiting IQproducerTM".

Select whether to enable/disable the ARB memory expansion option 256M samples for the Vector Signal Generator. Selecting With Option27 (Memory 256M samples) supports creation of larger waveform patterns. If the ARB memory expansion option 256M samples is not installed in the MS2830A or MS2840A, the generated waveform pattern may not be able to be used. Waveform patterns cannot be created with a size greater than 64Msamples when Without Option27 (Memory 256M samples) is selected. Select either With Option21 or Without Option21 according to whether the ARB memory expansion option 256Msamples is installed to be used.

• Recall Parameter File

Sets the W-CDMA Uplink parameters according to the setting of the parameter files saved by Save Parameter File.

• Save Parameter File

Saves the W-CDMA Uplink setting parameters to a file.

• Exit

Exits the W-CDMA Uplink IQproducerTM.

Edit menu

The **Edit** menu contains the following items.

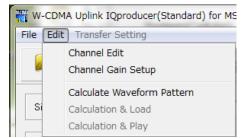


Figure 4.7.2-3 Screen when Edit is selected

• Channel Edit

Displays the Channel Edit screen in which the DPCH parameters are set. This is the same operation with clicking the **Channel Edit** button on the screen.

• Channel Gain Setup

Displays the Channel Gain Setup screen in which the power of each channel can be set using βc and βd parameters. The setting of Power in the main screen is changed in accordance with the channel power set in this screen.

Calculate Waveform Pattern

Starts waveform pattern generation based on the settings on the screen.

The number of frames to be generated varies depending on the setting conditions for each channel, and the time required for generating a waveform pattern also varies accordingly. The number of frames to be generated is displayed on the calculation progress screen.

Refer to Appendix B "Number of Frames to Be Generated" in the MX269901A HSDPA/HSUPA IQproducerTM Operation Manual for details on the number of frames to be generated in accordance with the uplink setting conditions.

Tool buttons

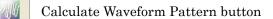
The following tool buttons are provided:



P.

٩	Save Parameter File button

Recall Parameter File button



Exit button

The function of each button is the same with the corresponding item in the **File** or **Edit** menu.

Normalize Power button

Normalize Power

Figure 4.7.2-4 Normalize Power button

When this button is clicked, Total Power is subtracted from the power of each channel that is set to ON. As a result, the total power is normalized to 0 dB while retaining the power ratio between channels. The total power value displayed in Total Power is calculated from the total power of all the channels that are set to ON.

4.7.3 Details of setting parameters on W-CDMA Uplink setting screen

This section describes the details of the setting items on the W-CDMA Uplink setting screen.

Setting Item	Scrambling Code		
Functional Outline	Sets the scrambling code.		
Setting Parameters	Setting Range		
	Scrambling Code	0 to 16777215	

Setting Item	UL-DPCCH, UL-DPDCH		
Functional Outline	Performs settings for DPCCH and DPDCH.		
Setting Parameters	Setting Range		
	Power	-40.00 to 0 (dB)	
	Data	RMC 12.2 kbps/RMC 64 kbps/RMC 144 kbps/ RMC 384 kbps/AMR1/AMR2/AMR3/ISDN/ 64 kbps Packet	
Details	RMC 12.2 kbps/RMC 64 k	ops/RMC 144 kbps/RMC 384 kbps	
	The channel coding parameter format selected by Data .	neter of the DCH is set according to the standard	
		Annex A UL reference measurement channel for See the next and subsequent pages for details of	
	AMR1/AMR2/AMR3/ISDN		
	Refer to 3GPP TR25.944 4.1.2.2 Example for DCH for details of these channels. See the sections below for details of DTCH, DCCH, and Multiplexing.		
	DTCH		
	AMR1: 4.1.2.2.1.2 Examp	le for 12.2 kbps data (TFS = #1)	
	AMR2: 4.1.2.2.1.2 Example for 12.2 kbps data (TFS = #2)		
	AMR3: 4.1.2.2.1.2 Examp	le for 12.2 kbps data (TFS = #3)	
	ISDN: 4.1.2.2.1.6 Example for 64 kbps data DCCH AMR1/AMR2/AMR3/ISDN: 4.1.2.2.1.1 Example for 3.4 kbps data Multiplexing		
	AMR1/AMR2/AMR3: 4.1.2.2.2.2 Example for multiplexing of 12.2 kbps data and 3.4 kbps data		
	ISDN: 4.1.2.2.2.5 Example for multiplexing of 64 kbps data and 3.4 kb		

Chapter 4 Operations for Each Function

• UL_RMC_12_2kbps channel coding parameters

physical channel parameters			
Parameter	Unit	Level	
Information bit rate	kbps	12.2	
DPDCH	kbps	60	
DPCCH	kbps	15	
DPCCH Slot Format #i	_	0	
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio	dB	-2.69	
TFCI	_	On	
Repetition	%	22	

Table 4.7.3-1	UL reference measurement channel 12.2 kbps
	physical channel parameters

Table 4.7.3-2	UL reference measurement channel 12.2 kbps
	transport channel parameters

Parameter	DTCH	DCCH
Transport Channel Number	1	2
Transport Block Size	244	100
Transport Block Set Size	244	100
Transmission Time Interval	20 ms	40 ms
Type of Error Protection	Convolution Coding	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256	256
Size of CRC	16	12

DCCH

DTCH

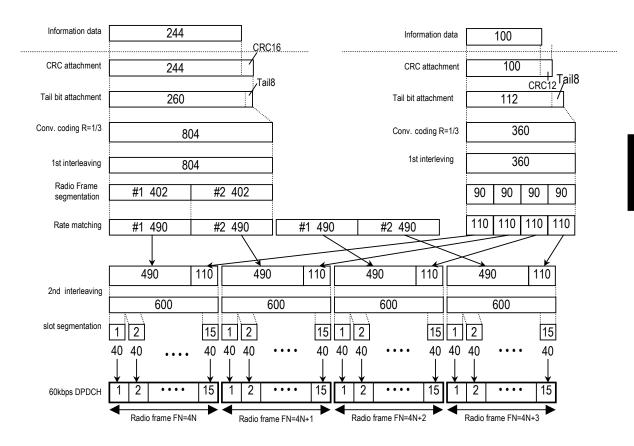


Figure 4.7.3-1 Channel coding for UL reference measurement channel 12.2 kbps

Chapter 4 Operations for Each Function

♦ UL_RMC_64kbps channel coding parameters

physical channel parameters			
Parameter	Unit	Level	
Information bit rate	kbps	64	
DPDCH	kbps	240	
DPCCH	kbps	15	
DPCCH Slot Format #i	-	0	
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio	dB	-5.46	
TFCI	_	On	
Repetition	%	19	

Table 4.7.3-3	UL reference measurement channel 64 kbps
	physical channel parameters

Table 4.7.3-4	UL reference measurement channel 64 kbps
	transport channel parameters

Parameter	DTCH	DCCH
Transport Channel Number	1	2
Transport Block Size	2560	100
Transport Block Set Size	2560	100
Transmission Time Interval	40 ms	40 ms
Type of Error Protection	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256	256
Size of CRC	16	12

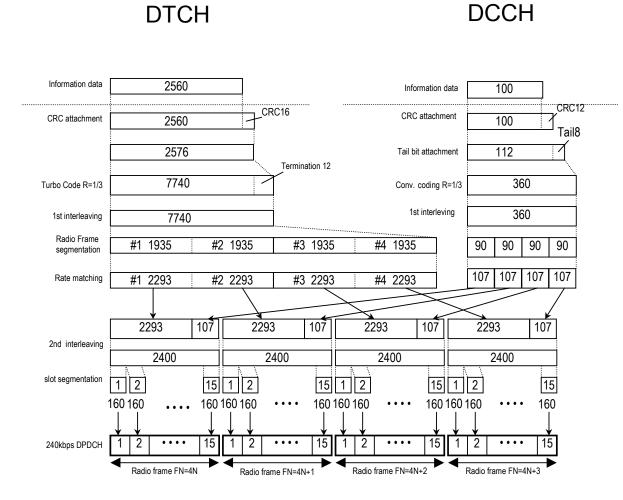


Figure 4.7.3-2 Channel coding for UL reference measurement channel 64 kbps

4

Chapter 4 Operations for Each Function

♦ UL_RMC_144kbps channel coding parameters

physical channel parameters			
Parameter	Unit	Level	
Information bit rate	kbps	144	
DPDCH	kbps	480	
DPCCH	kbps	15	
DPCCH Slot Format #i	-	0	
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio	dB	-9.54	
TFCI	_	On	
Repetition	%	8	

Table 4.7.3-5	UL reference measurement channel 144 kbps
	physical channel parameters

Table 4.7.3-6	UL reference measurement channel 144 kbps
	transport channel parameters

Parameter	DTCH	DCCH
Transport Channel Number	1	2
Transport Block Size	2880	100
Transport Block Set Size	5760	100
Transmission Time Interval	40 ms	40 ms
Type of Error Protection	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256	256
Size of CRC	16	12



DTCH

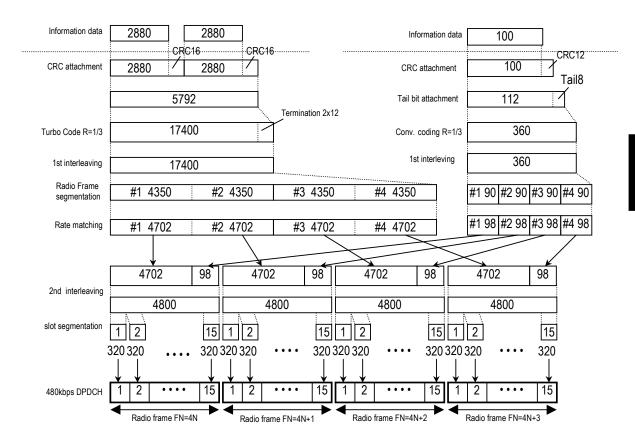


Figure 4.7.3-3 Channel coding for UL reference measurement channel 144 kbps

Chapter 4 Operations for Each Function

♦ UL_RMC_384kbps channel coding parameters

physical channel parameters			
Parameter	Unit	Level	
Information bit rate	kbps	384	
DPDCH	kbps	960	
DPCCH	kbps	15	
DPCCH Slot Format #i	-	0	
DPCCH/DPDCH power ratio	dB	-9.54	
TFCI	_	On	
Puncturing	%	18	

Table 4.7.3-7	UL reference measurement channel 384 kbps		
	physical channel parameters		

Table 4.7.3-8	UL reference measurement channel 384 kbps
	transport channel parameters

Parameter	DTCH	DCCH
Transport Channel Number	1	2
Transport Block Size	3840	100
Transport Block Set Size	15360	100
Transmission Time Interval	40 ms	40 ms
Type of Error Protection	Turbo Coding	Convolution Coding
Coding Rate	1/3	1/3
Rate Matching attribute	256	256
Size of CRC	16	12

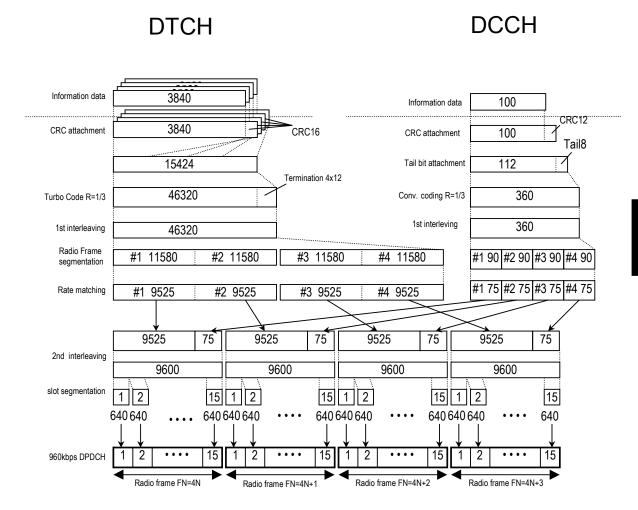


Figure 4.7.3-4 Channel coding for UL reference measurement channel 384 kbps

4.7.4 Details of setting parameters on Channel Edit screen

When the **Channel Edit** button is clicked, the Channel Edit screen shown below is displayed. This section describes the details of the setting items on this screen.

nannel Edit	hannel Edit				
		PhyCH			
UL-DPI	DCH Data TrCH		BER -	%	
	TFCI 0	UL-DPCCH S	ilot Format #0	v	
UL-DPDCH Spread					
OL-DEDON Spread	ning Factor 04	Tim	ning Offset 0	TPC Edit	
		TrCH			
Easy Setup	TrCH Nu	mber 2 👻			
	•	,			
	TrCH1	TrCH2	TrCH3	TrCH4	
Data	PN9fix 💌	PN9fix 💌		- 🔻	
Π	20ms 💌	40ms 💌			
Max. TrBk Size	244 bit	100 bit	- bit	- bit	
TrBk Size	244 bit	100 bit	- bit	- bit	
Max.TrBk Set No.	TrBk * 1	TrBk * 1	TrBk * -	TrBk * -	
TrBk Set No.	TrBk * 1	TrBk * 1	TrBk * 🗖	TrBk * -	
CRC	16bit 💌	12bit 👻			
Coder	CC 1/3 👻	CC 1/3 💌			
RM attribute	256	256	-	-	
BER	-	-	-	-	
BLER	-	-	-	-	
	ОК		Canc	el	

Figure 4.7.4-1 Channel Edit screen

OK and Cancel buttons

The **OK** and **Cancel** buttons are provided to close the Channel Edit screen after performing setting.

- When **OK** button is clicked: The Channel Edit screen is closed applying the settings.
- When **Cancel** button is clicked: The Channel Edit screen is closed ignoring the settings.

4.7 W-CDMA Uplink Waveform Pattern Generation Function

Setting Item	DPCH Edit (PhCH)		
Functional Outline	Performs settings for UL-DPCH.		
Setting Parameters	Setting Range		
	Timing Offset	0 to 149	
	TFCI	0 to 1023	

Setting Item	DPCH Edit (TrCh Edit)		
Functional Outline	Performs settings for TrC	H of UL-DPCH.	
Setting Parameters	Setting Range		
	Data PN9/PN9fix/PN15fix/16bitRepeat		
Details	Data		
	Selects the data to be inserted to Information Data of the transport channel. PN9fix/PN15fix is PN9/PN15 data reset at the last data of a signal. The last		
	data of a signal and the first data of the next signal are not continuous.		

4.7.5 Details of setting parameters on Channel Gain Setup screen

When the **Channel Gain Setup** is selected from the **Edit** menu, the Channel Gain Setup screen shown below is displayed. This section describes the details of the setting items on this screen.

Ch	annel Gain Set	up	-	-	×
	DPCCH	Beta c	0	•	(-4.56dB)
	DPDCH	Beta d	0	•	(-1.87dB)
	HS-DPCCH	Delta ACK	0	~	(– dB)
		Delta NACK	0	Ŧ	(– dB)
		Delta CQI	0	~	(– dB)
	ОК				Dancel

Figure 4.7.5-1 Channel Gain Setup screen

Setting Item	Channel Gain		
Functional Outline	Performs settings for each channel gain		
Setting Parameters		Setting Range	
	Beta c	0 to 15	
	Beta d	0 to 15	
Details	When the OK button is clicked after applying settings to close the Channel Gain Setup screen, the settings for each item are converted to dB units and displayed in the Channel Edit screen.		
	When the Cancel button is clicked, the screen is closed without reflecting the settings for each item on the Channel Edit screen.		

4.7.6 Saving/reading parameters

This numeric values and settings for each item can be saved in a parameter file by using IQproducerTM.

Saving parameter file

<Procedure>

- 1. Select **Save Parameter File** from the **File** menu or click the tool button to display the parameter file saving screen shown in Figure 4.7.6-1.
- 2. Enter a file name in the **File name** text box and click the **Save** button to save the parameter file.

When the save destination is not changed in the **Save in** box, the parameter file is saved in the following directory with the entered file name:

X:\IQproducer\W_CDMA*Entered file name*.prm

("X:\IQ producer" indicates the folder where the IQ producerTM is installed.)

Save As	<u>? ×</u>
Save jn: 🗀 W_CDMA	- € 🕆 ⊞ -
Deta DPCH_Param Tmp H5DA_STDDowninit.prm H5DA_STDDowninit_MS269xA.prm H5DA_STDDpinit.prm	HSDA_STDUpinit_MS269xA.prm
File <u>n</u> ame:	Save
Save as type: Setting Files (*.prm)	Cancel

Figure 4.7.6-1 Parameter file saving screen

Reading parameter file

<Procedure>

- 1. Select **Recall Parameter File** from the **File** menu or click the **file** tool button to display the parameter file reading screen shown in Figure 4.7.6-2.
- 2. Select a parameter file to be read from the file list, and then click the **Open** button to read the selected parameter file.

Open					<u>?</u> ×
Look jn: 🜔	W_CDMA	•	🗕 🔁 (📸 🏢	
	Downinit.prm Downinit_MS269xA.prm	HSDA_STDU	lpinit_MS26	69xA.prm	
File <u>n</u> ame:				<u>O</u> per	۱
Files of <u>type</u> :	Setting Files (*.prm)		•	Canc	

Figure 4.7.6-2 Parameter file reading screen

4.7.7 Generating waveform pattern file

A waveform pattern file to be used in the Vector Signal Generator option can be generated based on the setting values. In the screen shown in Figure 4.7.7-2, the waveform pattern name and comments can be entered and whether to enable or disable the RRC filter can be set. The number of frames to be generated varies depending on the setting conditions for each channel, and the time required for generating a waveform pattern also varies accordingly.

Refer to Appendix B "Number of Frames to Be Generated" in the MX269901A HSDPA/HSUPA IQproducerTM Operation Manual for details on the number of frames to be generated in accordance with the uplink setting conditions.

<Procedure>

1. Select **Calculate Waveform Pattern** from the **Edit** menu or click the tool button.

At this time, the Warning message shown below appears when the total power is not normalized by clicking the **Normalize Power** button.

Warning	X
Total channel power is not normalize It is necessary to normalize the tota	ed to 0 dB. I power when Simulation is UpLink.
<u>OK</u>	Cancel

Figure 4.7.7-1 Warning message

Click the \mathbf{OK} button to normalize the total power and proceed with the next step.

Chapter 4 Operations for Each Function

File name display area	Output File Name
Output destination folder selection button	Export Path C#Anritsu#IOproducer#W_CDMA#Data
Package name input box	Package W-CDMA_Uplink Output File Name
Output file name input box	[test] Comment
Comment input box	
RRC Filter Off checkbox	RRC Filter Off OK Cancel

2. The file name input screen is displayed.

Figure 4.7.7-2 File name input screen

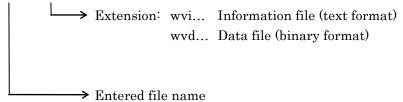
Enter a file name in the file name input box within 20 characters. 1-byte alphanumeric characters and the following symbols can be used for a file name:

! % & () + = `{}_- ^ @ []

When a file name is entered, the file to be generated is displayed in the file name display area.

File name format:

<u>test.wvi</u>



Enter a comment for the waveform pattern in a comment input box. Three comment input boxes are provided, and a comment can be entered in each line within 38 characters.

1-byte alphanumeric characters and symbols can be used for comments.

The contents of each comment are displayed on the screen when the corresponding waveform pattern is selected by the Vector Signal Generator option. Leave the comment boxes blank if not necessary. When the **RRC Filter Off** check box is selected, symbol data that does not pass through the RRC filter is generated as a waveform pattern. You don't need to select this check box under normal conditions.

3. Click the **OK** button to start waveform pattern file generation. The calculation progress screen is displayed during the file generation processing.

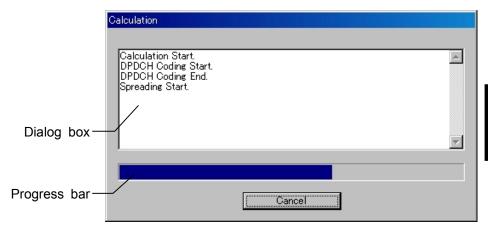


Figure 4.7.7-3 Calculation progress screen

The file generation processing statuses are displayed in the dialog box. The file generation progress status is indicated by the progress bar. When the file is generated completely, the information about the generated waveform pattern file is displayed in the dialog box.

When started with MS269x, MS2830A or MS2840A and when MS269x or MS2830/MS2840 is selected in the Select instrument screen, waveform pattern files generated by this application are saved in the following directory:

Installed OS	Export destination folder
Windows Embedded Standard 7	C:\Anitsu\Signal Analyzer\ System\Waveform
Other than above	C:\Program Files\Anritsu Corporation\ Signal Analyzer\System\Waveform

In other cases, the output destination folder can be selected from the Browse for Folder screen shown in Figure 4.7.7-4, which is displayed by clicking the output destination folder selection button on the Output File Name screen (see Figure 4.7.7-2).

Operations for Each Function

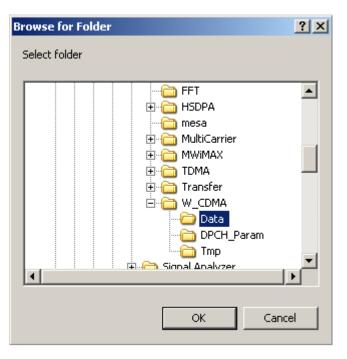


Figure 4.7.7-4 Browse for Folder screen

When the output destination folder is not specified, waveform pattern files are saved in the following directory:

 $X:\IQproducer\W_CDMA\Data$

("X:\IQ producer" indicates the folder where the IQ producerTM is installed.)

lot	e:
	The W-CDMA Uplink IQproducer waveform pattern file generation
	and the W-CDMA Downlink IQproducer waveform pattern file
	generation must be operated exclusively. An error dialog box will
	be displayed if the W-CDMA Uplink IQproducer waveform pattern
	file generation is started while the W-CDMA Downlink IQproduce
	waveform pattern file generation is operating, and vice versa. To
	start the W-CDMA Uplink/Downlink IQproducer waveform pattern
	file generation while the other is operating, cancel the other file
	generation or wait until the other file generation is completed.

4.7.8 Auxiliary signal output

When a waveform pattern generated by the W-CDMA Uplink IQproducerTM is selected by the Vector Signal Generator option, a marker signal synchronized with the RF signal is output from the AUX connector on the rear panel as an auxiliary signal. Refer to the *MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A and MS2830A/MS2840A Vector Signal Generator Operation Manual (Operation)* for details on the AUX connector. Frame Pulse (Marker 1) is output.

• Frame Pulse

A 10-ms cycle pulse synchronized with the symbol at the beginning of the frame is output from Marker 1. The signal polarity can be changed by changing the polarity of Marker 1.

4.8 Help Screen

Click **Help** on the common platform screen described in section 4.2. This screen displays the version information. Click **OK** to close the Help screen.

The following shows an example.



Figure 4.8-1 Help screen

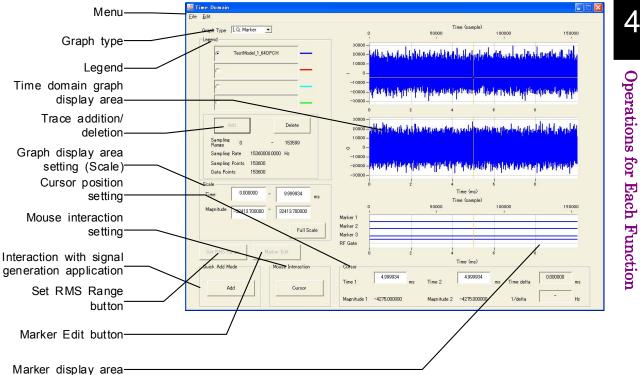
4.9 **Time Domain Graph Display**

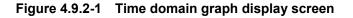
The time domain waveform of a waveform pattern can be displayed in a graph.

4.9.1 Activation

Select **Time Domain** from the **Simulation & Utility** tab on the common platform screen. The time domain graph display screen is displayed separately.

4.9.2 Time domain graph display screen





- Description of items in time domain graph display screen
- (1) Menu

Trace addition, trace deletion, Marker Edit dialog box open, and time domain graph display close can be executed.

- (2)Graph Type The graph type can be selected from the drop-down list. Two graph types can be selected: "I, Q, Marker" and "Power, Marker".
- (3) Legend

File name display for an added trace, selection of a displayed trace, and selection of a trace to be added/deleted can be executed.

- (4) Time domain graph display area A time domain graph is displayed in this area. Graph cursor move and graph zoom-in display can be executed.
- (5) Add/Delete (trace addition/deletion) A trace can be added/deleted.
- (6) Cursor Position

The graph cursor position in the time domain graph display area can be specified by entering a value in the **Time** text box.

- (7) Mouse Interaction The mouse operation in the time domain graph display area can be set to either the graph cursor move function or the zoom-in function.
- (8) Quick Add Mode (interaction with signal generation application) Settings for displaying a trace of a waveform pattern generated by a signal generation application to the time domain display in conjunction with the signal generation application are configured.
- (9) Marker Edit (Marker Edit dialog box open) Clicking this button opens the Marker Edit dialog box.
- (10) Marker display area The value of each marker is displayed in this area.
- (11) Set RMS Range button

When the **Time Domain** screen is displayed from the **Convert** screen, this button is used to set the RMS-calculation range.

4.9.3 Displaying time domain graph by reading file

A waveform pattern can be read and displayed in a time domain graph.

Time domain graph display using Add button

<Procedure>

1. Click one of the option buttons in the **Legend** dialog box to select the trace color of the waveform pattern in the CCDF graphical area.

•	TestModel_1_64DPCH	_
0		
0		

Figure 4.9.3-1 Selecting radio button in Legend

2. Click the **Add** button.

The **Add** button is disabled when any other waveform pattern is already specified on the selected option button. In such a case, delete the waveform pattern by clicking the Delete button, or click one of other option button.

	Add	Delete
--	-----	--------

Figure 4.9.3-2 Add button

Otherwise, select Add Trace from the File menu.

<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit
<u>A</u> d	d Trace
De	lete Trace
<u>E</u> ×i	it Time Domain

Figure 4.9.3-3 Add Trace in File menu

3. Click the _____ button in the Add Trace screen, and select a waveform pattern for which a time domain graph is displayed.

Add 1	Frace	
Inpu	t File Type :	wvi
C	∷¥₩-CDMA(BS '	Tx test)¥TestModel_1_64DPCH.wvi
San	npling Points:	153600
San	npling Range:	0 _ 153599
Dat	a Points:	153600
San	npling Rate:	15360000.000 [Hz]
	_Information	,
	File Name:	TestModel_1_64DPCH.wvi
		TestModel_1_64DPCH.wvd
	Pattern:	TestModel_1_64DPCH
	Package:	W-CDMA(BS Tx test)
	Version:	1.03
	Date:	11/11/03 16:20
	Frame Len	eth: 153600
	Gap Lengt	h: O
	ок	Cancel

Figure 4.9.3-4 Add Trace screen

Waveform pattern files that have the formats below can be read. For details about the ASCII1, ASCII2, ASCII3, and MS269x/MS2830A/MS2840A Digitizer formats, see Section 4.5.6 "Input file format".

- ASCII1
- ASCII2
- ASCII3
- MS269x/MS2830A/MS2840A Digitizer
- wvi

Also, a maximum of 1 Msample (= 1,048,576 samples) can be read.

When a waveform pattern is selected, either the data of the selected waveform pattern or "1 Msample" is displayed in the Sampling Points text box. The number of reading data can be changed by editing the value in the Sampling Points text box. Also, the waveform pattern reading start position can be specified by changing the value in the Sampling Range text box. If the ASCII1, ASCII2, or ASCII3 format was selected for waveform pattern display, enter a value for **Sampling Rate**.

4. Click the **OK** button on the Add Trace screen to read the waveform pattern.

When the waveform pattern has been read completely, the time domain graph display screen is displayed again with a trace in the color selected in **Legend**.

4.9.4 Deleting time domain graph

The time domain graph displayed in the screen can be deleted.

Deleting time domain graph using Delete button

<Procedure>

1. Click the option button in the **Legend** dialog box to select the trace to be deleted.

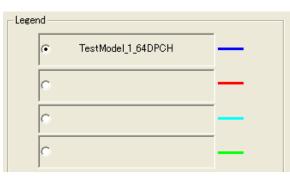


Figure 4.9.4-1 Selecting radio button in Legend

2. Click the **Delete** button to delete the graph corresponding to the selection in the **Legend** field.



Figure 4.9.4-2 Delete button

Otherwise, select **Delete Trace** from the **File** menu.

<u>A</u> dd Trace
<u>D</u> elete Trace
<u>E</u> xit Time Domain

Figure 4.9.4-3 Delete Trace in File menu

4.9.5 Graph type

When "I, Q, Marker" is selected from the **Graph Type** drop-down list, the time domain waveform of the I-phase, Q-phase, and marker data of the selected waveform pattern is displayed.

When "Power, Marker" is selected, the time domain waveform of the marker data and the power based on the rms value (written in the wvi file) of the selected waveform pattern is displayed.

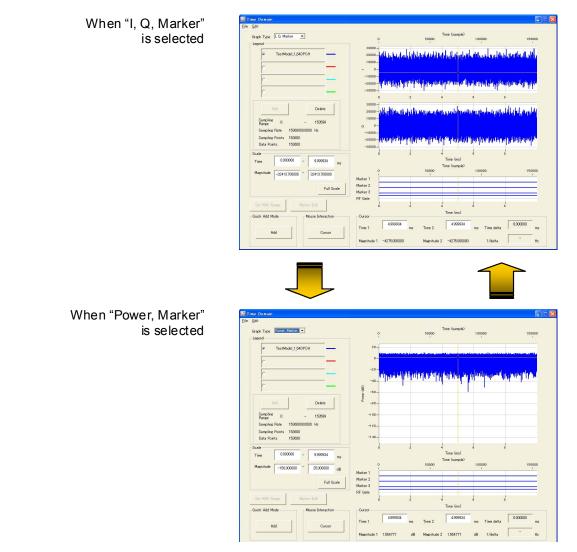


Figure 4.9.5-1 Time domain graph display according to Graph Type setting

4.9.6 Sampling information display

The sampling information on the trace selected by a radio button in the **Legend** field is displayed in the lower area of the **Legend** field.

The reading start sample and the reading end sample are displayed for **Sampling Range** (the first sample is "0").

The sampling rate of the waveform pattern to be read is displayed for **Sampling Rate**.

The number of read samples is displayed for **Sampling Points**. The data point of the reading target waveform pattern is displayed for **Data Points**.

Sampling Range	0	-	153599
Sampling F	Rate	15360000.0000	Hz
Sampling P	^o oints	153600	
Data Point	s	153600	

Figure 4.9.6-1 Trace sampling information

4.9.7 Selecting mouse interaction in time domain graph display area

Graph cursor move or graph zoom-in can be selected for a mouse dragging operation in the time domain graph display area.

Click the **Mouse Interaction** button to display the Mouse Interaction dialog box.

Cursor The mouse is used to move the cursor.

Zoom The mouse is used to set the zooming area.

(
Cursor	Zoom

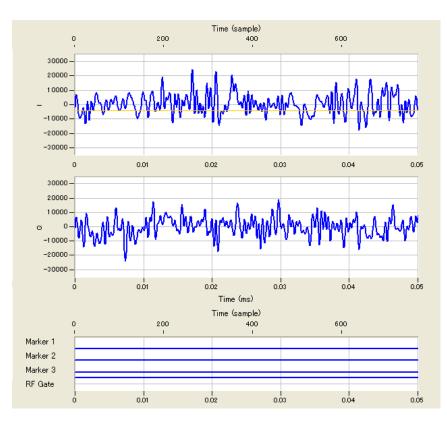
Figure 4.9.7-1 Mouse Interaction Dialog Box

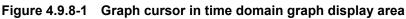
4.9.8 Moving graph cursor

The graph cursor displayed in the time domain graph display area can be moved.

Moving graph cursor using mouse

When the black-line or yellow-line cursor in the Time Domain graph display area is dragged, the cursor is moved.





The contents displayed in **Cursor** in the time domain graph display screen are updated as the graph cursor is moved.

Moving graph cursor changing Cursor value

When the **Time 1** value in the **Cursor** area of the **Time Domain** graph display screen is updated, the black-line cursor moves and the **Magnitude 1** value is updated.

Similarly, when the **Time 2** value is updated, the yellow-line cursor moves and the **Magnitude 2** value is updated.

When the black-line or yellow-line cursor is moved by changing the **Time 1** or **Time 2** value, respectively, the **Time delta** and **1/delta** values are updated. **Time delta** displays the result of subtracting the **Time 1** value from the **Time 2** value, and **1/delta** displays the reciprocal of the **Time delta** value.

Time 1	4.000000	ms	Time 2	6.000000	ms	Time delta	2.000000	ms
Magnitude 1	1579.000000		Magnitude 2	-4404.000000		1/delta	500.000000	Hz

Figure 4.9.8-2 Cursor input

4.9.9 Changing graph scale

The scale of the graph currently displayed can be changed.

Changing graph display area scale

The scales for the time (X axis) and amplitude (Y axis) of the time domain graph display area are updated by changing the value(s) in the **Scale** field on the time domain graph display screen.

The values set in the **Time** text boxes (X axis) indicate the range of the sampled data displayed in a graph, and 0.0 ms represents the start of that data.

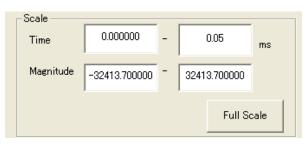


Figure 4.9.9-1 Scale input

<Procedure>

- 1. Click the **Time** text box and enter values from the keyboard to specify the time display range.
- 2. Click the **Magnitude** text box and enter values from the keyboard to specify the amplitude display range.

When the focus is moved to another control after changing the value(s) in the **Time** text box as shown in Step 1 above, the scale for the X axis in the time domain graph display area is updated.

Similarly, when the focus is moved after changing the value in the **Magnitude** text box as shown in Step 2 above, the scale for the Y axis in the time domain graph display area is updated.

In addition, the scale of both axes can be adjusted to display the entire **Time Domain** graph by clicking the **Full Scale** button.



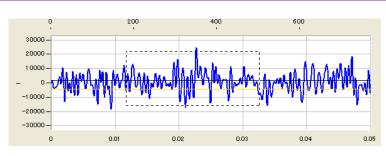


Figure 4.9.9-2 Graph scale change by mouse operation

Specifying display area by mouse operation

When **Zoom** is selected for **Mouse Interaction**, pointing and dragging an area in the time domain graph enlarges the selected area (within the dotted rectangle).

4.9.10 Values displayed on graph

This section describes how a trace on the I, Q, Power, and Marker graphs displays the data or marker of the waveform pattern, separately for each graph type.

I and Q graphs

On the I and Q graphs (displayed when "I, Q, Marker" is selected from the **Graph Type** drop-down list), the sample values of the read waveform pattern are plotted and adjacent samples are connected by linear interpolation.

Note that the sample-unit time scale above the I graph applies only to the trace selected by **Legend**, while the ms-unit time scale below the Q graph applies to any displayed traces.

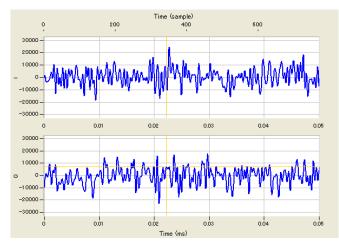


Figure 4.9.10-1 I and Q graph example

Power graph

On the Power graph (displayed when "Power, Marker" is selected from the **Graph Type** drop-down list), the sample values of the read waveform pattern are plotted as power and adjacent samples are connected by linear interpolation.

If ASCII1, ASCII2, ASCII3, or wvi is selected as the file format for waveform pattern display, The X axis of the Power graph is displayed with the RMS value of the waveform pattern as 0 dB. When the MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A or MS2830A/MS2840A actually outputs a modulation signal, therefore, the output modulation signal is based on 0 dB of the Power graph.

Output level of MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A or MS2830A/MS2840A = Display level of MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A or MS2830A/MS2840A + Level on Power graph

If MS269/MS2830A/MS2840A Digitizer is selected as the file format for waveform pattern display, the level recorded in the digitized file is displayed as is. Therefore, when this equipment is actually used to

output a modulated signal, the output signal does not necessarily use the 0 dB in the Power graph as a reference.

Note that the sample-unit time scale above the Power graph applies only to the trace selected by **Legend**, while the ms-unit time scale below the Power graph applies to any displayed traces.

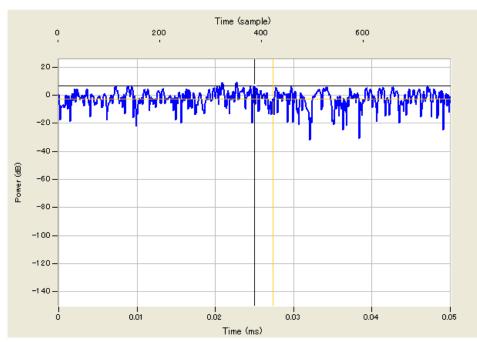


Figure 4.9.10-2 Power graph example

Marker graph

On the Marker graph, Markers 1, 2, 3, and RF Gate of the samples of the trace selected by **Legend** are displayed. Marker graphs are traced in a staircase pattern, where a line is drawn from a plotted point to the right. At Sample 115200 in Figure 4.9.10-3, for example, Marker 1 is 0 (LO), Markers 2 and 3 are 1 (HI), and RF Gate is 1 (RF On).

Note that the sample-unit time scale above the Marker graph applies only to the trace selected by **Legend**, while the ms-unit time scale below the Marker graph applies to any displayed traces.

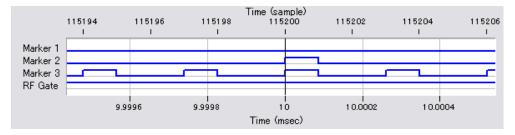


Figure 4.9.10-3 Marker graph example

4.9.11 Interaction with signal generation application (Quick Add Mode)

The method for updating the time domain graph display in conjunction with waveform pattern generation by a signal generation application can be set and changed. This function is enabled only when the time domain graph display function is activated.

Add	Clear	Off

Figure 4.9.11-1 Quick Add Mode

When Add is selected:

A trace is added to the time domain graph when **Time Domain** is selected from the **Simulation** menu or the **Time Domain** tool button is clicked after data generation by the signal generation application. Note that the time domain graph display will not be updated when the four traces are all used.

■ When Clear is selected:

A trace is deleted from the time domain graph and the time domain graph of the generated data is displayed when **Time Domain** is selected from the **Simulation** menu or the **Time Domain** tool button is clicked after data generation by the signal generation application.

When Off is selected:

The time domain graph display will not be updated even when **Time Domain** is selected from the **Simulation** menu or the **Time Domain** tool button is clicked after data generation by the signal generation application.

4.9.12 Marker edit function

A new waveform pattern can be created by reading an existing waveform pattern and editing the marker data and name with the marker edit function.

The marker edit function cannot be used if ASCII1, ASCII2, ASCII3, or MS269x/MS2830A/MS2840A Digitizer was selected as the file format for waveform pattern display.

Note:

When the waveform pattern bit width is 16 bits, the marker edit function is not available.

Waveform pattern ir	formation			١		
Browse button for waveform	Marker Edit		$\overline{}$	Information		2
Marker name			- 7	Sampling Rate : Data Points : Frame Length : Gap Length :	1536000.000 H 153600 153600 0	t
Marker data	Marker Name Not use IF Data Edit Start Point ID	[sample]	Width D	[sample]	Period (D	[sample]
	Marker 2 Name Not use	[somple]	Wetter D	[sample]	Period [1	[somple]
RF Gate setting	Marker 3 Name Not use	[somple]	wash D	[sample]	Presed 1	
Create button for waveform	RF Gate	[sample]	wan p	[sample]	Period 10	[sample]
Close button for closing Marker Edit dialog box-	Create				Close	

Figure 4.9.12-1 Marker Edit dialog box

Description of items in Marker Edit dialog box

Waveform pattern information

Information about the read waveform pattern is displayed.

Browse button for waveform pattern selection

Clicking this button displays the dialog box for selecting a waveform pattern to be read.

Marker name setting

The name of each marker can be specified.

Marker data setting

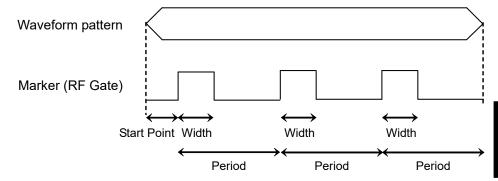
Select or clear the **Data Edit** check box to specify whether to edit the data of the corresponding marker.

When it is cleared, marker data edit is disabled and the marker data of the read waveform pattern is used as is.

When it is selected, marker data edit is enabled, and the marker

data with the values set in the **Start Point**, **Width**, and **Period** text boxes are added to the new waveform pattern to be created.

Set the number of samples prior to the first marker signal output starting point to **Start Point**, the number of samples to output marker signals to **Width**, and the number of samples between the marker signal output starting points to **Period**.





RF Gate setting

Select or clear the **Data Edit** check box to specify whether to edit the RF Gate data.

When it is cleared, RF Gate data edit is disabled and the RF Gate data of the read waveform pattern is used as is.

When it is selected, RF Gate data edit is enabled, and the RF Gate data with the values set in the **Start Point**, **Width**, and **Period** text boxes are added to the new waveform pattern to be created. Set the number of samples prior to the first RF Gate data output starting point to **Start Point**, the number of samples to output RF Gate data to **Width**, and the number of samples between the RF

Create button (for waveform pattern generation)

Gate data output starting points to **Period**.

This button is used to create a new waveform pattern according to the parameters set in the Marker Edit dialog box. Click the **Create** button to display the Export File dialog box, and then specify the output folder, output waveform pattern name, and package name in this dialog box.

When started with MS269x, MS2830A or MS2840A and when MS269x or MS2830/MS2840 is selected in the Select instrument screen, waveform pattern files generated by this application are saved in the following directory:

Installed OS	Export destination folder
Windows Embedded Standard 7	C:\Anitsu\Signal Analyzer\ System\Waveform
Other than above	C:\Program Files\Anritsu Corporation\ Signal Analyzer\System\Waveform

Close button (for closing Marker Edit dialog box) Click this button to close the Marker Edit dialog box.

Refer to Section 4.5.6 "Input file format" for details on marker data and RF Gate data.

4.9.13 Displaying the Time Domain screen from the Convert screen

By displaying the **Time Domain** screen from the **Convert** screen, the pre-conversion waveform pattern can be checked and the range for RMS calculation during conversion can be specified.

However, when the **Time Domain** screen is displayed from the **Convert** screen, traces cannot be added or deleted.

On the **Time Domain** screen, to specify the RMS-calculation range used for waveform conversion on the **Convert** screen, use the black-line and yellow-line cursors.

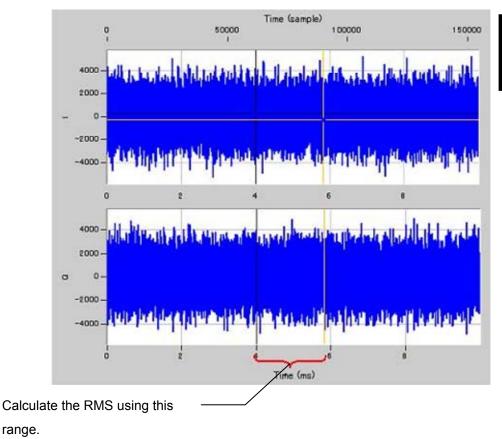


Figure 4.9.13-1 Setting the RMS-calculation range

After specifying the RMS-calculation range by using the black-line and yellow-line cursors, click the **Set RMS Range** button to specify the RMS-calculation range used when converting the waveform pattern on the **Convert** screen and close the **Time Domain** screen.



Figure 4.9.13-2 Set RMS Range button

4.10 Clipping Function

This function performs clipping processing for a waveform pattern generated by each signal generation application. Filter, bandwidth, and number of repetition times must be set to generate a clipping-processed waveform pattern. The generated waveform pattern consists of a waveform information file (text format file with the extension ".wvi") that stores the information related to the waveform pattern and a waveform data file (binary format file with the extension ".wvd").

4.10.1 Activation

Select **Clipping** from the **File Gen.** menu on the common platform screen. The Clipping setting screen is displayed separately.

4.10.2 Clipping setting screen

The parameters related to clipping processing can be set in the Clipping setting screen.

Tipping	J
File Transfer Setting Simulation Edit	- Menu bar
	— Toolbar
Input File : Reference	(1)
Clipping Setting	(5)
Threshold Level : 10.0 [dB] Repetition : 10	(6)
⊢ Filter Setting	
Filter Type : Ideal Roll Off/BT : 0.50	
Bandwidth : 0.00100000 [MHz]	
(2) (4) (3)	

Figure 4.10.2-1 Clipping setting screen

Menu bar

The following menus are provided on the menu bar.

- The File menu contains the following item.
 - Exit

Exits from the Clipping.

- The **Simulation** menu contains the following items.
 - CCDF

Displays the CCDF graph display screen.

The CCDF of a generated waveform pattern is displayed in a graph.

• FFT

Displays the FFT graph display screen.

The spectrum where FFT processing is performed for a generated waveform pattern is displayed in a graph.

• Time Domain

Displays the time domain graph display screen.

The time domain waveform of a generated waveform pattern can be displayed in a graph.

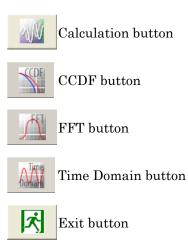
• The **Edit** menu contains the following item.

Calculation

Performs waveform pattern generation.

Tool bar

The following tool buttons are provided on the tool bar. The function of each button is the same as the corresponding item in the menus.



	Description of items on Clipping setting screen		
(1)	Reference button		
	Select the wvi file of the target waveform pattern.		
(2)	Filter Type		
	Set the filter type.		
	Setting options: Ideal, None, Nyquist, Root Nyquist, Gaussian		
	Initial setting: Ideal		
	Ideal indicates a low-pass filter, which suppresses the ripple to 0.01 dB or less within the range from $-0.475 \times$ Bandwidth to $+0.475 \times$ Bandwidth if Sampling Rate/Bandwidth is 50 or less.		
(3)	Roll Off/BT		
(0)	Set the roll off ratio. This is enabled when Filter Type is set to Nyquist, Root Nyquist, or Gaussian.		
	Setting range: 0.10 to 1.00		
	Setting resolution: 0.01		
	Initial value: 0.50		
(4)	Bandwidth		
	Set the bandwidth.		
	Setting range: Sampling Rate/1000 or 0.00100000 (whichever is smaller) to Sampling Rate		
	Setting resolution: 0.00000001		
	Initial value: Bandwidth of the waveform pattern specified in the Input File text box		
(5)	Threshold Level		
	Set the threshold level for clipping.		
	Setting range: 0.0 to 20.0		
	Setting resolution: 0.1		
	Initial value: 10.0		
(6)	Repetition		
	Set the number of times to repeat clipping and filtering.		
	Setting range: 1 to 20		
	Setting resolution: 1		

Initial value: 10

4.10.3 Setting method

<Procedure>

- 1. Click the **Reference** button to select the wvi file of the waveform pattern to be used. The full path of the selected wvi file is displayed in the **Input File** text box.
- 2. Set values in the Filter Type, Roll Off/BT, Bandwidth, Threshold Level, and Repetition text boxes.
- 3. Select **Calculation** from the **Edit** menu or click the **button** to complete setting.

4.10.4 Generating waveform pattern

When the parameter setting has been completed in the Clipping setting screen, select **Calculation** from the **Edit** menu or click the button to display the Export File screen shown in Figure 4.10.4-1. In this screen, set the waveform pattern export destination, package name, and file name, and then enter a comment (if necessary) to generate a clipping-processed waveform pattern. The Comment text box can be left blank for waveform pattern generation.

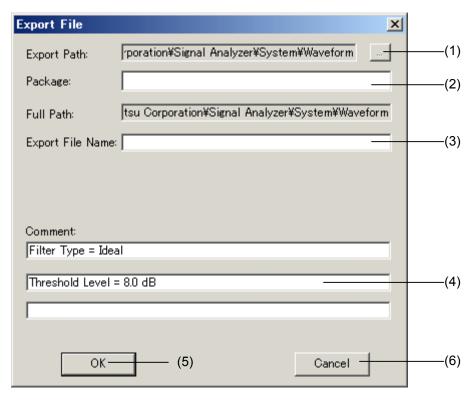


Figure 4.10.4-1 Export File screen

Description of items in Export File window

(1) Browse button

Click this button to select the output destination folder of the clipping-processed waveform pattern file.

When started with MS269x, MS2830A or MS2840A and when **MS269x** or **MS2830/MS2840** is selected in the **Select instrument** screen, waveform pattern files generated by this application are saved in the following directory:

Installed OS	Export destination folder
Windows Embedded Standard 7	C:\Anitsu\Signal Analyzer\ System\Waveform
Other than above	C:\Program Files\Anritsu Corporation\Signal Analyzer\System\Waveform

(2) Package

Enter the name of the package of the clipping-processed waveform pattern to be generated. Up to 31 characters can be entered for a package name. Alphanumeric characters and the following symbols may be used:

! % & () + = ` { } _ - ^ @ []

(3) Export File Name

Enter the name of the clipping-processed waveform pattern file to be generated (common to wvi and wvd files). Up to 20 characters can be entered. The usable characters are the same as those for the package name.

(4) Comment

The comment entered here is displayed in the Comment area on the MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A or MS2830A/MS2840A screen when the clipping-processed waveform pattern to be generated is output from the MS2690A/ MS2691A/MS2692A or MS2830A/MS2840A. Up to 38 characters can be entered.

When the Export File screen is displayed for the first time, the settings of Filter Type and Threshold Level are initially displayed in the upper and middle lines, respectively. Edit them, if necessary.

(5) OK

Click this button to start clipping-processed waveform pattern generation.

(6) Cancel

Click this button to close the Export File screen and return to the setting screen.

<Procedure>

- 1. The output destination of the clipping-processed waveform pattern file is displayed in the **Export Path** text box.
- 2. Set the name of the package of the clipping-processed waveform pattern in the **Package** text box.
- Set the clipping-processed waveform pattern file name in the Export File Name text box.
- 4. In the **Comment** text boxes, enter information on the clipping-processed waveform pattern to be displayed (if necessary).
- 5. Click the **OK** button to start waveform pattern generation. Click the **Cancel** button to return to the setting screen.

6. When waveform pattern generation starts, the waveform generation execution screen shown in Figure 4.10.4-2 appears. When the Cancel button at the bottom of the screen is clicked, waveform generation stops and the setting screen is displayed again. When waveform generation completes (when "Calculation Completed" is displayed), click the OK button to close the waveform generation screen and return to the setting screen.

Calculation	
Calculation completed.	
	ОК

Figure 4.10.4-2 Waveform generation execution screen

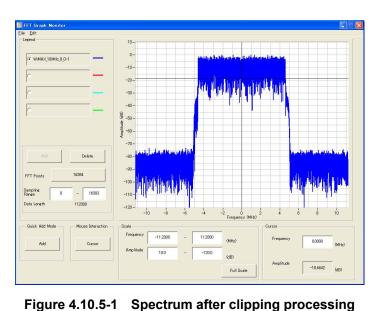
7. The clipping-processed waveform pattern file is generated in the destination specified in the **Export Path** text box, with the file name (common to wvi and wvd files) specified in the **Export File Name** text box.

4.10.5 Clipping-processed waveform pattern simulation examples

This section provides a simulation example of the spectrum and CCDF graphs of the clipping-processed waveform pattern in Figs 4.10.5-1 and 4.10.5-2, respectively. In this example, the original waveform pattern is generated by the MX269905A Mobile WiMAX IQproducer, and clipping processing is performed with the following settings:

Filter Type:	Ideal
Bandwidth:	10.00000000 (MHz)
Threshold Level:	8.0
Repetition:	20

The red line on Figure 4.10.5-2 indicates the CCDF graph before clipping.



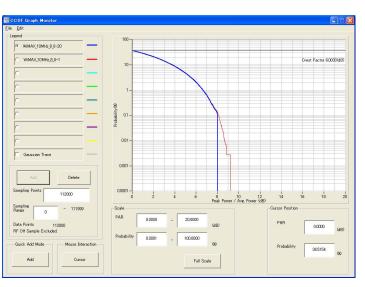


Figure 4.10.5-2 CCDF graph after clipping processing

4.10.6 Details of clipping processing

During clipping processing, clipping and filtering are performed repeatedly, as shown in Figure 4.10.6-1. The clipping processing clips the peaks that exceed Threshold Level, referencing on RMS_{IQ} as the basis (0 dB). Figure 4.10.6-2 shows a schematic diagram of the clipping processing at this time.

 $\mathrm{RMS}_{\mathrm{IQ}}$ that is used as the basis of the clipping processing is calculated from the following expression.

$$\mathrm{RMS}_{\mathrm{IQ}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n} \left(I_n^2 + Q_n^2 \right)}$$

wherein, Σ is the sum of the target waveform patterns (excluding samples for which RF output is set to Off by the RF Gate setting).

When clipping and filtering are performed, RMS_{IQ} is calculated again, and the next clipping processing is performed based on the recalculated RMS_{IQ}.

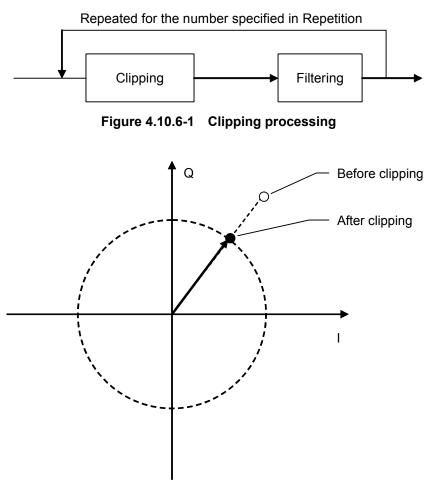


Figure 4.10.6-2 Schematic diagram of clipping processing

When filtering is performed after clipping, the peak becomes larger than that when only clipping is performed (see Figure 4.10.6-3), and the crest factor of the generated waveform pattern may exceed the level set by Threshold Level. Figure 4.10.6-3 shows a simulation example of the CCDF graph where a waveform pattern is generated with Repetition = 1 and the other parameters are set the same as in Section 4.10.5 "Clipping-processed waveform pattern simulation examples". For the sake of comparison, Figure 4.10.6-4 shows a CCDF simulation example where Repetition is changed to 1, 2, and 20. In this example, it can be seen that the crest factor comes closer to the level set by Threshold Level as the number of repetition times of clipping and filtering increases.

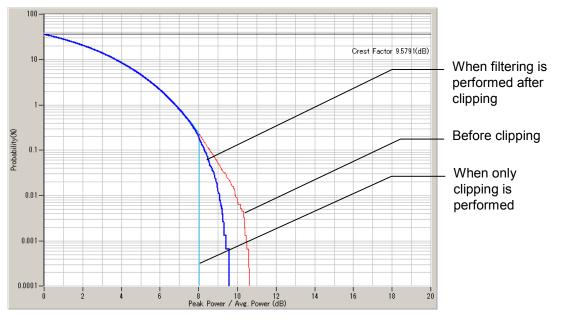


Figure 4.10.6-3 Comparison among clipping methods (when Repetition = 1)



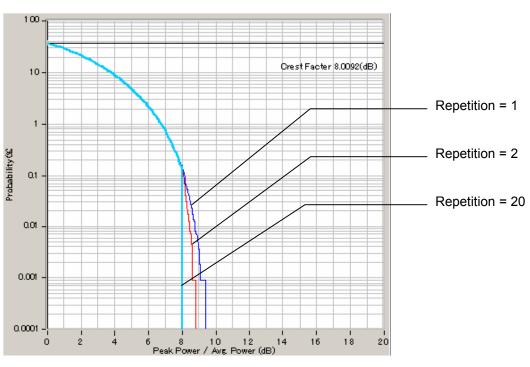


Figure 4.10.6-4 CCDF graph when changing Repetition

Chapter 5 Waveform Pattern Generation

This chapter describes in particular the operating procedures for important functions that pertain to the functions that can be operated by the IQproducerTM.

5.1 Generating Waveform Pattern 5-2

5.1 Generating Waveform Pattern

This section describes a series of operations for converting an ASCII-format waveform pattern generated by external simulation software to a waveform pattern that can be used by the Vector Signal Generator option using the Convert function of the IQproducer[™].

Refer to Section 4.5 "File Conversion on Convert Screen" for details of setting parameters.

<Procedure>

- 1. Click the **Reference** button on the Convert screen and read the file to be converted.
- 2. The parameters related to the waveform pattern are enabled to be input after reading the waveform pattern file. Input these parameters as required according to the type and applications of the waveform pattern.
- 3. Set the sampling rate.

The sampling rate indicates the speed of reading the waveform pattern from an arbitrary waveform memory in the Vector Signal Generator option. Note that it is not the speed after processing the interpolator within the Vector Signal Generator option. When reading a W-CDMA waveform pattern having the over sampling of $\times 4$, for example, set the sampling rate as follows: $3.84 \text{ Mcps} \times 4 = 15.36 \text{ MHz}$

4. Set Unit Symbol.

Set the set unit for Trigger Delay and other parameters of the Vector Signal Generator option. The set unit display for Trigger Delay is changed depending on this setting.

5. Set Over Sampling.

Set the over sampling rate for the waveform pattern to be input. It is recommended to use an over sampling rate of at least 1.2. If the over sampling rate is less than 1.2, the image signal element may exceed -60 dBc. The symbol rate is the output rate for the data that has been mapped in the physical channel of each communication system before the Route Nyquist processing is performed. The sampling rate is calculated by multiplying the symbol rate by the over sampling rate.

6. Set Spectrum.

The spectrum relationship between the IQ signal and RF signal may be reversed according to the modulator configuration and the communication system. Set Reverse for IS-95 and cdma2000. 7. Enter a comment.

Enter a comment into the Comment Lines 1/2/3 if necessary. The character string entered here is displayed on the screen when the corresponding waveform is selected by the Vector Signal Generator option.

8. Set Marker Name.

Set a name for Makers 1, 2, and/or 3 to be used if necessary. The marker output is displayed in the Vector Signal Generator option screen with the name specified here when the corresponding waveform pattern is selected.

9. Set Burst Setting.

The Burst Setting includes two settings: Frame Length and Gap Length. The input waveform pattern is divided into frames of the number of data set by Frame Length, and a gap (burst off period in which the burst wave is not output) of the number of data set by Gap Length is inserted between frames (see Figure 5.1-1).

It is not necessary any longer to output the burst off period as a waveform pattern when using this setting. For example, when outputting only the first slot in the system where one frame consists of five slots, the memory length required for the waveform pattern is reduced to 1/5 of that when the Gap Frame setting is not used. When an external trigger signal is used, the Frame Length setting is also used to synchronize the external trigger and the signal output timing in the Vector Signal Generator option. Refer to Section 2.6.2 "Setting Start and Frame triggers" in the

MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A or MS2830A/MS2840A Vector Signal Generator Operation Manual (Operation) for details.

Set Gap Length to 0 for continuous waves.

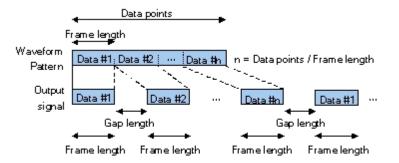


Figure 5.1-1 Frame Length and Gap Length Settings

 Click the Convert button to start data conversion. The converted data output destination and file name are set, and waveform pattern generation is started.

A list of error messages is shown below. n_0 , n_1 , n_2 , n_3 , and n_4 are numbers.

Error Message	Description		
Platform			
Application is not found from APPINFO Manager.	The application was not found from the application information.		
Application is not found. (" <i>Activated application name</i> ")	—		
Application starting timeout. (" <i>Activated application name</i> ")	—		
Application termination timeout. (" <i>Application name</i> ") Shutdown application?	_		
IQproducer is already running.	_		
("Application name") is already running.	_		
Request shutdown was not completed. (" <i>Application name</i> ")	—		
	FFT		
Initialization error			
Selection of an inaccurate file. ("File name")	—		
Can not open file. ("File name")			
Invalid file format. ("File name")			
The data of a Wave-form file is unusual.	—		
Can not write file. ("File name")	_		
Can not read file.	_		
An "IQproducer" is down.			
Application is shutdown.	—		
Can not open the setting file. ("File name")	_		
The Setting value is invalid ("Parameter name")	_		
The Setting value is out of range ("Parameter name (minimum value – maximum value)")	—		
The length of "FFT Points" is longer than that of the waveform data. Trace data couldn't be read. ("File name")	_		
The length of "FFT Points" is longer than that of the waveform data. "FFT Points" was set as suitable value. ("File name")	_		
Invalid parameter value.	—		
There is a request from the other IQproducer application for drawing a trace. Delete the displayed trace and draw a new trace?	_		
You have filled up all the trace available. Delete some traces, or set "Quick Add Mode" to "clear" before adding a trace."	_		

Error Message	Description	
There is no trace to output.	CSV output is impossible since no graph is displayed.	
If the "FFT Points" is changed, all the trace displayed will be recalculated. Are you sure to change the "FFT Points"?		
Sampling Rate is different. Do you clear the graph already displayed and display new graph?		
If the "Sampling Range" is changed, all the trace displayed will be recalculated. Are you sure to change the "Sampling Range"?		

Error Message	Description
(Convert
Initialization error	—
Selection of an inaccurate file. ("File name")	—
Can not open file. ("File name")	—
Invalid file format. ("File name")	_
The data of a Wave-form file is unusual.	—
Can not open file. ("File name")	_
Can not read file.	_
An "IQproducer" is down.	
Application is shutdown.	—
Can not open the setting file. ("File name")	—
The Setting value is invalid ("Parameter name")	—
The Setting value is out of range ("Parameter name (minimum value – maximum value)")	_
Can not create the output file. ("File name")	—
File not found. ("File name")	—
The detail area is a maximum of 6 lines, 56 characters per line. ("File name")	—
Fail to copy the detail file. ("File name")	—
The read data is shorter than Data Points. ("File name")	Data conversion is impossible since the input file is smaller than the number of data points (Data Points).
The Data Points are too large. The Maximum Data Points are 268435456 samples.	Conversion is not possible because the set Data Points value exceeds the maximum number of samples.
The Data Points are too large. The Maximum Data Points are either 67108864 samples (without Option 27) or 268435456 samples (with Option 27).	Conversion is not possible because the set Data Points are longer than the number of maximum samples.
When the Burst Setting checkbox is checked, The value of Frame Length must be equal or less than the value of Data Points.	_
The waveform pattern to be generated should be above n ₀ , otherwise it will be clipped.	Clipping will be performed because the data to convert is larger than n_0 and has overflowed.
RMS value of waveform data is not in range n_1 to n_2 RMS value. The value will be changed.	The RMS value for the read waveform pattern will be changed because it is outside the setting range from n_1 to n_2 .
The RMS value of this waveform pattern is outside the range of n_3 to n_4 . Note that the output level accuracy of RF output is not guaranteed when the RMS value of a waveform pattern is outside the range of n_3 to n_4 .	The output level accuracy of the waveform pattern to output is not guaranteed because the RMS value of the pattern is outside the range from n_3 to n_4 .
The dgz file size is too large. The Maximum Data Points is 268435456 samples.	The size of the digitized file exceeds 268,435,456 samples.

Error Message	Description	
W-CDMA Downlink/Uplink		
Initialization error	—	
Selection of an inaccurate file. ("File name")	—	
Can not open file. ("File name")	—	
Invalid file format. ("File name")	—	
The data of a Wave-form file is unusual.	—	
Can not write file. ("File name")	—	
Can not read file.	—	
Can not open the parameter file. ("File name")	—	
The Setting value is invalid "Parameter name"	—	
The Setting value is out of range "(Parameter name (Min – Max.))"		
Total channel power except OCNS is over 0 dB.	—	
An initial parameter file was not able to be read.	—	
All Channels are OFF.	—	
Input File Name.	—	
Value is set up at 800 steps.	—	
DTCH information data is changed to the data truncated every one frame (PN9fix).	—	
Total channel power is not normalized to 0 dB. It is necessary to normalize the total power when OCNS is OFF.		
Total channel power is not normalized to 0 dB. It is necessary to normalize the total power when Simulation is UpLink.	_	
Memory option cannot be turned on in MS269x mode.	_	

Error Message	Description	
Time Domain		
Initialization error		
Selection of an inaccurate file. ("File name")	—	
Can not open file. ("File name")	—	
Invalid file format. ("File name")	—	
The data of a Wave-form file is unusual.	—	
Can not write file. ("File name")	—	
Can not read file.	—	
A "IQProducer" is down. Application is shutdown.	—	
Can not open the setting file. ("File name")	—	
The Setting value is invalid ("Parameter name")	—	
The Setting value is out of range ("Parameter name (minimum value – maximum value)")	—	
Invalid parameter value.	—	
There is a request from the other IQproducer application for drawing a trace. Delete the displayed trace and draw a new trace?		
You have filled up all the trace available. Delete some traces, or set "Quick Add Mode" to "clear" before adding a trace."	_	
If the "Graph Type" is changed, all the trace displayed will be recalculated. Are you sure to change the "Graph Type"?	—	
Marker edit function cannot be used because	If a 16-bit file is selected:	
the selected file does not include marker signal.	The marker editing function cannot be used because the file does not include a marker signal.	

Error Message	Description	
Clipping		
Can not open file.	—	
Can not write file.	_	
Can not read file.	_	
Input File is not selected.	—	
The Setting value is out of range ("Parameter name (minimum value – maximum value)")	—	
The Waveform data file is not generated.	—	
Wrong pattern license.	—	
This pattern cannot use. Because, "Internal FIR" is used.		
The number of samples is over 256M samples.	_	
Input Package Name.	—	
Input Export File Name.	—	
The data of a Wave-form file is unusual.	—	
Exception error.	—	

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