Network Master Series
MT9090A Mainframe
MU909060A Series
Gigabit Ethernet Module
Operation Manual

15th Edition

For safety and warning information, please read this manual before attempting to use the equipment. Keep this manual with the equipment.
Safety Symbols

To prevent the risk of personal injury or loss related to equipment malfunction, Anritsu Corporation uses the following safety symbols to indicate safety-related information. Ensure that you clearly understand the meanings of the symbols BEFORE using the equipment. Some or all of the following symbols may be used on all Anritsu equipment. In addition, there may be other labels attached to products that are not shown in the diagrams in this manual.

Symbols used in manual

⚠️ **DANGER**  This indicates a very dangerous procedure that could result in serious injury or death if not performed properly.

⚠️ **WARNING**  This indicates a hazardous procedure that could result in serious injury or death if not performed properly.

⚠️ **CAUTION**  This indicates a hazardous procedure or danger that could result in light-to-severe injury, or loss related to equipment malfunction, if proper precautions are not taken.

Safety Symbols Used on Equipment and in Manual

The following safety symbols are used inside or on the equipment near operation locations to provide information about safety items and operation precautions. Ensure that you clearly understand the meanings of the symbols and take the necessary precautions BEFORE using the equipment.

- This indicates a prohibited operation. The prohibited operation is indicated symbolically in or near the barred circle.
- This indicates an obligatory safety precaution. The obligatory operation is indicated symbolically in or near the circle.
- This indicates a warning or caution. The contents are indicated symbolically in or near the triangle.
- This indicates a note. The contents are described in the box.
- These indicate that the marked part should be recycled.

Network Master Series
MT9090A Mainframe
MU909060A Series Gigabit Ethernet Module
Operation Manual
24 March 2009 (First Edition)
20 March 2015 (15th Edition)

Copyright © 2009-2015, ANRITSU CORPORATION.
All rights reserved. No part of this manual may be reproduced without the prior written permission of the publisher.
The contents of this manual may be changed without prior notice.
Printed in Japan
For Safety

WARNING

- ALWAYS refer to the operation manual when working near locations at which the alert mark shown on the left is attached. If the advice in the operation manual is not followed, there is a risk of personal injury or reduced equipment performance. The alert mark shown on the left may also be used with other marks and descriptions to indicate other dangers.

- Overvoltage Category
  This equipment complies with overvoltage category II defined in IEC 61010. DO NOT connect this equipment to the power supply of overvoltage category III or IV.

- Laser radiation warning
  - NEVER look directly into the cable connector on the equipment nor into the end of a cable connected to the equipment. There is a risk of injury if laser radiation enters the eye.
  - The Laser Safety label is attached to the equipment for safety use as indicated in "Laser Safety" later in this section.

Repair

- Only qualified service personnel with a knowledge of electrical fire and shock hazards should service this equipment. This equipment cannot be repaired by the operator. DO NOT attempt to remove the equipment covers or unit covers or to disassemble internal components. In addition, there is a risk of damage to precision components.

Calibration

- The performance-guarantee seal verifies the integrity of the equipment. To ensure the continued integrity of the equipment, only Anritsu service personnel, or service personnel of an Anritsu sales representative, should break this seal to repair or calibrate the equipment. Be careful not to break the seal by opening the equipment or unit covers. If the performance-guarantee seal is broken by you or a third party, the performance of the equipment cannot be guaranteed.
For Safety

WARNING

Replacing Battery
- When replacing the battery, use the specified battery and insert it with the correct polarity. If the wrong battery is used, or if the battery is inserted with reversed polarity, there is a risk of explosion causing severe injury or death.

Battery Fluid
- DO NOT short the battery terminals and never attempt to disassemble the battery or dispose of it in a fire. If the battery is damaged by any of these actions, the battery fluid may leak. This fluid is poisonous. DO NOT touch the battery fluid, ingest it, or get in your eyes. If it is accidentally ingested, spit it out immediately, rinse your mouth with water and seek medical help. If it enters your eyes accidentally, do not rub your eyes, rinse them with clean running water and seek medical help. If the liquid gets on your skin or clothes, wash it off carefully and thoroughly.

Battery Disposal
- DO NOT expose batteries to heat or fire. Do not expose batteries to fire. This is dangerous and can result in explosions or fire. Heating batteries may cause them to leak or explode.

LCD
- This equipment uses a Liquid Crystal Display (LCD). DO NOT subject the equipment to excessive force or drop it. If the LCD is subjected to strong mechanical shock, it may break and liquid may leak. This liquid is very caustic and poisonous. DO NOT touch it, ingest it, or get in your eyes. If it is ingested accidentally, spit it out immediately, rinse your mouth with water and seek medical help. If it enters your eyes accidentally, do not rub your eyes, rinse them with clean running water and seek medical help. If the liquid gets on your skin or clothes, wash it off carefully and thoroughly.
For Safety

CAUTION

- Never input a signal of more than the indicated value between the measured terminal and ground. Input of an excessive signal may damage the equipment.
For Safety

Class 1 indicate the danger degree of the laser radiation specified below according to IEC 60825-1:2007.

Class 1: Lasers that are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation, including the use of optical instruments for intrabeam viewing.

⚠️ CAUTION

Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

The use of optical instruments with this product will increase eye hazard.
For Safety

WARNING

Laser Safety

The laser in the plug-in unit provided for this equipment is classified as Class 1 according to the IEC 60825-1:2007 standard.

Table 1  Laser Safety Classifications Based on IEC 60825-1:2007

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SFP Type</th>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Max. Optical Output Power (W)*</th>
<th>Pulse Width (s)/Repetition Rate</th>
<th>Emitted Wavelength (nm)</th>
<th>Beam Divergence (deg)</th>
<th>Incorporated Laser Specification (refer to Table 2)</th>
<th>Laser Aperture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LX and FX</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.0156 CW</td>
<td></td>
<td>1310</td>
<td>11.5</td>
<td>a) Figure 1, [1],[2]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZX</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.01  CW</td>
<td></td>
<td>1550</td>
<td>11.5</td>
<td>b) Figure 1, [1],[2]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SX</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.000709 CW</td>
<td></td>
<td>850</td>
<td>36.9</td>
<td>c) Figure 1, [1],[2]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*: Indicates the possible optical output power when each and every reasonably foreseeable single-fault condition is included.

Table 2  Incorporated Laser Specification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Incorporated Laser</th>
<th>Max. Optical Output Power (W)*</th>
<th>Pulse Width (s)/Repetition Rate</th>
<th>Emitted Wavelength (nm)</th>
<th>Beam Divergence (deg)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a)</td>
<td>0.0156 CW</td>
<td></td>
<td>1310</td>
<td>11.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b)</td>
<td>0.01  CW</td>
<td></td>
<td>1550</td>
<td>11.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c)</td>
<td>0.000709 CW</td>
<td></td>
<td>850</td>
<td>36.9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*: Maximum output power is the estimated value when something breaks down.
## Table 3  Indication Labels on Product

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Sample</th>
<th>Affixed to:</th>
<th>Model Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 Explanation</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="IEC 60825-1:2007 CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT" /></td>
<td>Figure 1, C</td>
<td>All</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 Certification</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Certification" /></td>
<td>Figure 1, B</td>
<td>All</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 Identification</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Identification" /></td>
<td>Figure 1, A</td>
<td>All</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 Warning</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Warning" /></td>
<td>Figure 1, D</td>
<td>All</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Figure 1  Locations of Laser Beam Apertures and Affixed Labels
Read the following when using products to which the mark shown on the above is attached.

The product that you have purchased contains a rechargeable battery. The battery is recyclable. At the end of its useful life, under various state and local laws, it may be illegal to dispose of this battery into the municipal waste. Check with your local solid-waste disposal officials for details of recycling options or proper disposal in your area.

Before disposing of this product, discharge the battery and mail it to your Anritsu Service or Sales office.

1. Disconnect the AC adapter, if used.
2. Turn the power switch to on.
3. Leave the product on until the power indicator goes off; the battery is now discharged.
4. Remove the battery.
5. Insulate the battery terminals with adhesive tape.
6. Please recycle in accordance with your national or regional legislation.

Nach gebrauch der Verkaufsstelle zurückgeben.

Après usage à rapporter au point de vente.
# For Safety

## CAUTION

**External Storage Media**

This equipment uses USB flash drives as external storage media for storing data and programs.

If this media is mishandled or becomes faulty, important data may be lost. To prevent this chance occurrence, all important data and programs should be backed-up.

Anritsu will not be held responsible for lost data.

Pay careful attention to the following points.
- Never remove the USB flash drive from the instrument while it is being accessed.
- The USB flash drive may be damaged by static electric charges.

**Use in a residential environment**

This instrument is designed for an industrial environment. In a residential environment this instrument may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

**Use in Corrosive Atmospheres**

Exposure to corrosive gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfurous acid, and hydrogen chloride will cause faults and failures. Note that some organic solvents release corrosive gases.
Equipment Certificate

Anritsu Corporation certifies that this equipment was tested before shipment using calibrated measuring instruments with direct traceability to public testing organizations recognized by national research laboratories, including the National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology, and the National Institute of Information and Communications Technology, and was found to meet the published specifications.

Anritsu Warranty

Anritsu Corporation will repair this equipment free-of-charge if a malfunction occurs within one year after shipment due to a manufacturing fault. However, software fixes will be made in accordance with the separate Software End-User License Agreement. Moreover, Anritsu Corporation will deem this warranty void when:

- The fault is outside the scope of the warranty conditions separately described in the operation manual.
- The fault is due to mishandling, misuse, or unauthorized modification or repair of the equipment by the customer.
- The fault is due to severe usage clearly exceeding normal usage.
- The fault is due to improper or insufficient maintenance by the customer.
- The fault is due to natural disaster, including fire, wind, flooding, earthquake, lightning strike, or volcanic ash, etc.
- The fault is due to damage caused by acts of destruction, including civil disturbance, riot, or war, etc.
- The fault is due to explosion, accident, or breakdown of any other machinery, facility, or plant, etc.
- The fault is due to use of non-specified peripheral or applied equipment or parts, or consumables, etc.
- The fault is due to use of a non-specified power supply or in a non-specified installation location.
- The fault is due to use in unusual environments\(^{(Note)}\).
- The fault is due to activities or ingress of living organisms, such as insects, spiders, fungus, pollen, or seeds.

In addition, this warranty is valid only for the original equipment purchaser. It is not transferable if the equipment is resold.

Anritsu Corporation shall assume no liability for injury or financial loss of the customer due to the use of or a failure to be able to use this equipment.
Note:
For the purpose of this Warranty, "unusual environments" means use:
  - In places of direct sunlight
  - In dusty places
  - In liquids, such as water, oil, or organic solvents, and medical fluids, or places where these liquids may adhere
  - In salty air or in place chemically active gases (sulfur dioxide, hydrogen sulfide, chlorine, ammonia, nitrogen oxide, or hydrogen chloride etc.) are present
  - In places where high-intensity static electric charges or electromagnetic fields are present
  - In places where abnormal power voltages (high or low) or instantaneous power failures occur
  - In places where condensation occurs
  - In the presence of lubricating oil mists
  - In places at an altitude of more than 2,000 m
  - In the presence of frequent vibration or mechanical shock, such as in cars, ships, or airplanes

Anritsu Corporation Contact

In the event that this equipment malfunctions, contact an Anritsu Service and Sales office. Contact information can be found on the last page of the printed version of this manual, and is available in a separate file on the CD version.
Notes On Export Management
This product and its manuals may require an Export License/Approval by the Government of the product's country of origin for re-export from your country.
Before re-exporting the product or manuals, please contact us to confirm whether they are export-controlled items or not.
When you dispose of export-controlled items, the products/manuals need to be broken/shredded so as not to be unlawfully used for military purpose.

Reuse parts
Anritsu group promotes recycling activities in order to reuse available resources and save energy. This product may use recycled parts (mechanical components) that conform to Anritsu’s quality standards.

FOR CALIFORNIA USA ONLY
This product contains a CR Coin Lithium Battery which contains Perchlorate Material – special handling may apply; See www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate
Crossed-out Wheeled Bin Symbol

Equipment marked with the Crossed-out Wheeled Bin Symbol complies with council directive 2012/19/EC (the “WEEE Directive”) in European Union.

For Products placed on the EU market after August 13, 2005, please contact your local Anritsu representative at the end of the product's useful life to arrange disposal in accordance with your initial contract and the local law.
Software End-User License Agreement (EULA)

Please read this Software End-User License Agreement (hereafter this EULA) carefully before using (includes executing, copying, registering, etc.) this software (includes programs, databases, scenarios, etc., used to operate, set, etc., Anritsu electronic equipment). By reading this EULA and using this software, you are agreeing to be bound by the terms of its contents and Anritsu Corporation (hereafter Anritsu) hereby grants you the right to use this Software with the Anritsu-specified equipment (hereafter Equipment) for the purposes set out in this EULA.

1. Grant of License and Limitations
   1. Regardless of whether this Software was purchased from or provided free-of-charge by Anritsu, you agree not to rent, lease, lend, or otherwise distribute this Software to third parties and further agree not to disassemble, recompile, reverse engineer, modify, or create derivative works of this Software.
   2. You may make one copy of this Software for backup purposes only.
   3. You are not permitted to reverse engineer this software.
   4. This EULA allows you to install one copy of this Software on one piece of Equipment.

2. Disclaimers
   To the extent not prohibited by law, in no event shall Anritsu be liable for personal injury, or any incidental, special, indirect or consequential damages whatsoever, including, without limitation, damages for loss of profits, loss of data, business interruption or any other commercial damages or losses, arising out of or related to your use or inability to use this Software.

3. Limitation of Liability
   a. If a fault (bug) is discovered in this Software, preventing operation as described in the operation manual or specifications whether or not the customer uses this software as described in the manual, Anritsu shall at its own discretion, fix the bug, or exchange the software, or suggest a workaround, free-of-charge. However, notwithstanding the above, the following items shall be excluded from repair and warranty.
      i) If this Software is deemed to be used for purposes not described in the operation manual or specifications.
      ii) If this Software is used in conjunction with other non-Anritsu approved software.
      iii) Recovery of lost or damaged data.
      iv) If this Software or the Equipment has been modified, repaired, or otherwise altered without Anritsu's prior approval.
      v) For any other reasons out of Anritsu's direct control and responsibility, such as but not limited to, natural disasters, software virus infections, etc.
   b. Expenses incurred for transport, hotel, daily allowance, etc., for on-site repairs by Anritsu engineers necessitated by the above faults shall be borne by you.
   c. The warranty period for faults listed in article 3a above covered by this EULA shall be either 6 months from the date of purchase of this Software or 30 days after the date of repair, whichever is longer.
4. Export Restrictions
You may not use or otherwise export or
re-export directly or indirectly this Software
except as authorized by Japanese and
United States law. In particular, this
software may not be exported or re-exported
(a) into any Japanese or US embargoed
countries or (b) to anyone on the Japanese or
US Treasury Department’s list of Specially
Designated Nationals or the US Department
of Commerce Denied Persons List or Entity
List. By using this Software, you warrant
that you are not located in any such country
or on any such list. You also agree that you
will not use this Software for any purposes
prohibited by Japanese and US law,
including, without limitation, the
development, design and manufacture or
production of missiles or nuclear, chemical or
biological weapons of mass destruction.

5. Termination
Anritsu shall deem this EULA terminated if
you violate any conditions described herein.
This EULA shall also be terminated if the
conditions herein cannot be continued for
any good reason, such as violation of
copyrights, patents, or other laws and
ordinances.

6. Reparations
If Anritsu suffers any loss, financial or
otherwise, due to your violation of the terms
of this EULA, Anritsu shall have the right to
seek proportional damages from you.

7. Responsibility after Termination
Upon termination of this EULA in
accordance with item 5, you shall cease all
use of this Software immediately and shall
as directed by Anritsu either destroy or
return this Software and any backup copies,
full or partial, to Anritsu.

8. Dispute Resolution
If matters of dispute or items not covered by
this EULA arise, they shall be resolved by
negotiations in good faith between you and
Anritsu.

9. Court of Jurisdiction
This EULA shall be interpreted in
accordance with Japanese law and any
disputes that cannot be resolved by
negotiation described in Article 8 shall be
settled by the Japanese courts.
## Notice

The following actions are strictly prohibited for all of the software installed in this product or otherwise provided by Anritsu:

1. Copying, except for archival purposes.
2. Transferring to a third party separately from this product.
3. Analyzing the incorporated software including but not limited to modifying, decompiling, disassembling, and reverse engineering.

## Cautions against computer virus infection

- **Copying files and data**
  Only files that have been provided directly from Anritsu or generated using Anritsu equipment should be copied to the instrument. All other required files should be transferred by means of USB or CompactFlash media after undergoing a thorough virus check.

- **Adding software**
  Do not download or install software that has not been specifically recommended or licensed by Anritsu.

- **Network connections**
  Ensure that the network has sufficient anti-virus security protection in place.
CE Conformity Marking

Anritsu affixes the CE conformity marking on the following product(s) in accordance with the Council Directive 93/68/EEC to indicate that they conform to the EMC directive of the European Union (EU).

CE marking

1. Product Model
   Model: MT9090A Mainframe
       MU909060A1 Gigabit Ethernet Module RJ45 SFP
       MU909060A2 Gigabit Ethernet Module RJ45 RJ45
       MU909060A3 Gigabit Ethernet Module SFP SFP


3. Applied Standards
   • EMC: Emission: EN 61326-1: 2013 (Class A)
       Immunity: EN 61326-1: 2013 (Table 2)

Performance Criteria*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>Criteria</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IEC 61000-4-2 (ESD)</td>
<td>B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IEC 61000-4-3 (EMF)</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IEC 61000-4-4 (Burst)</td>
<td>B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IEC 61000-4-5 (Surge)</td>
<td>B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IEC 61000-4-6 (CRF)</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IEC 61000-4-11 (V dip/short)</td>
<td>B, C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*: Performance Criteria
A: The equipment shall continue to operate as intended during and after the test. No degradation of performance or loss of function is allowed below a performance level specified by the manufacturer, when the equipment is used as intended. The performance level may be replaced by a permissible loss of performance. If the minimum performance level or the permissible performance loss is not specified by the manufacturer, either of these may be derived from the product description and documentation and what the
user may reasonably expect from the equipment if used as intended.

B: The equipment shall continue to operate as intended after the test. No degradation of performance or loss of function is allowed below a performance level specified by the manufacturer, when the equipment is used as intended. The performance level may be replaced by a permissible loss of performance. During the test, degradation of performance is however allowed. No change of actual operating state or stored data is allowed. If the minimum performance level or the permissible performance loss is not specified by the manufacturer, either of these may be derived from the product description and documentation and what the user may reasonably expect from the equipment if used as intended.

C: Temporary loss of function is allowed, provided the function is self-recoverable or can be restored by the operation of the controls.

Harmonic current emissions:
(Class A equipment)
No limits apply for this equipment with an active input power under 75 W.

LVD: EN 61010-1: 2010 (Pollution Degree 2)

4. Authorized representative
Name: Murray Coleman
Head of Customer Service EMEA
ANRITSU EMEA Ltd.
Address, city: 200 Capability Green, Luton
Bedfordshire, LU1 3LU
Country: United Kingdom
C-Tick Conformity Marking

Anritsu affixes the C-Tick mark on the following product(s) in accordance with the regulation to indicate that they conform to the EMC framework of Australia/New Zealand.

C-Tick mark

\[ \text{E} \quad \text{N274} \]

1. Product Model
   Model: MT9090A Mainframe
   MU909060A1 Gigabit Ethernet Module RJ45 SFP
   MU909060A2 Gigabit Ethernet Module RJ45 RJ45
   MU909060A3 Gigabit Ethernet Module SFP SFP

2. Applied Standards
   EMC: Emission: EN 61326-1: 2013 (Class A equipment)
About This Manual

The purpose of this operation manual is to explain how to set up the MU909060A Series Gigabit Ethernet Module and how to use the various features and modes. This manual is designed to appeal to professionals with the technical background to use this type of instrument. Descriptions in this manual assume a knowledge of Ethernet and IP technology.
# Table of Contents

For Safety ................................................................. iii

About This Manual................................................. I

Chapter 1  Overview.............................................. 1-1
  1.1 Configuration....................................................... 1-2
  1.2 Front Panel .......................................................... 1-6
  1.3 Back Panel ........................................................... 1-10
  1.4 Bottom Panel ....................................................... 1-15
  1.5 Top Connector Panel ............................................ 1-16
  1.6 Changing Test Module .......................................... 1-29
  1.7 Basic Usage Notes .............................................. 1-31

Chapter 2  General Operation ......................... 2-1
  2.1 Power Up/Power Down .......................................... 2-3
  2.2 General Functions ............................................. 2-5
  2.3 Mass Storage ..................................................... 2-13
  2.4 Print Screen ....................................................... 2-20
  2.5 Status Screen ..................................................... 2-21
  2.6 Result Screens ................................................... 2-27
  2.7 Save and Load ................................................... 2-33
  2.8 Setup ............................................................... 2-40
  2.9 Test Reports ...................................................... 2-42

Chapter 3  Ethernet Application ................. 3-1
  3.1 Application Ethernet Status ................................. 3-3
  3.2 Application Ethernet Setup ................................... 3-4
  3.3 Generator Test ................................................... 3-35
  3.4 BER Test ........................................................... 3-63
  3.5 Stimuli ............................................................. 3-66
  3.6 Ping Test ........................................................... 3-70
  3.7 Cable Test .......................................................... 3-75
  3.8 RFC2544 Tests .................................................... 3-78
  3.9 HTTP/FTP Download Test .................................... 3-100
  3.10 Trace Route Test .............................................. 3-107
  3.11 Y.1564 Suite .................................................... 3-111
  3.12 Address Wizard ................................................ 3-205
3.13 OAM Loopback Application ...................................... 3-215

Chapter 4 Application Reflector ......................... 4-1
  4.1 Status .................................................................. 4-2
  4.2 Setup Interface ............................................... 4-3
  4.3 Result ................................................................. 4-7

Chapter 5 Pass Through ...................................... 5-1
  5.1 Status .............................................................. 5-2
  5.2 Setup Interface ............................................... 5-3
  5.3 Testing ............................................................ 5-5
  5.4 Result ................................................................. 5-6

Chapter 6 Updating Firmware ............................... 6-1
  6.1 Updating Firmware ........................................... 6-2

Chapter 7 Service Information .............................. 7-1
  7.1 Self Diagnostics ............................................... 7-2
  7.2 Maintenance ...................................................... 7-6
  7.3 Disposal .......................................................... 7-7

Appendix A Specifications ............................... A-1

Appendix B Remote Control ............................... B-1

Appendix C PC Application Manual ............. C-1

Appendix D Software Licenses .......................... D-1

Index .......................................................... Index-1
Chapter 1  Overview

It is important to know the layout, use, and functions of the front panel, back panel, and top connector panel of the Network Master.

1.1 Configuration................................................................. 1-2
1.1.1 Standard Configuration..................................... 1-2
1.1.2 Option............................................................... 1-3
1.2 Front Panel ............................................................... 1-6
1.2.1 LCD................................................................... 1-7
1.2.2 Panel Keys ....................................................... 1-8
1.3 Back Panel................................................................. 1-10
1.3.1 Power and Batteries ....................................... 1-11
1.3.2 Installing Ni-MH Battery Pack......................... 1-12
1.3.3 Battery Replacement – Ni-MH Pack To
    AA Ni-MH........................................................ 1-14
1.4 Bottom Panel ............................................................ 1-15
1.5 Top Connector Panel................................................. 1-16
1.5.1 AC Charger/Adapter.......................................... 1-17
1.5.2 Battery Status LED............................................. 1-20
1.5.3 RJ45 Port........................................................ 1-21
1.5.4 SFP Port ........................................................ 1-22
1.5.5 Connecting Peripheral Devices ...................... 1-24
1.5.6 Cautions on Handling Optical Fiber Cables ... 1-27
1.6 Changing Test Module.............................................. 1-29
1.7 Basic Usage Notes ..................................................... 1-31
1.1 Configuration

1.1.1 Standard Configuration

The table below lists the standard configuration of the Network Master series Gigabit Ethernet Module.

If you find any missing or broken components, immediately contact Anritsu or our sales dealer.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Model or order No.</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Qty.</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Body</td>
<td>MT9090A</td>
<td>Mainframe</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Module</td>
<td>MU909060A1</td>
<td>Gigabit Ethernet Module</td>
<td>1*</td>
<td>One RJ-45, One SFP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MU909060A2</td>
<td>Gigabit Ethernet Module</td>
<td>1*</td>
<td>Two RJ-45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MU909060A3</td>
<td>Gigabit Ethernet Module</td>
<td>1*</td>
<td>Two SFP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accessory</td>
<td>W3173AE</td>
<td>Gigabit Ethernet Module Quick guide</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Z1234A</td>
<td>Network Master Gigabit Ethernet Tester CD</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>G0203A</td>
<td>AC charger/adapter</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>G0202A</td>
<td>Ni-MH battery pack</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B0601B</td>
<td>Standard Soft Case</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Z1023A</td>
<td>Strap</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*: Exclusive
1.1 Configuration

1.1.2 Option

Below Options are available for Gigabit Ethernet Module.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Remark</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A1-001</td>
<td>RFC2544 test</td>
<td>Software Option</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A1-002</td>
<td>Multistream</td>
<td>Software Option</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A1-003</td>
<td>Stacked VLAN</td>
<td>Software Option</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A1-004</td>
<td>MPLS</td>
<td>Software Option</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A1-005</td>
<td>Remote GUI</td>
<td>Software Option</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A1-006</td>
<td>Channel Stats</td>
<td>Software Option</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A1-007</td>
<td>Y.1564 Suite</td>
<td>Software Option</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A2-001</td>
<td>RFC2544 test</td>
<td>Software Option</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A2-002</td>
<td>Multistream</td>
<td>Software Option</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A2-003</td>
<td>Stacked VLAN</td>
<td>Software Option</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A2-004</td>
<td>MPLS</td>
<td>Software Option</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A2-005</td>
<td>Remote GUI</td>
<td>Software Option</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A2-006</td>
<td>Channel Stats</td>
<td>Software Option</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A2-007</td>
<td>Y.1564 Suite</td>
<td>Software Option</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A3-001</td>
<td>RFC2544 test</td>
<td>Software Option</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A3-002</td>
<td>Multistream</td>
<td>Software Option</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A3-003</td>
<td>Stacked VLAN</td>
<td>Software Option</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A3-004</td>
<td>MPLS</td>
<td>Software Option</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A3-005</td>
<td>Remote GUI</td>
<td>Software Option</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A3-006</td>
<td>Channel Stats</td>
<td>Software Option</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A3-007</td>
<td>Y.1564 Suite</td>
<td>Software Option</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

RFC2544 test
This option enables RFC 2544 testing described in Section 3.8 “RFC2544 Tests”.

Multistream
This option generates Multistream described in Section 3.3 “Generator Test”.

Stacked VLAN
This option enables the VLAN stacking functions, described in Section 3.3 “Generator Test”.

MPLS
This option enables the MPLS stacking functions, described in Section 3.3 “Generator Test”.

Remote GUI
This option enables the Remote Control feature, described in Section 3.3 “Generator Test”. 
Chapter 1 Overview

Channel Stats
This option enables the Channel Statistics feature, described in Section 3.3 “Generator Test”.

Y.1564 Suite
This option enables the Y.1564 Suite feature, described in Section 3.11 “Y.1564 Suite”.

To check the installed options on a unit, power-on the unit and wait for the Top Menu display, as shown in Figure 1.1.2-1 below. Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to move the highlight over the Self Diagnostics application button.

Press the Set key. The Self Diagnostics application will start. Press the Menu key. The context menu for the application will be displayed as shown in Figure 1.1.2-2 below.

Use the Up/Down arrow keys to move the highlight over the SW options item. Press the Set key to complete the selection. The SW Options will be displayed as shown in Figure 1.1.2-3 below.
Review the SW Options and press the Set key to release the window when finished.

Press the Menu key. Use the Up/Down arrow keys to move the highlight over the Top Menu item. Press the Set key to complete the selection and return to the Top Menu.
1.2 Front Panel

The front panel contains the operation controls and LCD display.

Figure 1.2-1  Front Panel Layout

① LCD
② Soft keys
③ Start key
④ Arrow keys and Set key
⑤ Menu/Power key
1.2.1 LCD

The graphical user interface varies with the selected mode but each screen shares common elements as shown in the figure below.

- **Screen title**: Displays title of current screen
- **Time display**: Displays current time in 24-hour format (hh:mm:ss)
- **Battery or plug icon**: Shows unit connected to external power supply (plug icon) or operating on battery power (battery icon) with graphic illustrating remaining charge
- **Presentation field**: Changes with screen display
- **Soft keys**: Display on-screen details
1.2.2 Panel Keys

The unit has four soft keys (F1 thru F4) on the right hand side of the LCD. The function of each key is determined by the current operation mode and is displayed on the screen to the left of the key.

Start key

Press to start or stop the test.

**Note:**
When Running a Generator test under certain conditions, this key may be used to re-set the statistics counters.
1.2 Front Panel

Arrow keys and Set key

The arrow keys (Left/Right/Up/Down) have the following functions:

- **Left arrow key**: Moves cursor/highlight to left
- **Right arrow key**: Moves cursor/highlight to right
- **Up arrow key**: Moves cursor/highlight up
- **Down arrow key**: Moves cursor/highlight down
- **Set key**: Selects highlighted item

Menu/Power key

When unit is off:

- Press the **Menu/Power** key to power up.

When unit is on:

- Press the **Menu/Power** key to display the pop-up menu.
  
  Power Down can be selected from the pop-up menu.
1.3 Back Panel

The back panel contains the battery compartment and a fastener to secure the test module to the Network Master main unit. There are also various compliance and warning labels as well as the model/serial number (item 3 in Figure 1.3-1).

Figure 1.3-1  Back Panel

① Battery compartment
② Fastener
③ Module model/serial label
④ Compliance and warning labels
1.3.1 Power and Batteries

The unit can be powered in three ways.

- **External AC charger/adapter:**
  Use this adapter to provide power from an AC source or to charge the Ni-MH (nickel-metal hydride) battery pack. For details see “1.5.1 AC Charger/Adapter”.

- **External car plug cord/adapter (optional):**
  Use this adapter to provide power from a car to charge the Ni-MH battery pack.

- **Ni-MH rechargeable battery pack:**
  When installed, this battery powers the unit.

*Note:*

Only use the Anritsu Ni-MH battery pack. Anritsu does not guarantee the safety and function of other battery packs.

- **Replaceable batteries:**
  If no AC charger/adapter or Ni-MH battery is available, the unit can be powered by four AA Ni-MH batteries.
1.3.2 Installing Ni-MH Battery Pack

Install the Ni-MH battery pack as described below.

1. Power down the unit.
2. Open the battery compartment (Figure 1.3.2-1) by pulling the latch while lifting the battery compartment cover.
3. Remove any installed batteries.
4. Plug the connector on the Ni-MH battery pack into the socket next to the module release latch (white plastic latch in battery compartment).
5. Slide the Ni-MH battery pack into the battery compartment making sure that the battery release pull (red ribbon) is tucked underneath the pack, but leaving enough of the release pull exposed to remove the battery pack later when necessary. Also ensure the THIS SIDE UP label is visible.
6. Close the battery compartment cover.

Figure 1.3.2-1 Open Battery Compartment

1. Ni-MH battery pack plug
2. Module release latch
3. Ni-MH battery pack
4. Battery release pull (red ribbon)
WARNING

ALWAYS power down the Network Master before removing the Ni-MH battery pack.

The battery pack and/or Network Master may be damaged if the power is on while the pack is removed.

WARNING

Before storing the Network Master for a long time (1 to 2 months), remove the Ni-MH battery pack to avoid damage to the battery pack and/or Network Master.

If storing the Network Master with the Ni-MH battery pack installed, always recharge the battery pack periodically (every 1 to 2 months).
1.3.3 Battery Replacement – Ni-MH Pack To AA Ni-MH

Replace the Ni-MH battery pack with AA Ni-MH batteries as described below:

1. Power down the unit. Open the battery compartment (Figure 1.3.2-1 for location) by pulling the latch while lifting the battery compartment cover.

2. Using the battery release pull (red ribbon), lift out the Ni-MH Battery Pack and unplug it from its socket next to the module release latch (white plastic latch).

3. Insert four new AA Ni-MH batteries in the compartment according to the battery polarity symbols (+ and –) next to the battery contacts.

4. Close the battery compartment cover.

⚠️ WARNING

ALWAYS power down the unit before removing old AA Ni-MH batteries.

If the batteries are removed while the power is on, settings and data files may be lost.

⚠️ WARNING

Remove AA Ni-MH batteries from the Network Master when storing it for a long period of time (1 to 2 months).

Storing the Network Master for a long period of time with AA Ni-MH batteries installed will decrease the discharge capacity of the batteries.
1.4 Bottom Panel

The bottom panel has a label with the main unit model/serial number.

Figure 1.4-1 Bottom Panel
1.5 Top Connector Panel

The top connector panel contains the measurement ports used to connect optical fibers or RJ45 cables to the network under test plus USB ports for uploading and downloading files. The 9 V DC Power Connector and Battery Status LED are also on the top panel.

Figure 1.5-1 shows a typical top panel.

**Note:**

The top panel configuration differs with the installed optics and options.

![Top Panel Diagram](image)

- Measurement Port A
- Measurement Port B
- 9 V DC Power Connector
- Battery Status LED
- USB (Type A) port
- USB (Type B) port

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model Name</th>
<th>Measurement Port A</th>
<th>Measurement Port B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A1</td>
<td>RJ45</td>
<td>SFP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A2</td>
<td>RJ45</td>
<td>RJ45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MU909060A3</td>
<td>SFP</td>
<td>SFP</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1.5.1 AC Charger/Adapter

The unit includes an AC Charger/Adapter. The Ni-MH Battery Pack requires 3 hours to charge fully. The Network Master will not recharge the Ni-MH Battery Pack while it is operating.

The AC Charger/Adapter has four interchangeable plugs. Use the correct plug.

![AC Charger/Adapter with Guard](image)

Figure 1.5.1-1  AC Charger/Adapter with Guard

1. Guard
2. Release
To prepare the AC Charger/Adapter:
1. Pull the Release and remove the Guard if it is in place (Figure 1.5.1-1).
2. Select the required plug from the AC Charger/Adapter kit. See the following figure.

3. Hold the Release down and insert the plug adapter, making sure that the tab on the plug adapter is seated in the slot on the top of the AC Charger/Adapter.
4. Release the Release, making sure that the tab on the Release is seated in the slot on the base of the plug adapter.

**AC Power Operation**

Operate the Network Master on AC power as described below.
To use the AC Charger/Adapter:
1. Open the cover on the Network Master 9 V DC Connector on the top connector panel (Figure 1.5-1) and plug in the jack from the AC Charger/Adapter.
2. Plug the AC Charger/Adapter into an AC outlet.

Note:
Ensure that the AC Charger/Adapter has the correct plug.

3. Press the Menu/Power key to start the Network Master.

CAUTION

Use the Network Master only with the Anritsu AC Charger/Adapter.

Anritsu does not guarantee the safety and functionality of other AC charger/adapters.

To charge the Ni-MH Battery Pack:
1. Power down the unit.
2. Open the cover on the Network Master 9 V DC Connector on the top connector panel (Figure 1.5-1) and plug in the jack from the AC Charger/Adapter.
3. Plug the AC Charger/Adapter into an AC outlet.

Note:
Ensure that the AC Charger/Adapter has the correct plug.

4. When the battery pack is fully charged, the Battery Status LED is lit green. See “Battery Status LED” for details. A full charge takes about 3 hours.

Note:
The Network Master will not charge the battery pack while it is being operated.
1.5.2 Battery Status LED

The Battery Status LED displays the current status of the Ni-MH Battery Pack:

**Red:**
The battery pack is not charging for one of the following reasons:

- When starting to charge, the temperature of the battery pack is lower than 5°C or higher than 45°C. In this situation, disconnect the AC adapter from the Network Master and wait until the temperature of the battery pack is within the 5° to 45°C range.
- While charging, the temperature of the battery pack becomes lower than 5°C or higher than 60°C. In this situation, charging resumes automatically as soon as the temperature of the battery pack is within the 5° to 45°C range.
- Charging has not finished within about 3 hours it normally takes to charge the battery pack fully. To avoid overcharging, the unit stops charging after about 3 hours.

If the Battery Status LED is always red, there is a problem with the battery pack. Please contact the Anritsu Technical Support Center or your local Anritsu representative (see Anritsu Corporation Contact).

**Orange**
- The AC Charger/Adapter is plugged in and the battery pack is charging.

**Green**
- The AC Charger/Adapter is plugged in and the battery pack is fully charged or the Network Master is operating. The battery pack will continue charging in maintenance charge mode.

**Note:**
Charging or discharging can be started at any time with minimum battery memory issues. The battery pack can be left in maintenance charge indefinitely.
1.5.3 RJ45 Port

The RJ45 port (item 1 in Figure 1.5-1) offers access to the optional RJ45 test port. This port has an RJ45 connector that accepts standard RJ45 cables.

Note:
See Table 1.5-1 for details on which models have the RJ45 option.

Connecting Cable to RJ45 port
1. Open the cover on the port (Figure 1.5-1).
2. Plug the RJ45 cable into the port.
1.5.4 SFP Port

The SFP ports (item 2 in Figure 1.5-1) are located on the top panel of the Network Master and are accessed by opening the sliding cover (Figure 1.5-1). The modules can be either optical or electrical. The optical modules have LC connectors and the electrical modules have an RJ45 connector.

**Cleaning Optical Connectors**

Cleaning the optical connectors as described below.

1. Open the port cover.
2. Blow clean, dry compressed air on the tip of the ferrule.
3. Wipe the ferrule tip clean with a precision cleaning tissue or a lint free (foam) swab moistened with isopropyl alcohol.
4. Dry the ferrule tip with clean, dry compressed air.

![Dirty Ferrule Tip](image1) ![Clean Ferrule Tip](image2)

*Figure 1.5.4-1 Magnified Ferrule Tip*

5. Option: With the Network Master powered down, inspect the ferrule using a hand-held microscope or magnifier. It should look like the clean ferrule tip in Figure 1.5.4-1.
Connecting Fiber to Optical SFP modules
The optical SFP modules are used to connect optical fiber for optical test applications.

To connect a fiber to the SFP module:
1. Open the cover on the port (Figure 1.5-1).
2. Connect the test fiber to the measurement port.

⚠️ WARNING

Never force the connector ferrule or insert it at an angle into the adapter.

Optical fibers suffer loss caused by microbends or other stress. Position the patch cord to minimize mechanical strain.
1.5.5 Connecting Peripheral Devices

The unit has two USB ports for connecting a USB device or PC.

**USB (Type A) port**

The USB (Type A) port is used to connect a USB memory stick (version 1.1) to the unit. Some USB memory sticks are not supported by this port.

The following message is displayed when the unit detects that a USB device has been connected.

![USB Storage Device Detected Dialog](image)

**Figure 1.5.5-2 USB Storage Device Detected Dialog**

Press the Set key to close the dialog and set the USB device as the default storage.
When the USB device is removed the following message is displayed (Figure 1.5.5-2).

![USB Storage Device](image)

**USB Storage Device**
The USB Device has been removed and will no longer be used for storage.

OK

**Figure 1.5.5-3 USB Storage Device Removed Dialog**

Press the Set key to close the dialog so the internal drive is set as the default storage drive.

⚠️ **WARNING**

Do not remove USB memory while it is being accessed or the memory or data may be damaged.
USB (Type B) port
The internal memory of the Network Master can be accessed directly from a PC by connecting a PC to the USB (Type B) using a USB A to USB B cable.

![USB (Type B) Port](image)

**WARNING**
Before disconnecting the USB cable between the Network Master and PC always press Safely Remove Hardware in the Notification area in Microsoft Windows®, otherwise the internal memory on the Network Master may be damaged.
1.5.6 Cautions on Handling Optical Fiber Cables

Optical fiber cables may degrade in performance or be damaged if handled improperly.

Note the following points when handling them.

⚠️ CAUTION

Do not pull the cable when removing the connector.

Doing so may break the optical fiber inside the cable, or remove the cable sheath from the optical connector.

⚠️ CAUTION

Do not excessively bend, fold, or pinch an optical fiber cable.

Doing so may break the optical fiber inside the cable. Keep the bend radius of an optical fiber cable at 30 mm or more. If the radius is less, optical fiber cable loss will increase.
**CAUTION**

Do not excessively pull on or twist an optical fiber cable.

Also, do not hang anything by using a cable. Doing so may break the optical fiber inside the cable.

**CAUTION**

Be careful not to hit the end of an optical connector against anything hard such as the floor or a desk by dropping the optical fiber cable.

Doing so may damage the connector end and increase connection loss.

**WARNING**

Do not touch the end of a broken optical fiber cable.

The broken optical fiber may pierce the skin, causing injury.

**CAUTION**

Do not disassemble optical connectors.

Doing so may cause part to break or the performance to degrade.
1.6 Changing Test Module

Remove the installed test module from the Network Master and install the new test module as described below.

To change the test module:
1. Power down the unit.
2. Disconnect the AC Charger/Adapter, if connected.
3. Loosen the Captive Fastener on the back panel (item 2 in Figure 1.3-1). When loose, the fastener slips free but remains attached to the test module.
4. Open the battery compartment (Figure 1.3-1) and remove the battery pack or AA Ni-MH batteries.
5. Hold down the module release latch (white plastic latch in battery compartment – item 2 in Figure 1.3.2-1) while pulling on the Network Master to separate it from the test module. Release the module Release latch after the Network Master and test module have been separated.

**WARNING**

The Network Master and test module are a close fit. Be careful when separating the two.

6. To install the new test module, align the two tabs on the back of the Network Master (end opposite 100-pin connector) with the two slots on the new test module (Figure 1.6-1).
7. Applying firm but gentle pressure, place the Network Master main unit on the test module. **DO NOT** force the two sections together.

8. Tighten the Captive Fastener.

9. Replace any removed battery pack or AA Ni-MH batteries.

10. Replace the battery compartment cover.
1.7 Basic Usage Notes

**WARNING**

**Measurement port cover**
The cover prevents dust and other contaminants collecting in the measurement port. Keep this cover closed except when a cable is connected.

**Condensation**
Condensation may occur in the Network Master when it is taken into a warm room after use outdoors, etc. In this case, allow the Network Master to dry out thoroughly before powering up.

**Temperature range**
Use the unit within the operating temperature range (0° to +40°C) and store it within the storage temperature range (–20° to +60°C). If the unit is left in a car or other enclosed space for a long time during summer, the ambient temperature may exceed the specified range, resulting in malfunction.

**Safety**
Only use the Anritsu AC Charger/Adapter or Ni-MH Battery Pack, otherwise the unit may be damaged.

**Laser**
NEVER look directly into the Network Master optical connector or end of a connected cable, otherwise laser light may enter the eye and cause injury. In addition, some SFP modules output high-power optical signals. To prevent damage to connected equipment, check that any connected photo-receiver will not be saturated. Anritsu accepts no responsibility for damage caused to connected communications devices.

**Maintenance**
Anritsu recommends annual inspections (charged) of the Network Master by an Anritsu Customer Service Center.

For other usage notes, read the safety-related information in this manual thoroughly before use.
Chapter 2  General Operation

This chapter describes the general system operation and setup.

2.1 Power Up/Power Down ................................................. 2-3
  2.1.1 Power Up .......................................................... 2-3
  2.1.2 Power Down ..................................................... 2-3
  2.1.3 Temperature Monitoring ................................... 2-4
2.2 General Functions ........................................................ 2-5
  2.2.1 Top Menu ......................................................... 2-5
  2.2.2 Auto Launch Pop-up ......................................... 2-5
  2.2.3 Mass Storage Menu ......................................... 2-5
  2.2.4 Launching Applications ................................... 2-5
  2.2.5 General Functions Pop-Up Menu ..................... 2-6
  2.2.6 Setup ............................................................. 2-8
  2.2.7 Help Function ................................................. 2-10
  2.2.8 About Function ............................................... 2-11
  2.2.9 Set to Defaults ................................................ 2-11
2.3 Mass Storage .............................................................. 2-13
  2.3.1 Creating New Folder....................................... 2-14
  2.3.2 Deleting File .................................................... 2-15
  2.3.3 Deleting Multiple Files .................................... 2-16
  2.3.4 Copying File .................................................... 2-17
  2.3.5 Copying Multiple Files .................................... 2-18
  2.3.6 Renaming File or Folder ................................. 2-19
2.4 Print Screen ................................................................ 2-20
2.5 Status Screen ............................................................. 2-21
  2.5.1 Basic ............................................................... 2-22
  2.5.2 ETH ................................................................. 2-23
  2.5.3 IP ................................................................ 2-24
  2.5.4 SFP ................................................................. 2-25
  2.5.5 Top Bar ........................................................... 2-25
2.6 Result Screens............................................................ 2-27
  2.6.1 Result overview .............................................. 2-27
  2.6.2 Summary ........................................................ 2-29
  2.6.3 Event Log ....................................................... 2-30
  2.6.4 Statistics ......................................................... 2-31
2.7 Save and Load ............................................................ 2-33
  2.7.1 Save Setup ..................................................... 2-33
  2.7.2 Load Setup ..................................................... 2-34
  2.7.3 Save Results .................................................. 2-36
  2.7.4 Load Results................................................... 2-39
2.8 Setup ........................................................................... 2-40
  2.8.1 Intelligent Setup................................................. 2-40
Chapter 2  General Operation

2.9  Test Reports ......................................................... 2-42
2.9.1  Setup ............................................................ 2-43
2.9.2  Generating a report .......................................... 2-46
2.1 Power Up/Power Down

2.1.1 Power Up

Press the Menu/Power key. The Network Master performs a brief self-test during which the Anritsu splash screen is displayed before changing to the Top Menu screen.

![Top Menu Screen](image)

**CAUTION**

If a screen similar to the one shown above is not displayed after power up, the Network Master may have failed the self-test. Switch the unit off and on (power down/power up) again. If the problem persists, contact the Anritsu Technical Support Center or your local Anritsu representative.

2.1.2 Power Down

1. Press the **Menu/Power** key to display a pop-up menu.
2. Use the **Down** arrow key to highlight **Power Down** in the menu.
3. Press the **Set** key to accept the highlighted menu selection. The following message appears: “Are you sure you want to Power Down?”
4. Highlight **Yes** and press the **Set** key.
   
   Forcibly Power Down at any time by pressing the **Menu/Power** key for 10 s.
2.1.3 Temperature Monitoring

The temperatures of the instrument and any connected SFP modules are monitored.

*Note:*

The temperature of the SFP module is only monitored if the module complies with the SFP Transceiver MultiSource Agreement and has integrated digital diagnostic monitoring functions.

If the temperature of the instrument or one of the SFP modules reaches its maximum specified value, the instrument will automatically power down. Before this happens a pop-up temperature alarm dialog is displayed to notify that a power down is imminent (Figure 2.1.3-1).

![Temperature Alarm Pop-up Dialog](image)

The pop-up dialog indicates whether the instrument or one of the SFP modules has reached the maximum temperature.

*Note:*

There is a 4-second delay from displaying the pop-up dialog until power down is started.
2.2 General Functions

2.2.1 Top Menu

The Top Menu provides access to:

- The Ethernet application
- The Reflector application
- The Self Diagnostics application
- The Pass Through application
- The Auto Launch pop-up by pressing the F3 key
- The Mass Storage menu by pressing the F4 key
- The General Functions pop-up menu by pressing the Menu/Power key

2.2.2 Auto Launch Pop-up

At the Top Menu, press Auto Launch (F3). The Auto Launch screen is displayed. From this screen the Auto Launch feature can be enabled and an application can be selected that will launch automatically upon power-up.

2.2.3 Mass Storage Menu

At the Top Menu, press Mass Storage (F4). The Mass Storage screen is displayed in the File Operations mode, to copy, delete, or rename files, as well as to create new folders.

2.2.4 Launching Applications

1. At the Top Menu, use the Left/Right/Up/Down arrow keys to highlight the application to launch and press the Set key.
2. The Top Menu screen closes and the selected application is launched.
2.2.5 General Functions Pop-Up Menu

Press the **Menu/Power** key to display the General Functions pop-up menu.

![General Functions Pop-Up Menu](image)

**Figure 2.2.5-1** General Functions Pop-up Menu

This menu provides access to the following:

- **Test Report**: Generates a report file of the results that are currently in memory. Available on the Result overview and on the specific result screens. CSV and PDF formats are available.
- **Save Setup**: Opens Mass Storage screen in Save mode to save setup file
  
  Only visible when test not running and not from Top Menu

  Refer to 2.7.1 “Save Setup” for further details.
- **Save Results**: Opens Mass Storage screen in Save mode to save results file
  
  Only visible when test not running and not from Top Menu

  Refer to 2.7.3 “Save Results” for further details.
- **Setup**: Accesses general setup for the Network Master
  
  Only visible from Top Menu
- **Load**: Opens Mass Storage screen in Load mode to load setup or result file
  
  Only visible when test not running and not from Top Menu

  Refer to 2.7.2 “Load Setup” and 2.7.4 “Load Results” for further details.
- **Help**: Displays help for current screen
2.2 General Functions

**Mass Storage** Opens Mass Storage screen in File Operations mode, to copy, delete, or rename files, as well as to create new folders

**Print Screen** Captures current screen as an image file (in the currently selected image format) to internal memory

**Top Menu** Closes currently running application and opens Top Menu screen

**Power Down** Starts power down
2.2.6 Setup

Use the following procedure to access the Setup screen:

1. With the Network Master powered up, press the **Menu/Power** key at the Top Menu. The General Functions pop-up menu is displayed with **Setup** highlighted.
2. Press the **Set** key. The Basic Tab of the Setup screen is displayed.

**Figure 2.2.6-1** Setup screen, Basic Tab

**Figure 2.2.6-2** Setup screen, Advanced Tab
3. Use the **Up** and **Down** arrow keys to highlight **Date & Time**.
   (a) Press the **Set** key. The Date and Time dialog box is displayed. Use the **Left** and **Right** arrow keys to highlight the required selection.
   (b) Use the **Up** and **Down** arrow keys to scroll to the desired setting.
   (c) Repeat steps 3(a) and 3(b) until the required date and time are displayed in the dialog box.
   (d) Press **OK (F1)** to accept the new date and time setting.

4. Highlight **Color Theme** and use the **Left** and **Right** arrow keys to scroll to the required color theme.

5. Highlight **Language** and use the **Left** and **Right** arrow keys to scroll to the required language.

6. Highlight **Auto Backlight** and use the **Left** and **Right** arrow keys to scroll to the required time interval to turn off the backlight automatically when no keys have been pressed. Press any key to restore the backlight. This function is active only when the instrument is battery powered.

7. Highlight **Auto Power Off** and then use the **Left** and **Right** arrow keys to scroll to the desired time interval to automatically power down the Network Master when no keys have been pressed. This function is active only when the instrument is battery powered.

8. Highlight **Apply** and press the **Set** key to apply the displayed general settings.

9. Use the **Up, Down, Left** and **Right** arrow keys to highlight the **Advanced** tab.

10. Highlight **Screen Capture Format** and use the **Left** and **Right** arrow keys to scroll to the desired format.

11. Highlight **Apply** and press the **Set** key to apply the displayed setting.
2.2.7 Help Function

Basic help information is available in the Setup screens and the Top Menu.

To access Help:
1. Press the Menu/Power key in any of the Setup screens or the Top Menu screen.
2. Highlight Help in the pop-up menu.
3. Press the Set key. The bottom half of the screen displays a dialog containing the help.
4. Press the Set key again to close the dialog box.
2.2.8 About Function

The About Function accesses the Version/Serial Number Information window listing the framework and test application software version levels, as well as the serial numbers of the Controller and Module.

To access the Version/Serial number information:
1. Press the Menu/Power key in the Setup screens.
2. Select About from the pop-up menu and press the Set key.
3. The Version/Serial number info window is displayed.
4. Review the information in the window and then
   (a) With OK highlighted, press the Set key to close the window
   Or
   (b) Highlight Save and press the Set key. The version information is saved to a text file in the Data folder and the window closes.

2.2.9 Set to Defaults

Use the following procedure to return to the factory default settings.

To reset the General Setup defaults from the Top Menu:
1. Press the Menu/Power key.
2. Highlight Setup at the pop-up menu and press the Set key. The General Setup appears.
3. Highlight Defaults and press the Set key.
4. Highlight Apply and press the Set key. The Setup defaults are now set and the Top Menu screen is re-displayed.

Note:
The application-specific setup remains unchanged.
Chapter 2  General Operation

Note:
As of the current software release, the Auto Backlight and Auto Power Off parameters are the only General Setup parameters re-set via the Defaults button.

To set the application-specific setups to factory default from the Top Menu:

1. Highlight the application to be reset.
2. Press the Set key to start the application.
3. Press the Menu/Power key.
4. Highlight Load at the pop-up menu and press the Set key.
5. Set Device to Internal and Folder to /data/.
6. Highlight factory_default.cfg.
7. Press LOAD SETUP (F1).

Note:
Only the currently active application is reset to factory default any other application remain unchanged.
2.3 Mass Storage

The Mass Storage selection accesses to the following file operations:

- Creating new folder
- Deleting files
- Copying files
- Renaming files

To access the Mass Storage file operations from an application:
1. Press the **Menu/Power** key. The General Functions pop-up menu is displayed.
2. Highlight **Mass Storage** and press the **Set** key. The Mass Storage File Operations screen is displayed.

To access the Mass Storage file operations from the Top Menu:
1. Press **Mass Storage (F4)**.

![Figure 2.3-1 Mass Storage – In File Operations Mode](image)
2.3.1 Creating New Folder

Use the following procedure to create a new folder at the Mass Storage File Operations screen.

2. With the Device field highlighted, use the Left and Right arrow keys to select the mass storage device: Internal or USB.
   If no USB device is connected to the Network Master, the selection is set automatically to Internal.
3. Select the location for the new folder.
4. Press File Operations (F1). The File Operations pop-up menu is displayed with the New Folder selection highlighted.
5. Press the Set key. The pop-up menu closes and a folder named “newFolder” is added to the current directory.
2.3.2 Deleting File

Use the following procedure to delete a file at the Mass Storage File Operations screen.

2. With the Device field highlighted, use the Left and Right arrow keys to select the mass storage device: Internal or USB. If no USB device is connected to the Network Master, the selection is set automatically to Internal.
3. Navigate to and highlight the required file.
4. Press File Operations (F1). The File Operations pop-up menu is displayed.
5. Highlight Delete and press the Set key.
6. The Confirm Delete dialog box is displayed. Select Yes and press the Set key.

The dialog box closes and the file is deleted from the currently displayed directory.
2.3.3 Deleting Multiple Files

Use the following procedure to delete multiple files at the Mass Storage File Operations screen.

2. With the Device field highlighted, use the Left and Right arrow keys to select the mass storage device: Internal or USB.
   If no USB device is connected to the Network Master, the device selection is set automatically to Internal.
3. Navigate to the required directory/folder.
4. Press Multi-Select Off (F2). The red label on the soft key changes to On and an empty check box is displayed before each file name in the current directory/folder.
5. Highlight the first file to delete and press the Set key. A check mark is displayed in the check box for the highlighted file. Repeat until all the required files are selected and continue to step 6.
   Or –
   To select all the files in the current folder, press File Operations (F1), highlight Select All, press the Set key, and continue from step 6.
6. Press File Operations (F1) and then highlight Delete in the pop-up menu.
7. Press the Set key. The Confirm Delete dialog box is displayed.
8. Select Yes and press the Set key. The selected files are deleted.
9. Press Exit (F4) to close the Mass Storage screen.
2.3 Mass Storage

2.3.4 Copying File

Use the following procedure to copy a file at the Mass Storage File Operations screen.

2. With the Device field highlighted, use the Left and Right arrow keys to select the mass storage device: Internal or USB.
   If no USB device is connected to the Network Master, the device selection is set automatically to Internal.
3. Navigate to and highlight the required file.
4. Press File Operations (F1). The File Operations pop-up menu is displayed.
5. Highlight Copy and press the Set key. The Destination window is displayed in front of the Mass Storage File Operations screen.

![Mass Storage Screen with Destination Window](image)

6. With the Device field highlighted, use the Left and Right arrow keys to select the mass storage device: Internal or USB.
   If no USB device is connected to the Network Master, the device selection is set automatically to Internal.
7. Navigate to the required destination.
8. Press Paste (F1). The Copied File(s) dialog is displayed. Confirm that the file has been pasted to the required location and press the Set key to close the dialog box and return to the Mass Storage screen.
9. Press Exit (F4) to close the Mass Storage screen.
2.3.5 Copying Multiple Files

Use the following procedure to copy multiple files in the Mass Storage File Operations screen.

2. With the Device field highlighted, use the Left and Right arrow keys to select the mass storage device: Internal or USB.
   If no USB device is connected to the Network Master, the device selection is set automatically to Internal.
3. Navigate to the required directory/folder.
4. Press Multi-Select Off (F2). The red label on the soft key changes to On and an empty check box is displayed before each file name in the current directory/folder.
5. Highlight the first file to copy and press the Set key. A check mark is displayed in the check box for the highlighted file. Repeat until all the required files are selected and continue from step 6.
   Or –
   To select all the files in the current folder, press File Operations (F1), highlight Select All, press the Set key and then continue from step 6.
6. Press File Operations (F1). The File Operations pop-up menu is displayed.
8. With the Device field highlighted, use the Left and Right arrow keys to select the mass storage device: Internal or USB.
   If no USB device is connected to the Network Master, the device selection is set automatically to Internal.
9. Navigate to the required destination.
10. Press Paste (F1). The Copied File(s) dialog is displayed. Confirm that the files have been pasted to the required location and press the Set key to close the dialog and return to the Mass Storage screen.
11. Press Exit (F4) to close the Mass Storage screen.

---

**WARNING**

When copying a file from one folder to another folder, there is no warning message even if there is a file with the same name in the destination folder. The old file will be overwritten.
2.3.6 Renaming File or Folder

Data files and folders can be renamed by accessing the Rename function at the Mass Storage File Operations screen.

2. With the Device field highlighted, use the Left and Right arrow keys to select the mass storage device: Internal or USB.
   If no USB device is connected to the Network Master, the device selection is set automatically to Internal.
3. Navigate to and highlight the required file or folder.
4. Press File Operations (F1). The File Operations pop-up menu is displayed.
5. Highlight Rename and press the Set key. The soft keyboard screen is displayed.
   (a) Use the BKSP soft key (F2) to clear the entry in the name field.
   (b) Use the Left/Right/Up/Down arrow keys to highlight the required letter in the character matrix.
   (c) Press the Set key to add the highlighted letter to the name field.
   (d) Repeat steps 5(b) and 5(c) to complete the file/folder name.
6. When the file/folder name is completed, press OK (F4). The file/folder is saved with the new name and the unit returns to the Mass Storage screen.
7. Press Exit (F4) to close the Mass Storage screen.
2.4 Print Screen

Use the Print Screen function to capture the current screen (screen dump) as an image file using the currently selected format (see Section 2.2.6 “Setup”). Image files are saved in the Internal Data directory.

1. With the screen to be printed displayed, press the Menu/Power key. A pop-up menu is displayed.
2. Highlight Print Screen and press the Set key.
3. The Print Screen Complete dialog box is displayed in 2 or 3 seconds. Press the Set key to save the image file to the Data folder in internal memory.

Screen dumps are given a file name automatically with the following format:

YYYY-MM-DD@HH-MM-SS.bmp

YYYY = Year  
MM = Month  
DD = Day  
HH = Hour, 24-hour clock  
MM = Minutes  
SS = Seconds

For example 2008-12-31@23-59-59.bmp
2.5 Status Screen

When starting the Ethernet, the Reflector, or the Pass Through application, the Status screen is displayed to give a quick overview of the current traffic and link status. The Status screen consists of the following tabs:

- Basic
- ETH
- IP
- SFP (only for MU909060A1 and MU909060A3)

They are explained in the following sections together with the Top bar. To toggle between tabs use the Left and Right arrow keys.
2.5.1 Basic

The Basic tab is the first tab (Figure 2.5.1-1) that is displayed when starting an application (either Ethernet, Reflector or Pass Through). This tab gives an overview of what connectors the hardware has and information about link speed, mode and time.

![Figure 2.5.1-1 Status (Basic)](image)

1. The picture shows the type of physical connector used by the Network Master: the above shows two RJ-45 connectors. The two states of the SFP connector are shown below.

   - SFP slot with module
   - SFP slot without module

2. This shows the link speed and half (HDX) or full (FDX) duplex link mode.
3. This shows the current utilization as a percentage.
4. This shows the percentages of incoming frames with errors.
5. This shows the pin/pair crossing and what standard the current link is using.
6. This shows the elapsed link time for the two ports.
7. This shows the total transmitted frames.
8. This shows the total received frames.

**Note:**

Timers/counters used in items 6, 7, and 8 above are reset when the link is lost.
2.5.2 ETH

The ETH tab (Figure 2.5.2-1) shows an overview of the link auto negotiation status, the capabilities of the link partners, and faults occurring during linkup if any.

![Status Screen](image)

**Figure 2.5.2-1  Status (ETH)**

1. This display goes green when auto negotiation is completed.
2. This display goes green if the link partner has MAC pause implemented.
3. This display goes green if the link partner supports asymmetric pause.
4. This display goes red when an error is discovered at the link partner.
5. This displays whether the port is master or slave; it is supported only for 1000 Mbps.
6. This displays possible link speeds for full duplex (FDX).
7. This displays possible link speeds for half duplex (HDX).
2.5.3  IP

The IP tab (Figure 2.5.3-1) shows an overview of the IP and DNS status; the following information is displayed for one stream at both ports and only for IPv4:

- IP
- Gateway
- Network Mask
- DNS
- Lease time when DHCP lookup enabled

**Note:**
When IPv6 is enabled, only the source IP is displayed.
If the multi-stream option is installed, a stream can be selected using the Stream soft key (F4) at the bottom of the soft key menu.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Port A (IPv4)</th>
<th>Port B (IPv4)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Status</strong></td>
<td><strong>Setup</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic</td>
<td>Result</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP/DHCP Info:</td>
<td>Stream 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP Address:</td>
<td>192.168.1.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gateway:</td>
<td>192.168.1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Network Mask:</td>
<td>255.255.255.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNS Pri Server:</td>
<td>0.0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNS Sec Server:</td>
<td>0.0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lease Renew Time:</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lease Expire Time:</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Status</strong></td>
<td><strong>Setup</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic</td>
<td>Result</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP/DHCP Info:</td>
<td>Stream 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP Address:</td>
<td>192.168.1.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gateway:</td>
<td>192.168.1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Network Mask:</td>
<td>255.255.255.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNS Pri Server:</td>
<td>0.0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNS Sec Server:</td>
<td>0.0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lease Renew Time:</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lease Expire Time:</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 2.5.3-1  Status (IP)
2.5.4 SFP

The SFP tab (Figure 2.5.4-1) is only available when the Network Master has SFP slot(s). This tab displays hardware information for the supported SFP modules.

![Status Screen](image)

2.5.5 Top Bar

The Top bar (Figure 2.5.5-1) is shared by all screens and consists of six sections.

![Top Bar](image)

[1] This displays the title of the current screen.

[2] A rotating star indicates that a test is running.

[3] This indicates that incoming traffic is being filtered.

[4] This indicates the port hardware and link for Port A and Port B. The port type is indicated by the following icons.
## Chapter 2  General Operation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Link Type</th>
<th>Link Speed</th>
<th>Duplex</th>
<th>Link Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RJ-45 electrical</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Link disabled" /></td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Full Duplex" /></td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Link Disabled" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SFP Optical</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="10Mbps" /></td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Half Duplex" /></td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Signal. No alarms and no errors present." /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image" alt="100Mbps" /></td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Alarms or errors present." /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image" alt="1000Mbps" /></td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Auto-negotiation failed or frame errors (bit pattern or sequence)" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[5] This indicates the time using the 24-hour clock.

[6] This displays the power status.

(a) The Network Master is connected to the AC power adapter

(b) The Network Master is operating on battery

**Note:**

The Network Master must be off to charge the battery.
2.6 Result Screens

2.6.1 Result overview

The **Result overview** screen is displayed automatically when a test is started by pressing the **Start** key or when test results are loaded as described in 2.7.4 “Load Results”.

The **Result overview** screen can also be accessed manually by pressing the **Result soft key** (F3) on the general soft key panel displayed on the **Status** and **Test Automator** screens.

The **Test Automator** screen can be accessed by pressing the **Setup** soft key (F2).

If no test is running or no test has been started since the Ethernet application was selected at the **Top Menu**, the **Result overview** screen is blank.

![Figure 2.6.1-1 Result overview Screen with Test Schedule]

The test schedule displayed on the **Result overview** screen is similar to the test schedule setup on the **Test Automator** screen. An LED at the left of each test shows the test status as follows:

- A grey (blinking) LED indicates the running test.
- A green LED indicates that the test has been completed successfully without errors.
- A red LED indicates that the test has completed, but an error occurred during the test.
- A black LED indicates that the test has not yet been executed.

If a red LED indication is shown, refer to Table 2.6.1-1 below for a list of possible causes.
Table 2.6.1-1  Conditions Causing a Red State LED

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No ports active</td>
<td>The ports defined for the test to run are not enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Link is down</td>
<td>The link for the port is down</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARP failure</td>
<td>The test is defined to use ARP, and the ARP cannot be resolved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RFC End to End communication failure.</td>
<td>The A &amp; B units cannot successfully transmit or receive RFC communication frames.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FTP/HTTP Download</td>
<td>Abnormal processing message (condition). See section 3.9.2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test terminated</td>
<td>The test was stopped by the user before it finished.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To access a more detailed result screen for the individual tests in the test schedule, navigate to the required test using the Up and Down arrow keys and press the Set key.

The Result overview screen also includes a Result column that shows PASS/FAIL indication if thresholds are setup and enabled for the test.

- **PASS** none of the active thresholds were violated.
- **FAIL** at least one active threshold was violated.
- **----** no thresholds are enabled for the test

The elapsed time for the execution of each test is displayed under the dd:hh:mm:ss column as shown in Figure 2.6.1-1 above.
2.6.2 Summary

When the test schedule is executed, in addition to displaying the Result overview screen, a Summary screen (Figure 2.6.2-1) is displayed for viewing the event log and detailed statistics about the frames and errors received during execution of the tests in the schedule.

![Summary Screen – Event Log Tab](image)

To display the Summary screen, press the Summary soft key (F4) on the Result overview screen or the specific test result screens. Press the Back soft key (F1) to return to the previous screen.

**Note:**

The Summary screen is shared by all tests in the test schedule.

Use the Left and Right arrow keys to toggle between the tabs on the Summary screen.
2.6.3 Event Log

The event log is found at the **Event Log** tab on the **Summary** screen.

All relevant events and threshold violations occurring during execution of tests in the test schedule are recorded in the event log. Each event includes a time stamp with 1-second resolution in the format HH:MM:SS and a text description of the event.

- **HH** = Hour, 24-hour clock
- **MM** = Minutes
- **SS** = Seconds

Threshold violations are indicated as shown in the text below:

![Timestamp:violation:threshold name:port:stream:(value that exceeded the threshold)](image)

The event log is cleared at the start of execution of the test schedule and has the capacity to hold one thousand (1000) records. See section 3.2.5 (General Setup) for the setup selection that controls how error logging is processed should the event log become full during the execution of the test schedule.
2.6.4 Statistics

During execution of tests in the test schedule, detailed frame statistics are calculated and displayed at the Statistics tab on the Summary screen.

![Figure 2.6.4-1 Summary Screen – Statistics Tab](image)

The frame statistics for each port are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>Total number of frames received during test schedule</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unicast</td>
<td>Number of received Unicast frames</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multicast</td>
<td>Number of received Multicast frames</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Untagged Frames</td>
<td>Number of received frames with no VLAN tag</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single VLAN Frames</td>
<td>Number of received frames with one VLAN tag</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multiple VLAN Frames</td>
<td>Number of received frames with more than one VLAN tag</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unlabeled Frames</td>
<td>Number of received frames with no MPLS label</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single MPLS Frames</td>
<td>Number of received frames with one MPLS label</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multiple MPLS Frames</td>
<td>Number of received frames with more than one MPLS label</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pause Frames</td>
<td>Number of received pause frames</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Figure 2.6.4-2  Summary Screen – Errors Tab

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Port A</th>
<th>Port B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FCS Errors</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fragmented</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oversized</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Undersized</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collisions</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preamble violations</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IFG violations</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Severe IFG violations</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

FCS Errors: Number of frames with Frame Check Sequence (FCS) errors detected during test schedule
Fragmented: Number of received fragmented frames
Oversized: Number of received oversized frames
Undersized: Number of received undersized frames
Collisions: Number of collisions detected (HDX only)
Preamble violations: Number of detected Preamble violations
IFG violations: Number of detected Inter Frame Gap (IFG) violations
Severe IFG violations: Number of detected severe IFG violations
2.7 Save and Load

2.7.1 Save Setup

When saving a setup, a file containing the Interface setup and Test setup is generated with file extension .cfg. The file name can be set by the user.

To save setup:
1. Press the Menu/Power key. The General Functions pop-up menu is displayed.
2. Highlight Save Setup and press the Set key. The Mass Storage Save screen is displayed.

3. To create a file name similar to one that is already saved, use the Down arrow key to move the highlight over the saved file name. Otherwise proceed to Step 5.
4. Press the **Set** key to copy the highlighted file name to the **Save As** field.

```
Figure 2.7.1-3  Press the Set key to Copy the File Name
```

5. If the file name is to be changed, move the highlight to the **Save As** field. Press the **Set** key to display the soft keyboard screen.

6. Use the **Left** and **Right** arrow keys to select the **Device**.

7. Use the **Up** and **Down** arrow keys to select the **Folder** and file.

8. Press **SAVE SETUP** to save (**F1**).

### 2.7.2 Load Setup

Setups can be loaded from internal memory or from a USB flash drive.

A setup file is supported only by its relevant application, i.e., a setup file created by the Reflector application can only be loaded by the Reflector application.

**To load the setup file:**
1. Press the **Menu/Power** key. The General Functions pop-up menu is displayed.
2. Highlight **Load** and press the **Set** key. The Mass Storage Load screen is displayed.
3. Use the **Left** and **Right** arrow keys to select the **Device**
4. Use the **Up** and **Down** arrow keys and **Set** key to select the **Folder** and file.
5. When the required file is highlighted, press **LOAD SETUP (F1)** to load it.
There is a file named “factory_default.cfg” in internal memory. It contains the factory defaults. The factory default file only resets the current application to the factory defaults; it does not reset any other applications.

**Notes:**

- A setup file can only be loaded by the same application as was used to save it. For example, a Reflector setup file can only be loaded by the Reflector application.

- Loading a setup requires the Network Master to have the same SW options installed as when the setup was first saved. If any options are missing, a pop-up window is displayed, showing the missing SW options.

- It is necessary that test is added at Test Automator after loading a setup file which is created by MU909060A Setup application. For example, since the Y.1564 test is not added on the Test Automator screen after loading the setup file, add the test and start a measurement.
2.7.3 Save Results

By default, when a test schedule is finished or stopped by the user, the results are saved automatically to internal memory.

*Note:*

The Ethernet application has a user option under the General Setup menu which allows the auto-save function to be disabled. Press **Setup (F2)** to display **General Setup**. If this function is disabled, results must be saved manually as described below.

The path to the results is /Data/results. The extension for saved result files is .res.

The results files are given a file name automatically with the format:

YYY-MM-DD@HH-MM-SS.res

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>YYYY</th>
<th>= Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MM</td>
<td>= Month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DD</td>
<td>= Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HH</td>
<td>= Hour, 24-hour clock</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MM</td>
<td>= Minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SS</td>
<td>= Seconds</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

An example of a file name is 2008-12-31@23-59-59.res.

The time in the file name is the time when the schedule was finished or stopped.

If the memory is full when the auto-save function attempts to save the results, an error message will be displayed as shown in Figure 2.7.3-1 below.

![Save Error](image)

**Figure 2.7.3-1  Save Error**
In this case the operator can press the **Set** key to release the error message, and then use the **Mass Storage** functions as described in sections 2.3.2 “Deleting File” and 2.3.3 “Deleting Multiple Files” to create some free space on the device.

Once some free space is available, the current test results can be saved manually using the **Save Results** function.

To save results:
1. Press the **Menu/Power** key. The General Functions pop-up menu is displayed.
2. Highlight **Save Results** and press the **Set** key. The Mass Storage Save Results screen is displayed, as shown in Figure 2.7.3-2.
3. The **Save As** field will be highlighted and the filename will be pre-populated in the format described above.
4. To create a file name similar to one that is already saved, use the **Down** arrow key to move the highlight over the saved file name. Otherwise proceed to Step 6.
5. Press the Set key to copy the highlighted file name to the Save As field.

6. To override the filename, move the highlight to the Save As field. Press the Set key and use the soft keyboard to enter the new filename.

7. Use the Up and Down arrow keys to access the device field.

8. Use the Left and Right arrow keys to select the Device.

9. Press SAVE RESULTS (F1) to save the results.
2.7.4 Load Results

Results can be loaded from internal memory or from a USB flash drive.

Loading results reloads the contents on the result screens. Only one result file can be loaded at one time.

When a new result file is loaded, a new result window displays the file contents.

To load a Results file:
1. Press the Menu/Power key. The General Functions pop-up menu is displayed.
2. Highlight Load and press the Set key. The Mass Storage load screen is displayed.
3. Use the Left and Right arrow keys to select the Device.
4. Use the Up and Down arrow keys to select the Folder and file.
5. Press LOAD RESULTS (F2) to load the results.

The Load Results screen is the same as the Load Setup screen. See Figure 2.7.1-1.
2.8 Setup

The setup for Network Master Gigabit Ethernet module applications is comprised of several settings, and falls into two categories:

- **Interface setup**
  Settings for the instruments Ethernet interfaces.

- **Test setup**
  Settings for supported instrument tests.

Settings are controlled via check boxes and pop-up dialogs. The specific settings and how to change them are described in the “Application Ethernet” and “Application Reflector” sections on pages 3-1 and 4-1, respectively.

2.8.1 Intelligent Setup

Some settings depend on other settings. When these settings are changed, it may be necessary to make additional changes to comply with the required change.

The **Intelligent setup** function bridges the two setup categories. Changes to the **Interface setup** may require changes to the **Test setup** and *vice versa*.

If a setting change requires additional changes, the Dependency pop-up dialog is displayed (Figure 2.8.1-1).
2.8 Setup

General Operation

Figure 2.8.1-1  Dependency Pop-up

[1] This lists the changes that must be enforced before the setting changes can be performed. Use the Up and Down arrow keys to scroll through the list.

[2] Select the OK button to change the setting, including all the settings listed in item 1.

[3] Select the Cancel button to cancel the new setting.
2.9 Test Reports

The Network Master is able to generate a test report with the following content:

- Test schedule, setup and results.
- Test statistics and event log.
- Instrument setup.
- User defined comments
- User defined logo (if the PDF format is selected).

The reports can be stored on an USB memory stick or on the internal memory.

To access the Test Report screen:
1. Navigate to either the Result overview, test specific or Summary screen.
2. Press the Menu/Power key.
3. Select Test Report from the list.

Note:
Test Reports are only available in the Ethernet application.
2.9.1 Setup

The Test Report screen consists of three tabs:

- Basic
- Comment
- Logo

To navigate between the tabs press the F2 soft key named Next Tab.

Basic
From this tab it is possible to setup what should be included in the report.

![Test Report Basic screen](image)

**Receivers/Transceivers**
Select which port(s) to include results and setups from.

**General – Include Setup**
Check if interface and test setups should be included in the report.

**General – Include Comment**
Check if comments should be included in the report.

**General – Include Error Log**
Check if the Error Log should be included in the report.
Comment
From this tab it is possible to add comments that will be included on the first page in the report. The comments will only be added if Include Comment is checked under the Basic tab.

![Test Report Comment screen](image)

**Figure 2.9.1-2 Test Report Comment screen**

Use the Up/Down arrow keys to navigate between the fields and press the Set key to edit the content.
2.9 Test Reports

Logo
From this tab it is possible to add a logo to the report. The logo will appear in the top left corner of every page of a PDF report.

![Test Report logo screen](image)

**Figure 2.9.1-3 Test Report logo screen**

**Include Logo**
If checked a logo will be included in the report.

**Path**
Choose a logo. This will open the Mass Storage screen. When the desired logo is found press the F1 soft key to load the image.

**Notes:**
- The supported image formats are JPG and PNG.
- The logo is not included in the CSV formatted output file.
2.9.2 Generating a report

To generate a report:

1. Press the Generate CSV soft key (F3) to generate a report in CSV compatible output format.
2. Press the Generate PDF soft key (F4) to generate a report in PDF output format.
3. Type in the desired name for the report in the Save As field.
4. Select USB or Internal storage in the Device field.
5. Navigate to the desired folder.
6. Press the F1 soft key, called Save report, to save the report.

![Save PDF Report screen](image1)

**Figure 2.9.2-1 Save PDF report screen**

*Note:*
The PDF file extension (.pdf) is added automatically when Generate PDF is selected.

![Save CSV Report screen](image2)

**Figure 2.9.2-2 Save CSV Report screen**

*Note:*
The CSV file extension (.csv) is added automatically when Generate CSV is selected.
### 2.9 Test Reports

#### General Operation

**Figure 2.9.2-3  Sample PDF Report**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Port A</th>
<th>TX results</th>
<th>Stream 1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TX Total Frames</td>
<td>12.500000 M</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX Total Bytes</td>
<td>1.250000 G</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX Broadcast Frames</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX Broadcast Bytes</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Throughput</td>
<td>76.9231 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utilization</td>
<td>92.3077 %</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 2.9.2-4  Sample CSV Report**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Port A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TX results</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX Total Frames</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX Total Bytes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX Broadcast Frames</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX Broadcast Bytes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Throughput</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utilization</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 3  Ethernet Application

This chapter explains the functions of the Ethernet application.

3.1 Application Ethernet Status ............................................. 3-3
3.2 Application Ethernet Setup ........................................... 3-4
  3.2.1 Interface General Setup .................................. 3-5
  3.2.2 Interface Filter Setup ..................................... 3-20
  3.2.3 Advanced Setup ............................................ 3-27
  3.2.4 Test Automator ............................................. 3-29
  3.2.5 General Setup ............................................... 3-33
3.3 Generator Test............................................................ 3-35
  3.3.1 Generator Test Setup ................................... 3-35
  3.3.2 Generator Test Results .................................. 3-54
3.4 BER Test.................................................................... 3-63
  3.4.1 BER Test Setup ............................................ 3-63
  3.4.2 BER Test Results .......................................... 3-65
3.5 Stimuli ........................................................................ 3-66
  3.5.1 Stimuli Errors and Alarms ............................. 3-66
  3.5.2 Using Stimuli ................................................. 3-69
3.6 Ping Test..................................................................... 3-70
  3.6.1 Ping Test Setup ............................................ 3-70
  3.6.2 Ping Test Results .......................................... 3-74
3.7 Cable Test................................................................... 3-75
  3.7.1 Cable Test Setup .......................................... 3-75
  3.7.2 Cable Test Results ........................................ 3-77
3.8 RFC2544 Tests........................................................... 3-78
  3.8.1 RFC2544 Throughput Test Setup ................. 3-78
  3.8.2 RFC2544 Latency Test Setup ...................... 3-86
  3.8.3 RFC2544 Burst Test Setup ........................... 3-91
  3.8.4 RFC2544 Tests Results ................................ 3-95
3.9 HTTP/FTP Download Test............................................ 3-100
  3.9.1 HTTP/FTP Download Setup ....................... 3-100
  3.9.2 HTTP/FTP Download Results ..................... 3-104
3.10 Trace Route Test ...................................................... 3-107
  3.10.1 Trace Route Setup ..................................... 3-108
  3.10.2 Trace Route Results ................................... 3-109
3.11 Y.1564 Suite ............................................................. 3-111
  3.11.1 Y.1564 Services .......................................... 3-112
  3.11.2 Y.1564 Suite – Test Configurations .......... 3-113
  3.11.3 Y.1564 Suite - Port Setup ......................... 3-115
  3.11.4 Test Automator – Adding a Y.1564 Test
    Instance....................................................... 3-116
  3.11.5 Y.1564 Suite – Test Mode Setup ............... 3-117
Chapter 3  Ethernet Application

3.11.6  Y.1564 Suite - Services Setup .................... 3-127
3.11.7  Y.1564 Config Setup .................................. 3-173
3.11.8  Y.1564 Perform Setup ................................... 3-177
3.11.9  Y.1564 ARP Processing ............................. 3-179
3.11.10 Y.1564 Test Flow ........................................ 3-179
3.11.11 Y.1564 Test Processing .............................. 3-180
3.11.12 Y.1564 Suite Global Results ....................... 3-187
3.11.13 Y.1564 Config Results ................................ 3-190
3.11.14 Y.1564 Perform Results ................................ 3-197
3.11.15 Y.1564 Reports ........................................... 3-202
3.12  Address Wizard ......................................................... 3-205
3.13  OAM Loopback Application ................................. 3-215
3.1 Application Ethernet Status

The Status screen is the first screen displayed when starting the Ethernet application.

It gives an overview of the current hardware and Ethernet status. For details about the Status screen tabs, refer to Section 2.5.

The three buttons on the right are controlled by the F1 to F3 soft keys.

- **F1** displays the Status screen. See Figure 3.1-1.
- **F2** displays/hides the Setup selector. See 3.2 “Application Ethernet Setup”.
- **F3** displays the Result overview screen. See Section 2.6.1.
3.2 Application Ethernet Setup

There are three different types of setup for the Ethernet application.

- Interface
- Test Automator
- General Setup

Pressing the F2 soft key displays a selector to select between these three types of setup.

![Setup Selector Diagram]

Figure 3.2-1 Setup Selector

The interface setup is where the common setup for all tests are done.

Navigation throughout the interface setup screens are done with the Up, Down, Left and Right arrow keys. The red frame in Figure 3.2-1 shows the current selected item. The selection is set by pressing the Set key.
3.2 Application Ethernet Setup

3.2.1 Interface General Setup

Preface

Interface setup soft keys

![Diagram of Interface Setup Screen, MAC Setup Pane]

Figure 3.2.1-1 Interface Setup Screen, MAC Setup Pane

[1] Soft keys on Interface Setup screen

- **Back** Returns to previous screen
- **Next Tab** Switches between General, Filter and Advanced setup
- **Port A/B** Displays current port and changes port when pressed
- **Stream 1 - 8** When the Multistream option is installed, this soft key displays the current stream and selects the stream when pressed.

[2] Tabs for General, Filter and Advanced setup

[3] Sets and displays status of headers in transmitted frames

- **Green** indicates that the transmitted frames contains header
- **Black** indicates that the transmitted frames will not contain header

Pressing the **Set** key while a header is selected toggles the header on/off.

[4] Pane showing content of configured header or information about header
Chapter 3  Ethernet Application

Port setup pane

![Figure 3.2.1-2  Interface Setup Screen, Port Setup Pane](image)

1. Indicates whether port interface is RJ-45 or SFP
2. Displays pop-up to select between Auto Negotiation and Forced
3. Displays pop-up to select advertised line speeds and duplexing method during auto negotiation
4. Displays pop-up to select required clock mode during 1000 Mbps auto negotiation
5. Enables/disables physical layer Flow Control

Address Wizard pane

![Figure 3.2.1-3  Interface Setup Screen, Address Wizard Pane](image)

The Address Wizard function is available to make the generation of MAC and IP addresses for multiple streams and multiple ports easier. See section 3.12 of this document for a complete description of the Address Wizard function.
MAC setup pane

Figure 3.2.1-4 Interface Setup Screen, MAC Setup Pane

[1] Sets Source MAC address
When the factory defaults are loaded, the Source MAC address is set to the factory-assigned port-specific MAC address. Refer to Section 2.7.2.

Note:
Each port has one unique MAC address. When the Multistream option is installed, the same address is set at all streams.
Chapter 3  Ethernet Application

VLAN setup pane

![Figure 3.2.1-5 Interface Setup Screen, VLAN Setup Pane]

[1] The red frame in Figure 3.2.1-5 shows a [+] symbol which indicates that the fields are currently disabled (LED on the VLAN button is black).

Press the **Set** key to change the symbol to [-] and enable editing the fields, as shown in Figure 3.2.1-6.

![Figure 3.2.1-6 Interface Setup Screen, VLAN Setup Pane]

[1] [-] symbol indicates that VLAN is enabled (LED on the VLAN button is green) and the individual header fields can be selected.

[2] Sets **VLAN TPID**. Highlight this field and press the **Set** key to see the list of choices.

[3] Sets **VLAN Priority** Highlight this field and press the **Set** key to edit the value.

[4] Sets **CFI** (Canonical Format Indicator) **Flag**. Highlight this field and press the **Set** key. If the box is selected, the CFI bit will be set in the VLAN tag.

[5] Sets **VID** (VLAN ID) value. Highlight this field and press the **Set** key to change the value. Use the **Left/Right** arrow keys to move the cursor over the digits. Use the **Up/Down** arrow keys to change the digits, as shown in Figure 3.2.1-7 below.
If option MU909060/A1/A2/A3-003 (Stacked VLAN) is installed on the unit, it is possible to define up to three (3) VLAN tags in the same manner as described above. In this case, the VLAN setup pane will appear as shown in Figure 3.2.1-8 below.

The VLAN tags will be defined in order 1,2,3, where the higher numbers are the outer most tags (closest to the MAC address in the frame structure) and VLAN 1 is the inner most tag. The tags must be defined in sequence: VLAN 2 cannot be defined before VLAN 1, VLAN 3 cannot be defined before VLAN 2.
Notes:

- The MU909060/A1/A2/A3 supports three (3) frame encapsulations, as shown in the table below. Selection of a frame encapsulation is accomplished by enabling the LLC1/SNAP header combination that corresponds to the encapsulation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Encapsulation</th>
<th>LLC1</th>
<th>SNAP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EtherType II (DIX v.2)</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IEEE 802.3 with 802.2(LLC1)</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IEEE 802.3 with SNAP</td>
<td>ON</td>
<td>ON</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Setting the SNAP header ON automatically sets the LLC1 header ON. When the SNAP header is ON, setting the LLC1 header to OFF automatically sets the SNAP header to OFF.

LLC1 setup pane

![Figure 3.2.1-9 Interface Setup Screen, LLC1 Setup Pane](image)

[1] Displays value of DSAP (Destination Service Access Points) byte
[2] Displays value of SSAP (Source Service Access Points) byte
[3] Displays value of Control byte
SNAP setup pane
The SNAP header can only be inserted when the LLC1 header is present.

Figure 3.2.1-10  Interface Setup Screen, SNAP Setup Pane

[1] Displays value of OUI (Organization code) header field
MPLS Setup Pane (Option MU909060/A1/A2/A3-004)

If option MU909060/A1/A2/A3-004 (MPLS) is installed on the unit, it is possible to define up to three (3) MPLS labels. In this case, the MPLS setup pane will appear after the SNAP setup pane, as shown in Figure 3.2.1-11 below.

![Interface Setup Screen (MPLS Option)](image)

**Figure 3.2.1-11  Interface Setup Screen (MPLS Option)**

1. [-] indicates that the header fields are enabled. [+] indicates that the header fields are disabled.
2. Sets the value for **MPLS LABEL**
3. Sets the value for MPLS CoS (class of service)
4. Sets the value for **MPLS TTL**

**Note:**

The TTL value should be set to a value greater than zero (0) or the frame will not be allowed to pass beyond the first router in the network.

The MPLS labels will be defined in order 1,2,3, where the higher numbers are the outer most labels (closest to the MAC address in the frame structure) and MPLS 1 is the inner most label. The labels must be defined in sequence; MPLS 2 cannot be defined before MPLS 1, MPLS 3 cannot be defined before MPLS 2.
3.2 Application Ethernet Setup

IPv4 setup pane

The IPv4 header cannot be selected with the IPv6 header. If the IPv4 header is selected while the IPv6 header is already selected, the IPv6 header is deselected automatically.

![IPv4 Setup Pane](image)

**Figure 3.2.1-12 Interface Setup Screen, IPv4 Setup Pane**

[1] Sets value of **Source IP Address** or displays assigned IP address when DHCP enabled.

[2] To use DHCP, put a check mark in the **Use DHCP** check box. This makes the Network Master to send a DHCP request. The status of the request is indicated by the LED icon.

- Black indicates DHCP not enabled
- Green indicates DHCP enabled and DHCP request completed
- Red indicates DHCP enabled but DHCP request not completed

Move the highlight over the **Setup...** button. Press the **Set** key. The DHCP Setup pop-up menu will be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.2.1-13 below.

To renew the DHCP lease when the link is established, enable (✓) the check-box to the left of this label.

Some networks are capable of supplying the DNS Server addresses and the Gateway address and netmask through the DHCP function. To request DHCP to retrieve the DNS Server addresses, enable (✓) the check-box to the left of the “Get DNS servers through DHCP” label. To request DHCP to retrieve the Gateway address and netmask, enable (✓) the check-box to the left of the “Get gateway setup through DHCP” label.
To set or view the DNS Server addresses, move the highlight over the **Setup...** button and press the **Set** key. The DNS Setup pop-up will be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.2.1-14 below.

If the DNS Server addresses were obtained using DHCP, the message “ Values obtained from DHCP” will be shown. To set the DNS Server addresses manually, move the highlight to the **Primary DNS server** field. Press the **Set** key. Use the pop-up editor to enter the server address. Repeat this process to enter the **Secondary DNS server** address.
[4] To use a gateway, select **Use Gateway** check box. To view or edit the gateway address and netmask, move the highlight over the **Setup...** button and press the **Set** key. The **Gateway Setup** pop-up will be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.2.1-15 below.

![Gateway Setup Pop-Up](image)

**Figure 3.2.1-15 Gateway Setup Pop-Up**

If the gateway address and network mask were obtained using DHCP, the message “*) Value obtained from DHCP” will be shown. To enter the gateway address manually, move the highlight over the **Default gateway** field and press the **Set** key. Use the pop-up editor to enter the address. To enter the **Network mask**, move the highlight over this field and press the **Set** key. Use the pop-up editor to enter the mask.

[5] Sets value of **DSCP/TOS** header field
IPv4 setup pane (continued)

[1] Putting a check mark in the More fragments (MF) check box sets the More fragments bit in the flags section of the IP header.

[2] Putting a check mark in the Don’t fragment (DF) check box sets the Don’t fragment bit in the flags section of the IP header.

[3] Putting a check mark in the Reserved (RES) check box sets the Reserved bit in the flags section of the IP header.

[4] Sets Fragment Offset

[5] Sets TTL value


When UDP (See Figure 3.2.1-18) or TCP (See Figure 3.2.1-19) is selected at the UDP or TCP Interface Setup panes this field displays the corresponding protocol value.
3.2 Application Ethernet Setup

IPv6 setup pane

The IPv6 header cannot be selected with the IPv4 header. If the IPv6 header is selected while the IPv4 header is already selected, the IPv4 header is deselected automatically.

![Interface Setup Screen, IPv6 Setup Pane](image)

**Figure 3.2.1-17  Interface Setup Screen, IPv6 Setup Pane**

1. Sets value of **Source IP Address**
2. Sets value of **Traffic Class**
3. Sets value of **Flow Label**
4. Sets value of **Next Header** field
   - When UDP (See Figure 3.2.1-18) or TCP (See Figure 3.2.1-19) is selected at the UDP or TCP setup pane, this field displays the corresponding protocol value.
5. Sets value of **Hop Limit**
UDP setup pane

Figure 3.2.1-18 Interface Setup Screen, UDP Setup Pane

[1] Sets Source Port
[2] Sets Destination Port
### TCP setup pane

![TCP setup pane diagram]

1. Sets **Source Port**
2. Sets **Destination Port**
3. Sets **Sequence number**
4. Sets **Ack. number** (acknowledge number)
5. Sets **Reserved** field
6. Sets **Flags** field

TCP setup pane (continued)

![TCP setup pane diagram (continued)]

1. Sets **Window** value
2. Sets **Urgent Pointer** value
3.2.2 Interface Filter Setup

From the Interface Filter Setup it is possible to setup filtering of incoming frames. The user interface is similar to the Interface Setup so it is easy to navigate and setup.

[1] Set and display status of filters for incoming frames

- Filter applied to incoming frames
- Filter not applied to incoming frames

Pressing the Set key while a filter is selected toggles the filter on/off.

[2] This symbol indicates a wildcard meaning “Don't care” indicating that whatever it is replacing is not part of the filter. A filter expression for a MAC address with the format 11:22:33:44:55:* means all frames where the first 5 bytes are 11:22:33:44:55 pass the filter regardless of the value of the last byte.
3.2 Application Ethernet Setup

MAC filter setup pane

![Figure 3.2.2-2 Interface Filter Setup Screen, MAC Filter Pane]

1. Sets filter value for **Source MAC** address
2. Sets filter value for **Destination MAC** address

VLAN filter setup pane

![Figure 3.2.2-3 Interface Filter Setup Screen, VLAN Filter Pane]

1. [-] indicates that the filter fields are enabled. [+] indicates that the filter fields are disabled.
2. Sets filter value for **TPID**
3. Sets filter value for **VLAN Priority**
4. Sets filter value for **CFI Flag**
5. Sets filter value for **VLAN ID**
If option MU909060/A1/A2/A3-003 (Stacked VLAN) is installed on the unit, it is possible to define up to three VLAN filters in the same manner as described above. In this case, the VLAN filter setup pane will appear as shown in Figure 3.2.2-4 below.

![VLAN Filter Pane (Stacked VLAN Option)](image)
MPLS filter setup pane

Figure 3.2.2-5  Interface Filter Setup Screen, MPLS Filter Pane

[1] [-] indicates that the filter fields are enabled. [+] indicates that the filter fields are disabled.
[2] Sets filter value for **MPLS LABEL**
[3] Sets filter value for **Experimental Bit1**
[4] Sets filter value for **Experimental Bit2**
[5] Sets filter value for **Experimental Bit3**
[6] Sets filter value for **Bottom of stack flag**
[7] Sets filter value for **MPLS TTL**

If option MU909060/A1/A2/A3-004 (MPLS) is installed on the unit, it is possible to define up to three (3) MPLS filter in the same manner as described above. In this case, the MPLS filter setup pane will appear as shown in Figure 3.2.2-6 below.

Figure 3.2.2-6  Interface Filter Setup Screen (MPLS Option)
IPv4 filter setup pane

![IPv4 filter setup pane](image)

**Figure 3.2.2-7  Interface Filter Setup Screen, IPv4 Filter Pane**

1. Sets filter value for **Source IP Address**
2. Sets filter value for **Dest. IP Address**
3.2 Application Ethernet Setup

IPv6 filter setup pane

[1] Sets filter value for **Source IP Address**
[2] Sets filter value for **Dest. IP Address**

UDP/TCP filter setup pane

[1] Sets filter value for **UDP/TCP Source Port**
[2] Sets filter value for **UDP/TCP Dest. Port**
### Table 3.2.2-1  Filter Reference (Part I)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FILTER SETTINGS</th>
<th>MAC DST ON</th>
<th>MAC SRC ON</th>
<th>VLAN OFF</th>
<th>VLAN 1 ON</th>
<th>VLAN 1,2 ON</th>
<th>VLAN 1,2,3 ON</th>
<th>MPLS OFF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MAC DST</td>
<td>M</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAC SRC</td>
<td></td>
<td>M</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLAN (none)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>P</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>F</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLAN 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>P</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>F</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLAN 1,2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>P</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>M,M</td>
<td>F</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLAN 1,2,3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>P</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>M,M,M</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPLS (none)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>P</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPLS 1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>P</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPLS 1,2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>P</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPLS 1,2,3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>P</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **M** – filter setting must match the data in the frame.
- **P** – will always pass
- **F** – will always fail

All filter fields shown in the tables are considered together. All fields that are enabled must either match the frame data for the field (M) or always pass (P), for the frame to pass the filter.

### Table 3.2.2-2  Filter Reference (Part II)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FILTER SETTINGS</th>
<th>MPLS 1 ON</th>
<th>MPLS 1,2 ON</th>
<th>MPLS 1,2,3 ON</th>
<th>IP DST ON</th>
<th>IP SRC ON</th>
<th>UDP/T CP DST ON</th>
<th>UDP/T CP SRC ON</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MPLS (none)</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>F</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPLS 1</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>F</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPLS 1,2</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>M,M</td>
<td>F</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPLS 1,2,3</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>M,M,M</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP DST</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>M</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP SRC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>M</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UDP/TCP DST</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>M</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UDP/TCP SRC</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>M</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **M** – filter setting must match the data in the frame.
- **P** – will always pass
- **F** – will always fail

All filter fields shown in the tables are considered together. All fields that are enabled must either match the frame data for the field (M) or always pass (P), for the frame to pass the filter.
3.2.3 Advanced Setup

From the Interface Advanced Setup it is possible to configure some advanced selections. The **Incoming Frames** panel includes configuration selections to enable the response to standard protocol frames for ARP (address resolution protocol) and Ping, and a proprietary command protocol used in RFC testing. The **RX Setup** panel includes configuration selections that control the measurement of certain framing parameters.

Incoming Frames setup pane

![Incoming Frames setup pane](image)

**Figure 3.2.3-1 Interface Advanced Setup Screen, Incoming Frames**

1. Answers ARP requests with MAC and IP addresses matching settings shown in Figure 3.2.1-4 and Figure 3.2.1-11 when check box is selected.

2. Answers pings (ICMP echo requests) with MAC and IP addresses matching settings shown in Figure 3.2.1-4 and Figure 3.2.1-11 when check box is selected.

3. Network Master functions as master or slave at RFC2544 or Y.1564 Suite End-to-End test when check box is selected.
**RX Setup pane**

![RX Setup pane](image)

Figure 3.2.3-2  Interface Advanced Setup Screen, Rx Setup

1. **Expected Preamble Length:** Sets minimum number of expected bytes in Preamble
2. **Ignore preamble violations:** Ignore Preamble violations in results when check box is selected.
3. **IFG lower threshold:** Sets limit for minimum number of bytes expected in IFG
4. **Jumbo frame size upper limit:** Sets maximum number of bytes in frame before handled as oversized frame

---

[1] Sets minimum number of expected bytes in Preamble
[2] Ignore Preamble violations in results when check box is selected.
[3] Sets limit for minimum number of bytes expected in IFG
[4] Sets maximum number of bytes in frame before handled as oversized frame
3.2.4 Test Automator

The **Test Automator** function selects the test or series of tests to run.

This initial setup screen is displayed when **Test Automator** is selected.

![Test Automator Setup Screen](image)

**Figure 3.2.4-1  Test Automator Setup Screen**

The **Test Automator** screen has the following soft keys.

- **Status (F1)** Returns to status screen
- **Setup (F2)** Displays setup selector shown in Figure 3.2-1.
- **Result (F3)** Displays results summary

The **Test schedule** box is navigated using the **Up, Down, Left and Right** arrow keys. The red square shown in Figure 3.2.4-1 indicates the current selection. To set the selection, press the **Set** key.

After the required tests have been set in **Test schedule** box press the **Start** key to start.

**Note:**

In V3.00 and higher, when a test in the Test schedule is running, pressing the **Start** key will cause the menu below to be displayed:

![Stop All Tests Menu](image)

Use the **Up/Down** arrow keys to move the highlight over the desired action, as described in the table below. Press the **Set** key to complete the selection.
### Table 3.2.4-1  Start Key Actions (Test Automator Running)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stop All Tests</td>
<td>Equivalent to the function of the Start key in V2.xx and lower. Stops all tests in the Test Automator Schedule.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stop Current</td>
<td>Stops only the current test and transfers execution to the next test in the Test Automator Schedule (if any).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cancel</td>
<td>No action. Provided in case the Start key was pressed unintentionally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reset Test</td>
<td>Only shown when an instance of the Generator test is running, the results mode is Cumulative, and both ports are set to Duration/Mode = Continuous. This action will re-set all of the statistics (Cumulative SDT, and Channel Stats) and re-start the collection process.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Pressing the **Set** key shown in Figure 3.2.4-1 displays the test selection pop-up shown in Figure 3.2.4-2.

Use the **Up** and **Down** arrow keys to navigate between the tests. Press the **Set** key to select the test.

When a test is selected it is displayed in the **Test schedule** box.
Use the **Up, Down, Left and Right** arrow keys to move the red frame to the following options:

- **Test setup:** pressing **Set** while this is selected displays the test-specific setup screens. This setup is described in the sections about specific tests.

- **Remove test:** pressing **Set** while this is selected, removes the test from the **Test schedule** box.

- **Move test:** pressing **Set** while this is selected moves the test as shown:

  ![Figure 3.2.4-4  Test Schedule with Test Movement Enabled](image)

  As shown in Figure 3.2.4-4, when the arrow is in bold, use the **Up** and **Down** arrow keys to move the selected test up or down in the list.

  ![Figure 3.2.4-5  Test Schedule with Test Moved](image)

  Pressing **Set** disables movement so the **Up, Down, Left and Right** arrow keys can be used to select between the three test options again.

  ![Figure 3.2.4-6  Test Schedule with Movement Disabled after Test Moved](image)
3.2.5 General Setup

The **General Setup** function allows the user to select options that are common to all applications.

**Note:** Streams are only used by the Generator application.

![General Setup Screen](image)

**Figure 3.2.5-1 General Setup Screen**

To change the General Setup options, perform the following steps:

1. Use the **Up, Down, Left, Right** arrow keys to select the option to be enabled, as indicated by the red circle.

2. The option will change to an enabled state, as indicated by the center dot in the option (radio) button.

3. Repeat step 1 until all options have been changed to the desired settings.

4. Press the **Back (F1)** soft key to return to the previous display.
Chapter 3  Ethernet Application

The available options are listed below:

**Threshold Recovery Time** – if a metric has violated its threshold and has caused a ( ) failing status indication, the metric must return to a non-violating level for a minimum amount of time, defined by this setting, before the test will show a ( ) passing status indication.

**Logging Mode** – The event log can hold a maximum of one-thousand (1000) records per test schedule execution. This option determines the behavior of event logging once the event log becomes full.

- **Wrap on Full** - indicates that logging will continue, and the oldest record will be overwritten.
- **Stop on Full** - indicates that error logging will stop. The current log will be preserved but new events will be lost.

**Auto Save Mode** – determines the state of the Auto Save feature, which automatically saves the results at the end of the execution of the test schedule.

- **On** – results will be saved automatically at the end of the execution of the test schedule.
- **Off** – results will not be saved automatically at the end of the execution of the test schedule. The Save Results function must be used to save results manually.

**Stream Key Mode**

When the Multistream option (MU909060A1/A2/A3-002) is installed on the unit, a Stream (F4) softkey is present on many setup and result screens. For examples see Section 3.2.1 “Interface General Setup”, Figures Figure 3.2.1-1, Figure 3.2.1-3 to 3.2.1-10, 3.2.1-14 to 3.2.1-18, Section 3.3.1 “Generator Test Setup”, Figures 3.3.1-3, 3.3.1-5 to 3.3.1-8, and Section 3.3.2 “Generator Test Results”, Figures 3.3.2-1 to 3.3.2-4.

- **Select Stream** – pressing the Stream (F4) softkey will cause the Stream Selector dialog (see Figure 3.3.1-4) to be shown.
- **Next Stream** – each time the Stream (F4) softkey is pressed, it will automatically increment the stream number to the next stream (from 1 to 8 in sequence), or wrap back to stream 1 if the maximum number of streams has been reached. The Stream Selector dialog is not displayed.
3.3 Generator Test

The Generator function is used to generate traffic and monitor an Ethernet connection. It works in conjunction with Interface Setup.

The framing is set at the Interface Setup screen; the Generator Test setup is used to define the stream control mode, line load, frame size profile, destination address, and user thresholds.

3.3.1 Generator Test Setup

Up to eight Generator tests can be added to the Test Automator. Each test has separate setup parameters. To setup a Generator test, press the icon at the Test Automator screen. See Section 3.2.4 “Test Automator” for further information about the Test Automator function.

The Generator test setup screen has seven standard panes:

- Unit
- Mode/Duration
- Line Load
- Frame Size
- Destination
- Thresholds
- SDT (Service Disruption Time)

In addition, one additional pane if option MU909060/A1/A2/A3-006 is installed on the unit:

- Channel Stats (Channel Statistics)

Note:

The Generator result screens (Current, Cumulative, Graph, and SDT) are stream specific. This means the results only include information about frames that pass stream filters which are setup automatically by the application. The Stream ID Control setting described below determines how the stream filters are set.
The **Unit** pane shown in Figure 3.3.1-1 includes a **Stream ID Control** field which sets the configuration for traffic generation and monitoring for the entire unit (both ports and all streams). Four different configurations can be selected:

**Table 3.3.1-1  Stream ID Control Modes**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stream ID Control</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Any MU909060A-Any Port</td>
<td>This configuration will set the unit to accept traffic from any other MU909060A unit. This configuration is used to measure frame loss in a two unit (end to end) configuration using sequence number counting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This Unit-Same Port</td>
<td>This configuration will set the unit to only accept traffic into the streams on Port A/B that it generated from Port A/B. This configuration allows precise frame loss and other measurements to be made when the unit (unit A) is transmitting to a second unit (unit B), where unit B is setup to reflect traffic back to unit A on the same port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>This Unit-Opposite Port</td>
<td>This configuration will set the unit such that Port A will only accept traffic from Port B, and Port B will only accept traffic from Port A. This configuration allows precise frame loss and other measurements to be made in a loop (Port A to Port B) configuration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any Source</td>
<td>This configuration will set the unit to accept frames from any source into the streams.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Note:</td>
<td>In this configuration the address headers (described in Interface Setup) are used as stream filters. The destination address fields and all headers of incoming frames must match those of the source address fields and all headers defined in interface setup, in structure and value, according to Table 3.3.1-2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ver 1.x Compatibility</td>
<td>This configuration will set the unit to operate in a mode that is compatible with V1.x software for measuring Frame Loss.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Note:</td>
<td>In this configuration the address headers (described in Interface Setup) are used as stream filters. The destination address fields and all headers of incoming frames must match those of the source address fields and all headers defined in interface setup, in structure and value, according to Table 3.3.1-2.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 3.3.1-2 Stream Filter Reference

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FRAME CONTENTS</th>
<th>MAC DST</th>
<th>VLAN (none)</th>
<th>VLAN 1</th>
<th>VLAN 1,2</th>
<th>VLAN 1,2,3</th>
<th>IP SRC</th>
<th>UDP/TCP SRC PORT</th>
<th>UDP/ TCP DST</th>
<th>IP DST</th>
<th>UDP/TCP DST</th>
<th>VLAN DST</th>
<th>VLAN DST</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MAC SRC</td>
<td>VLAN Off</td>
<td>VLAN 1,2</td>
<td>VLAN 1,2,3</td>
<td>VLAN 1,2,3</td>
<td>VLAN 1,2,3</td>
<td>VLAN 1,2,3</td>
<td>VLAN 1,2,3</td>
<td>VLAN 1,2,3</td>
<td>VLAN 1,2,3</td>
<td>VLAN 1,2,3</td>
<td>VLAN 1,2,3</td>
<td>VLAN 1,2,3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>M,M,M</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>M</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

M – filter setting must match the data in the frame. For VLANs, only the VID is considered. The TPID, PRI and CFI fields are ignored.

P – will always pass

F – will always fail

All filter fields shown in Table 3.3.1-2 are considered together. All fields that are enabled must either match the frame data for the field (M) or always pass (P), for the frame to pass the filter.

**Notes:**

- Many control frames for protocols such as ARP, PING, DNS, DHCP, and RFC which are used to discover addresses and establish communications also follow the filter rules shown in Table 3.3.1-2 above. If any of these protocols are enabled in a test, then the destination address fields and headers defined in the test must match the source address fields and headers defined in interface setup according to Table 3.3.1-2, or these protocols will fail and the test will not proceed as expected. This note applies for all of Stream ID Control settings.

- V2.0x is not backwards compatible with V1.0x for multistream frame loss testing. It is recommended to upgrade all units to V2.0x to obtain the latest multistream frame loss methods. V2.0x is available as a free download from:

To select a **Stream ID Control** setting:
Use the **Up**, **Down**, **Left**, **Right** arrow keys to navigate to the input field.
Press the **Set** key. The **Stream ID Control** pop-up menu will be shown.
Use the **Up**, **Down** arrow keys to highlight a selection.
Press the **Set** key to make the selection and close the pop-up menu.

![Figure 3.3.1-1 Generator Setup Screen, Unit Pane](image)

The **Mode/Duration** pane shown in Figure 3.3.1-2 sets the port-specific traffic duration and generator modes.

![Figure 3.3.1-2 Generator Setup Screen, Mode/Duration Pane](image)
There are two generator modes as described below:

- **Generator+Monitor**
  Generates traffic with the framing that is setup at Interface Setup and at a rate specified at the Line Load pane.
- **Monitor only**
  Starts Generator test without transmitting frames

There are three Duration modes:

- **Continuous**
  Generator test runs until stopped manually.
- **Timed**
  Generator test runs for specified time period.
- **Frames**
  Generator test stops after specified number of frames sent.

**Note:**
The receiver (Monitor) will typically remain active for one or two seconds after the transmitter (Generator) has stopped transmitting, to allow the last frames that were transmitted to reach the receiver and be counted. If relatively few frames are received during this period it may cause the average rate statistics such as Throughput (%) and Utilization (%) to decrease significantly in the last seconds, and the final values shown for these statistics may not accurately represent the rates that were observed during the main portion of the test, when the transmitter was active.
The **Line Load** setup pane defines the line load profile for the test.

![Figure 3.3.1-3 Generator Setup Screen, Line Load Pane](image)

**Note:**

Multiple streams are supported only if the Multistream option is installed.

If the **Stream Key Mode** in **General Setup** is set to **Select Stream**, pressing the **Stream** soft key (F4) displays the Stream Selector pop-up (Figure 3.3.1-4). Green indicates an active stream and black indicates an inactive stream. (Profile set to **Off**.)

![Figure 3.3.1-4 Generator Setup Screen, Stream Selector](image)
3.3 Generator Test

[1] Specifies the line profile to be used for the currently selected stream. The line profile can be one of the selections listed below:

- **Off** – the stream is inactive.
- **Constant** – the stream will transmit at a constant line rate.
- **Ramped (Keep)** – the stream will execute a ramped line load profile, and will maintain the end line rate when the ramp is complete.
- **Ramped (Invert)** – the stream will execute a ramped line load profile. When each cycle of the ramp is complete, the stream will invert the current profile and begin a new cycle (start line rate will become the end line rate, end line rate will become the start line rate) and the ramp will repeat.
- **Ramped (Repeat)** – the stream will execute a ramped line load profile. When execution of the ramp is complete (end line load reached), the stream will reset the line rate to the “start” value and repeat the ramp.

[2] Line rates can be specified in % (of current interface line rate) or Mbps (megabits per second)

[3] Start – the initial line rate.


[5] Step – the amount to increment (or decrement) the initial line rate.

[6] (Step) Duration – the length of time to remain at each line rate (when running a ramped profile).

**Total line load** at the bottom of the pane shows the percentage and number of active streams. More streams cannot be activated when the total line load is 100%. Total line load is only displayed when the Multistream option is installed.

The **Frame Size** setup pane defines the frame size profile for the test.

![Figure 3.3.1-5 Generator Setup Screen, Frame Size Pane](image)

---

### Frame Size Setup Pane

- **Profile:** Constant
- **Start:** 100
- **End:** 500
- **Step:** 50
- **Duration:** 00:00:01
- **Payload Pattern:** PRBS23

---

3-41
Chapter 3  Ethernet Application

[1] Defines the frame size profile.
The following profiles are available:

**Constant**

- Frame Size does not change and constant size is specified in **Start** field
- Profile: Constant
- Start: 100 Bytes

**Random**

- Generator sends frames of random sizes between values specified at **Start** and **End**
- Profile: Random
- Start: 100 Bytes
- End: 500 Bytes

**Stepped**

- Frame Size incremented by value specified at **Step** from **Start** to **End** for interval specified at **Duration** and repeated until test stopped
- Profile: Stepped
- Start: 100 Bytes
- End: 500 Bytes
- Step: 50 Bytes
- Duration: 00:00:01 In seconds

[4] Step – the amount to increase (decrease) the frame size at each step.
[5] (Step) Duration – the length of time to remain at each frame size (when running a stepped profile).
[6] Payload Pattern defines the bit pattern that will be included in the payload area of the transmitted frames.

**Note:**

When **Generator Mode** is set to **Monitor Only**, all active streams are ignored.
The **Destination** setup pane is where the destination of **MAC** and **IP** are defined. The source **MAC** and **IP** are set at the **Interface Setup** screen.

![Figure 3.3.1-6 Generator Setup Screen, Destination Pane](image)

**MAC**

The **Destination MAC** can be specified either manually or resolved by ARP lookup. Select the **Use ARP** check box to enable ARP lookup. A percentage of the current **Stream Line Load** can be used for sending broadcast frames.

**IP**

The **Dest. IP Address** can be specified either manually or resolved by DNS lookup. Select the **Use DNS** check box to enable DNS lookup and input the host name. Up to 128 characters can be entered.

![Figure 3.3.1-7 Generator Setup Screen, Host Name Input Editor](image)

The LED icon shows the lookup progress/result:

- Black indicates Lookup not executed
- Gray (Blinking) indicates lookup in progress
- Green indicates Lookup succeeded
- Red indicates Lookup failed
The **Threshold** setup pane is where user thresholds can be set. When user thresholds are enabled, the system will monitor the results of the Generator test and (optionally) log a violation message when one or more of the active thresholds are violated. Threshold violations will cause a FAIL indication to be shown on the Result Overview screen (refer to Section 2.6.1). If no thresholds are violated, a PASS indication will be shown.

![Figure 3.3.1-8  Generator Setup Screen, Threshold Pane](image)

1. Each threshold has four (4) check boxes that are used to define how the threshold is applied.

   - **Current** – define the threshold for the current (per second) Generator result.
   - **Average** – define the threshold for the average (cumulative) Generator result.
   - **Use** – enable this threshold and use it to determine a PASS or FAIL result for the test.
   - **Log** – make an entry in the event log if this threshold is violated.

Thresholds can be set on the following statistics:

1. Current or average Frame Rate.
2. Current and average Utilization %. The measurement of utilization includes all overhead bits in the frame.
3. Current and average Throughput %. The measurement of throughput includes only the user data in the frame.
4. Current and average Errors (PPM). The number of errored frames relative to the number of total frames, in PPM units.
5. Current and average Frame Loss (PPM). The number of frames lost relative to the number of frames that should have been received, in PPM units.
If enabled, the thresholds for Utilization %, Throughput %, and Errors % are shown above the bar graphs for each of these statistics on the Graph Tab. The thresholds are shown as a green line in the region of the graph where the statistic will PASS the threshold, and a red line in the region of the graph where the statistic will FAIL the threshold. See Figure 3.3.2-3 for an example of the Graph Tab with thresholds enabled.

The SDT (Service Disruption Time) setup pane is where the run-time threshold and user thresholds for the SDT test can be set.

The purpose of the SDT measurement is to provide statistics on how long and how frequently the network was unavailable during normal operations, or periods when service affecting events or changes to the network topology occurred.

The SDT measurement is a function of the monitoring feature of the Generator test and is always active. The SDT measurement will collect independent statistics for each active stream on one or both ports. A basic unit has one (1) stream available on each port. Up to eight (8) streams are available on each port if the Multistream option is installed on the receiving unit.

Once a Generator test is started, for each active stream, the MU909060A unit will measure the gap between consecutive incoming frames (IFG) that pass its filters. Note that a frame must pass both the global filters (Interface setup, Filter tab) and the stream filters, which are pre set by the software (see description of the Stream ID Control feature above), to be received in a stream. The user can set a run-time threshold for each stream that defines the smallest IFG (or period of inactivity) that should be considered a service disruption for that stream. Each time the measured IFG for a stream exceeds the threshold for that stream, the measurement will be considered a service disruption and included in the SDT statistics for that stream.

The SDT measurement will filter incoming traffic to eliminate broadcast and discovery protocol traffic from adjacent NEs (i.e. traffic that did not traverse the network) that could invalidate the results. The exact nature of the filters used depends on the configuration of the test, as shown in the table below.
### Table 3.3.1-3 SDT Configuration Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measurement</th>
<th>Traffic Source</th>
<th>Address Requirements Receiving Unit</th>
<th>Number of Units</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>In Service</td>
<td>Normal Network Traffic (not generated by a MU909060A)</td>
<td>The destination MAC and IP addresses of the received frames must match the source MAC and IP addresses of the receiving stream(s). In addition, on the MU909060A, if a stream’s source addressing (Interface setup) includes VLAN and/or TCP/UDP, then the incoming frames must include these fields and their values (such as VID for VLAN) must match exactly. Refer to Table 3.3.1-2. Set receiver's Stream ID Control to Any Source.</td>
<td>One at each monitoring point.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In/Out Service</td>
<td>Generator Unit to Unit</td>
<td>None. Set receiver’s Stream ID Control to Any MW909060A-Any Port.</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In/Out Service</td>
<td>Generator Port A to Port B</td>
<td>None. Set unit’s Stream ID Control to This Unit-Opposite Port.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In/Out Service</td>
<td>Generator Port to Reflector</td>
<td>None. Set unit’s Stream ID Control to This Unit-Same Port.</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 3.3.1-9 Generator Setup Screen, SDT Pane

**Figure 3.3.1-9 Generator Setup Screen, SDT Pane**

- SDT Test Threshold: 00:00:00:000010
- Use: Log
  - Total SDT (Count) > 0
  - Max SDT (Time) > 00:00:00:000010
  - Total SDT (Time) > 00:00:00:000010
  - Total SDT (%) > 0

- Stimuli:
  - Port A
  - Stream 1
Run Time Threshold
[1] **SDT Test Threshold** – if the gaps between two consecutive frames (that pass all filters) exceeds this value, an SDT event will be recorded at the end of the gap (start of the next frame received).

User Thresholds
[2] **Total SDT (Count)** - if the total number of SDTs recorded exceeds this value, a threshold violation will occur.
[3] **Max SDT Time** – if the largest (longest) recorded SDT exceeds this value, a threshold violation will occur.
[4] **Total SDT Time** – if the total recorded SDT time exceeds this value, a threshold violation will occur.
[5] **Total SDT %** - if the total SDT time as a percentage of total test time exceeds this value, a threshold violation will occur.

If option MU909060/A1/A2/A3-006 (Channel Statistics) is installed on the unit, the Channel Stats setup pane will be displayed. The Channel Stats feature is a function of the monitoring feature of the Generator test, and can be enabled or disabled as described below. The Channel Stats feature operates on one or both ports, but it is not stream specific. All incoming frames must pass only the global filters (Interface Setup, Filter tab) to be processed by the Channel Stats feature.

The Channel Statistics option allows the user to select a combination of up to three (3) key fields that define a channel. The user can also select the operating mode, sorting mode, and main counter (statistic) to be used. Once the test is started, all incoming frames (that pass the global filters) are examined and the following actions are performed:

- **New Channel** – the data pattern in the frame’s key fields has not been seen before; a new channel is created (if there is room in the table).
- **Existing Channel** – the data pattern in the frame’s key fields has been seen before; it’s statistics will be added to the statistics for the existing channel.
- **Table is Full** – the data pattern in the frame’s key fields has not been seen before, but there is no room in the table to create a new channel; the frame’s statistics will be added to the statistics of the overflow channel.

The resulting channels are presented in tabular form (see Section 3.3.2).
Figure 3.3.1-10  Generator Setup Screen, Channel Stats

To setup the Channel Stats feature, perform the following steps:

[1] Enable Channel Stats
To enable the Channel Stats feature, use the Left, Right, Up, Down arrow keys to highlight the Channel Stats button. Press the Set key so that the LED button turns green. To disable the feature, press the Set key so that the LED turns black.

[2] Key Fields
1. Use the Up, Down, Left, Right arrow keys to highlight the Key 1 (or Key 2 or Key 3) button. Press the Set key, the Select Key pop-up list will be shown (see the table below for a description of each key).
2. Use the Up, Down arrow keys to highlight the desired key name.
3. Press the Set key to select the key.

Notes:
- Key 1 must always be defined. Key 2 and Key 3 are optional and can be set to the value NONE to indicate they will not be used.
- There is no significance to the order of Key 1, Key 2, Key 3 other than 1) there is an option to sort on Key 1 and 2) the data will be presented in the table columns main counter, Key 1, (Key 2, Key 3 if used).
3.3 Generator Test


4. Use the Up, Down, Left, Right arrow keys to highlight the Mode field. Press the Set key, the Select Mode pop-up list will be shown.
   • Order of Arrival – the channels are discovered solely by the order in which the frames arrive at the receiver. No other consideration is given. Once the table is filled, no other channels can be discovered.
   • Top Talker Mode – a special algorithm is used to automatically eliminate the channels that exhibit low throughput, allowing new and potentially high throughput channels to enter the table.

5. Use the Up, Down arrow keys to highlight a selection. Press the Set key to select the mode.

[4] Sort On (only available when Order of Arrival mode is selected)

6. Use the Up, Down, Left, Right arrow keys to highlight the Sort On field. Press the Set key, the Sort Table On pop-up list will be shown.
   • Channel ID – the channels are presented in the order in which they were discovered.
   • First Key – the channels are sorted on the Key 1 data field.
   • Main Counter – the channels are sorted on the Main Counter data field.

[5] Main Counter

7. Use the Up, Down arrow keys to highlight a selection. Press the Set key to select the sort field.

8. Use the Up, Down, Left, Right arrow keys to highlight the Main Counter field. Press the Set key, the Select Counter pop-up list will be shown.
   • Frames – the number of received frames for the channel is shown.
   • Bits – the number of received bits for the channel is shown.
   • Errors – the number of received errored frames for the channel is shown.

Note:
When Top Talker mode is selected, a frame rate (Frames/Sec), bit rate (Bits/Sec) or error rate (Errors/Sec) is shown in the Main Counter field of the table.
The following selections are only available in **Order of Arrival** mode:

- **Size [64-127]** – the number of received frames in this size range is shown.
- **Size [128-255]** – the number of received frames in this size range is shown.
- **Size [256-511]** – the number of received frames in this size range is shown.
- **Size [512-1023]** – the number of received frames in this size range is shown.
- **Size [1024-Jumbo]** – the number of received frames in this size range is shown.
- **Size [> Jumbo]** – the number of received frames in this size range is shown.

9. Use the **Up, Down** arrow keys to highlight a selection. Press the **Set** key to select a main counter field.

---

[6] **VLAN Levels**

If any VLAN type keys are selected, it is necessary to indicate the number of VLAN tags in the structure of received frames. Received frames that do not have the exact number of VLAN tags specified by the user will not be considered for inclusion in a channel; instead the statistics for these frames will be added to the overflow channel. The diagram below indicates which VLAN tag in the frame structure will be presented in the Key column for each key.

![Channel Stats, VLAN Key Mapping](image)

*Figure 3.3.1-11 Channel Stats, VLAN Key Mapping*
10. Use the **Left, Right, Up, Down** arrow keys to highlight the **VLAN Levels** field. Press the **Set** key and the **VLAN Levels** pop-up menu will be displayed. Use the **Up/Down** arrow keys to highlight a selection in the list. Press the **Set** key to make the selection and close the pop-up menu.

**Note:**

If no VLAN keys are selected this field will not be available for selection and the value shown for the field will have no affect on the results.

**Table 3.3.1-4  VLAN Levels Selection**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Highest Key Selected</th>
<th>VLAN Levels Available For Selection</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VLAN3</td>
<td>3 (fixed, selection not available)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLAN2</td>
<td>3, 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLAN1</td>
<td>3, 2, 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>None</td>
<td>0 (fixed, selection not available)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[7] **MPLS Levels**

If any MPLS type keys are selected, it is necessary to indicate the number of MPLS labels in the structure of received frames. Received frames that do not have the exact number of MPLS labels specified by the user will not be considered for inclusion in a channel; instead the statistics for these frames will be added to the **overflow channel**. The diagram below indicates which MPLS label in the frame structure will be presented in the **Key column** for each key.
11. Use the **Left, Right, Up, Down** arrow keys to highlight the **MPLS Levels** field. Press the **Set** key and the **MPLS Levels** pop-up menu will be displayed. Use the **Up/Down** arrow keys to highlight a selection in the list. Press the **Set** key to make the selection and close the pop-up menu.

![Diagram](image)

**Figure 3.3.1-12  Channel Stats, MPLS Key Mapping**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Highest Key Selected</th>
<th>MPLS Levels Available For Selection</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MPLS3</td>
<td>3 (fixed, selection not available)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPLS2</td>
<td>3, 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPLS1</td>
<td>3, 2, 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>None</td>
<td>0 (fixed, selection not available)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 3.3.1-5  MPLS Levels Selection**

*Note:*  
If no MPLS keys are selected this field will not be available for selection and the value shown in the field will have no affect on the results.
### Table 3.3.1-6  Channel Stats Key Selections

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Field</th>
<th>Selection Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MAC destination address</td>
<td>MAC DST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAC source address</td>
<td>MAC SRC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv4 destination address</td>
<td>IPv4 DST</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv4 source address</td>
<td>IPv4 SRC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv4 QoS bits and protocol</td>
<td>IPv4 QoS&amp;PROT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv4 QoS bits</td>
<td>IPv4 QoS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv4 protocol</td>
<td>IPv4 PROT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TCP/UDP destination port</td>
<td>DST PORT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TCP/UDP source port</td>
<td>SRC PORT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLAN1 - TPID+VID+Priority</td>
<td>VLAN1 ALL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLAN1 - VID+Priority</td>
<td>VLAN1 ID &amp; PRI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLAN1 - VID</td>
<td>VLAN1 ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLAN1 - Priority</td>
<td>VLAN1 PRI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLAN2 - TPID+VID+Priority</td>
<td>VLAN2 ALL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLAN2 - VID+Priority</td>
<td>VLAN2 ID &amp; PRI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLAN2 - VID</td>
<td>VLAN2 ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLAN2 - Priority</td>
<td>VLAN2 PRI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLAN3 - TPID+VID+Priority</td>
<td>VLAN3 ALL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLAN3 - VID+Priority</td>
<td>VLAN3 ID &amp; PRI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLAN3 - VID</td>
<td>VLAN3 ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLAN3 - Priority</td>
<td>VLAN3 PRI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPLS1 Label + CoS bits</td>
<td>MPLS1 LBL&amp;CoS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPLS1 Label</td>
<td>MPLS1 LBL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPLS1 CoS bits</td>
<td>MPLS1 CoS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPLS2 Label + Cos bits</td>
<td>MPLS2 LBL&amp;CoS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPLS2 Label</td>
<td>MPLS2 LBL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPLS2 Cos bits</td>
<td>MPLS2 CoS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPLS3 Label + Cos bits</td>
<td>MPLS3 LBL&amp;CoS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPLS3 Label</td>
<td>MPLS3 LBL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPLS3 CoS bits</td>
<td>MPLS3 CoS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv6 QoS bits and next header</td>
<td>IPv6 QoS&amp;HDR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv6 QoS bits</td>
<td>IPv6 QoS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IPv6 next header (protocol)</td>
<td>IPv6 HDR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
To set up the generator, the user must consider the following:

- The Stream ID Control mode
- Whether the instrument should act only as a monitor or should generate traffic too.
- The test duration.
- The number of streams used when the Multistream option is installed.
- The Line Load Profile to use.
- The Frame Size Profile to use.
- The type of payload to use.
- Whether the destination addresses are specified.
- Whether thresholds should be applied.
- Whether the SDT results will be used or not, and whether thresholds should be applied.
- Whether the Channel Stats results will be used or not, and which keys and options are of interest.

### 3.3.2 Generator Test Results

*Note:*

In V3.00 and higher, when the Test schedule is running, pressing the **Start** key will cause the menu shown below to be displayed. In addition, if an instance of the Generator test is running, the results mode is set to Cumulative, and both ports are set to Duration/Mode of Continuous, then an additional menu item, **Reset Test**, is available on the menu.

![Stop All Tests](image)

If this menu item is selected, all of the statistics (Cumulative, SDT, and Channel Stats) will be re-set, and the collection process will be re-started.

The **Generator Result** screen (Figure 3.3.2-1, Figure 3.3.2-2, Figure 3.3.2-3, Figure 3.3.2-4 and Figure 3.3.2-5) are accessed from the **Result overview** screen. They summarize traffic flow based on streams. Use the **Port (F3)** and **Stream (F4)** soft keys to select which results are displayed.
3.3 Generator Test

Figure 3.3.2-1 Generator Results Screen, Current Tab

Notes:

- Figure 3.3.2-1 shows Current statistics which are rates per second. These statistics do not accumulate. Figure 3.3.2-2 shows Cumulative statistics which are rates that are averaged over the duration of the test. The graphs on Figure 3.3.2-3 represent the Current statistics.

- Prior to version 2.02, when using 1000Base-X protocol, it was not possible to achieve full (100%) line rate when transmitting a stream that contained a significant percentage of odd length frames. In this case the system enforced a minimum of twelve (12) bytes of IFG for all frames, and the 1000Base-X protocol added an extra byte of IFG when transmitting an odd length frame, resulting in thirteen (13) bytes of IFG for each odd length frame that was transmitted.

Starting with V2.02, the system will track the transmission of odd length frames and transmit either eleven (11) or thirteen (13) bytes of IFG on an alternating basis, such that twelve (12) bytes of IFG are transmitted on average. The user should be aware that when the unit transmits less than twelve (12) bytes of IFG, it may cause IFG violations to be reported at the receiver.
Table 3.3.2-1  Generator Test - Monitor Results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TX,RX Total Frames</td>
<td>Number of good unicast and broadcast frames transmitted by the port/stream. Number of good unicast frames received by the port/stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unicast Frames</td>
<td>Number of good unicast frames transmitted by the port/stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX Broadcast Frames</td>
<td>Number of broadcast frames transmitted by the port/stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX,RX Errored Frames</td>
<td>Number of frames transmitted and received with errors for the port/stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX,RX Total Bits</td>
<td>Number of good unicast and broadcast bits (excluding overhead bits) transmitted by the port/stream. Number of good unicast bits (excluding overhead bits) received by the port/stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX,RX Throughput (Mbps)</td>
<td>Number of good unicast and broadcast bits (excluding overhead bits) transmitted by the port/stream. Number of good unicast bits (excluding overhead bits) received by the port/stream. Expressed as an average rate in Mbps. See Figure 3.8.1-6.1 (Physical Layer no preamble) for a graphical depiction of the bytes that are counted in the throughput calculation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX,RX Utilization (%)</td>
<td>Number of good unicast and broadcast bits (including overhead bits) transmitted by the port/stream. Number of good unicast bits (including overhead bits) received by the port/stream. Expressed as an average rate in percentage of full capacity of the link speed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX,RX Throughput (%)</td>
<td>Number of good unicast and broadcast bits (excluding overhead bits) transmitted by the port/stream. Number of good unicast bits (excluding overhead bits) received by the port/stream. Expressed as an average rate in percentage of full capacity of the link speed. See Figure 3.8.1-6.1 (Physical Layer no preamble) for a graphical depiction of the bytes that are counted in the throughput calculation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frame Loss (not shown if Stream ID Control is set to Any Source)</td>
<td>Number of frames lost, based on the current frame loss calculation method (see Stream ID Control setting)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frame Loss (%) (not shown if Stream ID Control is set to Any Source)</td>
<td>Number of frames lost as a percentage of the number of frames that should have been received, based on the current frame loss calculation method.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.3 Generator Test

See Section 3.3.1 “Generator Test Setup” for a description of the SDT (Service Disruption Time) test.
### Table 3.3.2-2  Generator Test – SDT Results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SDT Threshold</td>
<td>This is the threshold set by the user. It is shown on the display for reference.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min</td>
<td>Smallest (shortest) service disruption seen so far.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max</td>
<td>Largest (longest) service disruption seen so far.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Count</td>
<td>Count of all service disruptions (IFGs that exceeded the SDT threshold)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average</td>
<td>Total / Count</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>Accumulated time of all service disruptions (IFGs that exceeded the SDT threshold)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last Frame Received</td>
<td>Timestamp of the last one second interval where at least one frame was received. Used to mark the start of a long disruption that is still in progress.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Test Time</td>
<td>Elapsed time since the test started</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total SDT (%)</td>
<td>Total disruption time as a percentage of total test time.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
If option MU909060/A1/A2/A3-006 (Channel Statistics) is installed on the unit, the Channel Stats results screen will be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.3.2-5.

![Figure 3.3.2-5  Generator Results, Channel Stats Tab](image)

**Notes:**

- The Channel Stats result tab is not stream specific, so no Stream softkey is shown.

- The Channel Stats result tab shows a maximum of sixty-four channels. There are a maximum of sixty-three auto-discovered channels and one overflow channel. The overflow channel is always shown in the first row of the table and does not contain any key values.

- The overflow channel will include statistics for all frames with key fields that do not match an existing channel. For normal operation, the overflow channel will not include any data unless all sixty-three auto-discovered channels are occupied.

There are two exceptions to the note above:

1. If at least one of the selected keys is of VLAN (or MPLS) type, then the overflow channel will include statistics for all frames that do not contain exactly the number of VLAN tags (or MPLS labels) specified in the VLAN Levels (or MPLS Levels) field, entered in the Channel Stats setup screen.

2. If the Mode selection on the Channel Stats setup screen is set to Top Talker, then the overflow channel will include statistics for all channels that were automatically removed from the table due to low throughput activity.
The Channel Stats results tab is composed of two (2) tables. The first table shows the channel number (CH), main counter and Key 1. The second table shows (CH), Keys 2 and 3 (if used). Press the Next Columns (F2) softkey to move between the tables.

The Back (F1) softkey will cause the application to return to the Test Schedule display.

The Port (F3) softkey will change the display between Port A and Port B. The label on the softkey describes the port being viewed. The position of the highlight bar is maintained independently for each port.

The Mode (F4) softkey will switch the display between Current (per second) and Cumulative results. The label on the softkey describes the type of statistics being viewed.

To see detailed statistics for a given channel, use the Up and Down arrow keys to move the highlight bar over the channel of interest. Press the Set key and a detailed screen for that channel will be presented, as shown in Figure 3.3.2-6.

**Note:**

The Up and Down arrow keys support “press and hold” to make navigation in the table faster.

![Figure 3.3.2-6  Generator Results, Channel Detail](image)

[1] The number of the channel being viewed is displayed on the button above the table of results. Press the Up arrow key to display the previous channel in the table or press the Down arrow key to display the next channel in the table.
To return to the full table view, press the **Set** key.

The **Back (F1)** softkey will cause the application to return to the Results Overview display.

The **Port (F3)** softkey will change the display between Port A and Port B. The label on the softkey describes the port being viewed.

The **Mode (F4)** softkey will switch the display between Current (per second) and Cumulative results. The label on the softkey describes the type of statistics being viewed.

**Note:**

The **Mode (F4)** softkey is not operative when the test is stopped. When the test is stopped and static data is displayed, the key will always show Cumulative mode.
Table 3.3.2-3 Generator Test / Channel Stats Detail Results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Key1 Label</td>
<td>The label for Key 1 is shown.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Key2 Label</td>
<td>The label for Key 2 is shown (or NONE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Key3 Label</td>
<td>The label for Key 3 is shown (or NONE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frames</td>
<td>The number of frames received on the channel (current or cumulative).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bits</td>
<td>The number of bits received on the channel (current or cumulative).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Errors</td>
<td>The number of errors received on the channel (current or cumulative).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>64-127</td>
<td>The number of frames received on the channel (current or cumulative) that were between 64-127 bytes (inclusive) in size.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>128-255</td>
<td>The number of frames received on the channel (current or cumulative) that were between 128-255 bytes (inclusive) in size.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>256-511</td>
<td>The number of frames received on the channel (current or cumulative) that were between 256-511 bytes (inclusive) in size.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>512-1023</td>
<td>The number of frames received on the channel (current or cumulative) that were between 512-1023 bytes (inclusive) in size.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1024-Jumbo</td>
<td>The number of frames received on the channel (current or cumulative) that were between 1024 and the “Jumbo frame size upper limit” (see section 3.2.3) bytes in size.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt;Jumbo (Oversized)</td>
<td>The number of frames received on the channel (current or cumulative) that were greater than the “Jumbo frame size upper limit” bytes in size.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.4 BER Test

The BER test is a quick and easy way to test a connection for bit errors. The BER test setup is similar to the Generator test setup, but the BER test can only be set for one stream. Refer to Section 3.3.1 “Generator Test Setup” for details.

3.4.1 BER Test Setup

Up to eight BER Tests can be added to the test schedule in Test Automator. Each test has separate set of parameters. To setup a BER test, press the icon at the Test Automator screen. See Section 3.2.4 “Test Automator” for further information about Test Automator.

The BER test adds extra information to the transmitted frames that the receivers detect and report as errors if the information is missing.

The only panes specific for the BER test are the BERT setup pane and the Thresholds pane.

Figure 3.4.1-1 BERT Setup Pane

1. Select Port

   Enables the test port(s).

2. Include address in filter on receiver

   Adds extra filtering to specify what packets receiver detects
When Unframed is selected, the BERT generator transmits only a Preamble and payload with no headers. When using this type of transmission, it is also possible to add a sequence number to ensure data packets are received in the correct sequence.

**Note:**
When the Both Ports setting is selected at Select Port, a Port selection button is displayed at the F3 soft key on both the Setup and Results screens.

The user may set thresholds on the BER result values shown in the table below. If one or more of the thresholds are violated, a violation will occur which will result in a FAIL indication on the Result Overview panel and an event will be logged (if the Log check box is selected for the threshold(s) that caused the violation).

![BERT Threshold Selections](image)

**Figure 3.4.1-2  BERT Setup, Thresholds Pane**

**Table 3.4.1-1  BERT Threshold Selections**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pattern Errors</td>
<td>Number of received pattern bits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pattern Errors (PPM)</td>
<td>Pattern errors in PPM (parts per million)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seq. Errors</td>
<td>Number of packages received out of sequence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seq. Sync. Lost</td>
<td>Number of times sequence synchronization lost based on gap in received sequence numbers of ±16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frame Loss</td>
<td>Number of seconds with frame loss</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.4.2 BER Test Results

The BER Test results screen is accessed from the Result overview screen (see Section 2.6.1). It shows an overview of the incoming data and errors.

![Figure 3.4.2-1 BERT Results Screen](image)

**Table 3.4.2-1 BERT Test Results**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pattern Bit Count</td>
<td>Number of received pattern bits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pattern Bit Rate</td>
<td>Number of received pattern bits as a rate in Mbps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pattern Errors</td>
<td>Number of received errored pattern bits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pattern Errors(%)</td>
<td>Pattern errors calculated as percentage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seq. Errors</td>
<td>Number of packages received out of sequence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seq. Sync. Lost</td>
<td>Number of times sequence synchronization lost based on gap in received</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>sequence numbers of ±16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frame Loss</td>
<td>Number of lost frames when using framed BERT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frame Loss Seconds</td>
<td>Number of seconds with frame loss</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.5 Stimuli

The Stimuli function is used to insert various errors, violations and alarms. It is accessed using soft keys and there are Stimuli for:

- Generator Test – F2 soft key
- BER Test – F2 soft key

*Note:* Some types of errors are only supported by specific tests as explained later.

3.5.1 Stimuli Errors and Alarms

There are two main types of stimuli:

- **Alarms**
- **Error/Violations**

Alarm insertion can be enabled or disabled, whereas errors and violations can be inserted in bursts either manually or at intervals.

![Figure 3.5.1-1 Stimuli Alarms pop-up](image)

The **Alarms** pop-up which is the default Stimuli pop-up has two buttons:

- **Clear**
  This button resets Stimuli settings.
- **Alarms**
  This button reselects different types of alarms. When an alarm is selected, it is immediately enabled if a test is running.

To switch between **Errors/Violations** and **Alarms**, use the **Left** and **Right** arrow keys.

![Figure 3.5.1-2 Stimuli Errors/Violations pop-up](image)
The **Errors/Violations** pop-up has five buttons:

- **Clear**
  This button resets Stimuli settings and switches the pop-up back to that the one shown in Figure 3.5.1-1.

- **Error/Violations**
  This button selects the type of inserted error or violation.

- **Error Insertion**
  This button defines how errors are inserted. Under normal circumstances, one of following can be inserted:
  - **Off**
    No Errors/Violations are inserted
  - **Manual**
    Sends selected error or violation each time **Apply** button pressed
  - **Burst/Sec**
    Sends burst every 1 s
  - **Burst/10Sec**
    Sends burst every 10 s
  - **Burst*1E-2 to Burst*1E-7**
    This Error Insertion setting is only supported by the error type PRBS Bit Error. When set the transmitted frames contains the selected ratio of PRBS bit errors.

- **Error Burst Length**
  This button sets the number of errors per burst.

- **Apply**
  This button applies the above settings. Changes do not take effect until this button is pressed.
  The **Apply** button is only enabled during testing. Stimuli changes made during setup are applied when starting the test, unless **Manual** is chosen.
The Network Master can generate two types of alarms and 10 types of errors and violations.

Alarms:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No Link</td>
<td>Turns off current port to simulate link loss.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remote Fault</td>
<td>Signals remote fault to link partner during auto negotiation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Errors and Violations:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IFG</td>
<td>Detects Inter Frame Gap violation when two received frames are too close. The standard minimum IFG is 12 bytes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FCS</td>
<td>Inserts frames with wrong Frame Check Sequence (FCS).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preamble</td>
<td>Inserts Preamble 1 byte shorter than standard 8 bytes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAUSE frames</td>
<td>Used as Ethernet flow control method by sending Pause frames to stop transmitter for defined time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP Checksum</td>
<td>Generate frames with wrong IP header checksum.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fragmented IP</td>
<td>Generate fragmented frames broken into smaller frames at IP layer level. This usually happens when frames are routed through a network.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Layer 4 Checksum</td>
<td>Inserts wrong UDP or TCP header checksum.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error Symbol</td>
<td>Inserts errored symbol at PHY 10-bit coding.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRBS Bit Error</td>
<td>Inserts bit error in PRBS payload.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BERT Seq. Error</td>
<td>Generates sequence error by changing sequence numbers of two frames used for BERT.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note:* The PRBS Bit Error and BERT Seq. Error items are only supported at BER tests.
3.5.2 Using Stimuli

Stimuli are accessed from the test setup and results screens.

If a Stimuli setting is changed during setup, it is applied when the test is started. Manual insertion of Error/Violations are only applied when the apply button is pressed.

Errors, violations and alarms can be inserted when the test is running. Alarms are enabled immediately but errors and violations are enabled only when the Apply button is pressed. Use this button each time an error or violation is inserted manually.

Notes:

- Restarting the test does not clear the current Stimuli settings and they are reapplied when the insertion method is not set to Manual or Off. If not to reapply Stimuli, clear them before restarting the test.

- Each Generator test or BER test has separate Stimuli settings; if a test is removed from Test Automator and added again later, the stimuli settings will still be there.
3.6 Ping Test

The Ping test is a quick and easy way to test, troubleshoot and verify a connection and latency.

3.6.1 Ping Test Setup

Up to eight Ping tests can be added to the test schedule in Test Automator. Each test has its own set of parameters. To setup a Ping test, press the icon at the Test Automator screen. See Section 3.2.4 “Test Automator” for more information on Test Automator.

The Ping setup screen consists of three panes:

- Destination
- Test Config.
- Thresholds

Destination pane

MAC
The Destination MAC can be specified either manually or resolved by ARP lookup. Put a check mark in the Use ARP check box to enable ARP lookup.

IP
The Dest. IP Address can either be specified manually or resolved by DNS lookup. Put a check mark in the Use DNS check box to enable DNS lookup and input the host name.
The LED icon shows the lookup progress/result:

- Black indicates lookup not execute.
- Gray (Blinking) indicates lookup in progress
- Green indicates lookup succeeded
- Red indicates lookup failed

Test Config pane

Figure 3.6.1-2 Ping Test Setup Screen, Test Config. Pane
Table 3.6.1-1 Ping Test Configuration Selections

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Port Selection</td>
<td>The test can run on either Port A or Port B.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Duration – Mode</td>
<td>The test can run in three different modes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Continuous</strong> when requiring continuous Ping test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Seconds</strong> when time-limiting test in seconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Frames</strong> when limiting length by number of ping requests</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Duration – Value</td>
<td>Frames or seconds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payload</td>
<td>Select the bit pattern to be set in the payload of the Ping request frames</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interval</td>
<td>Number of seconds between ping requests</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Frames are transmitted back-to-back at 0.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frame size</td>
<td>Frame size in bytes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timeout</td>
<td>Timeout in ms</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**

- If the actual timeout period is longer than *Interval*, the *Interval* setting is overruled.

- When Continuous mode is set, the test runs until the user presses the *Start* key, which will stop the whole test schedule. All tests in the test schedule after this test are therefore never executed.
Thresholds Pane

The Threshold pane allows the user to set PASS/FAIL thresholds on two different Ping result fields:

- **Lost Responses (Count)** – if the number of lost responses is greater than the threshold, a violation will occur.
- **RTT (round trip time)** – if the maximum RTT value, extracted from the Ping response frame, exceeds the threshold, a violation will occur.

![Figure 3.6.1-3 Ping Test Setup Screen, Thresholds Pane](image)

Figure 3.6.1-3 Ping Test Setup Screen, Thresholds Pane
3.6.2 Ping Test Results

The Ping results screen is divided into three parts.

- **Port A/B ping results** (left)
- **Summary** (top right)
- **Round trip time** (bottom right)

![Figure 3.6.2-1 The Ping Results Screen](image)

### Table 3.6.2-1 Ping Test Results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Port A/B ping results</td>
<td>This lists the send requests. When a ping test is running, the list always contains the latest ping request. Navigate the list using the Up and Down arrow keys. Press the Set key to switch between the latest results and manually navigating the list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Summary</td>
<td>This displays the number of sent requests and number of received and lost replies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Round trip time</td>
<td>This displays the minimum, maximum and average round trip times.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.7 Cable Test

The Ethernet Cable Test uses Time Domain Reflectometry (TDR) to validate and detect open and short CAT5/CAT5E cables. This test is useful for installing and troubleshooting cables.

**Note:**

The Ethernet Cable Test is designed to run on units equipped with built-in RJ-45 ports. The test will not operate properly when Electrical SFP devices are installed. Only the Electrical SFP identification information will be shown on the results screen.

### 3.7.1 Cable Test Setup

Up to eight Cable tests can be added to the test schedule in **Test Automator**. Each test has its own set of parameters. To setup the Cable test, press the icon at the **Test Automator** screen. See Section 3.2.4 “Test Automator” for more information on **Test Automator**.

![Figure 3.7.1-1 Cable Test Port Selector Screen](image)

*Figure 3.7.1-1 Cable Test Port Selector Screen*
Chapter 3  Ethernet Application

Press the **Set** key to display the port selector pop-up.

![Figure 3.7.1-2  Cable Test Port Selection Pop-Up](image)

Use the **Up** and **Down** arrow keys to select the test port and set the port using the **Set** key.
3.7 Cable Test

3.7.2 Cable Test Results

![Cable Test Result Screen](image)

**Figure 3.7.2-1 Cable Test Result Screen**

1. Displays approximate cable length
2. Shows connected pin pairs
3. Shows status of pairs
   - Normal – Pair neither short nor open
   - Short – Pair has short circuit
   - Open – Pair open
   - Fail – Test failed
4. Shows whether pair Tx, Rx or bi-directional (e.g. BI_DA, Bi directional Data A)
5. Shows pair polarity
6. Shows approximate length (±1 m) to short or open circuit
   - OK is displayed when there is no short or open circuit.
7. Shows amplitude(Amp) of pair reflection (−1V to +1 V)
8. Shows pair skew (±8 ns)
3.8 RFC2544 Tests

RFC2544 is a benchmarking methodology that defines several tests for describing the performance characteristics of a network device (or complete network). The Network Master includes several setups (test modes) for covering all aspects of RFC2544 testing.

*Note:* RFC2544 tests require the RFC2544 test option.

3.8.1 RFC2544 Throughput Test Setup

The RFC2544 Throughput test measures the highest line load at which the DUT (Device Under Test) can forward frames of specific size without lost frames. It also displays the frame loss rate for different line loads for a specific frame size.

Up to eight RFC2544 Throughput tests can be added to the test schedule in Test Automator. Each test has its own set of parameters. To setup a RFC2544 Throughput test, press the icon at the Test Automator screen. See Section 3.2.4 “Test Automator” for more information on Test Automator.

![RFC2544 Throughput Setup Screen, Test Mode Pane](image)

Figure 3.8.1-1 RFC2544 Throughput Setup Screen, Test Mode Pane

To return to the Test Automator screen, press **Back (F1)**.
3.8 RFC2544 Tests

Test Mode pane
The RFC2544 test mode and test port(s) are set at the Test Mode pane.

Note:
The RFC2544 tests run independently on two ports. If both ports are selected, the port panes display the Port A/B soft key. Use this soft key to select which port to set.

The RFC2544 Throughput test can run in three modes:

Table 3.8.1-1 RFC Throughput Configuration Selections

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Switch Router Test</td>
<td>In this mode Network Master tests the data link layer on a connected switch or router. Both ports must be active and linked. The IP and MAC addresses must be swapped, ensuring that the switch forwards frames from port A to port B and vice versa.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single Ended Network Test</td>
<td>This test is used when testing network by reflecting traffic back to the Network Master. It requires a device to reflect the traffic back, such as a second Network Master in reflector mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>End to End Network Test</td>
<td>In this test mode, two Network Master units work together performing a RFC2544 test. The unit initiating the test is the Master and the other unit is the Slave. Control data is sent from the Master on port A (or port B if only port B is used). When the test is started on the Master, the unit will try to contact the Slave on the control port using the Destination IP and MAC address (or using ARP if selected). If the slave receives the communication on a port with matching Source address, the test begins.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note:
Apart from the Address setup, both the Master and Slave Network Master should have the **Accept incoming End-to-End configuration frames** option enabled. See Section 3.2.3 “Advanced Setup”.
The only setups at the Slave side are the source addresses and enabling of Accept incoming End-to-End configuration frames. The complete RFC2544 setup is transferred from the Master when the test is started.

**Note:**

When the test is started at the Master, a pop-up on the Slave indicates that the unit is being remotely controlled and displays a Disconnect key. The pop-up disappears when the test is completed or stopped at the Master.

When the test is completed, the test results are transferred from the Slave to the Master where they can be viewed by pressing the Results Remote/Local soft key.

End-to-End setup

When the End-to-End test mode is selected the End to End pane is displayed.

![RFC2544 Throughput setup screen, End to End pane](image)

When End to End One way test is selected, packets are sent only in one direction during the test. Use the One way Direction selection to specify the direction in which packets should be sent.

Test results can be stored on the slave if required. Select the Store results on slave side check box to enable this feature. Results are always stored on the Master side.
Duration pane

All RFC2544 tests are executed in steps. A step is a specific combination of a frame size and line load. During a step, frames with the specified size are transmitted at the specific line load. The number of steps run during a test depends on the selected number of frame sizes and line loads.

The **Step Duration** time can be set in number of seconds (min. 3 seconds) on the **Duration** pane. This is approximately the duration of each test step.

The **Test Repetitions** field sets the number of times the complete test will run. The possible setting range is 1 to 1000 times.

![Figure 3.8.1-3  RFC2544 Throughput Setup Screen, Duration Pane](image)

Destination pane

The destination setup is similar to that of the Ping test setup. See section 3.6.1 “Ping Test Setup” for further details.
Frame Size pane

The Frame Size pane has check boxes for the predefined sizes 64, 128, 256, 512, 768, 1024, 1280, 1518 and User Defined. The User Defined frame size can be set from 64 to 10000.

![Figure 3.8.1-4  RFC2544 Throughput Setup Screen, Frame Size Pane](image)

Note:
The RFC test cannot be started without selecting at least one frame size.
Line Load pane

The **Line Load** setting range used in the test is specified as **Min** and **Max**. The load is varied in intervals with the value specified in the **Step** field. The test always starts at **Max** and decreases until the line load is equal to **Min**. Line loads can be in either Mbps or as a percentage of the current line speed.

![RFC2544 Throughput Setup Screen, Line Load Pane](image)

**Figure 3.8.1-5** RFC2544 Throughput Setup Screen, Line Load Pane

If the **Stop on no frame loss at maximum utilization** check box is selected, the test continues to test the next frame size when the current test step at a specific line load and frame size do not have any frames lost. In other words, the test ignores the rest of the steps.

If the **Auto Search** check box is selected, the test finds the maximum line load at which no frames are lost, using the specified **Resolution** and search mode. When **Auto Search** is selected the **Step** parameter is not used.

**Note:**

The **Stop on no frame loss at maximum utilization** and **Auto Search** mechanisms cannot be enabled simultaneously.

**Auto Search** can run in two modes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Binary</td>
<td>Performs binary search of specified line load interval from Max to Min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smart</td>
<td>Assumes higher probability of frame loss occurring closer to Max and performs skewed binary search, searching higher line loads first</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The **Resolution** field specifies the auto search precision as a percentage of the current line speed. A higher precision (lower percentage) increases the test duration. The supported precision is 0.1%, 1.0% and 10.0%.
Various test-specific settings are on the Advanced pane.

When the Transmit learning frames prior to test check box is selected, the RFC2544 test sends learning frames before the first test-step starts on each port. This is used to train the network-equipment, so initial results are more typical.

The receiver uses a filter to determine which frames should be counted in the results. When the Include addresses in frame filter on receiver check box is selected, the receiver uses the MAC and IP addresses of each incoming frame in addition to the ‘filter key’ used by default.

If more than one test repetition is performed (by setting Test Repetitions > 1 at the Duration pane), enabling the Accumulate repeated steps displays only one repetition in the result window. This repetition holds the accumulated results for all repetitions during the test.

Throughput can be calculated at different layers of the OSI model. Use the Calculation Layer field at the layer where throughput should be calculated, as indicated by Figure 3.8.1-6.1.
All throughput calculations are averaged over 1-second measurement intervals. To average across the entire Step Duration, set the Throughput Type field to Average. Otherwise, the throughput values will be the Maximum obtained during the step.

Thresholds Pane
The user can set PASS/FAIL thresholds on the Frame Loss Max and Frame Loss Avg result fields, as shown in Figure 3.8.1-8. If one or more of the thresholds are enabled (Use check box is selected), then the results will be compared to the thresholds and a violation will occur if an active threshold is exceeded, which will result in a FAIL indication on the Result Overview display. If no threshold is violated a PASS indication will be shown on the Result Overview display. If both the Use and Log check boxes are selected, violations will also be recorded in the Event Log.
3.8.2 RFC2544 Latency Test Setup

The RFC2544 Latency test measures the latency of frames forwarded by the DUT to clarify the DUT processing overhead for forwarding forward frames. The test is performed for different line loads for a specific frame size.

Up to eight RFC2544 Latency tests can be added to the test schedule in Test Automator. Each test has its own set of parameters. To setup a RFC2544 Latency test, press the icon at the Test Automator screen. See Section 3.2.4 “Test Automator” for more information on Test Automator.

![RFC2544 Latency Setup Screen, Test Mode Pane](image)

To return to the Test Automator screen, press Back (F1).
3.8 RFC2544 Tests

Test Mode pane

[1] Selects RFC2544 test mode

[2] Selects RFC2544 test port(s)

*Note:*

The RFC2544 tests run independently on two ports. If both ports are selected, the port specific panes display a Port A/B soft key. Use this soft key to select the port to setup.

The RFC2544 Latency test runs in three modes:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Mode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Router Latency Test</strong></td>
<td>In this test mode, the latency-test sends ping frames to measure the response time for router equipment. The line load setup for the <strong>Router Latency Test</strong> is measured in kbps. The maximum line load for the <strong>Router Latency Test</strong> is 1000 kbps. The Network Master can respond to incoming ping frames, so it can be used to run the <strong>Router Latency Test</strong> port to port if required. The <strong>Router Latency Test</strong> supports both IPv4/ICMPv4 and IPv6/ICMPv6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Switch Router Test</strong></td>
<td>In this test mode, one Network Master can switch the data link layer of a switch or router. Both ports must be active and linked in this mode. IP and MAC addresses must be swapped, ensuring that the switch forwards frames from port A to port B and <em>vice versa</em>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Single Ended Network Test</strong></td>
<td>This test is used when testing network by reflecting traffic back to the Network Master. It requires a device to reflect the traffic back, such as a second Network Master in reflector mode.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 3  Ethernet Application

Duration pane

All RFC2544 tests are executed in steps. A step is a specific combination of a frame size and line load. During a step, frames with the specified size are transmitted at the specific line load. The number of steps run during a test depends on the selected number of frame sizes and line loads.

The Step Duration time can be set in number of seconds (3 seconds) on the Duration pane. This is approximately the time duration of each test step.

The Test Repetitions field sets the number of times the complete test will run. The possible setting range is 1 to 1000 times. The Duration pane is similar to the RFC2544 Throughput Duration pane; see Figure 3.8.1-3.

Destination pane

The Destination setup is similar to that of the Ping test setup. See Section 3.6.1 “Ping Test Setup” for further details.

Frame Size pane

The Frame Size pane has check boxes for the predefined sizes 64, 128, 256, 512, 768, 1024, 1280, 1518 and User Defined. The User Defined frame size can be set from 64 to 10000. The Frame Size pane is similar to the RFC2544 Throughput Frame Size pane; see Figure 3.8.1-4.

Note:

The RFC test cannot be started without selecting at least one frame size.
Line Load pane

The line load range used in the test is specified as Min: and Max. The load is varied in intervals using the value specified in the Step field. The test always starts at Max: and decreases until the line load is equal to Min.

Line loads are either in Mbps or as a percentage of the current line speed. However, in the **Router Latency** mode, line loads are presented in kbps.

Figure 3.8.2-2  RFC2544 Latency Setup Screen, Line Load Pane in Router Latency Mode

The **RFC2544 Latency** test can refer the preceding **RFC2544 Throughput** test and only run passed steps. Select the **Only run steps where preceding test passed** check box to enable this feature and select a **Throughput** test in the **Reference Test** field.

Figure 3.8.2-3  RFC2544 Latency Setup Screen, Line Load Pane
**Note:**

The reference function requires the Throughput and Latency tests to be in the same mode. Hence, it cannot be used when the Latency test is in the **Router Latency** mode. The two tests must also use the same port(s).

Using the **Tolerance Level (utilization multiplier)** field, it is possible to tune the line loads used in the Latency test compared to the line loads used in the referenced Throughput test. If the **Tolerance Level** is 100.0%, the two tests use the same line loads; if 50.0% is set, the Latency test line loads are half the line loads of the Throughput test, etc.

**Advanced pane**

The advanced setup is similar to that of the RFC2544 Throughput test setup. See Section 3.8.1 "RFC2544 Throughput Test Setup" for further details.

**Thresholds Pane**

The user can set PASS/FAIL thresholds on the Jitter Max, Jitter Avg, Latency Max, and Latency Avg result fields, as shown in Figure 3.8.2-4. If one or more of the thresholds are enabled (Use check box is selected), then the results will be compared to the thresholds and a violation will occur if an active threshold is exceeded, which will result in a FAIL indication on the Result Overview display. If no threshold is violated a PASS indication will be shown on the Result Overview display. If both the Use and Log check boxes are selected, violations will also be recorded in the Event Log.

---

**Figure 3.8.2-4** RFC2544 Latency Setup Screen, Thresholds Pane
3.8.3 RFC2544 Burst Test Setup

The RFC2544 Burst test is also called the burstability or back-to-back test. It determines the largest number of frames transmitted with minimum IFG (Inter Frame Gap) that the DUT can handle without frame loss.

Up to eight RFC2544 Burst tests can be added to the test schedule in Test Automator. Each test has its own set of parameters. To setup a RFC2544 Burst test press the icon at the Test Automator screen. See Section 3.2.4 “Test Automator” for more information on Test Automator.

![RFC2544 Burst Setup Screen, Test Mode Pane](image)

To return to the Test Automator screen, press Back (F1).
**Test Mode pane**

The **Test Mode** setup is similar to that of the **RFC2544 Throughput** test setup. See Section 3.8.1 “RFC2544 Throughput Test Setup” for further details.

**Duration pane**

All RFC2544 tests are executed in steps. A step is a specific combination of a frame size and burst size. During a step, a specific number of frames with a specified size are transmitted back-to-back. The number of steps run during a test depends on the selected number of frame sizes and burst sizes.

The **Step Duration** time can be set in number of seconds (3 seconds) on the **Duration** pane. This is approximately the time duration of each test step.

The **Test Repetitions** field sets the number of times the complete test will run. The possible setting range is 1 to 1000 times. The Duration pane is similar to the RFC2544 Throughput Duration pane; see Figure 3.8.1-3.

**Destination pane**

The Destination setup is similar to that of the Ping test setup. See 3.6.1 “Ping Test Setup” for further details.

**Frame Size pane**

The **Frame Size** pane has check boxes for the predefined sizes 64, 128, 256, 512, 768, 1024, 1280, 1518 and **User Defined**. The User Defined frame size can be set from 64 to 10000. The Frame Size pane is similar to the RFC2544 Throughput Frame Size pane; see Figure 3.8.1-4.

**Note:**

The RFC2544 test cannot be started without selecting at least one frame size.
Burst Size pane

Burst Sizes can be set in two modes: Stepped or Constant. Use the Burst Mode field to select the mode.

In the Stepped mode, the test burst size range is specified by Start burst size and End burst size. The burst size is varied in intervals with the value specified in the Step burst size field.

In Constant mode, only one burst size is used for each frame size. The burst size is specified in the Constant burst size field.

Advanced pane

The advanced setup is similar to that of the RFC2544 Throughput test setup. See Section 3.8.1 “RFC2544 Throughput Test Setup” for further details.
Chapter 3  Ethernet Application

Thresholds Pane
The user can set PASS/FAIL thresholds on the RX Frames Lost Max and RX Frames Lost Avg result fields, as shown in Figure 3.8.3-4. If one or more of the thresholds are enabled (Use check box is selected), then the results will be compared to the thresholds and a violation will occur if an active threshold is exceeded, which will result in a FAIL indication on the Result Overview display. If no threshold is violated a PASS indication will be shown on the Result Overview display. If both the Use and Log check boxes are selected, violations will also be recorded in the Event Log.

Figure 3.8.3-4  RFC2544 Burst Setup Screen, Thresholds Pane
3.8.4 RFC2544 Tests Results

The RFC2544 tests results screen is divided in two. The left side lists all currently tested steps. The steps are identified by **Repetition** and **Step** separated by a colon. During testing, the results reflect the currently running step. To navigate through previously performed steps, press the **Set** key. A gray frame is displayed around the currently shown step. Use the **Up** and **Down** arrow keys to navigate through the steps. Pressing the **Set** key again removes the gray frame and the results follow the currently running step automatically.

The right side of the screen displays results for the current step with transmission (Tx) data at the top and receive (Rx) results at the bottom.

**Note:**

Red numbers indicates frame loss.
Chapter 3  Ethernet Application

RFC2544 Throughput:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tx Utilization(Mbps)</td>
<td>Transmitter use in Mbps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tx Frame Size(bytes)</td>
<td>Size of transmitted frames</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tx Total Frames</td>
<td>Number of transmitted frames</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tx Frame Rate(Fps)</td>
<td>Transmitter frame rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rx Total Frames</td>
<td>Number of received frames</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rx Utilization(%)</td>
<td>Receiver use as percentage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rx throughput(Mbps)</td>
<td>Receiver use in Mbps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rx Frames Lost Min</td>
<td>Minimum frame loss for step</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rx Frames Lost Max</td>
<td>Maximum frame loss for step</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rx Frames Lost Avg</td>
<td>Average frame loss for step</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rx Loss Rate Min(%)</td>
<td>Lost frames divided by expected number of frames as percentage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rx Loss Rate Max(%)</td>
<td>Minimum for step</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rx Loss Rate Avg(%)</td>
<td>Average for step</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 3.8.4-1  RFC2544 Throughput Results Screen, Single Ended Test Mode
3.8 RFC2544 Tests

RFC2544 Latency:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Repetition</th>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1: 1</td>
<td></td>
<td>Tx Utilization (Mbps)</td>
<td>100.0000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1: 2</td>
<td></td>
<td>Rx Frame Size (bytes)</td>
<td>1.024 k</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1: 3</td>
<td></td>
<td>Rx Total Frames</td>
<td>35.919 k</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1: 4</td>
<td></td>
<td>Rx Frame Rate (Fps)</td>
<td>11.973000 k</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1: 5</td>
<td></td>
<td>Rx Utilization (%)</td>
<td>9.9998</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1: 6</td>
<td></td>
<td>Rx Throughput (Mbps)</td>
<td>98.8491</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1: 7</td>
<td></td>
<td>Rx Jitter Min (us)</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1: 8</td>
<td></td>
<td>Rx Jitter Max (us)</td>
<td>0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1: 9</td>
<td></td>
<td>Rx Jitter Avg (us)</td>
<td>0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1: 10</td>
<td></td>
<td>Rx Latency Min (us)</td>
<td>1.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Rx Latency Max (us)</td>
<td>1.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Rx Latency Avg (us)</td>
<td>1.9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 3.8.4-2 RFC2544 Latency Results Screen, Switch Router Test Mode

Table 3.8.4-2 RFC Latency Test Results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rx Jitter Min</td>
<td>Minimum jitter for step</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rx Jitter Max</td>
<td>Maximum jitter for step</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rx Jitter Avg</td>
<td>Average jitter for step</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rx Latency Min</td>
<td>Minimum latency for step</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rx Latency Max</td>
<td>Maximum latency for step</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rx Latency Avg</td>
<td>Average latency for step</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note:

When in the Router Latency Test mode, Mbps in Tx Utilization and Rx Throughput changes to kbps.
Chapter 3  Ethernet Application

RFC2544 Burst:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Repetition:Step</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1: 1</td>
<td>Tx Burst Size</td>
<td>1.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1: 2</td>
<td>Tx Frame Size (bytes)</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1: 3</td>
<td>Rx Frame Size</td>
<td>3.000 k</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1: 4</td>
<td>Rx Total Frames</td>
<td>3.000 k</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1: 5</td>
<td>Rx Frames Lost Min</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1: 6</td>
<td>Rx Frames Lost Max</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1: 7</td>
<td>Rx Frames Lost Avg</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1: 8</td>
<td>Summary</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1: 9</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1: 10</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

When **Accumulate repeated steps** is enabled, steps with the same **Frame Size** and **Line Load** are accumulated, meaning Min/Max/Avg is measured over all repetitions for a step.

To change the Tx port and corresponding Rx port, press the **F3** soft key.

**Note:**

The Tx and Rx ports vary with test mode and port relations. In the **Switch Router Test** mode, Port A transmits to Port B and vice versa. The Tx and Rx ports are then **Tx (Port A)** with **Rx (Port B)** and **Tx (Port B)** with **Rx (Port A).**
When testing in the End to End Network Test mode, a new soft key labeled Results is displayed to change between local and remote results by pressing the F2 soft key.

![Figure 3.8.4-4  Results Soft Key showing Local Results (left) and Remote Results (right)](image)

**Note:**

The Results soft key is only displayed when testing has ended.
3.9 HTTP/FTP Download Test

The HTTP/FTP download test is used to test the download throughput of a server or link by downloading a file from a remote server using HTTP or FTP protocol. The user must know the address of the server, the path where the file is located, and the name of the file. If FTP protocol is chosen, the user may also need to provide a user name and password to gain access to the FTP server.

3.9.1 HTTP/FTP Download Setup

Navigate to the Select Port field and select the port on which to run the test. The HTTP/FTP download test runs on only one port at a time.

Navigate to the Test Mode field and select the protocol to be used.

HTTP – Hypertext transfer protocol.

FTP – File transfer protocol
3.9 **HTTP/FTP Download Test**

Navigate to the **Target Directory** field and press the **Set** key to access the input editor. Use the input editor to enter a directory name. Up to 128 characters can be entered.

Navigate to the **Download File Name** field and press the **Set** key to access the input editor. Use the input editor to enter a file name. Up to 128 characters can be entered.

*Note:*
The size of the file to be downloaded is limited to a maximum of 2GB.
If FTP is selected, as shown in Figure 3.9.1-2, then authentication information must be supplied, as shown in Figure 3.9.1-3. If the user selects **Use anonymous**, then the user name and password will be sent as “anonymous” and “ “, respectively. Anonymous authentication is generally only supported by servers in the public domain. The Target Directory and Download File Name and must also be supplied.

This is the standard Destination panel that is used by applications on the MU909060A. Input the MAC Address and IP Address of the server to be accessed for the download test.
A threshold may be set on the average throughput rate. Note that the threshold can be setup to test for rates above or below a certain value. If average throughput for the test violates the threshold, a violation will occur which will result in a FAIL indication on the Result Overview display, and will cause an event to be logged if the both the Use and Log check boxes are selected.
3.9.2 HTTP/FTP Download Results

Sample results of the HTTP download test are shown in Figure 3.9.2-1 and sample results for the FTP download test are shown in Figure 3.9.2-2. The individual result fields shown on the display are described in the table below.

Figure 3.9.2-1 HTTP/FTP Download, HTTP Results

Figure 3.9.2-2 HTTP/FTP Download, FTP Results
### HTTP/FTP Download Test

#### Table 3.9.2-1  HTTP/FTP Download Test Result Panels

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Test Results</td>
<td>The Test Results window shows many types of messages that indicate the status of the connection process. Once the connection is successfully established, the window shows bytes received in the current second and total bytes received.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Progress</td>
<td>The Progress Bar shows the progress of the test graphically.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Summary</td>
<td>The summary display group shows:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test Mode(protocol): HTTP or FTP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Status: number of bytes received so far</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>File Size: total size of the file being downloaded</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Throughput</td>
<td>Minimum Throughput measured in a one second interval.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Maximum Throughput measured in a one second interval.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Average throughput measured since the start of the test</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:**

If the file that is downloaded is a very small size, the download may complete in less than one (1) second. In this case no value will be shown for the min, max, and average throughput. The size of the file to be downloaded is limited to a maximum of 2GB.

There are many messages that can be generated by the connection and download process. These messages are protocol specific and are separated into Normal Processing Messages and Abnormal Processing Messages. Normal messages show the progress of the interaction with the server. Abnormal messages indicate protocol errors that occurred as a result of the attempt to establish a connection and download a file. These are shown in the table below.
Table 3.9.2-2 FTP and HTTP Processing Messages

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FTP Processing Messages</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Normal Processing Messages</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connection established</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data connection established</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measurement started</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measurement ended</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data connection closed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connection closed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--- Test ended ---</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Abnormal Processing Messages</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Can't establish</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--- Test terminated ---</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Invalid contents</td>
<td>Error in protocol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TCP General error</td>
<td>Socket read or write failed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error [Error #]</td>
<td>General FTP Error with error code number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>[Command name] Error [Error #]</td>
<td>General Command Error with error code</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HTTP Processing Messages</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Normal Processing Messages</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connection established</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measurement started</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Measurement ended</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connection closed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--- Test ended ---</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Abnormal Processing Messages</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Can't establish</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--- Test terminated ---</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Invalid contents</td>
<td>Error in protocol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TCP General error</td>
<td>Socket read or write failed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HTTP error code [Error #]</td>
<td>General HTTP Error with error code number</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.10 Trace Route Test

The Trace Route test shows the route that packets will take to a specified destination and it collect statistics on the RTT (round trip time) from the source to each hop (router) in the path to the destination.

Trace Route works by sending a ping requests to the next hop (router or other network device) and collecting information from the responses received. The hop is specified by the TTL value of the ping request frame. The first ping requests will have a TTL value of 1 (hop 1). Each successive ping requests will have an incremented TTL value (next hop). The test will conclude when a ping reply is received or the maximum hop value, specified by the user, is reached.

As an individual ping request is moved along the network (from network device to network device) its TTL value is decremented. If the TTL value reaches zero the router will return an ICMP timeout exceeded (ICMP type 11) packet. If the ping request reaches its target, a ping reply will be received.

There are two (2) objectives for the test.

1. Create a list of IP addresses for the host devices in the path from the source to the destination.
2. Collect statistics on the RTT (round trip time) from the source to each host device in the path.

The first objective is achieved by collecting the source IP addresses from the response frames received, after a Ping is sent to the host.

The second objective is achieved by sending a batch of Ping requests to the host. For each batch of Ping requests the min, max and average response times will be calculated and each timeout will be counted. Timeouts will not affect the min, max or average response times. If all responses result in a timeout then '-' will be displayed for min, max and average response times. The '-' will indicate no valid response was received for this batch of ping requests.

The TraceRoute test is complete when ping replies are received or maximum hop is reached.
3.10.1 Trace Route Setup

The Trace Route Test Config. panel allows the selection of basic parameters that control the Trace Route test. The selections are described in Table 3.10.1-1 below.

![Trace Route Test Config. Panel](image1)

**Figure 3.10.1-1 Trace Route, Test Config. Panel**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Port Selection</td>
<td>Port on which to run the test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Num. of Attempts</td>
<td>The number of times to ping each hop, attempting to receive a reply.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max Num. of Hops</td>
<td>The maximum number of hops to pass through to reach the destination IP address.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ping Each Host</td>
<td>The number of times to ping each host, to collect statistics on Min, Max, Average RTT, and Lost replies.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timeout</td>
<td>Amount of time to wait for a response to a Ping request.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![Trace Route Test Configuration Setup Selections](table1)

**Table 3.10.1-1 Trace Route Test Configuration Setup Selections**

![Trace Route Destination Panel](image2)

**Figure 3.10.1-2 Trace Route, Destination Panel**
This is the standard Destination panel that is used by applications on the MU909060A. Input the MAC Address and IP Address of the destination to be traced.

**Note:**

It is generally necessary to setup proper source addressing for Stream 1 in Interface Setup, including MAC, IPv4, DNS Servers (if using DNS), and Gateway.

### 3.10.2 Trace Route Results

The Trace Route Results panel is comprised of two pages that show the host addresses and RTT statistics collected by the Trace Route test.

#### Table 3.10.2-1 Trace Route Test Host/Response Result Columns

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Output</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hop #</td>
<td>The order in which the host was reached.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Host IP</td>
<td>The IP address of the device that replied to the Ping request when the TTL value of the Ping request = Hop #</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rcvd / Lost</td>
<td>The number of replies / non-replies received in response to the Ping requests sent to the host at Hop #</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**

- If the host at a hop # did not reply to any of the initial Ping requests, it's Host IP will be shown as <timeout> in the table.
- If the destination is reached, this field will be shown in GREEN in the last row of the table. Otherwise it is assumed that the destination was not reached before the maximum number of hops was exceeded.
Figure 3.10.2-2  Trace Route, Results Page 2 of 2

Table 3.10.2-2  Trace Route Test RTT Result Columns

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Output</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hop #</td>
<td>The order in which the host was reached.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Min Time [ms]</td>
<td>The minimum of the RTTs extracted from the Ping replies received from the host at the hop #</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max Time [ms]</td>
<td>The maximum of the RTTs extracted from the Ping replies received from the host at the hop #</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Avg Time [ms]</td>
<td>The average of the RTTs extracted from the Ping replies received from the host at the hop #</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The user can change the display of the results screens from (1 of 2) to (2 of 2) or (2 of 2) to (1 of 2) by pressing the Left or Right arrow keys. The Hop # is displayed on both screens so the user can track the results for a particular hop across screens. The position of the highlight bar is also maintained across screens to make tracking the results for a particular hop easier.
3.11 Y.1564 Suite

The Y.1564 Suite application is compliant with the ITU-T Y.1564 standard for Ethernet Service Activation Test methodologies. The Y.1564 Suite includes the Y.1564 Config Test, for service configuration testing and the Y.1564 Perform Test for service performance testing, as defined in the standard.

The Y.1564 Config Test tests each defined Ethernet service to insure that the network configuration is correct. Each of the important performance parameters (IR, FTD, FDV and FLR) is tested. Use this test to efficiently check that the network configuration is correct to carry the defined services from source to destination.

The Y.1564 Config test is normally run prior to the Y.1564 Perform test and is intended to uncover the network configuration problems that might cause the Y.1564 Perform test to fail. The Y.1564 Config Test is described in section 3.11.7.

The Y.1564 Perform Test is used to efficiently validate the quality of the Ethernet services over a medium to long time duration. The Y.1564 Perform Test is described in section 3.11.8.
### 3.11.1 Y.1564 Services

Other tests included in the MU909060A1/2/3 Ethernet application such as Generator, Ping, BERT, HTTP/FTP, RFC 2544, and Trace Route define a Stream as the basic unit of transmission and statistics collection. The Y.1564 Suite defines a Service as the basic unit for testing. A Service has a name, source and destination addressing, an SLA (Service Level Agreement) profile, and other attributes associated with it, as shown in Table 3.11-1 below. The fields indicated in **bold** print are the minimum set of fields required to define a Service. The other fields are optional depending on the types and modes of testing required, and extended addressing requirements. Each field is described in detail in section 3.11.6 below.

**Table 3.11-1  Service Definition Fields**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SRV#</td>
<td>A sequential number assigned by the application.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service Name</td>
<td>A name that is given to the Service by the user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service Profile</td>
<td>A selection of OFF, Voice or Video. When set to Voice or Video, other fields in the Service definition are automatically set.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CIR</td>
<td>Committed Information Rate. An SLA parameter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EIR</td>
<td>Excess Information Rate. An SLA parameter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SRC IP</td>
<td>The Source IP Address (IPv4 or IPv6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DST IP</td>
<td>The Destination IP Address (IPv4 or IPv6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SRC MAC</td>
<td>The Source MAC Address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DST MAC</td>
<td>The Destination MAC Address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color Mode</td>
<td>Defines the method and configuration of color markers that may be used for adaptive rate limiting on the network.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLANs</td>
<td>VLAN configuration (TPID, Priority, CFI Flag, VID) if used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frame Profile</td>
<td>Defines the frame profile to be used for testing. Selections include Fixed Size, User Defined (fixed), and EMIX (see section 3.11.6, below Figure 3.11.6-49)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payload Pattern</td>
<td>The binary pattern that will be carried in the (un-used) portion of each test frame’s payload area.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CBS</td>
<td>Committed Burst Size. An SLA parameter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBS</td>
<td>Excess Burst Size. An SLA parameter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FTD</td>
<td>The SLA threshold on the maximum value for FTD (latency).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FDV</td>
<td>The SLA threshold on the maximum value for FDV (jitter).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FLR</td>
<td>The SLA threshold on the maximum value for FLR (frame loss ratio).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MPLSs</td>
<td>MPLS configuration (Label, CoS Flag, TTL) if used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UDP</td>
<td>UDP port numbers if used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TCP</td>
<td>TCP port numbers if used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LLC 1</td>
<td>LLC 1 header if used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNAP</td>
<td>SNAP header if used.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.11.2 Y.1564 Suite – Test Configurations

The available test configurations are listed in the table below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Configuration</th>
<th>Units Required</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Switch Router Test</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Both ports used. One port transmits and one port receives (port A transmits to port B and port B transmits to port A).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single Ended Network Test</td>
<td>1 (or 2 if MT909060A is used as a reflector)</td>
<td>Data is transmitted and received on the same port. A reflector or physical loop is used to return the data to the unit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>End to End Network Test</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Data is transmitted from Local -&gt; Remote (single direction) and optionally Remote-&gt;Local.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Switch Router Test
In this configuration, it is assumed that the transmitted Service frames are returned to the same unit on the opposite port. The address information from the Services of the sending port will be swapped and these addresses and the frame headers will be pre-programmed into the receiving port and used as filters that exclusively accept frames from the sending port.

Single Ended Network Test
In this configuration, it is assumed that the transmitted Service frames are returned to the same unit on the same port.

End to End Network Test
In this configuration, it is assumed that the test traffic is transmitted by a local MT909060A unit and received by another, remote, MT909060A unit. The ports may be connected in a matched manner (A->A, B->B) or in a crossed manner (A->B, B->A).

The test can be setup to run on one port only (A->A or A->B or B->A or B->B) or two ports (A->A and B->B or A->B and B->A).

The test can be set up to run in one direction (Local to Remote or Remote to Local) or both directions (Local to Remote and Remote to Local).

The end to end configuration uses special communication frames to communicate between the local and remote units. The communication frames include a special header so that they can be separated from the test traffic.
As a general rule, the port receiving the communication frames must be configured with the same address structure (VLAN, MPLS, etc.) as the sending port, and the MAC and IP source and destination addresses must be reversed, relative to the sending port.

On the local unit, these address fields will be defined in Service 1 of the Services table. On the remote unit, these address fields will be defined in Stream 1 of Interface Setup.

**Notes:**

- The Source MAC and IP from Stream 1 (Interface Setup) of the Remote unit must be entered into the Destination MAC and IP fields of Service 1 of the Local unit. This procedure must be followed even if Service 1 (on the Local unit) is not enabled for testing.

- For the End to End configuration test, it is necessary for the Local and Remote units to establish communications and then exchange configuration information. This process may take from ten (10) to thirty (30) seconds to complete, depending on network conditions, the number of Services enabled, and the types of tests that are selected.

Once communications has been established, a message will appear on the Remote (Slave) unit, as shown in Figure 3.11.2-1 below.

![Figure 3.11.2-1 Remote Control Message on Slave Unit](image)

The Local unit will send the complete Y.1564 configuration to the Remote unit. The Remote unit will use the address and frame header information in the Services Table to configure all of the filters needed for the test traffic to be exclusively accepted by the Remote unit. The Y.1564 Suite maintains a private copy of the information found in Interface Setup. This information will be used during the execution of the Y.1564 Suite test.
Upon completion of the test, the information from the primary copy of Interface Setup will be restored to the ports, and the message shown in Figure 3.11.2-1 will be removed.

3.11.3 Y.1564 Suite - Port Setup

Refer to the diagram at the beginning of Section 3.2 and enter the Interface Setup function. For the Y.1564 Suite, the Interface Setup function will be used only to setup the Ports, Filters, Advanced settings, and the Source MAC and Source IP address on the Remote (Slave) unit (in Stream 1), when the End to End Network Test mode is selected. Setup of the address fields for the Services in all other cases will be managed through the Services setup table which is described in section 3.11.6 below.

Note:

If the End to End Network Test mode is used (refer to section 3.11.5 below), two MU909060A units are required. For the Local (or Master) unit, the Setup of the address fields for the Services will be managed through the Services setup table which is described below. For the Remote (or Slave) unit, it is necessary to enter the Source MAC and Source IP address of the unit in Stream 1 of its Interface Setup, for each port that will be used. These source addresses will be used to establish a communication channel. For each port that is used, the Source MAC and Source IP from Stream 1 (Interface Setup) of the Remote (Slave) unit must be entered into the Destination MAC and Destination IP fields of Service 1 of the Local (Master) unit. This procedure must be followed even if Service 1 (on the Local unit) is not enabled for testing.

Refer to Figure 3.2.1-2 and configure the ports as required.

Refer to Section 3.2.2 to configure global filters on the Filters tab of Interface Setup if required.

Note:

Use caution when global filters are enabled as only frames that match the enabled filters will be processed.

Refer to section 3.2.3 to configure the advanced settings on the Advanced tab of Interface Setup.

Note:

Item [3] under Figure 3.2.3-1 must be enabled “(√)” if the End to End Network Test configuration of the Y.1564 Suite is used.
3.11.4 Test Automator – Adding a Y.1564 Test Instance

The Y.1564 Suite is a paid option with part number: MU909060A1/2/3-007/-307 Y.1564 test option. If the option is installed on the unit, the Y.1564 Suite will be available for selection in the “Add new test” dialog of the Test Automator function, as shown in Figure 3.11.4-1 above. Otherwise it will not be available for selection.

**Note:**

Only one (1) instance of the Y.1564 Suite can be added to the Test Automator list.

Once a Y.1564 Suite instance has been added to the Test Automator, the user may highlight the Y.1564 Suite instance and press the **Set** key to enter the setup mode. The setup functions will be described in the following three (3) sections.
3.11.5 Y.1564 Suite – Test Mode Setup

Refer to section 3.11.2 for a description of available test configurations. With the image shown above in Figure 3.11.5-1 on the display, press the **Down**-arrow key so the Mode: field is highlighted. Press the **Set** key and use the **Up/Down**-arrow keys to highlight the configuration to be tested. Press the **Set** key to complete the selection.

If the selected test mode has an option for port selection, the Select Port: field will be available; otherwise it will be grayed-out. If the field is available, press the **Down**-arrow key to move the highlight to the Select Port: field. Press the **Set** key to see a list of available Port selections. Use the **Up/Down**-arrow keys to highlight the desired Port configuration. Press the **Set** key to complete the selection.

If the End to End Network Test mode is selected, the End to End button will be displayed after the Test Mode button. Use the **Up/Right**-arrow keys to move the highlight to the End to End button as shown in Figure 3.11.5-2 below. Use the **Up/Down** arrow keys to move the highlight to the check-box to the left of the End to End One way test label.

Press the **Set** key to enable (√) or disable (un-√) this feature. If enabled (√), the test traffic will be transmitted in one direction only and it is necessary to select the direction. Press the **Down**-arrow key to move the highlight to the field to the right of the One way Direction: label. Press the **Set** key. Use the **Up/Down**-arrow keys to select the desired option:
**Slave → Master** – test traffic is transmitted only from the Slave(Remote) unit to the Master(Local) unit.

**Master→Slave** – test traffic is transmitted only from the Master(Local) unit to the Slave(Remote) unit.

Press the **Set** key to complete the selection.

Press the **Down** arrow key to move the highlight to the check-box to the left of the **Store results on slave side** label. Press the **Set** key to enable (✓) or disable (un-✓) this feature. If this feature is enabled, the results of the test will be stored on the Slave(Remote) unit. If this feature is disabled, the results of the test will not be stored on the Slave(Remote) unit.

Press the **Down** arrow key to move the highlight to the check-box to the left of the **Show Estimated One Way FTD** label. Press the **Set** key to enable (✓) or disable (un-✓) this feature. If this feature is enabled, an estimated value for one-way FTD (latency) will be shown in the results. The estimated value for FTD is based on a proprietary method for synchronizing the measurement clocks of the Local and Remote units. Exact clock synchronization is generally not possible without additional equipment, so this feature gives estimated results. If this feature is disabled, the value N/A will be shown in the results for FTD.

If the End to End Network test with Estimated One Way FTD is run for a long period of time, the value for Estimated One Way FTD (as observed on the Local unit) may increase or decrease in a systematic way caused by “clock drift”. Clock drift is caused by slight variations in the clock speed of the Local and Remote units.

When the Estimated One Way FTD result is enabled, it is recommended to measure the clock drift and set the Clock Drift Correction factor before network testing is performed.
In the case where the clock on the Local unit is running faster than the clock on the Remote unit, the value for FTD Max (as observed on the Local unit) will continue to increase. In this case a **negative** Clock Drift Correction factor should be entered.

In the case where the clock on the Local unit is running slower than the clock on the Remote unit, the value for FTD Max (as observed on the Local unit) will continue to decrease and may eventually reach (and remain at) zero (0). In this case a **positive** Clock Drift Correction value should be entered.

The measured drift rate can be entered into the unit as a drift correction factor in µs/sec units. Press the **Down** arrow key to move the highlight to the field to the right of the “**Clock Drift Correction (µs/sec):**” label. Press the Set key to display the input editor. Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to enter a value. Press the Set key to accept the value and close the editor.

If no clock drift correction is desired, set the Clock Drift Correction value to zero (0) µs/sec.

There are other factors such as operating temperature that can continue to dynamically affect clock drift. When using this feature the units should be allowed to reach a stable operating temperature before the drift rate is measured. If the operating environment is later changed (significantly) the units should again be allowed to reach a stable temperature and the drift rate should be re-measured under the new conditions.
Example of measuring clock drift:
To measure clock drift it is necessary to observe the FTD MAX value at
time T and T+30sec. One method is to observe FTD Max value when the
clock top bar of display is at xx: xx: 00, and again when the clock is at xx:
xx: 30 (or other similar second interval)

Configure two units for an End to End Network test, using a short (1-3m)
patch cord (if possible).

On the Local unit, make the following configuration:

1. Check “Show Estimated One Way FTD” (refer to Figure 3.11.5-2)
2. Set the Clock Drift Correction field to 0 µs/sec.
3. Set up one Service with a simple CIR test
4. Set the Test/Step Time field on the Y.1564 Config Setup screen
   (refer to the bottom of Figure 3.11.7-1) to 60 seconds.
5. Press the Start key and go to the detail results view (Refer to
   section 3.11.13 for information on the detailed results view)

Case 1:
If the FTD Max was observed to be increasing, as shown in Figure
3.11.5-4 below, then the clock on the Local unit is running faster
than the clock on the Remote unit. Proceed to Test 1 below.
3.11 Y.1564 Suite

Case 2:

If the FTD Max was observed to be decreasing (or remains at 0) as shown in Figure 3.11.5-5 below, then the clock on the Local unit is running slower than the clock on the Remote unit.

![Figure 3.11.5-5 Zero FTD Max Value](image)

In this case, either:

- Reverse the roles of the units to create Case 1, and then execute Test 1.
  (or)
- Set the Clock Drift Correction field to 50 µs/sec, and then execute Test 2.
Test 1:

When Clock Drift Correction field is set to 0 µs/sec:

1. Press the Start key
2. At a time T, record the FTD Max value.
   
   ![Figure 3.11.5-6 Time T Reading](image)

   **SRV #** | **FTD Min ~ (ms)** | **FTD Avg ~ (ms)** | **FTD Max ~ (ms)**
---|---|---|---
1 | 0.016 | 0.078 | 0.146

Drift Correction setting = 0 µs / sec

- Observed Max FTD @ time T = 0.146 ms
- Observed Max FTD @ time T + 30 sec = 0.260 ms

⇒ Observed Drift = 1000 * (0.260 – 0.146) / 30 = **3.8 µs / sec**

- Enter **-3.8 µs / sec** into the Clock Drift Correction field.
Test 2:

When Clock Drift Correction field is set to 50 µs/sec:

1. Press the Start key
2. At a time T, record the FTD Max value.

   Figure 3.11.5-8 Time T Reading

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SRV #</th>
<th>FTD Min ~ (ms)</th>
<th>FTD Avg ~ (ms)</th>
<th>FTD Max ~ (ms)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.186</td>
<td>0.718</td>
<td>1.250</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. At time T+30s, record the FTD Max value.

   Figure 3.11.5-9 Time T+30s Reading

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SRV #</th>
<th>FTD Min ~ (ms)</th>
<th>FTD Avg ~ (ms)</th>
<th>FTD Max ~ (ms)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.186</td>
<td>1.415</td>
<td>2.645</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Drift Correction setting = 50 µs / sec

Observed Max FTD @ time T = 1.250 ms
Observed Max FTD @ time T + 30 sec = 2.645 ms

\[ \text{Observed Drift} = 50 - (1000 \times (2.645 - 1.250) / 30) = 3.5 \, \mu s / \text{sec} \]

• Enter 3.5 µs / sec into the Clock Drift Correction field.
Chapter 3  Ethernet Application

Test 3:
1. Press the Start key
2. At time T, record the FTD Max value
3. At time T+30s, record the FTD Max value

\[
\text{Observed Max FTD @ time T} = 0.001 \text{ ms} \\
\text{Observed Max FTD @ time T + 30 sec} = 0.001 \text{ ms}
\]

⇒ Observed Drift = \(\frac{0.001 - 0.001}{30} = 0.0 \mu\text{s} / \text{sec}\)

Test 3 shows that the clock drift has been corrected according to the calculations from Test 1 or Test 2.

Note:
The Clock Drift Correction factor may need to be adjusted up or down from the initial calculations (shown above) to stabilize the Max FTD reading. If, after initial correction, the Max FTD reading continues to increase/decrease or remains at 0ms, adjust the Clock Drift Correction factor by \(0.1 \mu\text{s} / \text{sec (or smaller) increments}\) until the reading stabilizes.

As mentioned above, even if the procedure in the above example is followed and a suitable drift correction factor is entered into the software, there are other factors such as operating temperature that can continue to dynamically affect clock drift. The Clock Drift Correction factor should be considered an advanced feature to be used only when round-trip FTD measurements cannot be used.
3.11 Y.1564 Suite

Testing Asymmetric VLAN and MPLS Network Configurations

The End to End Configuration Screen shown in Figure 3.11.5-2 includes input fields for VLAN Levels and MPLS Levels. These input fields control the number of VLAN tags / MPLS labels that are used at each end of the network under test. The VLAN/MPLS levels can be the same (symmetric) or different (asymmetric). An asymmetric configuration may be needed if the network adds/drops one or more tags or labels.

Use the tables below to select the setting for the VLAN Levels and MPLS Levels respectively.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VLAN Levels</th>
<th>Remote Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Unit</td>
<td>Symmetric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>1&lt;&gt;None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2&lt;&gt;None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>3&lt;&gt;None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MPLS Levels</th>
<th>Remote Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Local Unit</td>
<td>Symmetric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>1&lt;&gt;None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2&lt;&gt;None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>3&lt;&gt;None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
- All VLAN tags to be used on either the Local or Remote unit are configured on the Local unit, as described starting with Figure 3.11.6-34 through Figure 3.11.6-45 below. All MPLS labels to be used on either the Local or Remote unit are configured on the Local unit, as described starting with Figure 3.11.6-65 through Figure 3.11.6-67 below.

- The Interface Setup of each unit (Local and Remote) must match the expected (VLAN, MPLS) configuration of the network, at the point where each unit is connected to the network, or the units will not be able to establish end to end communications.
To change the setting for the VLAN/MPLS Levels, use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the VLAN/MPLS Levels input field. Press the **Set** key to display the selection menu as shown in Figure 3.11.5-10 below:

![Figure 3.11.5-10 VLAN/MPLS Levels Selection Menu](image)

Use the **Up/Down** arrow keys to move the highlight to the desired selection. Press the **Set** key to make the selection.
3.11.6 Y.1564 Suite - Services Setup

The Y.1564 Suite includes a Services table to make the definition and setup of Services easy. To access the Services table from the Test Mode setup screen, use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to move the highlight to the Services button, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-1 below.

![Figure 3.11.6-1  Y.1564 – Services Setup Button](image)

Press the Down arrow key to move the (RED) highlight selection to the Services table, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-2 below.

![Figure 3.11.6-2  Y.1564 – Services Setup Table Selected](image)

**Notes:**

- The Services setup table is designed for fast and efficient definition of Services on one (1) or two (2) ports. If many Services have similar definitions, the user can take advantage of the Copy function described below. Some recommended steps are:

Set up the first Service using the instructions provided below.

If multiple Services are required, use the Copy function to copy the first Service onto a range of Services for the same port.
If the selected test configuration will use both ports, use the Copy function to copy the Services from the current port to the opposite port.

Edit the individual fields in the Service definitions as needed to complete the setup operation.

- Many of the descriptions provided in this section for setting up the individual fields in the Services table will be familiar to users of the MU909060A Generator application. If the user is familiar with setting up Streams for the Generator application, many of the descriptions below can be skipped.

- The Services setup function supports editing of individual table values. The user may navigate to any cell in the table using the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys. The table is also divided into sections. The section currently displayed is indicated on the F2 soft-key. The currently selected cell is indicated by a RED highlighted rectangle around the cell.

- The F2 soft-key is available as an additional navigation aid. Press the F2 soft-key to advance to the next section of the table. Sections wrap in a circular manner. The table sections are Services, Addresses, Profiles, Thresholds, and Misc. (miscellaneous).

- If a cell in the SRV # Enable column is highlighted, pressing the Set key will cause the Service to be enabled (√) or disabled (un-√). For cells in any other columns, pressing the Set key will cause the appropriate editor for the field to be shown.

- The Services setup function includes vertical and horizontal scroll bars to make table navigation easy. The first column (SRV #, Enable) is locked in place so the Service numbers are always visible.

- If paid option MU909060A1-003 (Stacked VLAN) is not installed, only the VLAN 1 column will be shown. If paid option MU909060A1-004 (MPLS) is not installed, MPLS column will not be shown.
SRV# Enable Column

When a cell in the SRV # Enable column is highlighted, the user may press the Set key to enable (√) or disable (un-√) the Service, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-3 above. If the Service is enabled (√), it will be included when the Y.1564 Config and Y.1564 Perform tests are run.

Notes:
- The number of enabled (√) Services is shown at the bottom of the display.
- The SRV # Enable column begins the Services section of the table. The label on the F2 Table soft-key will change to show Services.

Copy Function

The Services setup table supports a Copy function. Press the F4 Copy Service soft-key to display the Copy Service(s) Setup dialog, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-4 below.
To **copy the complete contents of the current port** to the other port, use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the field to the right of the Copy Mode: label. Press the **Set** key to display the copy mode selection list, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-5 below.

![Figure 3.11.6-5 Services Setup – Copy Mode Selections](image)

*Figure 3.11.6-5 Services Setup – Copy Mode Selections*

Use the **Up/Down** arrow keys to select **All Services to Opposite Port** or **All Services to Opposite Port, Address Swap**. Press the **Set** key to complete the selection. Press the **F1 OK** soft-key to execute the copy operation, or press the **F2 Cancel** soft-key to cancel the copy operation.

![Figure 3.11.6-6 Services Setup – Copy All Services to Opposite Port](image)

*Figure 3.11.6-6 Services Setup – Copy All Services to Opposite Port*

**Note:**

The All Services to Opposite Port mode copies the entire contents of the current port to the opposite port without address swapping. The All Services to Opposite Port, Address Swap mode copies the entire contents of the current port to the opposite port and swaps the Source and Destination MAC and IP addresses. When these modes are used, the remaining fields on the screen are disabled (grayed-out), as shown in Figure 3.11.6-6 above.

To copy one Service onto a range of multiple Services, follow the steps below.
The field to the right of the Copy Service: label is R/O, and corresponds to the Service (row) that was highlighted in the SRV # Enable column when the F4 soft-key was pressed to enter the copy function.

Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to move the highlight to the field to the right of the To Service: label. Press the Set key to display the Service Number editor, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-7 below. Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to enter the starting number of the range of Services number to copy onto. Press the Set key to complete the editing process.

Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to move the highlight to the field to the right of the Through Service: label. Press the Set key to display the Service Number editor, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-7 above. Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to enter the ending number of the range of Services number to copy onto. Press the Set key to complete the editing process.

Press the F1 OK soft-key to execute the copy operation, or press the F2 Cancel soft-key to cancel the copy operation.
Service Name Column (Optional)

Press the Right arrow key to move the highlight to the Service Name column, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-8.

When a cell in the Service Name column is highlighted, pressing the Set key will cause the alpha-numeric input editor to be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-9. The user may enter up to eight (8) characters for the Service name, using the various keyboards provided on the editor.
Service Profile Column (Optional)

Press the **Right** arrow key to move the highlight to the Service **Profile** column, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-10 below.

![Figure 3.11.6-10 Services Setup – Profile Column](image)

When a cell in the Service **Profile** column is highlighted, pressing the **Set** key will cause the Service Profile pop-up menu to be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-11 below.

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the radio button for the desired service profile. Press the **Set** key to enable the radio button (black dot appears in the center of the button).

For Voice or Video, once the radio button is enabled, use the **Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the Encoding field. Press the **Set** key to see the list of available encodings. Use the **Up/Down** arrow keys to move the highlight over the desired encoding. Press the **Set** key to make the selection.

Use the **Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight over the Calls/Channels field. Press the **Set** key to display the pop-up editor for the field. Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to enter the desired number of Calls/Channels. Press the **Set** key to release the pop-up editor.

Press the **F1 Back** soft-key to return to the Services setup table.
The selections available on the Service Profile pop-up are:

- **Voice**
  - Encoding: VoIP G.711
  - Calls: 100
  - CIR (Mbps): 12.640

- **Video**
  - Encoding: SDTV(MPEG-2)
  - Channels: 1
  - CIR (Mbps): 3.972
### Table 3.11.6-1 Service Profile Setups

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Selection</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>No pre-set profile is used for the Service. The user must enter CIR, Frame Profile, and Protocol manually.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voice</td>
<td>The user will select the encoding and number of calls to be used. The CIR value will be calculated and presented in the CIR column. The protocol will be set to UDP with the appropriate port numbers. The frame size will be pre-set based on the selections.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Selections are shown in the table below.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Video</td>
<td>The user will select the encoding and number of channels to be used. The CIR value will be calculated and presented in the CIR column. The protocol will be set to UDP with the appropriate port numbers. The frame size will be pre-set based on the selections.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Selections are shown in the table below.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 3.11.6-2 Encodings, Frame Sizes and Rates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Encoding</th>
<th>Frame Size</th>
<th>Rate per Channel/Call</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VoIP G.711</td>
<td>138</td>
<td>0.126</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VoIP G.723.1</td>
<td>82</td>
<td>0.027</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VoIP G.729</td>
<td>78</td>
<td>0.039</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDTV (MPEG-2)</td>
<td>1374</td>
<td>3.972</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HDTV (MPEG-2)</td>
<td>1374</td>
<td>20.443</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HDTV (MPEG-4)</td>
<td>1374</td>
<td>10.593</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Notes:**

- If a Voice or Video profile is selected, UDP will be enabled and the CIR and Frame Profile columns will be filled in automatically and grayed-out. These fields cannot be edited until the Service Profile is changed to OFF.

- If the Service Profile is later changed from Voice or Video to OFF, the UDP header will remain on.
Chapter 3 Ethernet Application

CIR Column (Required)

Press the Right arrow key to move the highlight to the CIR column, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-14 below.

Note:

If this column is grayed-out (unavailable for selection) due to a Voice or Video profile selection, proceed to the EIR column instructions.

When a cell in the CIR column is highlighted, pressing the Set key will cause the CIR editor to be displayed.

The CIR (Committed Information Rate) value may be set to any value between 0.008 Mbps and 1000.0 Mbps. The total of CIR values for all enabled Services is shown at the bottom of the display. The total of all CIR values is limit checked upon starting the test. If the total of all CIR values is greater than the line rate (of the current connection), a warning message will be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-16.
Note:
CIR is specified as a “utilized rate” which includes frame overhead.

Press the Right arrow key to move the highlight to the EIR column, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-17.
Chapter 3  Ethernet Application

When a cell in the EIR column is highlighted, pressing the Set key will cause the EIR editor to be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-18.

![Figure 3.11.6-18  Services Setup – EIR Editor](image)

The EIR (Excess Information Rate) value may be set to any value between 0.0 Mbps and 1000.0 Mbps. The EIR value is used by the Y.1564 Config EIR, Traffic Policing, and EBS tests. See section 3.11.11 for a description of how this value is used.

**Notes:**

- In some tests the EIR rate is added to the CIR rate. In other tests a multiple (such as 125%) of the EIR rate is added to the CIR rate, or another ratio of CIR and EIR is used. These conditions will be limit checked at the start of the test to insure the total line load required by the test does not exceed the line rate of the current connection.

- If EIR is set to 0.0 Mbps for a Service, then the EIR, Traffic Policing, and EBS tests will not run for that Service. This provides the user with flexibility to enable the EIR, Traffic Policing, and EBS tests globally, and then selectively disable these tests for certain Services.

- EIR is the last member of the Services section of the Services setup table.
### SRC IP Column (Required)

Press the **Right** arrow key to move the highlight to the SRC IP column, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-19.

**Notes:**

- The SRC IP column begins the Addresses section of the table. The label on the F2 Table soft-key will change to show Addresses.

- If multiple Services are defined and enabled for a test, the user may choose to make the SRC IP address for each Service unique or the same value. The test will function properly for either method of address definition (assuming the addresses are defined in a way that allows the test traffic to travel through the network from source to destination).

When a cell in the SRC IP column is highlighted, pressing the **Set** key will cause the SRC IP screen to be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-20.

**Note:**

The Address Wizard function is available from the screen shown in Figure 3.11.6-20 below. Refer to section 3.12 for a description of how to use the Address Wizard function.
The Source IP editor screen allows many functions to be selected and edited.

If the IPv4 button is highlighted, pressing the Set key will cause the IPv4 address header to be enabled (LED ON) or disabled (LED OFF).

Note:
If the IPv4 address header is disabled (LED OFF), then IPv6 addressing is automatically enabled.

Press the Down arrow key to move the highlight selection to the Source IP Address: field. Press the Set key to display the IPv4 address editor. Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to set the desired IP Source address. Press the Set key to complete the selection and return to the previous screen.
Gateway: Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to highlight the Setup... button across from the Use Gateway label. Press the Set key to display the Gateway Setup pop-up screen, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-22. Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to move the highlight to the Default gateway: field. Press the Set key to display the pop-up editor. Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to input the address for the gateway. Press the Set key to close the pop-up editor. Repeat the procedure for the Network Mask: field.

If the End to End Network Test configuration is used, it is also necessary to configure a Gateway address and Netmask for the Remote unit. Use the procedure above to enter the Remote Default gateway address and Remote Network mask information.

Use the Up/Down:arrow keys to highlight the Close button on the pop-up dialog. Press the Set key to release the dialog and return to the previous screen.

![Gateway Input Fields](image)

Figure 3.11.6-22 Gateway Input Fields

To enable/disable Gateway processing, press the Left:arrow key to move the highlight to the check-box to the left of the Use Gateway label. Press the Set key to enable (√) or disable (un-√) Gateway processing.

DSCP/TOS: Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to move the highlight to the DCSP/TOS field. Press the Set key to display the DSCP / TOS editor screen. Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to enter the desired code point value. Press the Set key to release the pop-up screen and return to the previous screen.
**Chapter 3  Ethernet Application**

**Note:**
This code point value will represent the service class for non-colored frames on this Service. This value can be overridden by input values from the Color Mode editor screen, when Color Mode for the Service is set to IP DSCP. If the value is overridden from the Color Mode function, the values selected from the Color Mode function (for GREEN frames) will be copied to this value, and the DSCP / TOS field on this display will be disabled (grayed-out), as shown in Figure 3.11.6-23 below. This field also corresponds to the Traffic Class field in IPv6, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-24 below.

![Figure 3.11.6-23 Services Setup – DSCP/TOS Field Disabled](image)

**Note:** It is possible to edit the Source IP address information for another Service by pressing the **F4 Service** soft-key, to change to another Service number. It is also possible to move to another address.
header field for the current Service, by using the Up/Down-arrow keys to move the highlight to the row of address header buttons. Any changes that are made to other Services or address headers will be shown in the Services setup table upon return to the table.

When finished editing the Source IP information, press the F1 Back soft-key to return to the Services setup table.

**DST IP Column (Required)**

Press the Right-arrow key to move the highlight to the DST IP column, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-25.

When a cell in the DST IP column is highlighted, pressing the Set key will cause the DST IP screen to be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-26.

Use the Up/Down-arrow keys to move the highlight to the Dest. IP Address: field, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-26.

Press the Set key to display the IP address editor, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-27.

![Figure 3.11.6-25 Services Setup – DST IP Column](image)

![Figure 3.11.6-26 Services Setup – DST IP Address Screen](image)
Notes:

- The Address Wizard function is available from the screen shown in Figure 3.11.6-26 above. Refer to section 3.12 for a description of how to use the Address Wizard function.

- ARP resolution is not supported in real-time.

- If the End to End Network Test configuration is used, the Destination IP addresses become the Source IP addresses of the Remote unit.

- If multiple Services are defined and enabled for a test, the user may choose to make the DST IP address for each Service unique or the same value. The test will function properly for either method of address definition (assuming the addresses are defined in a way that allows the test traffic to travel through the network from source to destination).

![IPv4 Address Editor](image)

**Figure 3.11.6-27 IPv4 Address Editor**

Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to edit the Destination IP address. When finished editing the Destination IP address, press the F1 Back soft-key to return to the Services setup table.

**SRC MAC Column (Required)**

Press the Right arrow key to move the highlight to the SRC MAC column, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-28.
Press the Set key to display the SRC MAC input screen.

**Note:**
The MAC button is always enabled (LED ON).

Use the Up/Down arrow keys to move the highlight to the Source MAC field, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-29.

Press the Set key to display the MAC address editor, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-30.

**Note:**
The Address Wizard function is available from the screen shown in Figure 3.11.6-29 above. Refer to section 3.12 for a description of how to use the Address Wizard function.
Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to edit the Source MAC address. When finished editing the Source MAC address, press the Set key to return to the previous screen. Press the F1 Back soft-key to return to the Services setup table.

**Note:**

If multiple Services are defined and enabled for a test, the user may choose to make the SRC MAC address for each Service unique or the same value. The test will function properly for either method of address definition (assuming the addresses are defined in a way that allows the test traffic to travel through the network from source to destination).
DST MAC Column (Required)

Press the Right arrow key to move the highlight to the DST MAC column, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-31.

![Figure 3.11.6-31 Services Setup – DST MAC Editor](image1)

Press the Set key to display the DST MAC input screen.

Use the Up/Down arrow keys to move the highlight to the Destination MAC: field, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-32.

**Note:**
The Address Wizard function is available from the screen shown in Figure 3.11.6-32 below. Refer to section 3.12 for a description of how to use the Address Wizard function.

![Figure 3.11.6-32 Services Setup – DST MAC Editor](image2)

Press the Set key to display the MAC address editor, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-33.
Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to edit the Destination MAC address. When finished editing the Destination MAC address, press the Set key to return to the previous screen.

Press the Down arrow key to move the highlight to the check-box to the right of the ARP: label. Press the Set key to enable (√) or disable (un-√) ARP processing.

**Note:**

There are some dependencies between ARP processing, Gateway processing, and the selected Test Mode. These dependencies are described in the table below:
Table 3.11.6-3  Test Mode, ARP, Gateway Dependencies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gateway Check-box</th>
<th>Test Mode</th>
<th>ARP Check-box</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Change from Disabled to Enabled</td>
<td>End-to-End</td>
<td>Disable ARP on corresponding Service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change from Disabled to Enabled</td>
<td>Switch-Router or Single Ended</td>
<td>Enable ARP on corresponding Service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>Change from Switch-Router or Single Ended to End-to-End mode.</td>
<td>Enable ARP on corresponding Service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disable</td>
<td>Change from Switch-Router or Single Ended to End-to-End mode.</td>
<td>Disable ARP on corresponding Service.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Press the **F1 Back** soft-key to return to the Services setup table.

**Notes:**

- If multiple Services are defined and enabled for a test, the user may choose to make the DST MAC address for each Service unique or the same value. The test will function properly for either method of address definition (assuming the addresses are defined in a way that allows the test traffic to travel through the network from source to destination).

- If the End to End Network Test configuration is used, the Destination MAC addresses become the Source MAC address of the Remote unit.
Chapter 3  Ethernet Application

Color Mode Column (Optional)

Press the **Right** arrow key to move the highlight to the Color Mode column, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-34.

**Note:**
The Color Mode column begins the Profiles section of the table. The label on the **F2 Table** soft-key will change to show Profiles.

Color Mode defines the method of differentiating traffic streams by IP DSCP code point value or VLAN priority. For certain sub-tests under the Y.1564 Config test, each Service that has a color mode defined (other than OFF) will use two (2) individual test traffic streams. The first (known as the GREEN stream) will use the specified code point or VLAN priority defined for GREEN traffic. The second (known as the YELLOW stream) will use the specified code point or VLAN priority defined for YELLOW traffic.

![Figure 3.11.6-34  Services Setup – Color Mode Column](image)

When a cell in the Color Mode column is highlighted, pressing the **Set** key will cause the Color Mode Setup screen to be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-35.

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the radio button for the desired setting for Color Mode. Press the **Set** key to enable (black dot in the center of radio button) or disable (no dot in the center of radio button) the selection.
If VLAN PRI is enabled, use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the input field in the GREEN or YELLOW column, across from the level of VLAN (1 or 2 or 3) to be modified, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-35. Press the **Set** key to display the VLAN Priority pop-up editor, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-36. Use the **Up/Down** arrow keys to set the priority.

Press the **Set** key to release the dialog and return to the previous screen. Repeat the procedure to set the priorities for all VLAN levels and colors that are required for the test.
Note:

If VLAN PRI is enabled, the Color Mode column will indicate VLAN PRI. The priorities for the individual VLANs will be shown in their respective VLAN columns. If a VLAN level is disabled, its column will show OFF. Otherwise its column will show the VLAN ID, GR:x, YL:y information. The PRI (priority) field for each VLAN in (Y.1564) Interface Setup will be disabled (grayed-out).

If VLAN PRI is enabled, then VLAN 1 will be enabled automatically by the software. If VLANs 2,3 are to be used they must be enabled manually by the user.

If VLAN PRI is enabled and VLAN 1 is disabled by the user, the Color Mode setting for the Service will be automatically set to OFF.

If VLANs are defined and enabled, and the Color Mode setting is later changed to OFF, the VLANs will remain enabled, and the VLAN columns will change to show only the basic VID, PRI notation.
If IP DSCP is enabled, to use pre-defined code points, use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to move the highlight to the input field in the GREEN or YELLOW column, across from the IP DSCP label, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-39. Press the Set key to display the IP DCSP code point pull-down list, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-40. Use the Up/Down arrow keys to highlight the desired code point. Press the Set key to make the selection. Repeat the procedure for each column (GREEN or YELLOW) to be set.

**Note:**

The hexadecimal value of the selected code point will be displayed in the DSCP/TOS field below the input field. This value will also be populated in the DSCP/TOS: field on the Source IP Address screen of (Y.1564) Interface Setup.

To use user-defined code points, use the Up/Down arrow keys to move the highlight to the User Defined selection in the list. Press the Set key to make the selection. Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to move the highlight to the input field in the GREEN or YELLOW column, across from the DSCP/TOS label. Press the Set key to display the IP DCSP code point editor, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-41. Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to enter the desired value. Press the Set key to release the dialog and return to the previous screen. Repeat the procedure for each column (GREEN or YELLOW) to be set.
Press the **F1 Back** soft-key to return to the Services setup table.
3.11 Y.1564 Suite

VLAN Column(s) (Optional)

Press the Right arrow key to move the highlight to the VLAN 1 column, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-43.

When a cell in the VLAN 1 column is highlighted, pressing the Set key will cause the VLAN screen to be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-44.

Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to move the highlight to the VLAN button, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-44. Press the Set key to enable (LED ON) or disable (LED OFF) the inclusion of VLAN headers in the test frames.

Assuming the VLAN feature is enabled (LED ON), use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to move the highlight to the TPID field of the VLAN 1 row. Press the Set key to display the TPID pull-down list and make a selection. Press the Set key to release the list and return to the previous screen.

Move the highlight to the PRI field. Press the Set key to display the Priority pop-up editor. Use the Up/Down arrow keys to edit the priority.
number. Press the Set key to release the editor and return to the previous screen.

Move the highlight to the CFI field. Press the Set key to enable (√) or disable (un-√) the CFI bit.

Move the highlight to the VID field. Press the Set key to display the VID pop-up editor. Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to edit the VID value. Press the Set key to release the editor and return to the previous screen.

Notes:
- If more than one level of VLAN is required to be defined, it can be accomplished from this dialog (Figure 3.11.6-44). Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to move the highlight over the + field to the left of the VLAN 2 label. Press the Set key to enable the input fields. Repeat the procedure above to input the desired TPID, Priority, CFI, and VID settings. Once VLAN 2 is enabled then VLAN 3 can be enabled if required. Repeat the same procedure for VLAN 3.

- When a cell in the VLAN 1, VLAN 2, or VLAN 3 column (as shown in Figure 3.11.6-45) is highlighted, pressing the Set key will cause the VLAN screen to be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-44. All VLAN columns are processed in the same manner as described above.
Frame Profile Column (Optional)

Press the **Right**-arrow key (multiple times) to move the highlight to the **Frame Profile column**, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-46.

When a cell in the Frame Profile column is highlighted, pressing the **Set** key will cause the Frame Profile Setup screen to be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-47.

![Frame Profile Setup Screen](image)

Figure 3.11.6-46  Services Setup – Frame Profile Screen

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right**-arrow keys to move the highlight to the radio button for the desired setting for Frame Profile. Press the **Set** key to enable (black dot in the center of radio button) or disable (no dot in the center of radio button) the selection.

If Fixed Size is enabled, use the **Up/Down/Left/Right**-arrow keys to move the highlight to the input field across from the Fixed Size: label. Press the **Set** key to display the frame size pull-down list, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-48. Use the **Up/Down**-arrow keys to highlight the desired frame size in the list. Press the **Set** key to make the selection.

![Frame Profile Setup Screen](image)

Figure 3.11.6-47  Services Setup – Frame Profile Screen
Figure 3.11.6-48  Services Setup – Fixed Frame Size Pop-up

If User Defined is enabled, use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to move the highlight to the input field across from the User Defined label. Press the Set key to display the User Frame Size editor, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-49. Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to edit the desired frame size. Press the Set key to complete the selection.

Figure 3.11.6-49  Services Setup – Fixed / User Defined Editor

If EMIX is enabled, use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to move the highlight to the input field across from the EMIX label. Press the Set key to display the EMIX input editor, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-51. Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to move the highlight to the soft-keyboard. Press the Set key to select the currently highlighted character on the soft-keyboard. Use the F2 Backspace soft-key to make corrections if necessary. Press the F3 OK soft-key to accept and complete the editing session. Press the F4 Cancel soft-key to discard inputs and complete the editing session.

Note:
The EMIX string can be from one (1) to five (5) characters in length in any sequence. The EMIX string defines a repeating mix of frame...
sizes that will be transmitted by the Service.

Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to move the highlight to the input field across from the H = MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit) label. Press the Set key to display the EMIX MTU input editor. Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to enter the desired frame size for the MTU setting. Press the Set key to complete the editing process.

Use the Up/Down arrow keys to move the highlight to the input field across from the U = User label. Press the Set key to display the EMIX User input editor. Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to enter the desired frame size for the User setting. Press the Set key to complete the editing process.

![Figure 3.11.6-50 Services Setup – EMIX Selection](image1)

![Figure 3.11.6-51 Services Setup – EMIX Input Keyboard](image2)
Payload Pattern Column (Optional)

Press the **Right**-arrow key to move the highlight to the **Payload Pattern column**, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-52.

When a cell in the Payload Pattern column is highlighted, pressing the **Set** key will cause the Payload Profile pull-down list to be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-53.

![Figure 3.11.6-52  Services Setup – Payload Pattern Column](image)

![Figure 3.11.6-53  Services Setup – Payload Pattern Pop-up List](image)

Use the **Up/Down**-arrow keys to move the highlight over the desired Payload Pattern. Press the **Set** key to complete the selection.

**Note:**

The selected Payload Pattern will be placed in the (un-used) payload area of each test frame.
CBS Column (Optional)

Press the **Right** arrow key to move the highlight to the CBS (Committed Burst Size) column, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-54.

When a cell in the CBS column is highlighted, pressing the **Set** key will cause the CBS editor to be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-55.

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to enter the value for CBS bytes. Press the **Set** key to complete the editing process.

---

**Note:**

The value entered for CBS is used by certain sub-tests of the Y.1564 Config test. If these sub-tests are enabled, the value will be limit checked by the software at test start. The minimum value for CBS depends on many factors such as the CIR and frame size settings. If the currently defined value is too small (based on the validation rules), a message similar to the one shown in Figure 3.11.6-56 will be shown. The user must then change the CBS value to be at least as large as the value shown in the message.
Chapter 3  Ethernet Application

Figure 3.11.6-56  Run Time – CBS Limit Message

EBS Column (Optional)

Press the Right - arrow key to move the highlight to the EBS (Excess Burst Size) column, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-57.

When a cell in the EBS column is highlighted, pressing the Set key will cause the EBS editor to be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-58.

Figure 3.11.6-57  Services Setup – EBS Column

Use the Up/Down/Left/Right - arrow keys to enter the value for EBS bytes. Press the Set key to complete the editing process.

Figure 3.11.6-58  Services Setup – EBS Pop-up Editor
Max FTD Column (Required)

Press the **Right** arrow key to move the highlight to the **Max FTD column**, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-59. The Max FTD column is used to set a threshold on the maximum value for FTD (latency).

**Note:**

The Max FTD column begins the **Thresholds** section of the table.

The label on the **F2 Table** soft-key will change to show **Thresholds**.

When a cell in the Max FTD column is highlighted, pressing the **Set** key will cause the Max FTD editor to be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-60.

![Figure 3.11.6-59 Services Setup – Max FTD Column](image)

![Figure 3.11.6-60 Services Setup – Max FTD Pop-up Editor](image)

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to enter the value for Max FTD in ms. Press the **Set** key to complete the editing process.
Max FDV Column (Required)

Press the Right arrow key to move the highlight to the Max FDV column, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-61. The Max FDV column is used to set a threshold on the maximum value for FDV (jitter).

When a cell in the Max FDV column is highlighted, pressing the Set key will cause the Max FDV editor to be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-62.

![Figure 3.11.6-61  Services Setup – Max FDV Column](image)

Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to enter the value for Max FDV in ms. Press the Set key to complete the editing process.

![Figure 3.11.6-62  Services Setup – Max FDV Pop-up Editor](image)
Max FLR Column (Required)

Press the **Right** arrow key to move the highlight to the Max FLR column, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-63. The Max FLR column is used to set a threshold on the maximum value for FLR (frame loss ratio).

When a cell in the Max FLR column is highlighted, pressing the **Set** key will cause the Max FLR editor to be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-64.

![Figure 3.11.6-63 Services Setup – Max FLR Column](image)

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to enter the value for Max Frame Loss ratio in PPM. Press the **Set** key to complete the editing process.

![Figure 3.11.6-64 Services Setup – Max FLR Pop-up Editor](image)
MPLS Column(s) (Optional)

Press the **Right**-arrow key to move the highlight to the **MPLS 1 column**, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-65.

When a cell in the MPLS 1 column is highlighted, pressing the **Set** key will cause the MPLS screen to be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-66.

**Note:**

The **MPLS 1** column begins the **Misc.** section of the table. The label on the **F2 Table** soft-key will change to show **Misc.**

![Figure 3.11.6-65 Services Setup – MPLS 1 Column](image1)

![Figure 3.11.6-66 Services Setup – MPLS Enable / Input Screen](image2)

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the **MPLS** button, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-64. Press the **Set** key to enable (LED ON) or disable (LED OFF) the inclusion of MPLS headers in the test frames.

Assuming the MPLS feature is enabled (LED ON), use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the **LABEL** field of the MPLS 1 row. Press the **Set** key to display the **LABEL** editor. Use
the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to edit the LABEL value. Press the Set key to release the editor and return to the previous screen.

Move the highlight to the CoS field. Press the Set key to display the CoS pop-up editor. Use the Up/Down arrow keys to edit the CoS number. Press the Set key to release the editor and return to the previous screen.

Move the highlight to the TTL field. Press the Set key to display the TTL editor. Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to edit the TTL value. Press the Set key to release the editor and return to the previous screen.

**Notes:**

- If more than one level of MPLS is required to be defined, it can be accomplished from this dialog (Figure 3.11.6-66). Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to move the highlight over the + field to the left of the MPLS 2 label. Press the Set key to enable the input fields. Repeat the procedure above to input the desired LABEL, COS, and TTL settings. Once MPLS 2 is enabled then MPLS 3 can be enabled if required. Repeat the same procedure for MPLS 3.

- When a cell in the MPLS 1, MPLS 2, or MPLS 3 columns (as shown in Figure 3.11.6-67) is highlighted, pressing the Set key will cause the MPLS screen to be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-66. All MPLS columns are processed in the same manner as described above.

---

**Figure 3.11.6-67 Services Setup – MPLS 1, 2, 3 Columns**
UDP Column (Optional)

Press the Right arrow key (several times) to move the highlight to the UDP column, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-68.

When a cell in the UDP column is highlighted, pressing the Set key will cause the UDP input screen to be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-69.

Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to move the highlight to the UDP button, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-69. Press the Set key to enable (LED ON) or disable (LED OFF) the inclusion of UDP port numbers in the IP header.
Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to input field across from the **Source Port** label. Press the **Set** key to display the **Source Port** editor. Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to edit the **Source Port** value. Press the **Set** key to release the editor and return to the previous screen.

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to input field across from the **Destination Port** label. Press the **Set** key to display the **Destination Port** editor. Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to edit the **Destination Port** value. Press the **Set** key to release the editor and return to the previous screen.

Press the **F1 Back** soft-key to return to the **Service setup table**.

**TCP Column (Optional)**

Press the **Right** arrow key to move the highlight to the TCP column, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-70.

When a cell in the TCP column is highlighted, pressing the **Set** key will cause the TCP input screen to be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-71.

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the TCP button, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-71. Press the **Set** key to enable (LED ON) or disable (LED OFF) the inclusion of TCP port numbers and other TCP specific fields in the IP header.

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to input field across from the **Source Port** label. Press the **Set** key to display the **Source Port** editor. Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to edit the **Source Port** value. Press the **Set** key to release the editor and return to the previous screen.
Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to input field across from the **Destination Port** label. Press the **Set** key to display the Destination Port editor. Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to edit the Destination Port value. Press the **Set** key to release the editor and return to the previous screen.

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to input field across from the **Sequence number** label. Press the **Set** key to display the Sequence number editor. Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to edit the Sequence number value. Press the **Set** key to release the editor and return to the previous screen.

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to input field across from the **Ack. Number** label. Press the **Set** key to display the Ack. Number: editor. Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to edit the Ack. Number: value. Press the **Set** key to release the editor and return to the previous screen.

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to input field across from the **Reserved** label. Press the **Set** key to display the Reserved: editor. Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to edit the Reserved: value. Press the **Set** key to release the editor and return to the previous screen.

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to input field across from the **Flags** label. Press the **Set** key to display the Flags: editor. Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to edit the Flags: value. Press the **Set** key to release the editor and return to the previous screen.

![Figure 3.11.6-71 Services Setup – TCP Enable / Input Screen](image)

Press the **F1 Back** soft-key to return to the Service setup table.
LLC1 Column (Optional)

Press the **Right** arrow key to move the highlight to the **LLC1 column**, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-72.

When a cell in the LLC1 column is highlighted, pressing the **Set** key will cause the LLC1 screen to be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-73.

![Figure 3.11.6-72 Services Setup – LLC1 Column](image)

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the LLC1 button, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-73. Press the **Set** key to enable (LED ON) or disable (LED OFF) the inclusion of LLC1 headers in the test frames.

**Note:**

The LLC1 and SNAP headers are related. Both LLC1 and SNAP may be ON. If LLC1 is OFF, SNAP must be OFF. LLC1 can be ON when SNAP is OFF. This behavior is enforced by the software automatically.

![Figure 3.11.6-73 Services Setup – LLC1 Enable Screen](image)

Press the F1 **Back** soft-key to return to the Service setup table.
SNAP Column (Optional)

Press the **Right** arrow key to move the highlight to the **SNAP column**, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-74.

When a cell in the SNAP column is highlighted, pressing the **Set** key will cause the SNAP screen to be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-75.

![Figure 3.11.6-74  Services Setup – SNAP Column](image)

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the SNAP button, as shown in Figure 3.11.6-73. Press the **Set** key to enable (LED ON) or disable (LED OFF) the inclusion of SNAP headers in the test frames.

**Note:**

The LLC 1 and SNAP headers are related. Both LLC 1 and SNAP may be ON. If LLC 1 is OFF, SNAP must be OFF. LLC 1 can be ON when SNAP is OFF. This behavior is enforced by the software automatically.

![Figure 3.11.6-75  Services Setup – SNAP Enable Screen](image)
3.11.7 Y.1564 Config Setup

After defining the Services to be used for the test(s), move to the Y.1564 Config setup screen (button).

The Y.1564 Config test includes five (5) possible sub-tests, which can be enabled independently. The Y.1565 Config test transmits each enabled Service one at a time, at various rates as prescribed by the standard, based on user inputs for CIR, EIR, CBS, and EBS.

Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to move the highlight to the Y.1564 Config button, as shown in Figure 3.11.7-1. Press the Set key to enable (LED ON) or disable (LED OFF) the Y.1564 Config test.

**Notes:**

- The MU909060A has two (2) ports A and B. The Y.1564 Config test can be configured and enabled independently for each port. Pay careful attention to the state of the F3 Port A/B soft-key when making the enable / disable selection.

- One or both of the Y.1564 Config test and Y.1564 Perform test must be enabled (LED ON). If the user attempts to disable (LED OFF) one test while the other is disabled, the other test will be enabled (LED ON) automatically.

![Figure 3.11.7-1 Y.1564 Config Setup Screen](image)
This screen will provide a method to input the following fields:

### Table 3.11.7-1  Y.1564 Config Test Setup Fields

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Selections</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CIR</td>
<td>Enable (√) or (un-√) disable.</td>
<td>Enables the CIR test. All enabled services will be processed as defined in the standard under the CIR test.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Default is enabled (√).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ramped</td>
<td>Enable (√) or (un-√) disable.</td>
<td>Each ramp step is defined as a percentage of CIR.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The ramp configuration is common for all configured services.</td>
<td>Ramp steps are not required to be enabled in order.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Default is disabled (un-√).</td>
<td>Ramp steps are not required to be defined in increasing order of % CIR.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Range: [0% to 100%]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Default: 0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EIR</td>
<td>Enable (√) or (un-√) disable.</td>
<td>Enables the EIR test. All enabled services with EIR &gt; 0 will be processed as defined in the standard under the EIR test.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Default is disabled (un-√).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Traffic Policing</td>
<td>Enable (√) or (un-√) disable.</td>
<td>Enables the Traffic Policing test. All enabled services with EIR &gt; 0 will be processed as defined in the standard under the Traffic Policing test.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Default is disabled (un-√).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M</td>
<td>Margin value.</td>
<td>This value is used to adjust the threshold for the traffic policing test depending on the accuracy of the policing algorithms of the network equipment being tested.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CBS</td>
<td>Enable (√) or (un-√) disable.</td>
<td>Enables the CBS test. All enabled services with CBS &gt; 0 will be processed as defined in the standard under the CBS test.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Default is disabled (un-√).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBS</td>
<td>Enable (√) or (un-√) disable.</td>
<td>Enables the EBS test. All enabled services with EIR &gt; 0 and EBS &gt; 0 will be processed as defined in the standard under the EBS test.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Default is disabled (un-√).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step Time</td>
<td>The duration of each throughput step in seconds.</td>
<td>Input range [1, 60]. Default is 5 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Test Time</td>
<td>Calculated</td>
<td>Product of Step Time x (Steps + Other) x Services x Overhead + Fixed Overhead.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the check-box to the left of the CIR label. Press the **Set** key to enable (✓) or disable (un-✓) the CIR test.

If the CIR test is enabled, the Ramped option can be enabled. If Ramped operation is desired, assuming CIR is enabled, use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the check-box to the left of the Ramped label. Press the **Set** key to enable (✓) or disable (un-✓) the Ramped option. If the Ramped option is enabled, the Ramp step enable check-boxes and Ramp step input fields will be enabled. Otherwise these fields are disabled (grayed-out).

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the check-box to the left of the EIR label. Press the **Set** key to enable (✓) or disable (un-✓) the EIR test.

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the check-box to the left of the Traffic Police label. Press the **Set** key to enable (✓) or disable (un-✓) the Traffic Policing test.

If the Traffic Policing test is enabled, the M (margin) value input can be entered, otherwise the field is grayed-out (disabled for input). Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the input field to the right of the M label. Press the **Set** key to display the Margin input editor, as shown in Figure 3.11.7-2. Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to input the M(argin) value. Press the **Set** key to complete the editing process.

![Figure 3.11.7-2  Y.1564 Config Setup – M Value Editor](image)

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the check-box to the left of the CBS label. Press the **Set** key to enable (✓) or disable (un-✓) the CBS test.
Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the check-box to the left of the EBS label. Press the **Set** key to enable (√) or disable (un-√) the EBS test.

To define Ramp steps, assuming the Ramped check-box is enabled, use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to any of the check-boxes under the Step label. Press the **Set** key to enable (√) or disable (un-√) the individual steps. Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to any of the input fields to the right of the check-boxes under the % CIR label. Press the **Set** key to display the Percentage (%) editor, as shown in Figure 3.11.7-3. Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to enter the desired percentage of CIR for the step. Press the **Set** key to complete the editing process.

![Figure 3.11.7-3 Y.1564 Config Setup – Ramp Step %CIR Editor](image)

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the input field to the right of the Test/Step Time: label. Press the **Set** key to display the Step Time editor, as shown in Figure 3.11.7-4. Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to enter the desired step time. Press the **Set** key to complete the editing process.
3.11 Y.1564 Suite

3.11.7 Y.1564 Config Setup – Step Time Editor

**Note:**
The estimated test time will be calculated by the software. This estimate includes overhead per step and a fixed overhead at the start of the test.

3.11.8 Y.1564 Perform Setup

After defining the inputs specific to the Y.1564 Config test, move to the Y.1564 Perform setup screen (button), as shown in Figure 3.11.8-1 below. The Y.1564 Perform test transmits all selected Services concurrently at their defined CIR rate.

**Note:**
The MU909060A has two (2) ports A and B. The Y.1564 Perform test can be configured and enabled independently for each port. Pay careful attention to the state of the F3 Port A/B soft-key when making the enable / disable selection.

This screen will provide a method to input the following fields:
Table 3.11.8-1  Y.1564 Perform Test Inputs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Selections</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enable / Disable</td>
<td>Enable (LED ON)</td>
<td>The Y.1564 Perform test can be enabled or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Disable (LED OFF)</td>
<td>disabled independently of the Y.1564 Config test.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Run Only if Y.1564 Config Test PASS</td>
<td>Enabled (√),</td>
<td>If checked, run the Performance test only if the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Disabled(un-√)</td>
<td>Configuration test has passed all metrics for all Services.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Run Time</td>
<td>The total run time in (DD:HH:MM:SS) for the performance test.</td>
<td>Range: 3 seconds to 30 days.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the Y.1564 Perform button, as shown in 3.11.8-1. Press the **Set** key to enable (LED ON) or disable (LED OFF) the Y.1564 Perform test.

**Note:**

One or both of the Y.1564 Config test and Y.1564 Perform test must be enabled (LED ON). If the user attempts to disable (LED OFF) one test while the other is disabled, the other test will be enabled (LED ON) automatically.

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the check-box to the left of the label Run Only if Y.1564 Config Test PASS. Press the **Set** key to enable (√) or disable (un-√) this feature.

Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the field to the right of the DD:HH:MM:SS label. Press the **Set** key to display the Test Time editor, as shown in Figure 3.11.8-2. Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to input the desired time value. Press the **Set** key to complete the editing process.
3.11.9 Y.1564 ARP Processing

Up to thirty-two (32) services can be defined and each service can include an ARP request. The software will process all ARP requests in sequence at the start of the test. If one or more ARP requests fail, the test will not proceed. This processing method is necessary to prevent interruption of a test in progress due to a failed ARP request.

3.11.10 Y.1564 Test Flow

**Note:**

The test will be processed by column. Each Service will be completed before the next service is started.

**General processing rules:**

At least one (1) Service must be enabled for the Y.1564 Config Test or Y.1564 Perform test to start. This requirement will be checked upon starting the test. An error message will be presented to the user if no Services are enabled.

If the enable LED of the Y.1564 Config test is ON (enabled), at least one sub-test must be enabled or the test will not start. If no sub-tests are enabled an error message will be presented to the user.

If the enable LED of the Y.1564 Config test is OFF (disabled), then the state of the “Run Only if Y.1564 Config Test PASS” check-box on the Y.1564 Perform setup screen will be ignored.

If the enable LED of the Y.1564 Config test is ON (enabled), and the Run Only if Y.1564 Config Test PASS” check-box on the Y.1564 Perform setup screen is enabled (✔), the Y.1564 Config test must show a PASS verdict or the Y.1564 Perform test will not start.
# Chapter 3  Ethernet Application

## 3.11.11Y.1564 Test Processing

The following tables describe the user inputs, processing, FAIL criteria, and results for each sub-test of the Y.1564 Suite.

### Table 3.11.11-1  CIR Test - Inputs and FAIL Criteria

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SubTest</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Ramp</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CIR</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Enabled Services are processed one at a time. A single stream is transmitted at the specified CIR rate using the specified <strong>Frame Profile</strong> and <strong>Payload Pattern</strong>. Parameters IR, FTD, FDV, and FL are measured. If the P/F judgment for a stream results in a FAIL indication, the entire test is stopped.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 3.11.11-2  CIR Test - Inputs and FAIL Criteria

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setup Parameters</th>
<th>Measured Parameters(^{(3)})</th>
<th>FAIL Criteria (OR)</th>
<th>Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CIR</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max IR</td>
<td>Max FTD(_M) &gt; Max FTD(_T)</td>
<td>One row per enabled Service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frame Profile</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max FTD</td>
<td>Max FDV(_M) &gt; Max FDV(_T)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payload Pattern</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max, FDV</td>
<td>FL(<em>\text{Count}) &gt; Max FL(</em>\text{Rate})</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FTD(_T)</td>
<td>FL(_\text{Rate})</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FDV(_T)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FL(_T)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 3.11.11-3  Ramped CIR Test – Inputs and FAIL Criteria

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SubTest</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Ramp</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CIR</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>A ramp is defined using up to five (5) steps. Each step is defined as a percentage of CIR &lt;= 100%. A final step at 100% of CIR is always processed. The ramp applies to all enabled Services. Enabled Services are processed one at a time. For each enabled step, a single stream is transmitted at the specified step rate using the specified <strong>Frame Profile</strong> and <strong>Payload Pattern</strong>. Parameters IR, FTD, FDV, and FL are measured. If the P/F judgment for a stream / step combination results in a FAIL indication, the entire test is stopped.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 3.11.11-4 Ramped CIR Test – Inputs and FAIL Criteria

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setup Parameters</th>
<th>Measured Parameters</th>
<th>FAIL Criteria (OR)</th>
<th>Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CIR</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max IR</td>
<td>Max FTD_M &gt; Max</td>
<td>One row per enabled Service per step.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frame Profile</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max, FTD</td>
<td>FTD_T</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payload Pattern</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max, FDV</td>
<td>Max FDV_M &gt; Max</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FTD_T</td>
<td>FLCount</td>
<td>FLRate_M &gt; Max FLR_T</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FDV_T</td>
<td>FLRate</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FLR_T</td>
<td>Ramp Definition</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 3.11.11-5 EIR Test – Inputs and FAIL Criteria

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SubTest</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Ramp</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EIR</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Enabled Services are processed one at a time. A single stream is transmitted at the specified CIR+EIR rate using the specified Frame Profile and Payload Pattern. Parameters IR, FTD, FDV, and FL are measured. If the P/F judgment for the stream results in a FAIL indication, the entire test is stopped.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 3.11.11-6 EIR Test – Inputs and FAIL Criteria

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setup Parameters</th>
<th>Measured Parameters</th>
<th>FAIL Criteria (OR)</th>
<th>Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CIR</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max IR</td>
<td>(Average IR_M &gt; CIR_T+EIR_T)</td>
<td>One row per enabled Service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EIR</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max, FTD</td>
<td>CIR*(1-FLR_T) &gt; Average IR_M</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frame Profile</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max, FDV</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payload Pattern</td>
<td>FLCount</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FLR_T</td>
<td>FLRate</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Chapter 3  Ethernet Application

**Table 3.11.11-7  EIR (Colored Mode) Test – Inputs and FAIL Criteria**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SubTest</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Ramp</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EIR</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Enabled Services are processed one at a time. A stream is transmitted at the specified CIR rate using the specified <strong>Frame Profile</strong>, <strong>Payload Pattern</strong> and <strong>GREEN</strong> color identifier(^{(2)}). A second stream is transmitted at the specified EIR rate using the specified <strong>Frame Profile</strong>, <strong>Payload Pattern</strong> and <strong>YELLOW</strong> color identifier. Parameters <strong>IR</strong>, <strong>FTD</strong>, <strong>FDV</strong>, and <strong>FL</strong> are measured (^{(1)}) for each colored stream. If the P/F judgment for a stream results in a FAIL indication, the entire test is stopped.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 3.11.11-8  EIR (Colored Mode) Test – Inputs and FAIL Criteria**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setup Parameters</th>
<th>Measured Parameters (^{(3)})</th>
<th>FAIL Criteria (OR)</th>
<th>Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CIR EIR Frame Profile Payload Pattern Color Definition IP DSCP (GR/YL) or VLAN Priority (GR/YL) Max FTD(_T) Max FDV(_T) Max FLR(_T)</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max IR Min, Avg, Max, FTD Min, Avg, Max, FDV FL(<em>\text{Count}) FL(</em>\text{Rate})</td>
<td>Max FTD(_{M,G}) &gt; Max FTD(<em>T) Max FDV(</em>{M,G}) &gt; Max FDV(<em>T) Max FL(</em>\text{Rate,M,G}) &gt; Max FLR(_T) M,G = Measured, Green</td>
<td>One row for each Service-Color combination.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 3.11.11-9  Traffic Policing Test – Inputs and FAIL Criteria**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SubTest</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Ramp</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Traffic Policing</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Enabled Services are processed one at a time. A single stream is transmitted at the specified CIR+125% EIR or, if EIR &lt; 20% CIR, then 125%CIR + EIR, rate using the specified <strong>Frame Profile</strong> and <strong>Payload Pattern</strong>. Parameters <strong>IR</strong>, <strong>FTD</strong>, <strong>FDV</strong>, and <strong>FL</strong> are measured (^{(1)}). If the P/F judgment for a stream results in a FAIL indication, the entire test is stopped.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 3.11.11-10  Traffic Policing Test – Inputs and FAIL Criteria**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setup Parameters</th>
<th>Measured Parameters (^{(3)})</th>
<th>FAIL Criteria (OR)</th>
<th>Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CIR EIR Frame Profile Payload Pattern M Max FLR(_T)</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max IR Min, Avg, Max, FTD Min, Avg, Max, FDV FL(<em>\text{Count}) FL(</em>\text{Rate})</td>
<td>Average IR(_M) &gt; CIR(_T)+ EIR(_T)+M CIR(^{(1)}) *(1-FLR(_T)) &gt; Average IR(_M)</td>
<td>One row per enabled Service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SubTest</td>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Ramp</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Traffic Policing</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Enabled Services are processed one at a time. A stream is transmitted at the specified CIR rate using the specified <strong>Frame Profile</strong>, <strong>Payload Pattern</strong> and <strong>GREEN</strong> color identifier. (1) A second stream is transmitted at the specified 125% EIR or if EIR &lt; 20% CIR, then 25% CIR + 100% EIR rate using the specified <strong>Frame Profile</strong>, <strong>Payload Pattern</strong> and <strong>YELLOW</strong> color identifier. Parameters <strong>IR</strong>, <strong>FTD</strong>, <strong>FDV</strong>, and <strong>FL</strong> are measured for each colored stream. If the P/F judgment for a stream results in a FAIL indication, the entire test is stopped.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 3.11.11-12  Traffic Policing (Colored Mode) Test – Inputs and FAIL Criteria**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setup Parameters</th>
<th>Measured Parameters(3)</th>
<th>FAIL Criteria (OR)</th>
<th>Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CIR</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max IR</td>
<td>Average IR_M &gt; CIR_T + EIR_T + M</td>
<td>One row for each Service-Color combination.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EIR</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max FTD</td>
<td>Max FTD_M,G &gt; Max FTD_T</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frame Profile</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max, FDV</td>
<td>Max FDV_M,G &gt; Max FDV_T</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payload Pattern</td>
<td>FL_Count</td>
<td>FLRate_M,G &gt; FLRate_T</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color Definition</td>
<td>FL_Rate</td>
<td>M,G = Measured, Green</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP DSCP (GR/YL)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Yellow colored Services always show COMPLETED. No P/F judgment is made.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLAN Priority (GR/YL)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FTD_T</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FDV_T</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FL_Rate_T</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 3.11.11-13 CBS Test – Inputs and FAIL Criteria**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SubTest</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Ramp</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CBS</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Enabled Services are processed one at a time. A single stream which alternates between transmitting at the specified CIR rate and bursting at the specified CBS rate, using the specified <strong>Frame Profile</strong> and <strong>Payload Pattern</strong> is run. Parameters <strong>IR</strong>, <strong>FTD</strong>, <strong>FDV</strong>, and <strong>FL</strong> are measured for each colored stream. If the P/F judgment for the stream results in a FAIL indication, the entire test is stopped.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 3.11.11-14 CBS Test – Inputs and FAIL Criteria

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setup Parameters</th>
<th>Measured Parameters(^{(3)})</th>
<th>FAIL Criteria (OR)</th>
<th>Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CIR</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max IR</td>
<td>Max FTD(_M) &gt; Max FTD(_T)</td>
<td>One row per enabled Service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CBS</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max, FTD</td>
<td>Max FDV(_M) &gt; Max FDV(_T)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frame Profile</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max, FDV</td>
<td>Max FL(_{Rate,M}) &gt; Max FLR(_T)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payload Pattern</td>
<td>FL(_{Count})</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FTD(_T)</td>
<td>FL(_{Rate})</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FDV(_T)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FLR(_T)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 3.11.11-15 EBS Test – Inputs and FAIL Criteria

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SubTest</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Ramp</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EBS</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Enabled Services are processed one at a time. A single stream which alternates between transmitting at the specified CIR (^{(5)}) rate and bursting at the specified CBS+ EBS rate, using the specified Frame Profile and Payload Pattern is run. Parameters IR, FTD, FDV, and FL are measured (^{(1)}). If the P/F judgment for the stream results in a FAIL indication, the entire test is stopped.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 3.11.11-16 EBS Test – Inputs and FAIL Criteria

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setup Parameters</th>
<th>Measured Parameters(^{(3)})</th>
<th>FAIL Criteria (OR)</th>
<th>Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CIR</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max IR</td>
<td>Max FTD(_M) &gt; Max FTD(_T)</td>
<td>One row per enabled Service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CBS</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max, FTD</td>
<td>Max FDV(_M) &gt; Max FDV(_T)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBS</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max, FDV</td>
<td>Max FL(_{Rate,M}) &gt; Max FLR(_T)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frame Profile</td>
<td>FL(_{Count})</td>
<td>Max FTD(_M) &gt; Max FTD(_T)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payload Pattern</td>
<td>FL(_{Rate})</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FTD(_T)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FDV(_T)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FLR(_T)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 3.11.11-17 EBS (Colored Mode) Test – Inputs and FAIL Criteria

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SubTest</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Ramp</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EBS</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Enabled Services are processed one at a time. A stream is transmitted which alternates between the specified CIR rate and bursting at the CBS rate, using the specified Frame Profile, Payload Pattern and GREEN color identifier (^{(2)}). A second stream is transmitted which alternates between the specified EIR rate and bursting at EBS, using the specified Frame Profile, Payload Pattern and YELLOW color identifier. Parameters IR, FTD, FDV, and FL are measured (^{(1)}) for each colored stream. If the P/F judgment for a stream results in a FAIL indication, the entire test is stopped.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 3.11.11-18  EBS (Colored Mode) Test – Inputs and FAIL Criteria

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setup Parameters</th>
<th>Measured Parameters(3)</th>
<th>FAIL Criteria (OR)</th>
<th>Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CIR</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max IR</td>
<td>Max FTD&lt;sub&gt;M,G&lt;/sub&gt; &gt; Max FTD&lt;sub&gt;T&lt;/sub&gt;</td>
<td>One row for each Service-Color combination.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EIR</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max, FTD</td>
<td>Max FDV&lt;sub&gt;M,G&lt;/sub&gt; &gt; Max FDV&lt;sub&gt;T&lt;/sub&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CBS</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max, FDV</td>
<td>Max FL&lt;sub&gt;Rate,M,G&lt;/sub&gt; &gt; Max FLR&lt;sub&gt;T&lt;/sub&gt;</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBS</td>
<td>FL&lt;sub&gt;Count&lt;/sub&gt;</td>
<td>M,G = Measured, Green</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frame Profile</td>
<td>FL&lt;sub&gt;Rate&lt;/sub&gt;</td>
<td>Yellow colored Services always show COMPLETED. No P/F judgment is made.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payload Pattern</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color Definition</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP DSCP (GR/YL)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLAN Priority</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FTD&lt;sub&gt;T&lt;/sub&gt;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FDV&lt;sub&gt;T&lt;/sub&gt;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FLR&lt;sub&gt;T&lt;/sub&gt;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. The method of measurement varies with the port/unit configuration.
2. The GREEN color identifier is the IP DSCP or VLAN Priority that is normally defined in the IP SRC or VLAN definition.
3. The MIN, AVERAGE, MAX for IR, FTD, and FDV is measured. Some are not used for P/F determination.

Table 3.11.11-19  Y.1564 Perform Test – Inputs and FAIL Criteria

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SubTest</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Ramp</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Perform</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>All enabled Services are processed concurrently. A single stream per Service is transmitted at the specified CIR rate using the specified Frame Profile and Payload Pattern. Parameters IR, FTD, FDV, and FL are measured (1). If the P/F judgment for a stream results in a FAIL indication, the entire test is stopped.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 3.11.11-20 Y.1564 Perform Test – Inputs and FAIL Criteria

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setup Parameters</th>
<th>Measured Parameters(^{(2)})</th>
<th>FAIL Criteria (OR)</th>
<th>Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CIR</td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max IR</td>
<td>Max FTD(_M) &gt; Max FTD(_T)</td>
<td>All services are shown at once.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FTD(_T)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FDV(_T)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Max FDV(_M) &gt; Max FDV(_T)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FLR(_T)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Max FLRate(_M) &gt; Max FLR(_T)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max FTD</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Min, Avg, Max, FDV</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>FL(_{Count})</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>FL(_{Rate})</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>AVAIL(_{(Sec)})</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>UN-AVAIL(_{(Seca)})</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SEQ ERR(_{Count})</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SEQ ERR(_{(%)})</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. The method of measurement varies with the port/unit configuration.
2. The MIN, AVERAGE, MAX for IR, FTD, and FDV is measured. Some are not used for P/F determination.
3.11.12 Y.1564 Suite Global Results

The Y.1564 Suite test includes three (3) results tabs. The first result tab is Y.1564 Global which displays the overall status of the Y.1564 test.

**Note:**

The Global Verdict is a combined result for all tests, for all ports, for all directions.

While the test is running, the Y.1564 Global tab will indicate the status of the Y.1564 Config and Y.1564 Perform tests, as shown in Figure 3.11.12-1 below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Global Verdict</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RUNNING</td>
<td>The test is running.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PENDING</td>
<td>The test is waiting to run.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABORTED</td>
<td>The test was stopped due to the failure of one of the metrics on another test.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>The test is not enabled.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 3.11.12-1  Y.1564 Config and Perform Test Status Indications**

The Global Verdict field indicates one of the following values at the completion of the test, as shown in the example in Figure 3.11.12-2 below:
Table 3.11.12-2  Global Status Indications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Global Verdict</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PASS</td>
<td>All enabled tests (Y.1564 Config and/or Y.1564 Perform) have passed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAIL</td>
<td>One or both of the enabled tests (Y.1564 Config and/or Y.1564 Perform) have failed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABORTED</td>
<td>The Y.1564 Config or Y.1564 Perform test was stopped by the user before it completed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The **Y.1564 Config** field indicates one of the following values at the completion of the test, as shown in the example in Figure 3.11.12-2 below:

Table 3.11.12-3  Y.1564 Config Verdict Indications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Global Verdict</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PASS</td>
<td>The Y.1564 Config test has passed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAIL</td>
<td>The Y.1564 Config test has failed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABORTED</td>
<td>The test was stopped by the user.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Y.1564 Perform field indicates one of the following values at the completion of the test, as shown in the example in Figure 3.11.12-2 below:

Table 3.11.12-4  Y.1564 Perform Verdict Indications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Global Verdict</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PASS</td>
<td>The Y.1564 Perform test has passed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAIL</td>
<td>The Y.1564 Perform test has failed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABORTED</td>
<td>The test was stopped by the user or the Y.1564 Config test failed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Press the **F1** **Back** soft-key, to return to the Result Overview display.

Press the **F4** **Summary** soft-key to view the summary statistics tabs and event log.
3.11.13 Y.1564 Config Results

The Y.1564 Config results tab displays the results of the Y.1564 Config sub-tests in table form using two (2) levels of detail: **Top Level** and **Detail Level**. When the Y.1564 Config tab is selected (as indicated by the RED highlight on the tab, as shown is Figure 3.11.13-1 below), press the **Down** arrow key to move the highlight to the main table, as shown in Figure 3.11.13-2 below.

**Note:**

The user should be aware that in certain configurations, the results that are shown are a combination of transmitted Services from one port and received statistics from another port. These configurations are illustrated in the table below.
### Table 3.11.13-1  Multi-Port Results Overview

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Configuration</th>
<th>When Viewing Port</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Switch Router Test</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direction = LOOP</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>Services transmitted on A, statistics received on B.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B</td>
<td>Services transmitted on B, statistics received on A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single Ended Network Test</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direction = LOOP</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>Services transmitted on A, statistics received on A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B</td>
<td>Services transmitted on B, statistics received on B.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>End to End Network Test</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direction = LA &gt; RB</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>Services transmitted LA, received on RB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direction = LB &gt; RA</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>Services transmitted LB, received on RA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direction = RA &gt; LB</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>Services transmitted RA, received on LB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direction = RA &gt; LB</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>All data is viewed on the local unit. The Results soft-key shows local/remote to indicate where the results were collected.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:**

While the Top Level table view and the RED highlight rectangle is located on a cell that is not grayed-out, the message “Press Set to view all Y.1564 Config results.” is shown at the bottom of the display.

The first row in the Top Level table is reserved to show the status of **ALL tests**. This row is identified by the Service number (SRV #) “__” and the Service name (SRV Name) **ALL**. The remaining rows of the Top Level table correspond to the Services that were defined and enabled by the user in the Services setup table.

**Note:**

Due to the potentially large number of rows of results, the **ALL Tests** column and “__” row are not available for selection while the test is running, as indicated by the grey color of the cells in that row and column.

The Top Level table includes columns for all possible sub-tests, as shown in Table 3.11.13-2 below. Columns listed as Descriptive are used only to display information and are not selectable. Columns listed as Status can be selected by pressing the **Set** key.
### Table 3.11.13-2  Top Level Results Columns

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column Heading</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Service Number</td>
<td>Descriptive</td>
<td>Displays service numbers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Non-selectable</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Grayed-out</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service Name</td>
<td>Descriptive</td>
<td>Displays service names</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Non-selectable</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Grayed-out</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALL Tests</td>
<td>Status / Selectable (when test is stopped)</td>
<td>Indicates the combined status of all sub-tests.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CIR</td>
<td>Status / Selectable</td>
<td>Indicates the status of the CIR sub-test.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EIR</td>
<td>Status / Selectable</td>
<td>Indicates the status of the EIR sub-test.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Traffic Policing</td>
<td>Status / Selectable</td>
<td>Indicates the status of the Traffic Policing sub-test.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CBS</td>
<td>Status / Selectable</td>
<td>Indicates the status of the CBS sub-test.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBS</td>
<td>Status / Selectable</td>
<td>Indicates the status of the EBS sub-test.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:**

If a sub-test was **not enabled** (not checked on the Y.1564 Config setup tab) in the setup process, the cells in the column for that sub-test will be **disabled** (grayed-out) and will not be selectable.

To view the Top Level status of all enabled Y.1564 Config sub-tests for all enabled Services, press the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the first row of the table. Press the **Left/Right** arrow keys to scroll though the columns for the various sub-tests.

To view the **Top Level status** of all enabled Y.1564 Config sub-tests for a **particular Service**, press the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight to the row of the table that corresponds to that Service. Press the **Left/Right** arrow keys to scroll though the columns for the various sub-tests.

The status of the sub-test is indicated in the cell and can have one of the following values:
### Table 3.11.13-3  Sub-Test Status Indications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RUNNING</td>
<td>The test is running.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PENDING</td>
<td>The test is waiting to run.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABORTED</td>
<td>The test was stopped due to the failure of one of the metrics on another test.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMPLETED</td>
<td>The row for the yellow colored frames are not judged for P/F.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>The test is not enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PASS</td>
<td>The test has passed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAIL</td>
<td>The test has failed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Examples of the Top Level results table are shown in Figures 3.11.13-1, 3.11.13-2, and 3.11.13-3.

To move from the **Top Level table view** to the **Detail Level table view**, use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the selection indicator (RED rectangle) to a cell that is selectable (that is not grayed-out).
Chapter 3  Ethernet Application

Press the **Set key** to view the detailed results for the combination of Service and sub-test defined by the row heading and column heading of the cell.

For example, to view the detailed results including the individual metrics for ALL tests and ALL services, use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to position the highlight in the cell at the intersection of the ALL row and the All Tests column. Press the **Set** key. The details of all enabled services and all enabled tests will be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.13-6 below. Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to scroll through the table of results.

**Note:**

If a cell in the Top Level table shows a FAIL indication the user may desire to see the details of the individual metric that caused the failure. To view the individual metric that caused the failure, use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight over the cell that shows the FAIL indication. Press the **Set** key to move to the Detail Level table view. Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to show the cell in the Detail Level table that is highlighted in RED color, as shown in Figure 3.11.13-5 below. This is the metric that failed and caused the FAIL indication for the test in the Top Level table view.

![Figure 3.11.13-5  Y.1564 Config Test – Individual Metric Fail Indication](image)

The columns in the Detail Level table shown in Figures 3.11.13-6, 3.11.13-7, 3.11.13-8, 3.11.13-9 below and are described in Table 3.11.13-4 below:

Refer to section 3.11.10 of this document for a detailed description of the metrics per configuration.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SRV #</td>
<td>Service number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SRV Name</td>
<td>Service name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Type</td>
<td>CIR, EIR, Traffic Policing, CBS, EBS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Result</td>
<td>RUNNING, PENDING, PASS, FAIL, ABORTED,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Step (% CIR)</td>
<td>For stepped CIR test only. Shows the step in % CIR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>For colored mode tests only. GR = green, YL = yellow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Direction</td>
<td>A-&gt;B, B-&gt;A or LOOP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IR Min (Mbps)</td>
<td>Minimum Information Rate (utilization rate) in Mbps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IR Avg (Mbps)</td>
<td>Average Information Rate (utilization rate) in Mbps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IR Max (Mbps)</td>
<td>Maximum Information Rate (utilization rate) in Mbps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL Count</td>
<td>Frame Loss count</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL Ratio (PPM)</td>
<td>Frame Loss Ratio in PPM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FTD Min (ms)</td>
<td>Minimum Latency (ms). Estimated for End to End configuration. For the End to End Network Test, ~FTD (approximate FTD) may be shown.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FTD Avg (ms)</td>
<td>Average Latency (ms). Estimated for End to End configuration. For the End to End Network Test, ~FTD (approximate FTD) may be shown.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FTD Max (ms)</td>
<td>Maximum Latency (ms). Estimated for End to End configuration. For the End to End Network Test, ~FTD (approximate FTD) may be shown.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FDV Min (ms)</td>
<td>Minimum Jitter (ms)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FDV Avg (ms)</td>
<td>Average Jitter (ms)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FDV Max (ms)</td>
<td>Maximum Jitter (ms)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Figure 3.11.13-6  Y.1564 Config – Detail Level Table (SRV#, SRV Name, Test Type, Test Result, Step %CIR)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SRV #</th>
<th>SRV Name</th>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Test Result</th>
<th>Step %CIR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A-1</td>
<td>CIR</td>
<td>PASS</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A-1</td>
<td>CIR</td>
<td>PASS</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A-1</td>
<td>CIR</td>
<td>PASS</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A-1</td>
<td>CIR</td>
<td>PASS</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A-1</td>
<td>CIR</td>
<td>PASS</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A-1</td>
<td>CIR</td>
<td>RUNNING</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Press Set to view all Y.1564 Config results.

### Figure 3.11.13-7  Y.1564 Config – Detail Level Table (Color, Test Direction, IR Min, IR Avg)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SRV #</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Test Direction</th>
<th>IR Min (Mbps)</th>
<th>IR Avg (Mbps)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>GR</td>
<td>A-&gt;B</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>5.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>GR</td>
<td>A-&gt;B</td>
<td>10.0</td>
<td>10.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>GR</td>
<td>A-&gt;B</td>
<td>25.0</td>
<td>25.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>GR</td>
<td>A-&gt;B</td>
<td>50.0</td>
<td>50.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>GR</td>
<td>A-&gt;B</td>
<td>75.0</td>
<td>75.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>GR</td>
<td>A-&gt;B</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>100.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Press Set to view all Y.1564 Config results.

### Figure 3.11.13-8  Y.1564 Config – Detail Level Table (IR Max, FL Count, FL Ratio)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SRV #</th>
<th>IR Max (Mbps)</th>
<th>FL Count</th>
<th>FL Ratio (PPM)</th>
<th>FTD Min (ms)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>10.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>25.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>50.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>75.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.002</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Press Set to view all Y.1564 Config results.
3.11 Y.1564 Suite

3.11.13 Y.1564 Config – Detail Level Table (FDV Min, FDV Avg, FDV Max)

To return to the Top Level table view, press the Set key. This instruction is displayed at the bottom of the table when in the Detailed Table view, as shown in Figure 3.11.13-9 above.

Press the F1 Back soft-key, to return to the Result Overview display.

Press the F3 Port A/B soft-key, to view the results from the other port.

Press the F4 Summary soft-key to view the summary statistics tabs and event log.

3.11.14 Y.1564 Perform Results

The Y.1564 Perform results tab displays the results of the Y.1564 Perform test in table form. When the Y.1564 Perform tab is selected (as indicated by the RED highlight on the tab, as shown is Figure 3.11.14-1 below), press the Down:arrow key to move the highlight to the main table, as shown in Figure 3.11.14-2 below.

For the Y.1564 Perform test all enabled Services are run simultaneously, there are no sub-tests, and Color Mode is not considered, but metrics are measured independently on each individual Service. Therefore the results table for the Y.1564 Perform test has only a Detail Level view, which is similar to the Detail Level view of the Y.1564 Config test, with some additional columns.

The columns in the Y.1564 Perform results table are shown in Figures 3.11.14-1, 3.11.14-2, 3.11.14-3, 3.11.14-4, 3.11.14-5 and 3.11.14-6 below and are described in Table 3.11.14-2 below:

Refer to section 3.11.10 of this document for a detailed description of the metrics per configuration.
Chapter 3  Ethernet Application

Note:
The user should be aware that in certain configurations, the results that are shown are a combination of transmitted Services from one port and received statistics from another port.

Table 3.11.14-1  Multi-Port Results Overview

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Configuration</th>
<th>When Viewing Port</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Switch Router Test</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direction = LOOP</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>Services transmitted on A, statistics received on B.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B</td>
<td>Services transmitted on B, statistics received on A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single Ended Network Test</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direction = LOOP</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>Services transmitted on A, statistics received on A.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B</td>
<td>Services transmitted on B, statistics received on B.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>End to End Network Test</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direction = LA &gt; RB</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>Services transmitted LA, received on RB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direction = LB &gt; RA</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>Services transmitted LB, received on RA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direction = RA &gt; LB</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>Services transmitted RA, received on LB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direction = RA &gt; LB</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>Services transmitted RA, received on LB</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>All data is viewed on the local unit. The Results soft-key shows local/remote/both to indicate the source and destination of the information being shown.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To view the status and results of the individual Services that were included in the Y.1564 Perform test, use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to scroll through the table and view the results.

Note:
Individual metrics that caused a FAIL indication will show a RED highlight in the cell for that metric. If any metric fails for an individual service, the entire Y.1564 Perform test will result in a FAIL indication at the Global Verdict level.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SRV #</td>
<td>Service number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SRV Name</td>
<td>Service name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Status</td>
<td>Test Status. RUNNING, PENDING, PASS, FAIL, ABORTED</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test Direction</td>
<td>A-&gt;B, B-&gt;A or LOOP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IR Min (Mbps)</td>
<td>Minimum Information Rate (utilization rate) in Mbps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IR Avg (Mbps)</td>
<td>Average Information Rate (utilization rate) in Mbps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IR Max (Mbps)</td>
<td>Maximum Information Rate (utilization rate) in Mbps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL Count</td>
<td>Frame Loss count</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL Ratio (PPM)</td>
<td>Frame Loss Ratio in PPM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FTD Min (ms)</td>
<td>Minimum Latency (ms). Estimated for End to End configuration. For the End to End Network Test, ~FTD (approximate FTD) may be shown.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FTD Avg (ms)</td>
<td>Average Latency (ms). Estimated for End to End configuration. For the End to End Network Test, ~FTD (approximate FTD) may be shown.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FTD Max (ms)</td>
<td>Maximum Latency (ms). Estimated for End to End configuration. For the End to End Network Test, ~FTD (approximate FTD) may be shown.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FDV Min (ms)</td>
<td>Minimum Jitter (ms)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FDV Avg (ms)</td>
<td>Average Jitter (ms)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FDV Max (ms)</td>
<td>Maximum Jitter (ms)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AVAIL (%)</td>
<td>Percentage of availability (as defined in MEF)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN-AVAIL (Sec)</td>
<td>Unavailable seconds (as defined in MEF)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SEQ ERR Count</td>
<td>Count of sequence errors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SEQ ERR (%)</td>
<td>Percentage of frames received out of sequence.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 3.11.14-1  Y.1564 Perform Tab Highlighted (SRV #, SRV Name, Status, Test Direction, IRM Min Columns)
Chapter 3  Ethernet Application

Figure 3.11.14-2  Y.1564 Perform Test - Results Table Highlighted (IRM Max, FL Count, FL Ratio Columns)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SRV #</th>
<th>IR Avg (Mbps)</th>
<th>IR Max (Mbps)</th>
<th>FL Count</th>
<th>FL Ratio (PPM)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>100.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 3.11.14-3  Y.1564 Perform Test (FTD Min, FTD Avg, FTD Max Columns)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SRV #</th>
<th>FTD Min (ms)</th>
<th>FTD Avg (ms)</th>
<th>FTD Max (ms)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.001</td>
<td>0.001</td>
<td>0.002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.001</td>
<td>0.001</td>
<td>0.002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>0.001</td>
<td>0.001</td>
<td>0.002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>0.001</td>
<td>0.001</td>
<td>0.002</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 3.11.14-4  Y.1564 Perform Test (FDV Min, FDV Avg, FDV Max Columns)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SRV #</th>
<th>FDV Min (ms)</th>
<th>FDV Avg (ms)</th>
<th>FDV Max (ms)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1/02</td>
<td>0.000</td>
<td>0.000</td>
<td>0.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2/02</td>
<td>0.000</td>
<td>0.000</td>
<td>0.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/02</td>
<td>0.000</td>
<td>0.000</td>
<td>0.000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4/02</td>
<td>0.000</td>
<td>0.000</td>
<td>0.000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
To move to another results tab, use the **Up**-arrow key to move the highlight to the Y.1564 Perform tab, as shown in Figure 3.11.14-1. Then use the **Left**-arrow key to move the highlight to another results tab (Y.1564 Global or Y.1564 Config).

Press the **F1 Back** soft-key, to return to the Result Overview display.

Press the **F3 Port A/B** soft-key, to view the results from the other port.

Press the **F4 Summary** soft-key to view the summary statistics tabs and event log.
3.11.15 Y.1564 Reports

To create a report that includes the test settings and results, perform the steps listed below:

When the test has finished, press the **Menu** key. The main menu will be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.15-1 below. Use the **Up/Down**-arrow keys to position the highlight over the Test Report item. Press the **Set** key and the **Report Setup** screen will be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.15-2.

![Figure 3.11.15-1 Menu / Test Report Item](image1)

Select the desired options. Use the **Next Tab** (**F2**) soft-key to add comments and define a logo image if required.

Press the **Generate CSV** (**F3**) or **Generate PDF** (**F4**) soft-key. The **Save PDF Report** screen will be displayed, as shown in Figure 3.11.15-3.

![Figure 3.11.15-2 Report Setup Tabs](image2)

![Figure 3.11.15-3 Generate PDF Report](image3)
Figure 3.11.15-3  Save PDF Report Screen

With the highlight positioned over the field to the right of the Save As: label, press the Set key to display the alpha-numeric editors and change the file name for the report.

Move the highlight over the field to the right of the Device: label. Use the Left/Right arrow keys to select the output device.

Use the Down arrow key to position the highlight on the Files field. Use the Up/Down arrow keys to position the highlight over the desired output folder. Press the Set key to open the folder.

When finished, press the Save (F1) report soft-key to save the report to the currently selected folder.

A sample of the report is shown below:

![Sample Report Image]
### Chapter 3  Ethernet Application

#### Y.1564 Suite 1 - Result

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Y.1564 Global</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Global Verdict</td>
<td>PASS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Y.1564 Config</td>
<td>PASS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Y.1564 Perfctr</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Y.1564 Config Port A Local</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CIR</td>
<td>EIR</td>
<td>Poling</td>
<td>CBS</td>
<td>EBS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 (Service)</td>
<td>PASS</td>
<td>PASS</td>
<td>PASS</td>
<td>PASS</td>
<td>PASS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Y.1564 Config Port B Local</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CIR</td>
<td>EIR</td>
<td>Poling</td>
<td>CBS</td>
<td>EBS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 (Service)</td>
<td>PASS</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.12 Address Wizard

An Address Wizard function is available under Interface Setup (standard and Y.1564) and Destination setup (Generator and Y.1564). The purpose of the Address Wizard is to make the generation of MAC and IP addresses for multiple streams (or Services) and multiple ports easier.

**Note:**

Many of the descriptions, Tables, and Figures below refer to the setup of Streams. The Stream terminology is used by standard Interface Setup and the Generator test. See Figure 3.12-6 for an example. When using the Address Wizard function from within a Y.1564 test, the terminology is changed from Streams to Services, (consistent with the terminology used in the ITU standard). See figure 3.12-6.1 for an example. This is only a terminology difference and does not affect the operation of the Wizard functions as described. All differences in operation when using the Wizard function from within a Y.1564 test are listed in Tables 3.12-5 and 3.12-6 below.

To access the Address Wizard display, while in Interface Setup (standard or Y.1564) or Destination Setup (Generator or Y.1564), move the highlight to the Address Wizard button, as shown in Figure 3.12-1 below.

![Figure 3.12-1 Interface Setup - Address Wizard Button](image)

The Address Wizard maintains a Base MAC address and a Base IPv4 and IPv6 address.

To set the base MAC address, use the Up/Down arrow keys to position the highlight in the field to the right of the MAC label. Press the Set key. The MAC editor shown in Figure 3.12-2 will be displayed. Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to input the desired MAC address. Press the Set key to complete the editing session.
To set the base IP address, use the **Up/Down** arrow keys to position the highlight in the field to the right of the IP label. Press the **Set** key. The IP editor shown in Figure 3.12-3 will be displayed. Use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to input the desired IP address. Press the **Set** key to complete the editing session.

**Figure 3.12-2 Interface Setup - Address Wizard Button (Base MAC Address Editor)**

**Note:**

If the IPv4/IPv6 button (located at the bottom left corner of the display) shows IPv6, then the IP editor shown in Figure 3.15-4 will be displayed.

To change the Base IP address from IPv4 to IPv6, use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to position the highlight over the IPv4/IPv6 button located in the bottom left corner of the display, as shown in Figure 3.12-4. Press the **Set** key until the label on the button displays the desired setting. Note the input field for the Base IP address will change as the state of the button changes.
To use the Clear/Default functions, use the **Up/Down/Left/Right**-arrow keys to move the highlight over the Clear/Default button, as shown in Figure 3.12-5. Press the **Set** key.

The Clear/Default action list shown in Figure 3.12-6 will be displayed. Use the **Up/Down**-arrow keys to move the highlight over the desired action. Press the **Set** key to complete the selection.
The following actions are available:
### Table 3.12-1  Clear/Default Actions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cancel</td>
<td>Cancel the selection and return to the previous screen with no action taken.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clear MACs for all Streams</td>
<td>Set the MAC addresses for all streams to 00:00:00:00:00:00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clear IPs for all Streams</td>
<td>Set the IP addresses for all streams to 0.0.0.0 (or IPv6 equivalent).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default MACs as A unit</td>
<td>Set each MAC address to a sequential default number: 00:00:00:00:00:11 – 00:00:00:00:00:18 (port A) 00:00:00:00:00:21 – 00:00:00:00:00:28 (port B)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default IPs as A unit</td>
<td>Set each IP address to a sequential default number: 0.0.0.11 – 0.0.0.18 (port A) 0.0.0.21 – 0.0.0.28 (port B)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default MACs as B unit</td>
<td>Set each MAC address to a sequential default number: 00:00:00:00:00:21 – 00:00:00:00:00:28 (port A) 00:00:00:00:00:11 – 00:00:00:00:00:18 (port B)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default IPs as B unit</td>
<td>Set each IP address to a sequential default number: 0.0.0.21 – 0.0.0.28 (port A) 0.0.0.11 – 0.0.0.18 (port B)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Factory Default MAC to Base MAC</td>
<td>Load the factory default MAC into the Base MAC field.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A pop-up dialog shows the results of the action to the user. See Figure 3.12-9 for an example. With the highlight over the **OK** item, press the **Set** key to commit the changes.

**Note:**

After the selected operation is executed there is still an opportunity to cancel the operation, as shown in Figure 3.12-9. Use the **Up/Down** arrow keys to move the highlight over the **Cancel** item, press the **Set** key to cancel the operation.

To use the Add/Set functions, use the **Up/Down/Left/Right** arrow keys to move the highlight over the **Add/Set** button, as shown in Figure 3.12-7. Press the **Set** key.
The Add/Set action list shown in Figure 3.12-8 will be displayed. Use the Up/Down arrow keys to move the highlight over the desired action. Press the Set key to complete the selection.
3.12 Address Wizard

The following actions are available:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cancel</td>
<td>Cancel the selection and return to the previous screen with no action taken.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Add Base MAC to all Streams</td>
<td>Add the Base MAC address to the existing MAC address for all streams.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Add Base IP to all Streams</td>
<td>Add the Base IP address to the existing IP address for all streams.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set Base MAC to all Streams</td>
<td>Set the Base MAC address as the MAC address for all streams.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set Base IP to all Streams</td>
<td>Set the Base IP address as the IP address for all streams.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: If an addition operation results in a value that is greater than what is allowed or the octet of an address, the maximum value 0xFF or 255 will be used as a limit.
The Address Wizard feature is also available in the Generator test setup function, as shown in Figure 3.12-11 below.

![Figure 3.12-11  Generator Setup - Address Wizard Button](image)

If used in the Generator function, the following differences (from the function inside Interface Setup) should be noted:

### Table 3.12-3  Additional Clear/Default Actions for Generator

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Clear/Default Actions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Default MACs as A unit   | Set each MAC address to a sequential default number:
  00:00:00:00:00:21 – 00:00:00:00:00:28 (port A)
  00:00:00:00:00:11 – 00:00:00:00:00:18 (port B) |
| Default IPs as A unit    | Set each IP address to a sequential default number:
  0.0.0.21 – 0.0.0.28 (port A)
  0.0.0.11 – 0.0.0.18 (port B)                  |
| Default MACs as B unit   | Set each MAC address to a sequential default number:
  00:00:00:00:00:11 – 00:00:00:00:00:18 (port A)
  00:00:00:00:00:21 – 00:00:00:00:00:28 (port B) |
| Default IPs as B unit    | Set each IP address to a sequential default number:
  0.0.0.11 – 0.0.0.18 (port A)
  0.0.0.21 – 0.0.0.28 (port B)                  |


### Table 3.12-4 Additional Add/Set Actions for Generator

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Copy Interface Port A MACs</td>
<td>Copy the Source MAC addresses from all streams of Interface Setup-Port A, to the Destination MAC addresses of the corresponding streams of the currently selected port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copy Interface Port A IPs</td>
<td>Copy the Source IP addresses from all streams of Interface Setup-Port A, to the Destination IP addresses of the corresponding streams of the currently selected port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copy Interface Port B MACs</td>
<td>Copy the Source MAC addresses from all streams of Interface Setup-Port B, to the Destination MAC addresses of the corresponding streams of the currently selected port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copy Interface Port B IPs</td>
<td>Copy the Source IP addresses from all streams of Interface Setup-Port B, to the Destination IP addresses of the corresponding streams of the currently selected port.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:**

When the Address Wizard function is used from within the Y.1564 Suite application, the range of addresses is increased to accommodate thirty-two (32) Services.
When used in the Y.1564 Source Address setup function, the following values will be set:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Default MACs as A unit</td>
<td>Set each MAC address to a sequential default number:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>00:00:00:00:01:01:01 – 00:00:00:00:01:20 (port A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>00:00:00:00:02:01:01 – 00:00:00:00:02:20 (port B)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default IPs as A unit</td>
<td>Set each IP address to a sequential default number:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.0.0.101 – 0.0.0.132 (port A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.0.0.201 – 0.0.0.232 (port B)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default MACs as B unit</td>
<td>Set each MAC address to a sequential default number:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>00:00:00:00:02:01:01 – 00:00:00:00:02:20 (port A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>00:00:00:00:01:01:01 – 00:00:00:00:01:20 (port B)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default IPs as B unit</td>
<td>Set each IP address to a sequential default number:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.0.0.201 – 0.0.0.232 (port A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.0.0.101 – 0.0.0.132 (port B)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

When used in the Y.1564 Destination Address setup function, the following values will be set:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Default MACs as A unit</td>
<td>Set each MAC address to a sequential default number:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>00:00:00:00:02:01:01 – 00:00:00:00:02:20 (port A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>00:00:00:00:01:01:01 – 00:00:00:00:01:20 (port B)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default IPs as A unit</td>
<td>Set each IP address to a sequential default number:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.0.0.201 – 0.0.0.232 (port A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.0.0.101 – 0.0.0.132 (port B)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default MACs as B unit</td>
<td>Set each MAC address to a sequential default number:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>00:00:00:00:01:01:01 – 00:00:00:00:01:20 (port A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>00:00:00:00:02:01:01 – 00:00:00:00:02:20 (port B)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default IPs as B unit</td>
<td>Set each IP address to a sequential default number:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.0.0.101 – 0.0.0.132 (port A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.0.0.201 – 0.0.0.232 (port B)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.13 OAM Loopback Application

The Ethernet application supports the 802.3ah protocol (point-to-point only) through the OAM Loopback application for the following functions:

- Discover the OAM Loopback device upon request (soft-key press)
- Command an OAM device to enter or exit loopback mode (at run-time)

To add an OAM Loopback test instance to the Test Automator list, highlight the [+]
Add new test field and press the Set key. Use the Up/Down arrow keys to highlight the OAM Loopback line and press the Set key.

![Figure 3.13-1 Add new test – OAM Loopback](image)

*Note:*

The OAM Loopback test instances can be setup to “bracket” other tests such as RFC or Y.1564 that require loopback services from the remote device. The first instance of OAM Loopback can send the command to Enter loopback mode. The second instance can send the command to Exit loopback mode when testing is finished. An example of this configuration is shown in Figure 3.13-2.
When an instance of the OAM Loopback test is added to the Test Automator, pressing the **Set** key will cause the following display to be shown:
OAM Loopback Setup

The OAM Loopback application has a setup mode and a run-time mode. While in the setup mode it is possible to establish a connection with the remote DTE and obtain basic status information from the remote DTE.

Press the Back (F1) soft-key to return to the Test Automator (list) screen.

Press the Discover DTE (F2) soft-key to reset the OAM protocol state machine and begin the OAM discovery process. The local unit will send an Information OAMPDU with a Local Information TLV. The local unit will wait for an Information OAMPDU from the remote DTE or a timeout. If the local unit receives an Information OAMPDU from the remote DTE, the MAC address of the remote DTE will be displayed and the status will change to show the remote units capabilities. The following information from the remote DTE will be displayed:

- **DTE Mode**: Passive or Active
- **DTE Status**: Loopback capable or not
- **DTE MAC**: The unicast MAC address of the remote DTE

Press the F3 Port A/B soft-key to change ports.

Use the Up/Down arrow keys to position the highlight in the field to the right of the Run Action: label. Press the Set key to view the Run Action list, as shown in Figure 3.13-5 below.
Figure 3.13-5  OAM Loopback Run Action List

The selected Run Action will be executed when the OAM Loopback test instance is run from the Test Automator schedule.

- **None** - No run-time action is performed on this port. This setting can also be used to temporarily disable the run action without removing the test instance from the Test Automator schedule.

- **Enter Loopback** - the test instance will command the remote DTE to enter loopback mode.

- **Exit Loopback** - the test instance will command the remote DTE to exit loopback mode.
3.13 OAM Loopback Application

Status Button

Use the Up/Down/Left/Right arrow keys to move the highlight to the Status button. If the discovery step was successfully performed, the following (static) information will be displayed:

**Figure 3.13-6  Remote DTE Status Screen**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OAM State</td>
<td>Device is forwarding non-OAMPDUs to the lower sub-layer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Device is discarding non-OAMPDUs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multiplexer Action</td>
<td>Device is forwarding non-OAMPDUs to the lower sub-layer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Device is discarding non-OAMPDUs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parser Action</td>
<td>Device is forwarding non-OAMPDUs to higher sub-layer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Device is looping back non-OAMPDUs to the lower sub-layer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Device is discarding non-OAMPDUs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OAM Version</td>
<td>Protocol version supported by the DTE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OAM Configuration</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable Retrieval</td>
<td>DTE supports sending Variable Response OAMPDUs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DTE does not support sending Variable Response OAMPDUs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Link Events</td>
<td>DTE supports interpreting Link Events.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DTE does not support interpreting Link Events.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unidirectional</td>
<td>DTE is capable of sending OAMPDUs when the receive path is non-operational.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DTE is not capable of sending OAMPDUs when the receive path is non-operational.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PDU Configuration</td>
<td>The largest OAMPDU, in octets, supported by the DTE. This value is compared to the remote’s Maximum PDU Size and the smaller of the two is used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max OAMPDU Size</td>
<td>24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier of the vendor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OAM OUI</td>
<td>32-bit identifier that may be used to differentiate a vendor’s product models/versions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vendor Specific Info</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chapter 3  Ethernet Application

OAM Loopback Results

The results screen for the OAM Loopback test instance indicates the status of the requested command execution:

![Figure 3.13-7  OAM Loopback Test – Result Screen](image)

If the command succeeds, the LED status for the test will be GREEN (Green LED). If the command fails, the LED status for the test will be RED (Red LED).

![Figure 3.13-8  OAM Loopback Test – Successful Execution](image)

Note:

When the OAM Loopback test instance executes, the Run Action will be performed and the test instance will exit. If the Run Action was Enter Loopback, a background service will be activated to keep the OAM session alive by sending keep-alive protocol frames as required by the standard.
3.13 OAM Loopback Application

Supported Models

The following models have been tested with the MU909060A and are supported:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Manufacturer</th>
<th>Model</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Overture Networks</td>
<td>ISG 24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transition Networks</td>
<td>SBFFG4040-105</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note:* All OAM Loopback devices are required to maintain an 802.3ah protocol session while in loopback mode. Due to this requirement it is possible that the device may not loopback all frames that are transmitted to it, resulting in some frame loss in the test results. It is also possible that some frames will continue to be forwarded from one port to the other while the device is in loopback mode.
# Chapter 4 Application Reflector

The Reflector application is used to reflect incoming traffic, while giving the user a simultaneous view of the current statistics.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4.1 Status</td>
<td>4-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.2 Setup Interface</td>
<td>4-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.2.1 Port</td>
<td>4-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.2.2 Reflector</td>
<td>4-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.3 Result</td>
<td>4-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.3.1 Reflector</td>
<td>4-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.3.2 Event Log and Statistics</td>
<td>4-8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4.1 Status

The Status screen is the first screen that is displayed when starting the Reflector application.

It gives an overview of the current hardware and Ethernet status. For details about the Status screen tabs, refer to section 2.5.

The three buttons on the right are controlled by the F1 to F3 soft keys.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Soft Key</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>F1</strong></td>
<td>Displays Status screen&lt;br&gt;See Figure 4.1-1.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>F2</strong></td>
<td>Activates Setup Interface screen which is used to setup ports and the Reflector test&lt;br&gt;See section 4.2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>F3</strong></td>
<td>Shows test results for both ports&lt;br&gt;See section 4.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

These are the main soft keys for the Reflector application and they are shared by all screens.
4.2 Setup Interface

The Setup Interface screen consists of two panels:

- Port Panel (Figure 4.2.1-1)
- Reflector Panel (Figure 4.2.2-1)

When entering this screen, a new **Port** button (**F4**) is added at the bottom of the soft key menu.

This button displays the currently active port and also allows the user to switch between Port A and Port B.
### 4.2.1 Port

#### Figure 4.2.1-1 Setup Interface, Port – Auto Negotiate

The arrow keys and the **Set** key are used to navigate and select settings. See section 1.1.2.

The above figure shows the port setup screen when **Auto Negotiate** is selected:

When **Auto Negotiate** selected at **Port Mode** (Figure 4.2.1-1):

1. This switches the port on and off.
2. This indicates the current interface type for the selected port (RJ-45 or SFP).
3. This selects the mode for the linking port. There are two modes: **Auto Negotiate** (Figure 4.2.1-1), or **Forced** (Figure 4.2.1-2).
4. This selects the link speed modes broadcast by the Network Master.
5. This selects which link partner is the master and which is the slave during auto negotiation (1000 Mbps mode only).
When **Forced** selected at **Port Mode** (Figure 4.2.1-2):

- **[5]** This selects the speed mode used by the Network Master.
- **[6]** This scans and displays supported speeds.
- **[7]** This is the Auto Detect (above item 6) start and stop button.
4.2.2 Reflector

The Reflector screen is used for making specific settings for the Reflector test.

![Figure 4.2.2-1 Setup Interface (Reflector)](image)

1. This is the mask setting that specifies the range of reflected MAC addresses, excluding multicast and broadcast. See the following example below for clarification.

   **Example 1:** Reflects all MAC addresses with the last three bytes of FC-0A-01

   **Example 2:** Reflects only specified MAC address A0-52-43-FC-0A-01

2. This enables/disables IP address swapping for reflected data packages.
3. This sets the local IP address.
4. This sets the local MAC address.
5. This enables/disables answers to ARP requests.
6. This enables/disables answers to ping requests. All ping requests are reflected regardless of this setting.
4.3 Result

The Result screen is blank when no test has been run, but starts displaying results as soon as the test is started by pressing the Start key (section 1.1.2). To disable the Reflector application, press the Start key again.

After starting the test, the Network Master switches automatically to the Result screen if it is not already displayed.

Notes:

- The Network Master only reflects traffic while a test is running.
- An icon on the top bar indicates that the Reflector application is enabled.

4.3.1 Reflector

When the Result screen is opened, the default screen is the Reflector screen (Figure 4.3.1-1) and displays an overview of current traffic conditions. This screen is refreshed every 1 s until the Reflector test is stopped.

![Figure 4.3.1-1 Result overview Screen](image)

1. This is the overview of incoming traffic. Use the Statistics tab for more detailed information.
2. This is the overview of outgoing (reflected) traffic. The Reflector only reflects unicast traffic.
4.3.2 Event Log and Statistics

The Event Log and Statistics tabs are explained in section 2.6.3 and 2.6.4. As mentioned above, the Statistics tab gives a detailed view of incoming traffic. The Reflector tab gives an overview of received and reflected traffic.
The Pass Through application passes the incoming traffic from one port to the other, while simultaneously giving the user a view of the current statistics.

5.1 Status............................................................................ 5-2
5.2 Setup Interface.............................................................. 5-3
  5.2.1 Port................................................................. 5-3
5.3 Testing............................................................................. 5-5
5.4 Result............................................................................ 5-6
  5.4.1 Pass Through................................................... 5-6
  5.4.2 Event Log......................................................... 5-7
  5.4.3 Statistics........................................................... 5-7
5.1 Status

The Status screen is the first screen that is displayed when starting the Pass Through application.

It gives an overview of the current hardware, Ethernet and SFP (Optional) status. For details about the Status screen tabs, refer to section 2.5.

![Status Window, Basic tab](image)

The three buttons on the right are controlled by the F1 to F3 soft keys.

- **F1**  
  Displays **Status** screen  
  See Figure 5.1-1.

- **F2**  
  Activates **Setup Interface** screen which is used to setup the ports  
  See section 5.2.

- **F3**  
  Shows test results for both ports  
  See section 5.4

These are the main soft keys for the Pass Through application and they are shared by all screens.
5.2 Setup Interface

The Setup Interface screen consists of one panel:

- Port Panel (Figure 5.2.1-1)

When entering this screen, a new Port button (F4) is added at the bottom of the soft key menu.

![Figure 5.2-1 Port Button, Port A](image)

This button displays the currently active port and also allows the user to switch between Port A and Port B.

5.2.1 Port

![Figure 5.2.1-1 Setup Interface, Port – Auto Negotiate](image)

The Up/Down arrow keys and the Set key are for navigate and select settings. See Section 1.2.2 “Panel Keys”.

When Auto Negotiate selected at Port Mode (Figure 5.2.1-1):

1. This switches the port on and off.
2. This indicates the current interface type for the selected port (RJ-45 or SFP).
3. This selects the mode for the linking port. There are two modes: Auto Negotiate (Figure 5.2.1-1), or Forced (Figure 5.2.1-2).
4. This selects the link speed modes advertised by the Network Master.
5. This selects which link partner is the master and which is the slave during auto negotiation (1000 Mbps mode only).
When **Forced** selected at **Port Mode** (Figure 5.2.1-2):

[5] This selects the speed mode used by the Network Master.

[6] This displays the **Auto Detect** result.

[7] This is the **Auto Detect** start and stop button.

**Figure 5.2.1-2  Setup Interface, Port – Forced**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Interface Type:</th>
<th>RJ-45</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Port Mode:</td>
<td>Forced</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forced Mode:</td>
<td>FDX 10 100 1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HDX 10 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto Detect:</td>
<td>FDX 10 100 1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HDX 10 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flow Control:</td>
<td>☑ Respond to PAUSE frames</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.3 Testing

To enable the pass through mode press the **Start** key. To disable the pass through mode, press the **Start** key again.

*Note:*

The Network Master will only pass frames while a test is running and port speed and duplex match, indicated by this 🌹 icon on the top bar.

If during testing link is lost or speed or duplex no longer matches, pass through will be disabled. Pass through will be enabled when link is reestablished and speed and duplex match.
5.4 Result

The Result screen is blank when no test has been run, but starts displaying results as soon as the test is started. After starting the test, the Network Master automatically switches to the Result overview screen if it is not already displayed.

5.4.1 Pass Through

When the Result screen is opened, the default tab is Pass Through (Figure 5.4.1-1). This tab displays an overview of current traffic conditions and is refreshed every one second until the test is stopped.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Result overview</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pass Through</td>
<td>Setup Interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Event Log</td>
<td>Result</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statistics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port B</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 5.4.1-1 Result Screen**

Incoming frames
- Broadcast 60.067 k 60.808 k
- Multicast 0 0
- Unicast 2.958018 M 3.004654 M
- Total 3.028085 M 3.068462 M

[1] This is the overview of incoming traffic. Use the Statistics tab for more detailed information.
5.4.2 Event Log

As described in section 5.3 pass through can be disabled/enabled if certain conditions are met. This will be indicated in the Event Log with the lines **Pass though disabled** or **Pass though enabled**, see figure 5.4.2-1.

The Event Log tab is explained more in depth in section 2.6.3.

5.4.3 Statistics

The Statistics tab is explained in 2.6.4.
Chapter 6  Updating Firmware

The application software is updated by uploading the latest Anritsu firmware. The firmware file extension is BBM.

6.1 Updating Firmware ............................................................... 6-2
6.1 Updating Firmware

Use the following procedure to update the firmware.

**CAUTION**

Always connect the AC Charger/Adapter to the instrument before updating the firmware.

1. Copy the BBM file released by Anritsu to a USB flash drive (version 1.1 or later).
2. Plug the USB flash drive into the USB (Type A) port on the instrument.
3. Hold down the F1 key while powering up the instrument (press the Menu/Power key).

![Figure 6.1-1  First Firmware Update Screen](image)

4. Release the Menu/Power key when the Anritsu splash screen appears, but continue pressing the F1 key until the first Firmware Update screen is displayed (Figure 6.1-1).

**Note**

If there is more that one BBM file saved on the USB flash drive, the Choose Update File dialog is displayed in front of the first Firmware Update screen. Select (highlight) the correct BBM file and press the Set key to continue.
5. The **Finding Update File** text changes to **Extracting Update File**. When the update file is fully extracted, the **Installing New Firmware** screen is displayed (Figure 6.1-2).

![Figure 6.1-2 Installing New Firmware Screen](image)

If desired the controller can be re-installed by selecting the **Re-Install Controller**. This is only relevant when the version of the currently installed controller and the version in the BBM update are the same. If the **Controller version** in the BBM update file is newer than the version currently installed, the new controller firmware is installed automatically independently of this checkbox.

If wanted the internal user drives can be reformatted during installation by selecting the **Format Drives During Installation** checkbox.

6. Press the **Set** key to continue. The first **Installing Update** screen is displayed (Figure 6.1-3).

![Figure 6.1-3 First Installing Update screen](image)
Chapter 6  Updating Firmware

7. The installation is complete when the Finish button is displayed (Figure 6.1-4). Press the Set key to finish the firmware version upgrade.

![Figure 6.1-4  Finished button]

**WARNING**

When Format Drives During Installation is checked, all user data is lost. Backup all user data before installing updates.
Chapter 7  Service Information

This chapter describes the Self Diagnostics function and maintenance.

7.1 Self Diagnostics ............................................................. 7-2
  7.1.1 Starting and Stopping Self Diagnostics ............ 7-2
  7.1.2 Progress Bar ..................................................... 7-2
  7.1.3 Test Results ..................................................... 7-3
  7.1.4 Pass/Fail Indication ........................................ 7-4
  7.1.5 Scrolling In Result Box .................................... 7-4
  7.1.6 Cursor Key Navigation ..................................... 7-4
  7.1.7 Soft Key Navigation ........................................ 7-5

7.2 Maintenance ................................................................. 7-6
  7.2.1 Cleaning Optical Connectors ............................ 7-6
  7.2.2 Cleaning Network Master ................................. 7-6
  7.2.3 User Calibration ................................................ 7-6
  7.2.4 Repacking for Shipment ................................... 7-6

7.2 Disposal ........................................................................ 7-7
Chapter 7 Service Information

7.1 Self Diagnostics

Self Diagnostics is an application that can verify whether the Network Master Gigabit Ethernet module hardware is working properly.

Self Diagnostics is a separate application and can only be accessed from the Top Menu. Therefore if an application is running it must be stopped first by returning to the Top Menu.

Do the following to start the Self Diagnostics application:

1. Navigate to the Top Menu by powering on the Network Master or return from the currently running application.
2. Highlight the Self Diagnostics button and press the Set key.

7.1.1 Starting and Stopping Self Diagnostics

To start Self Diagnostics:
1. Highlight the Start button at the Self Diagnostics screen and press the Set key, or press the Start key.

![Figure 7.1.1-1 Highlighted Start button at Self Diagnostics Screen](image1)

While Self Diagnostics is running, the text on the Start button changes to Stop.

To stop Self Diagnostics:
1. Highlight the Stop button at the Self Diagnostics screen and press the Set key, or press the Start key.

7.1.2 Progress Bar

When Self Diagnostics is running, a progress bar indicates progress of the tests towards completion.

![Figure 7.1.2-1 Progress Bar](image2)
7.1 Self Diagnostics

7.1.3 Test Results

When Self Diagnostics has been started, the Result box displays information about completed tests.

![Test Results in Result Box](image)

Each completed test is described by a single line of text describing:

- Test completed with or without errors
- What has been tested

In addition, some tests contain information on test results (Figure 7.1.3-2).

![Test Completed with Result Information](image)

If a test is completed with an error, the text line starts with the word ERROR (Figure 7.1.3-3).

![Example of Test Completed with Error](image)
7.1.4 Pass/Fail Indication

When Self Diagnostics is completed, an LED on the GUI indicates whether the diagnostics were completed with or without errors: if there are errors, it indicates how many.

![Figure 7.1.4-1  Indication of Test Completed Without Errors](image)

![Figure 7.1.4-2  Indication of Test Completed With Errors](image)

7.1.5 Scrolling In Result Box

Because Self Diagnostics runs more tests than can be displayed at once in the Result box, a scroll bar is displayed when the Result box is overflowing.

Navigating and scrolling between individual tests in the Result box are explained below.

7.1.6 Cursor Key Navigation

The Up and Down arrow keys are used to scroll in the result box if there is any results and to toggle focus between the Start/Stop button and the result box.
7.1 Self Diagnostics

7.1.7 Soft Key Navigation

When Self Diagnostics has completed with errors, the F1 and F2 soft keys are used to navigate between errors.

![Figure 7.1.7-1 Error Navigation Soft Keys](image)

When the last error in the list is selected so there is no next error to navigate to, the Next Error soft key is grayed out. The same applies to the Previous Error soft key when the first error in the list is selected.
7.2 Maintenance

User maintenance is limited to the following:
- Cleaning connectors
- Cleaning Network Master case

WARNING
Do NOT attempt to service the Network Master yourself.
Request servicing by authorized Anritsu personnel only.

7.2.1 Cleaning Optical Connectors

Refer to the cleaning instructions in section 1.5.4.

7.2.2 Cleaning Network Master

If necessary, follow these steps to clean the unit case:
- Unplug the power cord from the top panel before cleaning.
- Clean the unit with a soft cloth lightly dampened with isopropyl alcohol.
- Do NOT clean the RJ-45 connector, and electric connector between the module and main frame with any solvents. Use dry compressed air to blow out any dust.

CAUTION
Do NOT use chemically active or abrasive materials to clean the instrument.

7.2.3 User Calibration

The Network Master does not need calibration.

7.2.4 Repacking for Shipment

Keep the original packing for future use. Use the original packing when returning the Network Master to Anritsu for servicing. Contact Anritsu for instructions on returning the instrument.
7.3 Disposal

When the Network Master has reached the end of its useful life, dispose of it in accordance with local environmental regulations. Before disposal, dismantle or physically destroy any non-volatile memory media in the Network Master to ensure that data in memory cannot be recovered by third parties.
Appendix A  Specifications

A.1 Specifications ........................................................................ A-2
A.2 Parts and Accessories ......................................................... A-9
## A.1 Specifications

### Table A.1-1 Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Items</th>
<th>Specifications</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Controller number</td>
<td>MT9090A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Controller name</td>
<td>Main Frame</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Module number</td>
<td>MU909060A1, MU909060A2, MU909060A3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Module name</td>
<td>Gigabit Ethernet module</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application</td>
<td>Installation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Commissioning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>QoS Verification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>In-service troubleshooting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Multistream (SW option)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>RFC 2544 Test (SW option)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Stacked VLAN (SW option)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MPLS (SW option)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Remote GUI (SW option)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Channel Stats (SW option)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Y.1564 test (SW option)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Module configurations</td>
<td>MU909060A1: Gigabit Ethernet module with one electrical RJ-45 port</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>One electrical or optical SFP module can be installed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MU909060A2: Gigabit Ethernet module with two electrical RJ-45 ports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MU909060A3: Gigabit Ethernet module</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Two electrical or optical SFP modules can be installed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Electrical interfaces (if installed): 10/100/1000 Mbps RJ-45 (10BASE-T, 100BASE-TX, 1000BASE-T)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Optical interfaces (if installed, depending on model and SFP module): 100 or 1000 Mbps LC connector (100BASE-FX, 1000BASE-SX, 1000BASE-LX or 1000BASE-ZX)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SW Options</td>
<td>Option 001 RFC 2544 test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Option 002 Multistream</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Option 003 Stacked VLAN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Option 004 MPLS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Option 005 Remote GUI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Option 006 Channel Stats</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Option 007 Y.1564 test</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Table A.1-1 Specifications (Cont’d)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Items</th>
<th>Specifications</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethernet Interfaces</td>
<td>Duplex modes: Full duplex; Electrical 10/100 Mbps also Half duplex</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test configurations: Monitor/Generate, Pass Through, Reflector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Reflector delay: 2.44 $\mu$s @ 1000 Mbps, 5.16 $\mu$s @ 100 Mbps, 31.93 $\mu$s @ 10 Mbps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Specification of optical modules purchased from Anritsu for Network Master Gigabit Ethernet tester:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NB: Correct functioning is only guaranteed with Anritsu optical modules specifically for MU909060A Series. Modules with extended temperature range (up to +85°C) must be used.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Min. input sensitivity and wavelength range</th>
<th>Output power and wavelength</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1000BASE-S X 850 nm</td>
<td>–17 dBm</td>
<td>–9.5 to –1.5 dBm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multimode</td>
<td>Max. 860 nm</td>
<td>830 to 860 nm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000BASE-L X 1310 nm</td>
<td>–20 dBm</td>
<td>–10 to –3 dBm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single mode</td>
<td>Max. 1580 nm</td>
<td>1270 to 1355 nm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000BASE-Z X 1550 nm</td>
<td>–22 dBm</td>
<td>–3 to 2 dBm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single mode</td>
<td>Max. 1580 nm</td>
<td>1480 to 1580 nm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100BASE-F X 1310 nm</td>
<td>–31 dBm</td>
<td>–20 to –15 dBm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multimode</td>
<td>Max. 1600 nm</td>
<td>1280 to 1380 nm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100BASE-L X 1310 nm</td>
<td>–28 dBm</td>
<td>–15 to –8 dBm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single mode</td>
<td>Max. 1600 nm</td>
<td>1261 to 1360 nm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Table A.1-1 Specifications (Cont’d)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Items</th>
<th>Specifications</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ethernet Interfaces (Cont’d)</strong></td>
<td>Supported encapsulations: EtherType II (DIX v.2), IEEE 802.3 with 802.2 (LLC1), IEEE 802.3 with SNAP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Traffic generation:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Variable line rate traffic generation, up to full line rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Traffic shaping: Constant, Burst, Ramped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Frame sizes can be set to constant, stepped or random length.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Configurable Ethernet (MAC) and IP source and destination addresses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(supports IPv4 and IPv6), UDP/TCP address and DSCP/TOS byte</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Request IP source address from DHCP server (on/off)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Adjustable frame size from 46 to 10,000 bytes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>User-defined VLAN TIPD, VLAN ID and VLAN priority (multiple VLAN tags require Option 003)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>User-defined MPLS label, MPLS CoS and MPLS TTL (requires Option 004)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>User-defined traffic mix of unicast and broadcast frames</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Generate and respond to pause frames</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Answer incoming ARP request (On/Off)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Optional Ethernet (MAC) and IP address swapping (reflector configuration)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Measurements and dedicated tests</strong></td>
<td><strong>Status:</strong> Link status, Signal and Frames present (utilization), Errored frames, Rx/Tx frame count, Link time, Remote fault, Speed, Full/Half duplex, MDI/MDIX, Interface type, Link partner abilities (Pause Capable and Asymmetric pause Request), Local clock (1000 Mbps), DHCP lease time, Optical level of optical interfaces</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Frame statistics:</strong> Total frames, Unicast/multicast/broadcast frames, Untagged frames, Single VLAN frames, Multiple VLAN frames, Unlabeled frames, Single MPLS frames, Multiple MPLS frames, Pause frames</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Errors:</strong> Number of fragmentated frames, Oversized frames, Undersized (runts) frames, FCS errored frames, Collisions (10/100 Mbps Half duplex) Preamble violations, IFG violations (10/100Mbps non SFP), Severe IFG violations (SFP)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>SDT (Service Disruption Time):</strong> Measures gaps between received frames to detect service disruptions based on a user defined threshold. Min, Max, Average, Count, Total time, Total SDT (%) and Last Frame Received (interval) Timestamp.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table A.1-1  Specifications (Cont’d)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Items</th>
<th>Specifications</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Measurements and dedicated tests (Cont’d) | **Electrical cable test:**  
Detection of MDI/MDIX mode, Link speed and status, Cable status and distance to fault (if any), Polarity, Skew for 1000 Mbps  
Pin mapping: Tx/Rx for 10/100 Mbps, DA, DB, DC, DD for 1000 Mbps  
**BER Test:**  
Generation and detection of test patterns, Count of errors in received test pattern  
Pattern generation: Unframed, Framed with IP header or Framed with IP and TCP/UDP header  
Test patterns:  
PRBS 9, PRBS 11, PRBS 15, PRBS 20, PRBS 23, PRBS 29, PRBS 31, HF test pattern, CRPAT, JTPAT, SPAT  
Detection of sequence errors and loss of sequence synchronization  
**Ping test:**  
For connectivity and configuration check  
Round Trip Time (RTT)  
Supports IPv4 and IPv6 addressing  
Answer incoming Ping requests (On/Off)  
**RFC 2544 test (option):**  
Single ended network test and Switch/Router test modes: Throughput and utilization, Frame loss, Latency, Packet jitter, Back-to-back frames (burstability)  
End-to-end network test mode (two Network Master Gigabit Ethernet testers in master–slave setup): Throughput and utilization, Frame loss, Back-to-back frames (burstability)  
Router latency test mode: IP ping-based latency, IP ping-based packet jitter  
**Multistream (option):**  
Number of streams: Max. 8 active streams on Ethernet line  
Available current (per second) and cumulative information per stream:  
Transmitted and received total frames and bits, transmitted and received utilization(%) and throughput(%), transmitted and received broadcast frames and errored frames, SDT measurement (see above). Frame loss count/rate (not supported in Any Source configuration).  
Bar graph presentation of transmitted and received utilization(%), throughput(%), and errored frames(%). |
### Table A.1-1 Specifications (Cont’d)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Items</th>
<th>Specifications</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Measurements and dedicated tests (Cont’d)</td>
<td><strong>Channel Stats (option):</strong> Collects statistics on individual channels (received data streams) defined by user selected address and protocol key fields. Channels are auto-discovered. Up to 63 unique channels and 1 overflow channel are supported. Current (per second) and cumulative statistics are available. Order of arrival and Top talker modes are supported.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Trace Route:</strong> Trace the network path to a destination. Available information: Hop number, Host IP address (when available), min, max and average RTT (round trip time).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>HTTP/FTP Download Throughput:</strong> Measure the download throughput of a link using HTTP or FTP protocol. Available information: Connection progress and protocol error messages, status (current bytes received), file size, graphical progress bar, min, max, average throughput.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Y.1564 test (option):</strong> Perform the Y.1564 test methodologies for Ethernet Service Activation as defined by the ITU-T Y.1564 standard. The test suite includes the Y.1564 Config test for service configuration testing and the Y.1564 Perform test for service performance testing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Report generation:</strong> Generation of customized test result reports as .pdf or .csv files with user logo (pdf only) and comments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>PASS/FAIL Thresholds:</strong> Most applications support user specification of PASS/FAIL thresholds on key measurement parameters. If thresholds are enabled a PASS or FAIL indication for the test is shown on the Results Overview display.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Event log:</strong> Major events during test with 1-s precision time stamp, including Link/No link, test Start/Stop, and test specific threshold violations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Remote GUI (option):</strong> Control the unit from a remote PC. Client application runs inside the PC’s Web browser. Client application is served from the unit (no software installation is required on the PC). Uses HTTP protocol to pass through most firewalls without configuration changes. Supports upload (PC to unit) and download (unit to PC) of setup and result files.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### A.1 Specifications

#### Table A.1-1 Specifications (Cont’d)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Items</th>
<th>Specifications</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Other functions              | Date and time display/setting  
Color theme: Default, Outdoor White, Night, Orange Crush, Lush Green  
Language: English, Japanese, Spanish (Spain), Chinese (simplified),  
Chinese (traditional), German, Korean, French  
Battery level indication  
**Internal memory:**  
40 MB internal memory for results, setups and screen shots  
**Stored configurations:**  
The user can save a number of configuration files for recall. Configuration files can be transferred to other instruments using a USB memory stick or PC.  
**Test Automator:**  
The user can create a macro to run several tests in sequence. The user can also load, save, import and export test macros. |
| Display                      | 4.3-inch color transmissive LCD (480 × 272 pixels, with LED backlight)          |
| Service interfaces           | 1 × USB 1.1 Type A  
(for USB memory stick)  
1 × USB 1.1 Type B  
(USB mass storage; internal device accessed as removable media on PC while connected to PC with USB cable) |
| Laser safety                 | Only applicable to MU909060A1 and MU909060A3  
IEC 60825-1:2007 Class 1  
THIS PRODUCT COMPLIES WITH 21 CFR 1040.10 AND 1040.11  
EXCEPT FOR DEVIATIONS PURSUANT TO LASER NOTICE. NO.50, DATED JUNE 24, 2007. |
| Power supply*                | Dedicated battery pack or four AA Ni-MH batteries  
AC Adapter: 100 to 240 V, 50/60 Hz |
| Power consumption            | 15 W max. from AC supply                                                      |
| Battery operation time       | Up to 3 hours of continuous measurement (MU909060A2) with backlight on  
at 25°C using dedicated battery pack (Ni-MH 2700 mAh) or 4 AA Ni-MH batteries |
| Battery charging time        | 3.6 hours (Typical) at +10°C to +30°C with power off                          |
| Dimensions                   | MT9090A mainframe:  
96 (H) x 180 (W) x 18 (D) mm  
MU909060A1, MU909060A2, MU909060A3 Gigabit Ethernet Module:  
96 (H) x 190 (W) x 30 (D) mm |

*: Operating voltage: within the range of +10% to –10% from the rated voltage
### Table A.1-1 Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Items</th>
<th>Specifications</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mass</td>
<td>800 g max. Main frame and module with dedicated battery pack</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental conditions</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating –</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature</td>
<td>0° to +40°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humidity</td>
<td>≤85%, No condensation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storage –</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature</td>
<td>-20° to +60°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humidity</td>
<td>≤80%, No condensation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vibration</td>
<td>IEC 60 068-2-6 Fc and IEC 60 068-2-64 Fh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shock</td>
<td>IEC 60 068-2-27 Ea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drop and topple</td>
<td>IEC 60 068-2-31 Ec</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bump</td>
<td>IEC 60 068-2-29 Eb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free fall</td>
<td>IEC 60 068-2-32 Ed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMC</td>
<td>EN61326-1 (Class A, Table 2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>EN61000-3-2: 2006 +A1:2009 A2:2009 (Class A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dust proof, Drip proof</td>
<td>JIS C0920 IP51</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## A.2 Parts and Accessories

### Table A.2-1 Parts and Accessories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Items</th>
<th>Specifications</th>
<th>Model Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1000 Mbps SX SFP</td>
<td></td>
<td>G0240A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000 Mbps LX SFP</td>
<td></td>
<td>G0241A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000 Mbps ZX SFP</td>
<td></td>
<td>G0242A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 Mbps FX SFP</td>
<td></td>
<td>G0243A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 Mbps LX SFP</td>
<td></td>
<td>G0244A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10/100/1000 Mbps RJ-45 SFP</td>
<td></td>
<td>G0246A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPTICALFIBERCORD (DUPLEX, SM, LC-LC CONNECTOR), 2M</td>
<td></td>
<td>J1271</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OPTICALFIBERCORD (DUPLEX, GI, LC-LC CONNECTOR), 2M</td>
<td></td>
<td>J1273</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAN CABLE (CAT5E, STRAIGHT), 1M</td>
<td></td>
<td>J1275</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAN CABLE (CAT5E, STRAIGHT), 5M</td>
<td></td>
<td>J1275B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAN CABLE (CAT5E, CROSS), 1M</td>
<td></td>
<td>J1275C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LAN CABLE (CAT5E, CROSS), 5M</td>
<td></td>
<td>J1275D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ferrule cleaner</td>
<td>CLETOP type (one)</td>
<td>Z0914A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Replacement reel for ferrule cleaner</td>
<td>6 reel / pack</td>
<td>Z0915A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ferrule side face cleaner (MU, LC)</td>
<td>Pipe type (600 pcs. per pack)</td>
<td>Z1211A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ni-MH Battery pack</td>
<td>Ni-MH Battery pack, 4.8 Vdc, 2700 mAh</td>
<td>G0202A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AC adapter</td>
<td>100 to 240 Vac, 50/60 Hz, 9 Vdc</td>
<td>G0203A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Car plug cord</td>
<td></td>
<td>J1402A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USB-Ethernet converter</td>
<td></td>
<td>J1480A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USB-Ethernet converter</td>
<td></td>
<td>J1522A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(New product)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hard case</td>
<td></td>
<td>B0600B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard soft case</td>
<td></td>
<td>B0601B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deluxe soft case</td>
<td>Can’t put in with the protector attached.</td>
<td>B0602A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strap</td>
<td></td>
<td>Z1023A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Network Master Gigabit Ethernet Tester</td>
<td>Printed version</td>
<td>W3166AE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operation Manual</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>· MT9090A Mainframe</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>· MU909060A1/2/3 Gigabit Ethernet Module</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protector &amp; soft case</td>
<td></td>
<td>Z1580A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protector</td>
<td></td>
<td>B0663A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Network Master Gigabit Ethernet Tester</td>
<td>Printed version</td>
<td>W3173AE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quick Start Guide</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>· MT9090A Mainframe</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>· MU909060A1/2/3 Gigabit Ethernet Module</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Option MU909060/A1/A2/A3-005 adds remote control capability to the unit. This option may be installed at the factory or it may be installed as a field upgrade after initial delivery.

The Remote Control option includes the following features:

- HTTP based connection to the instrument through a standard Web browser
- No PC installation required. Client software provided by the unit at connection.
- Security through password authentication
- Real-time updates of the local screen image in the browser application
- Remote control panel emulates local front panel button presses
- Simultaneous local and remote control for training or instructional purposes
- File download (transfer files from the MU909060 to a PC)
- File upload (transfer files from a PC to the MU909060)
- Supports optional automatic connection to the network through DHCP

B.1 Remote Control Setup .................................................. B-2
B.2 Remote Control Client .................................................. B-7
B.1 Remote Control Setup

The MU909060/A1/A2/A3 supports connection to an Ethernet network through a USB-Ethernet converter. The USB-Ethernet converter accessory is available from Anritsu as order number J1480A or (the newer model) J1522A, USB-Ethernet converter.

Notes:

- Software version V2.02 (or higher) is required to support the model J1522A accessory.

- Anritsu does not guarantee the performance of USB-Ethernet converters that are not supplied by Anritsu.

If option MU909060/A1/A2/A3-005 is installed on the unit, a networking tab (Net) will be available when in Top Menu setup, as shown in Figure B.1-1.

![Figure B.1-1 Net Tab](image)

To prepare the unit for connection to the network and remote control, it is necessary to establish a proper network address and password for the unit. There are two options for how the network address can be established:

- DHCP ON (checked) – automatic address assignment
- DHCP OFF (un-checked) · manual address assignment
DHCP (Automatic Assignment)

If the network supports DHCP, an IP address will be assigned automatically by the network. To use DHCP, perform the following steps:

1. Highlight the DHCP check box as shown in Figure B.1-2 and press the Set key so the box is selected.

2. Highlight the Remote Control Password field and enter a password for the unit. This password will be required to gain access to the unit from the remote client (described in section B.2 “Remote Control Client” below).

Note:
The default password is rcpassword.

3. Once all fields have been entered, highlight the Apply button and press the Set key to record the new settings. The setup screen will close and the Top Menu will be shown.

4. Connect the RJ-45 connector of the Ethernet drop cable to Ethernet end of the USB-Ethernet converter.

5. Connect the USB end of the USB-Ethernet converter to the USB type A port of the controller (see Figure 1.5-1). The screen shown in Figure B.1-3 will be displayed.
Appendix B  Remote Control

Remote Control

Figure B.1-3  DHCP Pop-Up

6. Press **F3 Cancel** to cancel the DHCP request process.
7. Press **F4 OK** to start the DHCP request process.
8. After a while, the DHCP Pop-up screen will close.
9. Press **Menu**, the setup menu will be displayed
10. Select **Setup**, the Top Menu setup will be displayed. Navigate to the Net tab.
11. If the DHCP request was successful, the assigned IP address and subnet mask will be shown on the Net tab, as shown in Figure B.1-4.
12. If the DHCP request was not successful, no IP address or subnet mask will be shown on the Net tab.

![Network Connection](image)

**Figure B.1-3  DHCP Pop-Up**

![Setup](image)

**Figure B.1-4  Net Tab (DHCP Assigned IP Address)**

*Note:*
The user should record the assigned IP Address so that it can be used to communicate with the unit from the remote PC.
MANUAL ASSIGNMENT
If the network does not support DHCP, or manual assignment of an IP address is desired, follow the steps below:

1. Highlight the DHCP check box. If the box is checked, press the Set key so that the box is cleared, as shown in Figure B.1-5.

2. Highlight and edit the remaining address fields (IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Default Gateway). With the highlight positioned on any address field, press the Set key and the address editor will be displayed, as shown in Figure B.1-6.

Note: If the Default Gateway field is set to 0.0.0.0, no value will appear in the Default Gateway field, and Gateway processing will not be used.

3. Highlight the **Remote Control Password** field and enter a password for the unit. This password will be required to gain access to the unit from the remote client (described in section B.2 below).

Note: The default password is **rcpassword**.
Appendix B  Remote Control

4. Once all fields have been entered, highlight the **Apply** button and press the **Set** key to record the new settings. The setup screen will close and the **Top Menu** will be shown.

5. Connect the RJ-45 connector of the Ethernet drop cable to Ethernet end of the USB-Ethernet converter.

6. Connect the USB end of the USB-Ethernet converter to the USB type A port of the controller (see Figure 1.5-1). The screen shown in Figure B.1-7 will be displayed.

7. Press **OK** (F4) to accept the settings and connect to the network.

8. Press **Cancel** (F3) to close the screen without connecting to the network.

**Note:**

If the IP address information (shown in Figure B.1-5) is changed while the USB-Ethernet adapter is plugged in to the MU909060 unit, then it is necessary to remove the USB-Ethernet adapter from the MU909060 and re-insert it, before the new IP address information will take affect.
B.2 Remote Control Client

To run the Remote Client, perform the following steps:

**Note:**

The Web browser to be used must support Adobe Flash™ technology. Ensure that the latest version of Adobe Flash™ player is installed prior to performing the steps below.

1. Start a Web Browser on the PC (or other computer).
2. In the URL input field, type HTTP://xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx, where xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx is the IP address that was entered or assigned in section B.1.
3. If network communications can be properly established between the PC and the MU909060, the screen shown in Figure B.2-1 will be displayed.

4. Enter the **Remote Control Password** that was established in section B.1, and click on the **Login** label. The screen shown in Figure B.2-2 will be displayed.

![Figure B.2-1  Remote Client (before Login)](image-url)
There are two (2) main remote control functions:

1. **Control** – the user can control the remote unit by clicking on the active zones of the client application. This is the default display immediately after login.

2. **File** – the user will be presented with the directory structure (folders and files) of the remote unit. This function supports:
   - File Upload (from PC to MU909060) - this function is useful for sending configuration and result files from a computer to the unit.
   - File Download (from MU909060 to PC) - this function is useful for retrieving configuration files, result file, and reports from the unit.

To use the **Control** function, perform the following steps:

1. Click on the **Control** label at the top left of the image of the MU909060 front panel.

2. There is an active zone around the image of each of the front panel hard keys (F1, F2, F3, F4, Start, Set, Menu, Up, Down, Left, Right arrows). Move the cursor for the pointing device (mouse) over the image of any of the front panel keys, and the active zone will turn red in color, as shown in Figure B.2-3.

3. Click on the active zone to execute a key press on the remote unit.
To use the **File** function, perform the following steps:

1. Click on the **File** label at the top left of the image of the MU909060 front panel.

2. The screen shown in Figure B.2-5 will be displayed.

3. To navigate in the directory structure, click on any of the directory folders. The selected folder will open (or close) to expand (or contract) the contents of the folder, as shown in Figure B.2-6.

4. To download a file, click on the filename. A download will start automatically and a standard file save dialog from the Web browser will be shown to allow the user to select a location to save the file, or cancel the save operation.

5. To **upload** a file, click on the **Upload** button which is located near the bottom left corner of the **File** display. A standard file selection dialog will appear. Browse to the file to be uploaded and select it. Then click on the **Open** button of the file selection dialog. The upload will start automatically.

**Notes:**

- A file that is uploaded to the unit will be saved in the folder that is currently open (expanded) as described in step 3 above. If no folder is currently open, the upload operation cannot proceed and a warning message will be displayed in the **Status** line.
The unit must have enough free space on its internal data drive to hold the file to be uploaded or the operation will not proceed. In addition, if the upload operation would cause the free space on the internal data drive to be reduced below one megabyte (1 MB), the upload operation will not proceed. Either condition will cause a warning message to be displayed in the Status line.

An upload or download operation can be canceled after it is started by clicking on the icon which is located near the end of the Download/Upload progress: bar.

The user should observe the Status line at the bottom of the display. The Status line shows the progress of an upload/download operation while it is in progress. Other messages shown in the Status line may indicate the operation has failed due to an error, or that the operation has completed successfully.

![Status messages](image)

**Figure B.2-4** Status Messages

![Remote client](image)

**Figure B.2-5** Remote Client (File Menu)
To close the remote session, perform the following steps:

1. Click on the Logoff label at the top right of the image of the MU909060 front panel.

2. Close the Web browser

**Note:**

If the Web browser is closed before the Logoff is performed, it is possible the connection will not be dropped by the remote unit. To make sure a new connection can always be established, it is necessary to close all existing connections whenever a user logs in to the unit. This implies that a current user session can be forced to close by a new user who logs in to the same unit.
C.1 Overview ............................................................................ C-2
C.2 Operating System Requirements .................................... C-2
C.3 Software Installation ....................................................... C-3
C.4 Running the Application ............................................... C-11
  C.4.1 Checking the Version of the Application ............... C-12
  C.4.2 Managing Files ..................................................... C-13
  C.4.3 Managing Paid Options ........................................ C-14
C.5 Creating and Editing Setup Files ................................... C-17
  C.5.1 Interface Setup .................................................... C-18
  C.5.2 Test Destination Setup ......................................... C-19
  C.5.3 Report Setup ........................................................ C-19
  C.5.4 Y.1564 Setup ...................................................... C-20
C.6 Copy/Paste Functions ..................................................... C-32
C.7 Input Validation .............................................................. C-34
C.1 Overview

The MU909060A Setup Application is a Windows application that is provided with **MU909060A Gigabit Ethernet product**. The application allows the user to create or modify configuration files on a PC that are compatible with the MU909060A Ethernet firmware V3.00 (or higher).

C.2 Operating System Requirements

The MU909060A Setup Application requires a Windows XP*1, Windows Vista, or Windows 7 (32-bit or 64-bit) operating system to be installed on the PC. In addition, the application requires the .NET Framework V4.0 to be installed on the PC. The .NET Framework V4.0 is included in the installation package.

*1: A minimum configuration of Windows XP Service Pack 3 (SP3) with Windows Installer 3.1 is required.
C.3 Software Installation

The MU909060A Setup Application is included on the Network Master Gigabit Ethernet Tester CD, supplied with the unit. It is also available as a free download from www.anritsu.com.

To install the software from CD, perform the following steps:
1. Insert the Network Master Gigabit Ethernet Tester CD in the drive on the PC.
2. Browse to the MX909060A folder.
3. Double-click on the Setup.exe file to run it.

To install the software from a download file, perform the following steps:
2. Double-click on the MX909060A.exe file to run it. The image below will be displayed.

3. Click on the ... button to browse to a folder that will hold the extracted program files.
4. Click on the Unzip button. The files will be extracted to the specified folder.
5. Browse to the folder that received the files. Double-click on the Setup.exe file to run it.
Installing the .NET Framework

The Microsoft .NET Framework is a set of components supplied by Microsoft Corporation. If the .NET Framework V4.0 is not installed on the PC, it will be installed before the MU909060A Setup Application is installed. The image below will be displayed:

Read the EULA (End User License Agreement). Click on the Accept button to accept the terms of the EULA and proceed with the installation. Click on the Don’t Accept button to cancel the installation process.

While the .NET Framework software is installing, the image below will be displayed:

This step can take several minutes to complete. A system re-boot may be required after this step is completed. If a re-boot is required, the installation process will continue automatically when the system returns from the re-boot process.
User Account Control

Certain Windows operating systems such as Vista or Windows 7 employ UAC (User Account Control) to monitor software programs that attempt to modify the system. If your system includes UAC and you are attempting to install or un-install the MU909060A Setup Application software from an account that does not have Administrator access privileges, a message similar to the one shown below may appear:

Select **Yes** to allow the installation (or un-installation) to continue. Select **No** to abort the installation process.
Removing Prior Versions of Software

If the image shown below is displayed, a prior version of MU909060A Setup Application is already installed on the PC and must be removed before the new version can be installed. Otherwise proceed to Completing the Installation.

1. Click on the **Remove** radio button as shown below and click on the **Finish** button.

![Remove radio button](image)

2. The image below will be displayed while the software is being removed.

![Software removal progress](image)
3. The image below will be displayed when the removal process is complete. Click **Close** to complete the process.
Completing the Installation

1. Double-click on the Setup.exe file to run it. The image below will be displayed. To proceed with the installation, click on the Next button. Otherwise click on the Cancel button.

2. The image below will be displayed.
C.3 Software Installation

3. Browse or enter the folder name where the application will be installed. Click Next. The image below will be displayed:

4. Click Next to begin the installation process. The image below will be displayed:
5. Click on the **Close** button to complete the installation process.
C.4 Running the Application

The installation will create an icon on the desktop as shown below,

and it will add the application to the Programs menu under Anritsu, as shown below:

To run the MU909060A Setup Application, double-click on the desktop icon or select the program from the Programs menu. The image below will be displayed:
C.4.1 Checking the Version of the Application

To check the version of the application, use the Help>About function. The image below will be displayed:
C.4 Running the Application

C.4.2 Managing Files

When the application is started, a default setup file will be loaded. This file includes all of the defaults for the application setups.

The application can operate on a default setup file or a user supplied setup file which was previously saved on the MU909060A instrument, running V3.00 firmware (or higher). File operations are managed through the File menu as shown below:

- To load the default setup file at any time, select the New menu item. The default setup file will be loaded.
- To open a user supplied setup file, select the Open menu item.
- To save the current file, select the Save menu item.
- To exit the application, select the Exit menu item.
C.4.3 Managing Paid Options

There are five (5) paid options that can affect the setup.

- Option MU909060A2-001 RFC2544 adds the RFC2544 Throughput, Latency and Burst tests.
- Option MU909060A2-002 Multi-stream allows up to 8 interface options and 64 test generator destinations.
- Option MU909060A2-003 Stacked VLAN controls the presence or absence of the VLAN 2 and VLAN 3 columns.
- Option MU909060A2-004 MPLS controls the presence or absence of the MPLS 1, MPLS 2, and MPLS 3 columns.
- Option MU909060A2-007 Y1564 test setup which enables the Y1564 test setup view.

To access the software options control, click on the Options label. To enable (√) or disable (un-√) the paid options in the PC Setup Application, select the check box to the left of the option name.

The table below summarizes the results of creating a setup file with the VLAN option flag enabled or disabled, and subsequently loading the file on a unit that has the VLAN option flag enabled or disabled.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setup File Created on PC</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>VLAN option is enabled</th>
<th>VLAN option is disabled</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VLAN option is enabled</td>
<td>The file will load correctly and the optional columns and data entered from the PC will be available.</td>
<td>A warning message will be displayed. The setup file will not load.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLAN option is disabled</td>
<td>The optional columns will not be available for input from the setup application. The file will load correctly on the unit. The optional columns will show default values on the unit.</td>
<td>The optional columns will not be available for input from the setup application. The file will load correctly on the unit. The optional columns will not be available on the unit.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Note:

If the Stacked VLAN option on the Options menu is enabled and the state of the check-box is changed to disabled, a warning message will appear as shown below:

Click Yes to disable the Stacked VLAN option and clear all inputs in the VLAN 2 and VLAN 3 columns. Click No to cancel this operation.

The table below summarizes the results of creating a setup file with the MPLS option flag enabled or disabled, and subsequently loading the file on a unit that has the MPLS option flag enabled or disabled.

**Table C.4-2  MPLS option vs Setup file load control**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setup File Created on PC</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>MPLS option is enabled</th>
<th>MPLS option is disabled</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>MPLS option is enabled</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>The file will load correctly and the optional columns and data entered from the PC will be available.</td>
<td>A warning message will be displayed. The setup file will not load.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>MPLS option is disabled</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>The optional columns will not be available for input from the setup application. The file will load correctly on the unit. The optional columns will show default values on the unit.</td>
<td>The optional columns will not be available for input from the setup application. The file will load correctly on the unit. The optional columns will not be available on the unit.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note:

If the MPLS option on the Options menu is enabled and the state of the check-box is changed to disabled, a warning message will appear as shown below:
Click **Yes** to disable the MPLS option and clear all inputs in the MPLS 1, MPLS 2, and MPLS 3 columns. Click **No** to cancel this operation.

- **Y1564** option will enabled the Y1564 setup in the View menu.
- **Multi-Stream** option turns on up to 8 streams for the interface setup and the Test Generator.
- **RFC2544** option will enable the RFC tests for configuration under the View → Port A/B Test Setup.
C.5 Creating and Editing Setup Files

The MU909060A Setup application has been designed to provide an easy method to create setup files.

There are five (5) steps to create (or modify) a setup file:

1. Open a user supplied setup file or use the default file supplied with the application.
2. Enter all of the desired address and information for the test. Select the tests and sub-tests to be run.
3. Save the file using the File>Save menu item to a USB memory device.
4. With the Ethernet application running on the MU909060A unit, insert the memory device into the unit. Browse to the USB device and highlight the setup file.
5. Select Load from the Menu and press the LOAD SETUP soft-key.

Note:
An optional method (at Step 3) is to use the Mass Storage/Copy function to permanently copy the setup file from the USB memory device to the internal memory of the unit. Then (at Step 4) browse to the unit’s internal memory to load the file.

In the View menu there are 3 setup screens to be configured and if Y.1564 is enabled that will also appear as an option.
C.5.1 Interface Setup

The interface setup allows you to configure both port A and port B’s source IP, source MAC, VLAN, UDP/TCP, LLC, and SNAP for one or multiple streams if the multi-stream option is enabled. There is validation for both the source IP and source MAC. If SNAP is enabled then LLC is automatically checked with it, however if LLC is only checked then SNAP does not need to be. If UDP or TCP is chosen then the Protocol inside the Source IP will also change accordingly.

If the interface source IP is set to IPv4 then the test destination IP for that stream will also be IPv4 and similarly for IPv6.
C.5.2 Test Destination Setup

The Port A/B Test setup page will allow you to configure port A and B setup for the Generator, Ping, BERT, HTTP/FTP, Trace Route as well as RFC2544 Throughput, Latency and Burst if the RFC2544 option is enabled. There can be up to 8 tests configured for each port and up to 64 tests configured for Generator if multi-stream is enabled. For each test you can configure the Destination IP and Destination MAC for both ports. The inputs for IP and MAC are both validated.

C.5.3 Report Setup

In the Report Setup section there are three tabs: Basic, Comment and Logo.

- In the Basic tab you can set what port you want to be Receivers/Transceivers. You are also able to choose if you want to include the Setup, Comment and Error Logs with the report.
- In the Comment tab there are 4 text fields each of which can hold up to 20 characters. These fields are: Customer, Project/Description, Operator, and Notes.
- The last tab is Logo where you can include a logo and also set the path.

Note:

The Path is relative to the unit.
C.5.4 Y.1564 Setup

If the Y1564 option is enabled in the dropdown then the Y1564 Setup will be shown in the View menu.

C.5.4.1 Ports

Change ports by using the tab control, located near the top-left of the display:

All of the individual setup items described in sections below can be selected independently for each port.

C.5.4.2 Test Mode Selection

The Test Mode option group is located near the top of the display and includes the same selections that are available on the Y.1564 Suite Test Mode and End to End setup tabs on the unit. Refer to section 3.11.5 of the MU909060A Ethernet Application manual for a complete description of these settings.

- Test Mode: (Switch-Router Test, Single Ended Network Test, End to End Network Test)
- Select Port: (Port A, Port B, Both Ports)

If the End to End Network Test mode is selected:
- End to End One way test (✓ = enable)
- Store results on slave (✓ = enable)
- Show Estimated One Way FTD (✓ = enable)
- Clock Drift Correction (us/sec)
- VLAN Levels
- MPLS Levels
If the End to End One way test is enabled:

- One way Direction: (Slave->Master, Master->Slave)

C.5.4.3 Y.1564 Perform Test Options

The Y.1564 Perform Test option group is located near the top-left of the display and includes the same selections that are available on the Y.1564 Suite Perform setup tab on the unit. Refer to section 3.11.8 of the MU909060A Ethernet Application manual for a complete description of these settings.

- Enable Y.1564 Perform (√ = enable)
- Run Only if Y.1564 Config Test PASS (√ = enable)
- Test Run Time (dd:hh:mm:ss) • use the dial controls to enter the desired run time for the test.
C.5.4.4 Y.1564 Config Test Options

The Y.1564 Config Test option group is located near the center-left of the display and includes the same selections that are available on the Y.1564 Suite Config setup tab on the unit. Refer to section 3.11.7 of the MU909060A Ethernet Application manual for a complete description of these settings.

- Enable Y.1564 Config (✓ = enable)
- CIR Test (✓ = enable)

If CIR test enabled:
- Ramped (✓ = enable)
  If Ramped enabled:
  - Step 1 – Step 5 (✓ = enable) – use the dial control to enter the percentage of CIR for the step.
- EIR Test (✓ = enable)
- Traffic Policing Test (✓ = enable)

If Traffic Policing test enabled:
- M (Margin) – use the dial control to enter the margin value (M) in Mbps
- CBS Test (✓ = enable)
- EBS Test (✓ = enable)
C.5 Creating and Editing Setup Files

- Test/Step Time – use the dial control to enter the time for each test step in seconds.
- To calculate the Estimated Test Time, click the **Calculate** button.

C.5.4.5 Services Table

The Services table is designed to define one Service in each row of the table. Each Service has twenty-three (23) possible fields that can be selected and edited. The fields are described in the table below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>How To Edit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SRV#/ Service number</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Click on the check-box to enable (√) or disable (un-√)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable</td>
<td>Enable flag. √ to enable the Service to run.</td>
<td>Click on the check-box to enable (√) or disable (un-√)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service Name</td>
<td>Service name. Up to 8 characters.</td>
<td>Click to highlight the field. Type directly in the field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service Profile</td>
<td>OFF, Voice, Video</td>
<td>Click on the field. The Service Profile pop-up dialog will appear.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CIR(Mbps)</td>
<td>Committed Information Rate in Mbps.</td>
<td>Click to highlight the field. Enter the value directly in the field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EIR(Mbps)</td>
<td>Excess Information Rate in Mbps.</td>
<td>Click to highlight the field. Enter the value directly in the field.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![Service Profile Setup](image)
### Table C.5.4.5-1  Service Table (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>How To Edit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SRC IP</td>
<td>Source IP Address</td>
<td>Click on the field. The IP Setup pop-up dialog will be displayed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image" alt="IP Setup Dialog" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Use the radio-button to select IPv4 or IPv6. Enter the Source and Destination IP addresses. Enable (✓) Gateway processing (if desired). Enter the Gateway addresses for the local and remote units. Enable (✓) the remaining options. Enter the required values directly in the input fields.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DST IP</td>
<td>Destination IP Address</td>
<td>See cell above.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table C.5.4.5-1 Service Table (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>How To Edit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SRC MAC</td>
<td>Source MAC Address</td>
<td>Click on the field. The MAC Address Setup pop-up dialog will be displayed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><img src="image" alt="MAC Address Setup" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Enter the Source and Destination MAC addresses. Click on the Use ARP check-box if ARP processing is desired.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source MAC Address: `00-00-00-00-00-00`

Destination MAC Address: `00-00-00-00-00-00`

Use ARP: `on`
### Table C.5.4.5-1 Service Table (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>How To Edit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DST MAC</td>
<td>Destination MAC Address</td>
<td>See cell above.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color Mode</td>
<td>Color Mode Selection</td>
<td>Click on the field. The Color Mode pop-up dialog will be displayed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VLAN</td>
<td>VLAN ID,PRI</td>
<td>Click on the field. The VLAN pop-up dialog will be displayed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** If the Stacked VLAN option is disabled, only the VLAN 1 column will be shown.

Click on the VLAN button to enable the VLAN. Use the pull-down list to select the TPID. Use the dial-control to select the priority value. Click on the CFI check-box to enable (✔) or disable (un-✔) the CFI flag. Use the dial-control to set the VID value.
### Table C.5.4-1 Service Table (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>How To Edit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Frame Profile</td>
<td>Click on the field. The Frame Profile pop-up dialog will be displayed. Click on the radio button to make the Frame Size selection. If Fixed Size is selected, use the pull-down list to select a frame size from the list. If User Defined is selected, enter the frame size in the field. If EMIX is selected, click on the input field. The EMIX letter code choices will be displayed. Enter up to five (5) letters shown. Click on the H=MTU field. Enter the MTU frame size. Click on the U=User field. Enter the User frame size.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>How To Edit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Click on the **radio button** to make the Frame Size selection. If Fixed Size is selected, use the pull-down list to select a frame size from the list. If User Defined is selected, enter the frame size in the field. If EMIX is selected, click on the input field. The EMIX letter code choices will be displayed. Enter up to five (5) letters shown. Click on the H=MTU field. Enter the MTU frame size. Click on the U=User field. Enter the User frame size.
### Table C.5.4.5-1 Service Table (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>How To Edit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Payload Pattern</td>
<td>Binary pattern to be included in the un-used portion of the test frame payload.</td>
<td>Click on the field. Make a selection from the pull-down list.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CBS(Bytes)</td>
<td>Committed burst size.</td>
<td>Click to highlight the field. Enter the value directly in the field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EBS(Bytes)</td>
<td>Excess burst size.</td>
<td>Click to highlight the field. Enter the value directly in the field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FTD(ms)</td>
<td>Maximum Frame Transfer Delay (Latency) Threshold</td>
<td>Click to highlight the field. Enter the value directly in the field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FDV(ms)</td>
<td>Maximum Frame Delay Variation (Jitter) Threshold</td>
<td>Click to highlight the field. Enter the value directly in the field.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max FLR(PPM)</td>
<td>Maximum Frame Loss Ratio Threshold</td>
<td>Click to highlight the field. Enter the value directly in the field.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table C.5.4.5-1  Service Table (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>How To Edit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| MPLS  | Click on the field. The MPLS pop-up dialog will be displayed.  

**Note:** if the MPLS option is disabled, no MPLS columns will be available for selection.  

![FormMplsSetup](image)  

Click on the MPLSx button to enable the MPLS label for level x. Use the dial-control to enter the LABEL value. Use the dial-control to select the CoS value. Use the dial-control to set the TTL value. |
### Table C.5.4.5-1  Service Table (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>How To Edit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TCP</td>
<td></td>
<td>Click on the field. The TCP/UDP pop-up dialog will be displayed. Click on the TCP radio-button to select the TCP protocol to be included in the test frames. Click on each field and enter the value directly in the field.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table C.5.4.5-1  Service Table (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>How To Edit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UDP</td>
<td>Click on the field. The TCP/UDP pop-up dialog will be displayed. Click on the UDP radio-button to select the UDP protocol to be included in the test frames. Click on each field and enter the value directly in the field.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LLC1</td>
<td>Click on the check-box to enable (✓) or disable (un-✓) the LLC1 frame header.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SNAP</td>
<td>Click on the check-box to enable (✓) or disable (un-✓) the SNAP frame header.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
C.6 Copy/Paste Functions

The copy/paste function follows standard Windows Copy/Paste selection methods. In the row-selector column of the Y1564 or Port A/B Test setup (as indicated by the RED colored rectangle in the image below), click on the starting row of the selection to be copied.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SRC/DB</th>
<th>Enable</th>
<th>Service Name</th>
<th>Service Profile</th>
<th>CRI (Mbps)</th>
<th>ERI (Mbps)</th>
<th>SRC IP</th>
<th>DST IP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To select a contiguous set of rows, hold the left-mouse button down and drag the mouse pointer to the last row of the selection to be copied.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SRC/DB</th>
<th>Enable</th>
<th>Service Name</th>
<th>Service Profile</th>
<th>CRI (Mbps)</th>
<th>ERI (Mbps)</th>
<th>SRC IP</th>
<th>DST IP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
<td>Service</td>
<td>OFF</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
<td>0.0.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To select additional individual rows, hold the CTRL key down and click on each individual row to be copied.

Click on the Edit menu and select the Copy Row(s) item. Release the mouse button to complete the Copy operation.

![Copy Row(s)](image)

**Note:**

To copy rows from one port to the other port, change ports by clicking on the Port tabs.
In the **row-selector column**, **click-and-hold** the **left-mouse button** on the starting row of the selection for the Paste operation. Drag the mouse pointer to ending row of the selection for the Paste operation. Release the mouse button.

Click on the Edit menu and select the Paste Row(s) item. Release the mouse button to complete the Paste operation.

**Notes:**
- If the number of rows from the copy selection area is larger than the number of rows in the paste selection area, the excess rows will not be pasted.
- Each individual row from the copy selection area will be pasted into the first available row in the paste selection area. The rows in the copy selection area do not need to align with rows in the paste selection areas.
- If a copy and paste operation is executed on the same port, then the selection ranges should not overlap.
- If the copy selection area includes only one line, this line will be duplicated into all lines in the paste selection area.
- The Interface setup and Report setup pages will not allow you to use the copy/paste options and will instead display a popup.
C.7 Input Validation

Many of the input fields must be validated at run-time. If a field is not valid for the current test configuration the user will be notified when the test is started. Any invalid fields can be modified on the instrument at run-time.
Appendix D  Software Licenses

The MT9090A and MU909060A1/MU909060A2/MU909060A3 include the software listed in the table below. These software are not covered by the Anritsu Software License Agreement.

The details of each software license can be accessed at the following URL:

https://www1.anritsu.co.jp/Download/Mservice/Login.asp

D.1  Software Licenses  ........................................................... D-2
## D.1 Software Licenses

### Table D.1-1 Software Licenses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Package name</th>
<th>License</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>linux-2.6.20.1</td>
<td>GPL(*1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>busybox</td>
<td>GPL(*1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e2fsprogs</td>
<td>GPL(*1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sys5utils</td>
<td>GPL(*1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>util-linux</td>
<td>GPL(*1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>inetutils 1.5</td>
<td>GPL(*1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>freetype 2.1.7</td>
<td>FTL(*2), GPL(*1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>mtd-utils</td>
<td>GPL(*1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U-Boot 1.1.4</td>
<td>GPL(*1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microwindows</td>
<td>MPL(*3)</td>
<td>Microwindows was downloaded from CVS on 2 Aug 2006.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>flnx 0.18</td>
<td>LGPL + exceptions(*4)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dosfstools 2.11</td>
<td>GPL(*1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>portman 5 beta</td>
<td>Other(*5)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Haru Free PDF Library</td>
<td>zlib/libpng License</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Libpng</td>
<td>zlib/libpng License</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tinyxml</td>
<td>zlib/libpng License</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zlib</td>
<td>zlib/libpng License</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lwip</td>
<td>BSD License</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
References are to page numbers.

### A

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Page(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AC Charger/Adapter</td>
<td>1-17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accumulate repeated steps</td>
<td>3-98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advanced pane</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RFC2544 Burst</td>
<td>3-93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RFC2544 Latency</td>
<td>3-90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RFC2544 Throughput</td>
<td>3-84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alarms pop-up</td>
<td>3-66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amp</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cable Test</td>
<td>3-77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anritsu Corporation Contact</td>
<td>xiii</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anritsu Warranty</td>
<td>xii</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Answers ARP requests</td>
<td>3-27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Answers pings</td>
<td>3-27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arrow keys</td>
<td>1-9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average</td>
<td>3-58</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### B

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Page(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Back Panel</td>
<td>1-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic</td>
<td>2-43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic tab</td>
<td>2-22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Battery Status LED</td>
<td>1-20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BBM file</td>
<td>6-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BERT Seq. Error</td>
<td>3-68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Binary</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RFC2544 Throughput</td>
<td>3-83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BKSP soft key</td>
<td>2-19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bottom Panel</td>
<td>1-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broadcast</td>
<td>2-31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burst Size pane</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RFC2544 Burst</td>
<td>3-93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burst*1E-2</td>
<td>3-67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burst/10Sec</td>
<td>3-67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burst/Sec</td>
<td>3-67</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### C

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Page(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calibration</td>
<td>7-6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CFI (Canonical Format Indicator)</td>
<td>3-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Changing Test Module</td>
<td>1-29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Channel Stats results screen</td>
<td>3-59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Channel Stats setup pane</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Generator</td>
<td>3-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cleaning Optical Connectors</td>
<td>1-22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Collisions</td>
<td>2-32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comment</td>
<td>2-44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control</td>
<td>3-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Count</td>
<td>3-58</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### D

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Page(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Destination pane</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Generator</td>
<td>3-43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ping Test</td>
<td>3-70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RFC2544 Burst</td>
<td>3-92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RFC2544 Latency</td>
<td>3-88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DF (Don’t fragment)</td>
<td>3-16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disposal</td>
<td>7-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DNS Setup</td>
<td>3-14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSAP (Destination Service Access Points)</td>
<td>3-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSCP/TOS</td>
<td>3-15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duration pane</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RFC2544 Burst</td>
<td>3-92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RFC2544 Latency</td>
<td>3-88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RFC2544 Throughput</td>
<td>3-81</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### E

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Page(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>End to End Network Test</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RFC2544 Throughput</td>
<td>3-79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>End-to-End setup</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RFC2544 Throughput</td>
<td>3-80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equipment Certificate</td>
<td>xii</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error Burst Length</td>
<td>3-67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Error Symbol</td>
<td>3-68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Errors/Violations pop-up</td>
<td>3-67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ETH tab</td>
<td>2-23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Event Log</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pass Through</td>
<td>5-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Event Log tab</td>
<td>2-30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### F

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Page(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fail</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Index

Cable Test ................................................ 3-77
FCS .............................................................. 3-68
FCS (Frame Check Sequence) Errors ........... 2-32
Filter Tab .................................................... 3-20
Flow Control ................................................. 3-6
Flow Label .................................................. 3-17
Forcibly Power Down .................................. 2-3
Format Drives During Installation ............... 6-3
Fragmented ................................................ 2-32
Fragmented IP ............................................ 3-68
Frame Loss ........................................ 3-56, 3-65
Frame Loss ............................................... 3-64
Frame Loss (%) ........................................... 3-56
Frame Loss Seconds ................................... 3-65
Frame Size pane
RFC2544 Burst ....................................... 3-92
RFC2544 Latency ................................... 3-88
RFC2544 Throughput............................. 3-82
Front Panel ................................................... 1-6
G
Gateway Setup ........................................... 3-15
Generator setup pane ................................. 3-41
H
Hop Limit .................................................... 3-17
HTTP download test ................................ 3-104
HTTP/FTP download test .......................... 3-100
I
IFG .............................................................. 3-68
IFG violations ............................................. 2-32
Include Comment ....................................... 2-43
Include Error Log ..................................... 2-43
Include Setup ............................................. 2-43
Intelligent Setup ....................................... 2-40
Interface setup ......................................... 2-40
IP Checksum ............................................... 3-68
IP tab ....................................................... 2-24
IPv4 setup pane ........................................ 3-13
IPv6 setup pane ........................................ 3-17
J
Jumbo Frame
RFC2544 Latency ....................................... 3-88
K
Key1 Label .................................................. 3-62
L
Last Frame Received .................................. 3-58
Layer 4 Checksum ..................................... 3-68
Line Load pane
RFC2544 Latency ....................................... 3-89
RFC2544 Throughput .................................. 3-83
Line Load setup pane ................................. 3-40
Load Results ............................................... 2-39
Load Setup ............................................... 2-35
Logo ....................................................... 2-43, 2-45
M
Maintenance ................................................. 7-6
Mass Storage .............................................. 2-13
Max .............................................................. 3-58
Menu/Power key ........................................... 1-9
Messages
FTP and HTTP Processing ....................... 3-106
MF .............................................................. 3-16
Min .............................................................. 3-58
Mode/Duration pane
Generator Test ........................................ 3-38
Move test .................................................... 3-32
MPLS ........................................................... 3-23
Multicast ..................................................... 2-31
N
Next Header ................................................ 3-17
Next Tab
Ethernet ..................................................... 3-5
Ni-MH Battery Pack ................................. 1-12
No Link ..................................................... 3-68
Normal
Cable Test ................................................ 3-77
**Index**

**O**
- Open
  - Cable Test ................................................ 3-77
- Optical Fiber Cables .................................. 1-27
- Option ........................................................... 1-3
- OUI .............................................................. 3-11
- Oversized .................................................... 2-32

**P**
- Panel Keys .................................................... 1-8
- Path ............................................................. 2-45
- Pattern Bit Count ....................................... 3-65
- Pattern Bit Rate (Mbps) ............................ 3-65
- Pattern Errors ............................................ 3-64, 3-65
- Pattern Errors(%) ....................................... 3-65
- PAUSE frames ............................................ 3-68
- PDF report .................................................. 2-42
- ping results ................................................. 3-74
- polarity
  - Cable Test ................................................ 3-77
- Port
  - Pass Through ............................................ 5-3
  - Reflector ................................................ 4-4
  - Port Button ................................................ 4-3
  - PRBS Bit Error ....................................... 3-68
- Preamble ..................................................... 3-68
- Preamble violations .................................... 2-32
- Print Screen ......................................... 2-7, 2-20

**R**
- Receivers/Transceivers ............................... 2-43
- Rechargeable battery pack ........................ 1-11
- Re-Install Controller .................................... 4-1
- Re-Install Controller .................................... 6-3
- Remote Fault ................................................ 3-68
- Remove test .................................................. 3-32
- Rename ....................................................... 2-19
- Repetition
  - RFC2544 .................................................. 3-95
- Replaceable batteries .................................. 1-11
- RES ............................................................. 3-16
- Result
  - Pass Through ............................................ 5-6
  - Reflector ................................................ 4-7
  - Result overview ...................................... 2-27
  - Result overview screen ........................... 2-27
  - Result screen
    - Reflector ................................................ 4-7
  - Result soft key ....................................... 2-27
  - Round trip time......................................... 3-74
- Router Latency Test
  - RFC2544 Latency ........................................ 3-87
- Rx Frame Loss Avg
  - RFC2544 .................................................. 3-96, 3-98
- Rx Frame Loss Max
  - RFC2544 .................................................. 3-96, 3-98
- Rx Frame Loss Min
  - RFC2544 .................................................. 3-96, 3-98
- Rx Jitter Avg
  - RFC2544 .................................................. 3-97
- Rx Jitter Max
  - RFC2544 .................................................. 3-97
- Rx Jitter Min
  - RFC2544 .................................................. 3-97
- Rx Latency Avg
  - RFC2544 .................................................. 3-97
- Rx Latency Max
  - RFC2544 .................................................. 3-97
- Rx Latency Min
  - RFC2544 .................................................. 3-97
- Rx Loss Rate Avg(%)
  - RFC2544 .................................................. 3-96
- Rx Loss Rate Max(%)
  - RFC2544 .................................................. 3-96
- Rx Loss Rate Min(%)
  - RFC2544 .................................................. 3-96
- Rx Throughput(Mbps)
  - RFC2544 .................................................. 3-96
- Rx Total Frames
  - RFC2544 .................................................. 3-96
- Rx Utilization(%)
  - RFC2544 .................................................. 3-96

**S**
- Save Results ................................................ 2-36
Index

Save Setup .................................................. 2-33
screen dump ................................................ 2-20
SDT (Service Disruption Time) setup pane
  Generator ................................................ 3-45
SDT Threshold ........................................... 3-58
Self Diagnostics ............................................ 7-2
Seq. Errors.................................................. 3-64, 3-65
Seq. Sync. Lost .................................. 3-64, 3-65
Set key ........................................................... 1-9
Setup
  PDF Reports ............................................ 2-43
Setup Interface
  Pass Through ............................................ 5-3
  Reflector .................................................... 4-3
Setup soft key ............................................. 2-27
Severe IFG violations ................................. 2-32
SFP tab ....................................................... 2-25
Shipment....................................................... 7-6
Short
  Cable Test................................................ 3-77
Single Ended Network Test
    RFC2544 Latency ................................... 3-87
    RFC2544 Throughput................................ 3-79
Skew
  Cable Test................................................ 3-77
Smart
  RFC2544 Throughput................................ 3-83
Soft keys ........................................................ 1-7
Source MAC .................................................. 3-7
SSAP (Source Service Access Points) ........ 3-10
Standard Configuration ................................ 1-2
Start key ....................................................... 1-8
Statistics
  Pass Through ............................................ 5-7
Statistics tab.................................................. 2-31
Status
  Pass Through ............................................ 5-2
  Reflector .................................................... 4-2
Status screen
  Ethernet ...................................................... 3-3
Step
  RFC2544 .................................................. 3-95
  Stream 1 · 8
    Ethernet .................................................. 3-5
Summary
  Ping .......................................................... 3-74
Summary screen ........................................ 2-28
Summary soft key ........................................ 2-29
Switch Router Test
  RFC2544 Latency ................................... 3-87
  RFC2544 Throughput................................ 3-79
Test Repetitions
  RFC2544 Throughput................................ 3-81
Test schedule ........................................... 3-29
Test setup .......................................... 2-40, 3-32
Testing
  Pass Through ............................................ 2-40, 3-32
Threshold setup pane
  Generator ................................................ 3-44
Tolerance Level
  RFC2544 Latency ................................... 3-90
Top Bar ....................................................... 2-5
Top Connector Panel .................................. 1-16
Top Menu....................................................... 2-5
Total ................................................... 2-31, 3-58
Total SDT (%) .............................................. 3-58
Total Test Time ........................................... 3-58
Trace Route Results ................................. 3-109
Trace Route test ........................................ 3-107
Traffic Class ................................................ 3-17
Tx Burst Size
  RFC2544 .................................................. 3-98
Tx Frame Rate(Fps)
  RFC2544 .................................................. 3-96
Tx Frame Size(bytes)
  RFC2544 .................................................. 3-96
Tx Total Frames
  RFC2544 .................................................. 3-96
Tx Utilization(Mbps)
  RFC2544 .................................................. 3-96
TX,RX Broadcast Frames ......................... 3-56
TX,RX Errored Frames ............................ 3-56
TX,RX Throughput (%) .............................. 3-56
TX,RX Throughput (Mbps) ......................... 3-56
TX,RX Total Bits ................................. 3-56
TX,RX Total Frames ............................... 3-56
TX,RX Utilization (%) ......................... 3-56

U
Undersized ................................................. 2-32

Unframed .................................................. 3-64
Unicast .................................................. 2-31
Unit pane
  Generator Test ........................................ 3-36
  Updating Firmware .................................... 6-2
  USB (Type A) port ..................................... 1-24
  USB (Type B) port ..................................... 1-26
Use anonymous ......................................... 3-102

V
VLAN Setup Pane ........................................ 3-8

W
Wildcard .................................................. 3-20