

**MS2830A
Signal Analyzer
Vector Signal Generator
Operation Manual
Operation**

Sixth Edition

- For safety and warning information, please read this manual before attempting to use the equipment.
- Additional safety and warning information is provided within the MS2830A Signal Analyzer Operation Manual (Mainframe Operation). Please also refer to this document before using the equipment.
- Keep this manual with the equipment.

ANRITSU CORPORATION

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This indicates a warning or caution. The contents are indicated symbolically in or near the triangle.



This indicates a note. The contents are described in the box.



These indicate that the marked part should be recycled.

MS2830A
Signal Analyzer Vector Signal Generator
Operation Manual Operation

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- In places where abnormal power voltages (high or low) or instantaneous power failures occur
- In places where condensation occurs
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1. Product Model

Option: MS2830A Vector Signal Generator

2. Applied Directive and Standards

When the MS2830A Vector Signal Generator is installed in the MS2830A, the applied directive and standards of this Option conform to those of the MS2830A main frame.

PS: About main frame

Please contact Anritsu for the latest information on the main frame types that MS2830A Vector Signal Generator can be used with.

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C-tick marking



1. Product Model

Option: MS2830A Vector Signal Generator

2. Applied Directive and Standards

When the MS2830A Vector Signal Generator is installed in the MS2830A, the applied directive and standards of this Option conform to those of the MS2830A main frame.

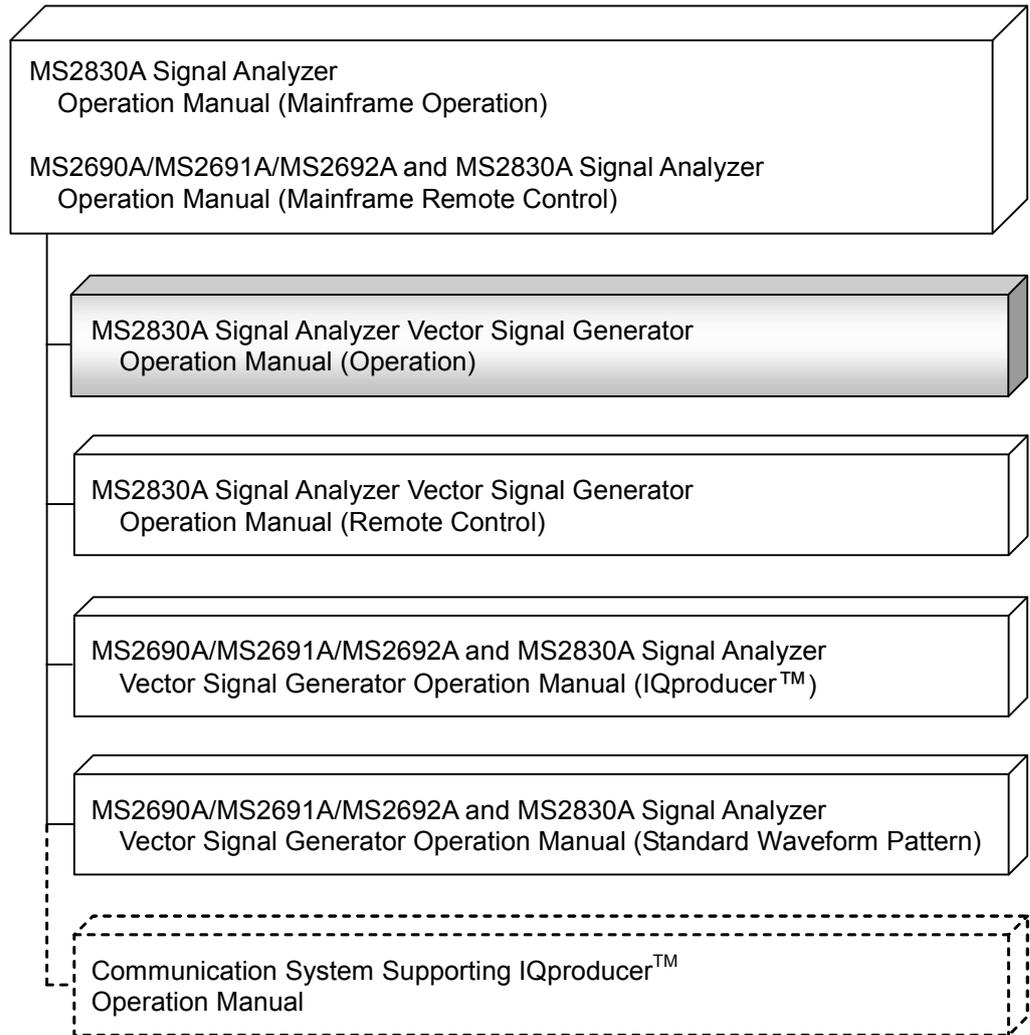
PS: About main frame

Please contact Anritsu for the latest information on the main frame types that MS2830A Vector Signal Generator can be used with.

About This Manual

■ Composition of Operation Manuals

The operation manuals for the MS2830A Signal Analyzer are comprised as shown in the figure below.



- **Signal Analyzer Operation Manual (Mainframe Operation)**
- **Signal Analyzer Operation Manual (Mainframe Remote Control)**

These manuals describe basic operating methods, maintenance procedures, common functions, and common remote control of the signal analyzer mainframe.

- **Vector Signal Generator Operation Manual (Operation)**
<This document>

This manual describes functions, operating methods, and so on of the vector signal generator (option).

- **Vector Signal Generator Operation Manual (Remote Control)**

This manual describes remote control of the vector signal generator (option).

- **Vector Signal Generator Operation Manual (IQproducer™)**

This manual describes functions, operating methods, and so on of the IQproducer, which is application software used with the vector signal generator (option).

- **Vector Signal Generator Operation Manual (Standard Waveform Pattern)**

This manual describes details on the standard waveform pattern data used with the vector signal generator (option).

In this document,  indicates a panel key.

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Chapter 1 Outline

This chapter provides an outline of the MS2830A Option 020/021 Vector Signal Generator and describes the product composition.

1.1	Product Overview.....	1-2
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1.1 Product Overview

The MS2830A Option 020/021 Vector Signal Generator is an option that can be added to the MS2830A Signal Analyzer to enable output of vector signals based on arbitrary waveforms. It can be used for a wide range of applications, from R&D to manufacturing of digital mobile communication systems, devices, and equipment.

This function has following features:

- Frequency range covered: 250 MHz to 3600 kHz
(Option 020/120)
250 MHz to 6000 Hz
(Option 021/121)
- RF modulation bandwidth: 120 MHz
- High-capacity internal waveform memory:
64 M samples (Standard)
256 M samples (Option 027/127)
- AWGN addition function: Option 028/128

The supplied CD-ROM contains application software. This application software allows baseband waveform data generation supporting communication systems and external data conversion.

1.2 Product Configuration

Table 1.2-1 lists the configuration of the application. At unpacking, check that all items are included. Contact your Anritsu Service and Sales Office or agent if any parts are missing or damaged.

Table 1.2-1 Configuration of application

Item	Model Name/Symbol	Product	Q'ty	Remarks
Accessories	---	Installation CD-ROM	1	Application software, Operation Manual CD-ROM

1.3 Specifications

The specifications of the application are defined under the following conditions unless otherwise specified.

Table 1.3-1 shows the specifications.

<Common to CW and modulation modes>

- Pulse modulation : Off

* A frequency of over 3.6 GHz can only be used when the MS2830A-021/121 option is installed.

<Only in modulation mode>

- $-3.00 \text{ dB} \leq \text{RMSnom} \leq +3.00 \text{ dB}$

Assuming that the RMS value of the waveform pattern is RMSw [*linear value*]:

$\text{RMSnom} = 10 \times \log (\text{RMSw}/4628)$ (for 16-bit data)

$\text{RMSnom} = 10 \times \log (\text{RMSw}/2314)$ (for 15-bit data)

$\text{RMSnom} = 10 \times \log (\text{RMSw}/1157)$ (for 14-bit data)

- After performing SG Level Calibration

Table 1.3-1 Specifications for MS2830A Option 020/021

Item	Specification Value
Frequency	
Range	MS2830A-020/120: 250 kHz to 3.6 GHz MS2830A-021/121: 250 kHz to 6 GHz
Resolution	0.01 Hz step
Output Level	
Setting range	When MS2830A-022/122 is NOT installed: -40 dBm to +20 dBm ($f > 25$ MHz) -40 dBm to +2 dBm ($f \leq 25$ MHz) When MS2830A-022/122 is installed: -136 dBm to +15 dBm ($f > 25$ MHz) -136 dBm to -3 dBm ($f \leq 25$ MHz)
Unit	dBm, dBuV (terminated, open)
Resolution	0.01 dB
Output level accuracy	When the MS2830A-022/122 is not installed, in CW mode, at 18 to 28°C: Output level p [dBm]: -40 ≤ p ≤ +2 ±0.5 dB typ. ($f \leq 25$ MHz) -40 ≤ p ≤ +9 ±0.5 dB typ. (25 MHz < f < 375 MHz) -40 ≤ p ≤ +9 ±0.5 dB (375 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3.6 GHz) -40 ≤ p ≤ +4 ±0.8 dB ($f > 3.6$ GHz) When the MS2830A-022/122 is installed, in CW mode, at 18 to 28°C: Output level p [dBm]: -110 ≤ p < -3 ±1.0 dB typ. (≤ 25 MHz) -110 ≤ p < +4 ±1.0 dB typ. (25 MHz < f < 100 MHz) -110 ≤ p < +4 ±0.5 dB typ. (100 MHz ≤ f < 375 MHz) -110 ≤ p < +4 ±0.5 dB (375 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3.6 GHz) -110 ≤ p < -1 ±0.8 dB ($f > 3.6$ GHz) -120 ≤ p < -110 ±1 dB (100 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3.6 GHz) -127 ≤ p < -120 ±1 dB typ. (100 MHz ≤ f ≤ 3.6 GHz) -127 ≤ p < -110 ±2.5 dB typ. ($f > 3.6$ GHz)
Output level linearity	When the MS2830A-022/122 is not installed, in CW mode, at 18 to 28°C: With -10 dBm as the output reference Output level p [dBm]: -40 ≤ p ≤ -10 ±0.2 dB typ. (≤ 3.6 GHz) -40 ≤ p ≤ -10 ±0.3 dB typ. (> 3.6 GHz) When the MS2830A-022/122 is installed, in CW mode, at 18 to 28°C: With -15 dBm as the output reference -110 ≤ p ≤ -15 ±0.2 dB typ. (≤ 3.6 GHz) -110 ≤ p ≤ -15 ±0.3 dB typ. (> 3.6 GHz)
Output connector	N-J connector, 50 Ω (front panel, SG Output (Opt))

Table 1.3-1 Specifications for MS2830A Option 020/021 (Continued)

Item	Specification Value
VSWR	When the MS2830A-022/122 option is not installed and at 18 to 28°C: Output level: -10 dBm or less 1.5 (≤ 3.6 GHz) 2.0 (> 3.6 GHz) MS2830A-022/122 installed, 18 to 28°C, Output level: -15 dBm or less 1.3 (≤ 3.6 GHz) 1.9 (> 3.6 GHz)
Maximum reverse input Reverse input power	0 V DC Max When the MS2830A-022/122 option is not installed +12 dBm (< 20 MHz) +24 dBm (≥ 20 MHz) When the MS2830A-022/122 option is installed +18 dBm (< 20 MHz) +30 dBm (≥ 20 MHz)
Signal Purity	
Harmonic spurious	When output level $\leq +0$ dBm (MS2830A-022/122 option not installed) or output level ≤ -5 dBm (MS2830A-022/122 option installed), in CW mode < -30 dBc ($1 \text{ MHz} \leq \text{frequency} \leq 3.6 \text{ GHz}$) < -30 dBc ($3.6 \text{ GHz} < \text{frequency}$)
Non-harmonic spurious	When output level $\leq +0$ dBm (MS2830A-022/122 option not installed) or output level ≤ -5 dBm (MS2830A-022/122 option installed), in CW mode, and when the offset from the output frequency = 15 kHz or more < -46 dBc ($100 \text{ MHz} \leq \text{frequency} \leq 3 \text{ GHz}$) < -40 dBc ($3 \text{ GHz} < \text{frequency} \leq 6 \text{ GHz}$)

Table 1.3-1 Specifications for MS2830A Option 020/021 (Continued)

Item	Specification Value
Vector modulation	
Vector Accuracy	<p>W-CDMA(DL1code), output level ≤ 0 dBm (MS2830A-022/122 option not installed) or output level ≤ -5 dBm (MS2830A-022/122 option installed), output frequency = 800 to 2700 MHz, and at 18 to 28°C $\leq 1.4\%$ (rms)</p> <p>LTE-DL(20 MHz) output level ≤ 0 dBm (MS2830A-022/122 option not installed) or output level ≤ -5 dBm (MS2830A-022/122 option installed), output frequency = 600 to 2700 MHz, and at 18 to 28°C $\leq 1.4\%$ (rms)</p>
Carrier leak	When RMS Value = 0 dB, 18 to 28°C, 375 MHz \leq frequency \leq 2.4 GHz ≤ -40 dBc
Image rejection	At 18 to 28°C and when a sinusoidal wave of 10 MHz or less is used ≤ -40 dBc
ACLR	<p>At 18 to 28°C, when output level ≤ 0 dBm (MS2830A-022/122 option not installed) or output level ≤ -5 dBm (MS2830A-022/122 option installed), and when a W-CDMA (Test Model 1 64DPCH) signal is used</p> <p>375 MHz \leq output frequency \leq 2.4 GHz 5 MHz offset : ≤ -64 dBc/3.84 MHz 10 MHz offset : ≤ -67 dBc/3.84 MHz</p> <p>2.4 GHz < output frequency \leq 3.6 GHz 5 MHz offset : ≤ -59 dBc/3.84 MHz 10 MHz offset : ≤ -63 dBc/3.84 MHz</p> <p>3.6 GHz < output frequency \leq 6 GHz 5 MHz offset : ≤ -56 dBc/3.84 MHz 10 MHz offset : ≤ -60 dBc/3.84 MHz</p>
Level error from CW during vector modulation	<p>With an AWGN signal with a bandwidth of 5 MHz and at 18 to 28°C At 100 MHz\leqfrequency</p> <p>When output level ≤ 0 dBm (MS2830A-022/122 option not installed) or output level ≤ -5 dBm (MS2830A-022/122 option installed) ± 0.2 dB</p>
Spectrum reversal function	Spectrum reverse is possible.
Pulse modulation	
On/Off ratio	<p>At frequency < 3 GHz > 60 dB</p> <p>At 3 GHz \leq frequency \leq 6 GHz > 40 dB</p>
Rising/falling time	≤ 90 ns (10 to 90%)
Pulse repetition frequency	DC to 1 MHz (Duty 50%)
External pulse modulation signal input	Rear panel Aux connector, TTL, H: Signal output On, L: Signal output Off

Table 1.3-1 Specifications for MS2830A Option 020/021 (Continued)

Item	Specification Value
Waveform generator	
Waveform resolution	I/Q is 14, 15, or 16 bits
Marker Output	When waveform resolution is 14 bits: 3 signals in the waveform pattern or 3 signals generated in real time When waveform resolution is 15 bits: 1 signal in the waveform pattern or 3 signals generated in real time When waveform resolution is 16 bits: 3 signals generated in real time Can be toggled between positive and negative logic pulse output.

Table 1.3-1 Specifications for MS2830A Option 020/021 (Continued)

Internal baseband reference clock	
Range	20 kHz to 160 MHz
Resolution	0.001 Hz
External baseband reference clock	
Range	20 kHz to 40 MHz
Divisional and multiplication function	A clock that is generated internally by multiplying the input signal by 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 1/2, 1/4, 1/8, and 1/16 can be used as the DAC sampling clock.
Input connector	Rear AUX Connector
Input level	≥ 0.7 Vp-p/50 Ω (AC coupling)
Waveform memory	
Memory capacity	When MS2830A-027/127 is NOT installed: 64 M samples When MS2830A-027/127 is installed: 256 M samples
Number of loadable files	Up to 1,000 waveform patterns can be loaded per package and up to 100 packages can be loaded in the waveform memory. However, the total number of patterns must not exceed 4096, and there must be at least 128 samples per pattern.
SG Trigger Input	
Trigger type	Starts outputting waveform pattern in sync with trigger signal. Start trigger: Used to start waveform output Frame trigger: When executing burst output, this trigger is used to output signals at the burst timing. Burst length data is output when the frame trigger occurs and the system then waits for the next trigger.
Input connector	Rear panel, BNC-J connector
Input level	Used to switch between start trigger and frame trigger Can be selected from TTL, rising edge, or falling edge
AWGN generation function	
Absolute value of CN ratio	When MS2830A-028/128 is installed ≤ 40 dB

Chapter 2 Operation (Signal Generator Function)

This chapter describes the basic operation methods for the signal generation function of the MS2830A Option 020/021 (hereinafter, referred to as “Signal Generator function”).

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2.1 Displaying Signal Generator Screen

After the MS2830A has been powered on, the Signal Generator screen can be displayed from the **Application Switch** button or Application key.

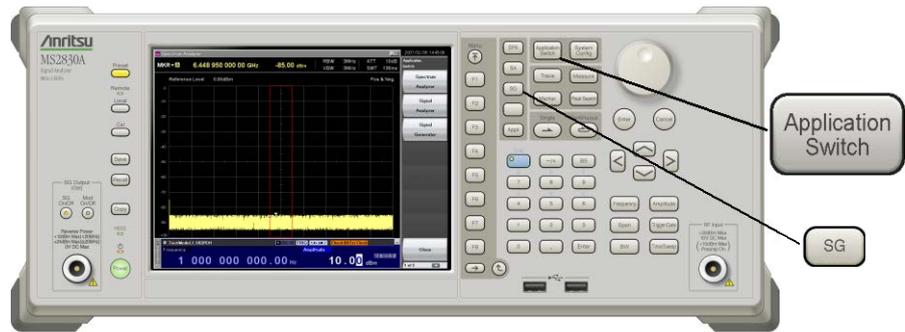


Figure 2.1-1 Application Switch key

<Procedure 1>

1. Press  to display the Application Switch menu.
2. Select **Signal Generator** from the Application Switch menu to display the Signal Generator main screen.

<Procedure 2>

1. Press  of the Application key to display the Signal Generator main screen.

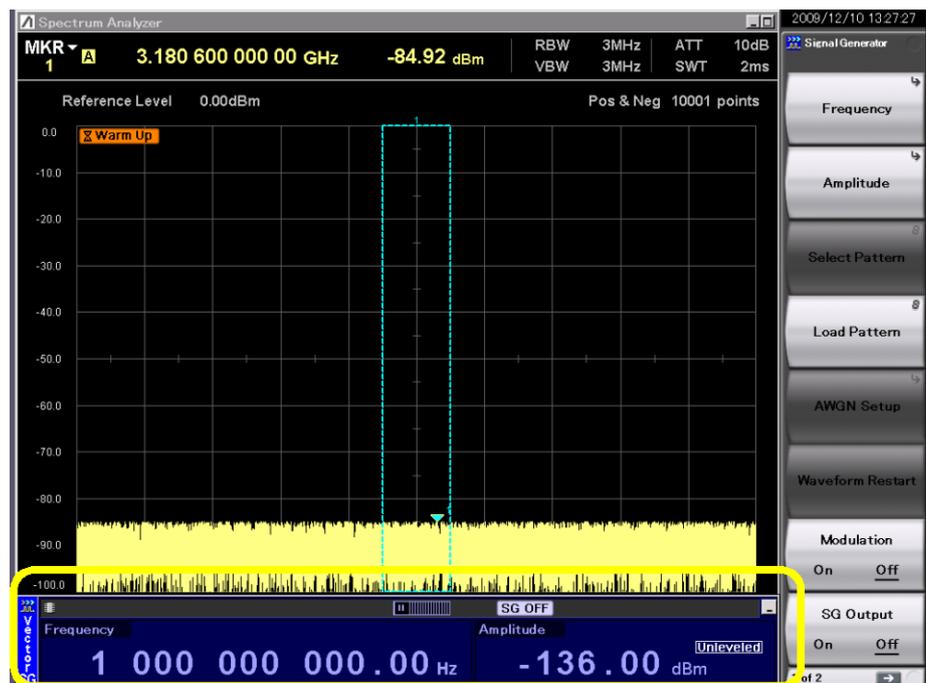


Figure 2.1-2 Signal Generator main screen

2.1.1 Display description

This section describes the Signal Generator main screen.

Press  when the Signal Generator main screen is displayed to display the main function menu.

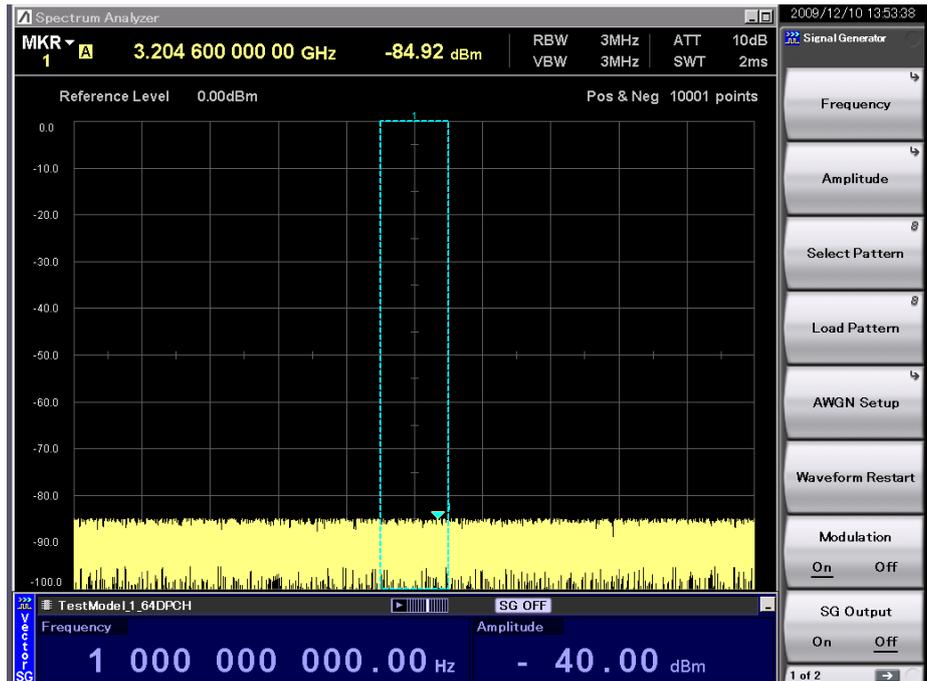


Figure 2.1.1-1 Signal Generator main screen

Table 2.1.1-1 Status display

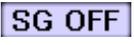
Actual view	Display	Description
	SG OFF	Indicates that the SG output is Off.
	CW	Indicates that the CW signal is being output (Modulation Off).
	No display	Indicates that the modulation signal is being output.
	—	Indicates the selected modulation signal pattern.
	—	Indicates that the selected modulation signal pattern is being played back.
	—	Indicates that the modulation signal pattern playback is stopped.

Table 2.1.1-2 Main Function Menu

Function Key	Menu Display	Function
	Page 1	
F1	Frequency	Sets the frequency.  2.2 "Setting Frequency"
F2	Amplitude	Sets the output level.  2.3 "Setting Output Level"
F3	Select Pattern	Selects the waveform pattern to be output.  2.4.2 "Selecting waveform pattern(s)"
F4	Load Pattern	Loads the waveform pattern to the memory.  2.4.1 "Loading waveform pattern(s) to memory"
F5	AWGN Setup	Sets AWGN.  2.5 "AWGN Addition Function"
F6	Waveform Restart	Re-outputs the waveform pattern, beginning at the head.  2.4.7 "Re-outputting Pattern Beginning at Head"
F7	Modulation (On/Off)	Selects between turning modulation On and Off.  2.4.6 "Turning modulation signal on/off"
F8	SG Output (On/Off)	Selects between turning RF output On and Off.  2.3.10 "Turning RF output on/off"
	Page 2	
F1	Ext I/O Setup	Sets the external I/O.  2.6 "Setting External I/O"
F2	SA Trigger Out Pattern Sync	Selects the trigger type to be output for other applications such as the Signal Analyzer function.  2.7 "Selecting SA Trigger"
F3	Baseband Information	Displays information of the selected waveform pattern.  2.4.8 "Displaying information of selected waveform pattern"
F6	Copy Pattern File to HDD	Copies the waveform pattern to the hard disk.  2.4.4 "Copying waveform file(s) to hard disk"
F7	Delete Pattern File on HDD	Deletes waveform patterns on the hard disk.  2.4.5 "Deleting waveform file(s) from hard disk"
F8	Accessory	Sets other functions.  2.8 "Other Functions"

2.2 Setting Frequency

Pressing **F1** from page 1 of the main function menu, or pressing **Frequency** displays the Frequency function menu. A cursor will be displayed on one of the digits displaying the frequency. This section describes operation methods for when the Frequency function menu is displayed, unless otherwise specified.

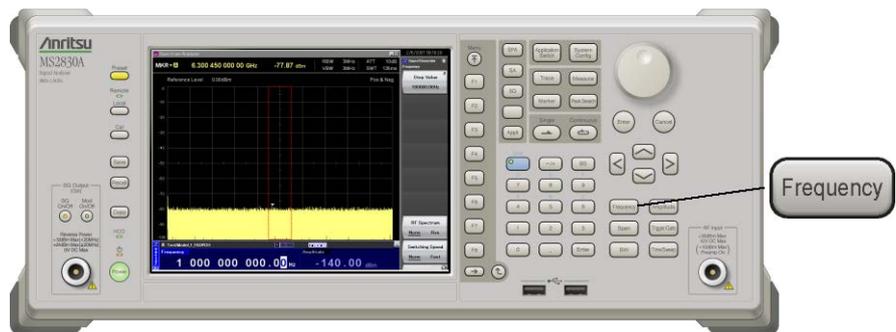


Figure 2.2-1 Frequency key

Setting range, maximum resolution setting, and minimum resolution setting of the frequency

Frequency setting range:

MS2830A-020/120: 250 kHz to 3600 MHz

MS2830A-021/121: 250 kHz to 6000 MHz

Maximum resolution setting of frequency: 1000000000.00 Hz

Minimum resolution setting of frequency: 0.01 Hz

If the frequency setting exceeds the above range an error message will be displayed.

The frequency can be set using the following.

- Numeric keypad
- Rotary knob
- Step keys

2.2.1 Display description

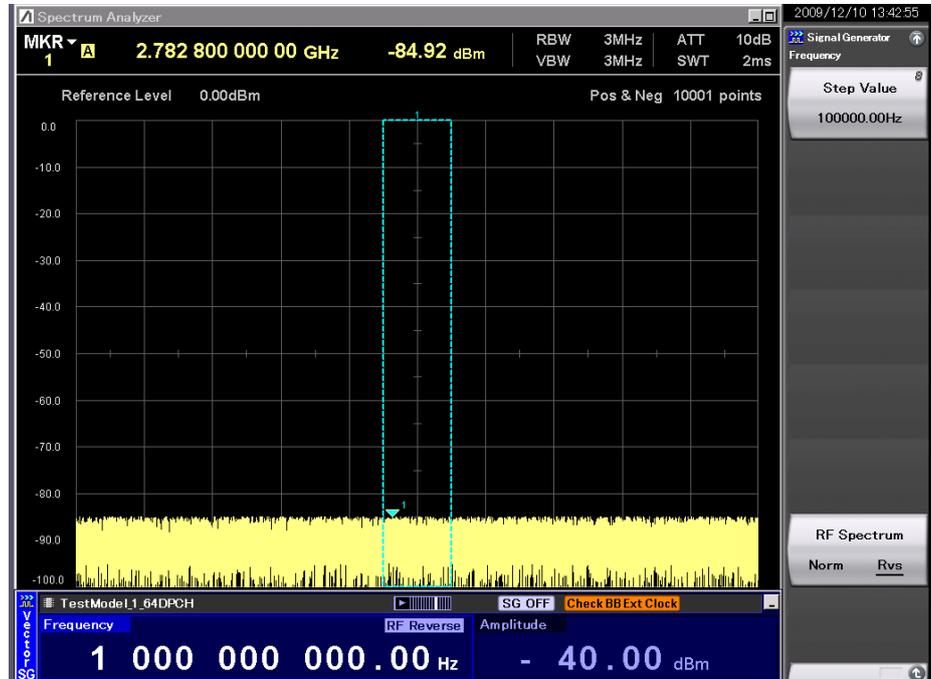


Figure 2.2.1-1 Frequency setup screen

This section describes the frequency setup screen display.

2

Operation (Signal Generator Function)

Table 2.2.1-1 Status display

Actual View	Display	Description
RF Reverse	RF Reverse	Indicates that it is set to reverse the spectrum of RF output.

Table 2.2.1-2 Alarm display

Actual View	Display	Description
Check BB Ext Clock	Check BB Ext Clock	Indicates that the frequency is not locked when the external reference signal source is valid.

Table 2.2.1-3 Frequency function menu

Function Key	Menu Display	Function
F1	Step Value	Sets the incremental or decremental value of the frequency that is used when a step key (↵ or ⏪) is pressed.  2.2.4 "Using step keys to set frequency"
F7	RF Spectrum (Norm/Rvs)	Reverses an RF output spectrum.  2.2.5 "Reversing RF signal spectrum"

2.2.2 Using numeric keypad to set frequency

The numeric keypad can be used to set numeric values and their units for the frequency.

Example: Setting the frequency to 360.3 MHz

<Procedure>

1. Press one of the numeric keypad numeric keys (3 is pressed in this example). The frequency setup window (Freq. Value) opens with the numeric character “3” displayed.



Figure 2.2.2-1 Frequency setup window

2. After pressing 3 6 0 . 3, press F2 (MHz) to set the frequency to 360.3 MHz.
3. When the unit function key (F2 in this example) is pressed, the numeric value and its unit are set, and at the same time, the frequency setup window closes. The frequency setup screen displays “360 300 000.00 Hz.”



Figure 2.2.2-2 Frequency setup window

All digits past 0.01 Hz are rounded down.

2.2.3 Using rotary knob to set frequency

Use of the rotary knob makes it possible to increment or decrement the numeric value of the resolution digit (cursor position) that has been selected using  . To use the rotary knob to set a frequency, follow the procedure below:

Initial setting of resolution digit (cursor position): 0.01 Hz digit

Example: Changing the frequency from the current value (360.3 MHz) to 360.7 MHz in steps of 100 kHz

<Procedure>

1. Move the cursor to the 100 kHz digit using   (pressing  seven times moves it to that digit).



Figure 2.2.3-1 Frequency display

2. Turning the rotary knob clockwise increments the frequency in steps of 100 kHz. Turning it counterclockwise decrements the frequency in 100 kHz steps. Turn the knob clockwise in this manner to set the frequency to 360.7 MHz.

2.2.4 Using step keys to set frequency

  can be used to increment or decrement the frequency in steps of the preset frequency.

Initial setting of frequency step: 100 kHz

Example: Setting the frequency to 360.3 MHz and incrementing or decrementing it in steps of 12.5 kHz

<Procedure>

1. After pressing     , press  (MHz) to set the frequency to 360.3 MHz.
2. Press  (Step Value) to display the frequency step setup window.

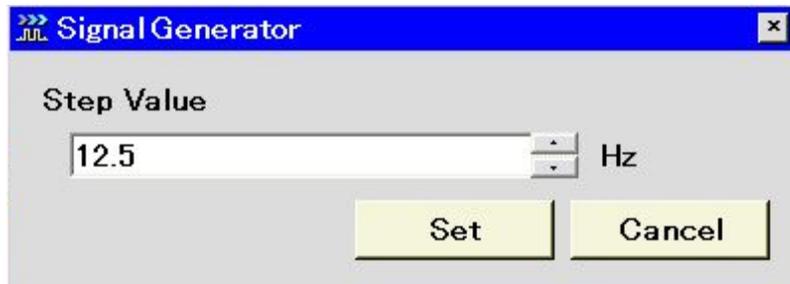


Figure 2.2.4-1 Frequency step setup window

3. After pressing    , press  (kHz) to set the frequency step to 12.5 kHz. The window closes after the setup.
4. In the frequency setup window, pressing  once increments the frequency by 12.5 kHz, changing it to 360.3125 MHz. Pressing  once in this state decrements the frequency by 12.5 kHz, returning it to 360.3 MHz. The frequency can be incremented or decremented in the specified steps (12.5 kHz in this example) by using   in this manner.

2.2.5 Reversing RF signal spectrum

This function reverses an RF signal spectrum when modulation is On.

Initial setting of RF Spectrum: Normal

Example: Reversing and restoring an RF signal spectrum
<Procedure>

1. Press **F7** (RF Spectrum) to switch the mode from Normal to Reverse.



Figure 2.2.5-1 RF Reverse display

“RF Reverse” is displayed on the right side of the frequency display to indicate that the RF signal spectrum is reversed.

2. Press **F7** (RF Spectrum) again to switch the mode back from Reverse to Normal.

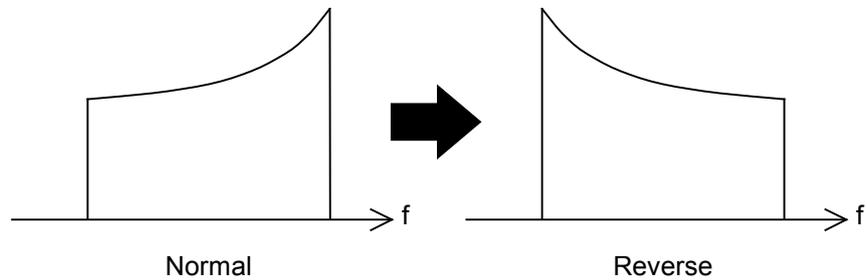


Figure 2.2.5-2 Status of RF signal spectrum

2.3 Setting Output Level

Pressing **F2** (Amplitude) from page 1 of the main function menu, or pressing **Amplitude** displays the Amplitude function menu. A cursor will be displayed on one of the digits displaying the output level. This section describes operation methods for when the Amplitude function menu is displayed, unless otherwise specified.

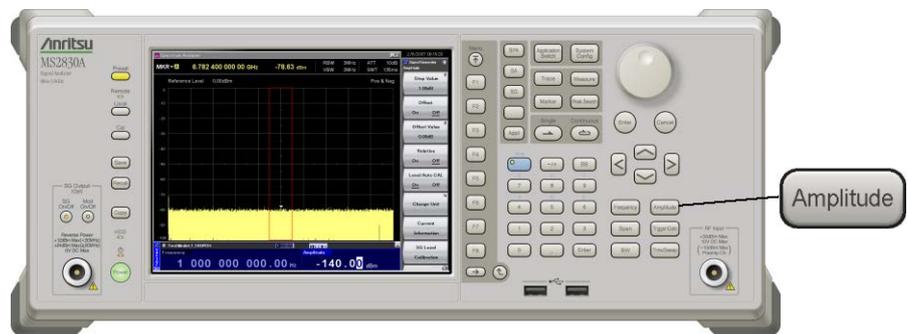


Figure 2.3-1 Amplitude key

The output level can be set using the following:

- Numeric keypad
- Rotary knob
- Step keys

Setting range, maximum resolution setting, and minimum resolution setting of the output level

Table 2.3-1 shows the output level setting range.

Table 2.3-1 Output level setting range

When MS2830A-022/122 is NOT installed:

Units	Range
Power units	-40 to +20 dBm (>25 MHz) -40 to +2 dBm (\leq 25 MHz)
Voltage units (Open voltage display)	+73.01 to +133.01 dB μ V (>25 MHz) +73.01 to +115.01 dB μ V (\leq 25 MHz)
Voltage units (Termination voltage display)	+66.99 to +126.99 dB μ V (>25 MHz) +66.99 to +108.99 dB μ V (\leq 25 MHz)

When MS2830A-022/122 is installed:

Units	Range
Power units	-136 to +15 dBm (>25 MHz) -136 to -3 dBm (\leq 25 MHz)
Voltage units (Open voltage display)	-22.99 to +128.01 dB μ V (>25 MHz) -22.99 to +110.01 dB μ V (\leq 25 MHz)
Voltage units (Termination voltage display)	-29.01 to +121.99 dB μ V (>25 MHz) -29.01 to +103.99 dB μ V (\leq 25 MHz)

Maximum resolution for output level: 100.00 dB

Minimum resolution for output level: 0.01 dB

2.3.1 Display description

This section describes the screen display in the output level setup mode.

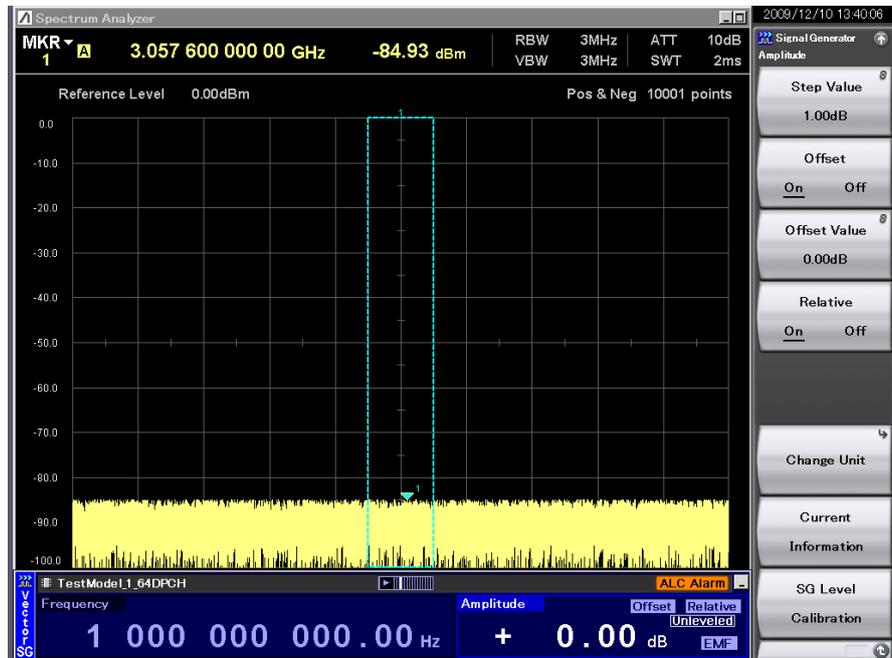


Figure 2.3.5-1 Output level setup screen

Table 2.3.5-1 Status display

Actual View	Display	Description
EMF	EMF	Indicates that the output level is set to open voltage display.
Term	Term	Indicates that the output level is set to termination voltage display.
Offset	Offset	Indicates that level offset is valid.
Relative	Relative	Indicates that the relative output level is displayed.
Unleveled	Unleveled	Indicates that the current output level is outside the performance guarantee range.

Table 2.3.5-2 Alarm display

Actual View	Display	Description
ALC Alarm	ALC Alarm	Indicates that the output level may not be a predetermined value.

Table 2.3.5-3 Amplitude function menu

Function Key	Menu Display	Function
F1	Step Value	Sets the incremental or decremental value (of the output level) that is used when a step key ( ) is pressed.  2.3.4 "Using step keys to change output level"
F2	Offset (On/Off)	Selects level offset function On/Off.  2.3.5 "Setting output level offset"
F3	Offset Value	Sets the level offset function offset value.  2.3.5 "Setting output level offset"
F4	Relative (On/Off)	Selects relative output level display function On/Off.  2.3.6 "Displaying relative level"
F6	Change Unit	Selects output level display unit (dBm, open voltage (EMF), termination voltage (Term)).  2.3.7 "Switching output level display unit"
F7	Current Information	Displays the RF output level (used when setting the offset or when the relative level is displayed). Also displays the reason when the status is "Unleveled."  2.3.8 "Displaying current amplitude"
F8	SG Level Calibration	Corrects the output level.  2.3.9 "Correcting RF output level"

2.3.6 Using numeric keypad to set output level

The numeric keypad can be used to set numeric values and their units for the output level.

Example: Setting the output level to -47 dBm

<Procedure>

1. Press one of the numeric keypad keys (first $-/+$ in this example) to display the Level Value window. A [-] is displayed in the window at the same time. Each time $-/+$ is pressed, switching between [+] (not shown) and [-] takes place. If a “-” is not displayed, press $-/+$ again to display it.

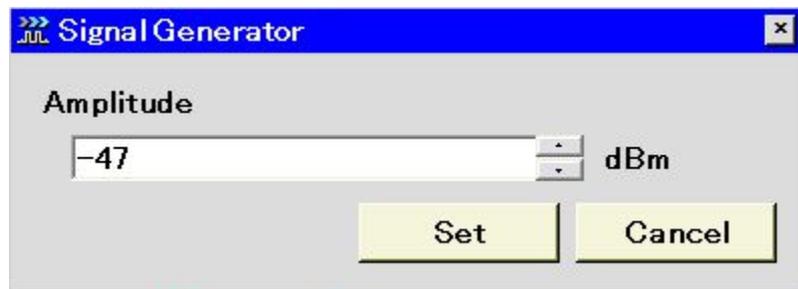


Figure 2.3.6-1 Output level setup window

2. Press 4 7 to display “-47” in the window.
3. Press $F7$ (Set) to set the numeric value and unit. The Level Value window closes at the same time. The output level setup screen displays the output level as “-47.00 dBm”.

The digits past 0.01 dB are rounded down.

2.3.7 Using rotary knob to change output level

The rotary knob can be used to increment or decrement the numeric value of the resolution digit (at the cursor position) that has been selected using  .

Initial setting of resolution digit (cursor position): 0.01 dB digit

Example: Changing the output level from the current value, -47 to -37 dBm in 1 dB steps.

<Procedure>

1. Move the cursor to the 1 dB digit using   (pressing  twice moves the cursor to that digit).



Figure 2.3.7-1 Output level display

2. Turning the rotary knob clockwise increments the output level in 1 dB steps. Turning the knob counter-clockwise decrements the output level in 1 dB steps. Turn the rotary knob clockwise in this way to set the output level to -37 dBm.

2.3.8 Using step keys to change output level

  can be used to increment or decrement the output level in steps of the preset output level.

Initial setting of output level step: 1 dB

Example: Setting the output level to -47 dBm, and incrementing or decrementing it in 6 dB steps.

<Procedure>

1. After pressing   , press  (Set) to set the output level to -47 dBm.
2. Press  (Step Value) to display the output level step setup window.

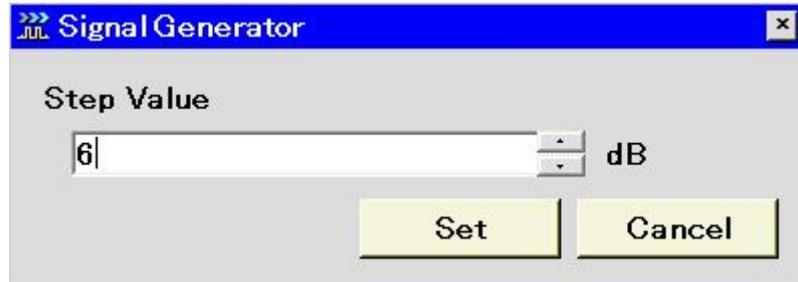


Figure 2.3.8-1 Output level step setup window

3. Press  and then  (Set) to set the level step to 6 dB. The window closes at the same time the setup completes.
4. In the output level setup screen, pressing  once increments the output level by 6 dB, changing it to -41 dBm. Pressing  once in this state decrements the output level by 6 dB, returning it to -47 dBm. The output level can be incremented or decremented in the specified steps (6 dB in this example) by using   in this manner.

2.3.9 Setting output level offset

The output level offset setting function offsets the RF output level by the offset level and displays the resulting level on the screen. This function is useful to correct the attenuation of the RF cable externally connected to the MS2830A.

$$[\text{Resulting output level}] = [\text{Actual RF output level}] + [\text{Offset level}]$$

Press **F7** (Current Information) from the Amplitude function menu while the level offset function is On, to display and check the actual RF output level.

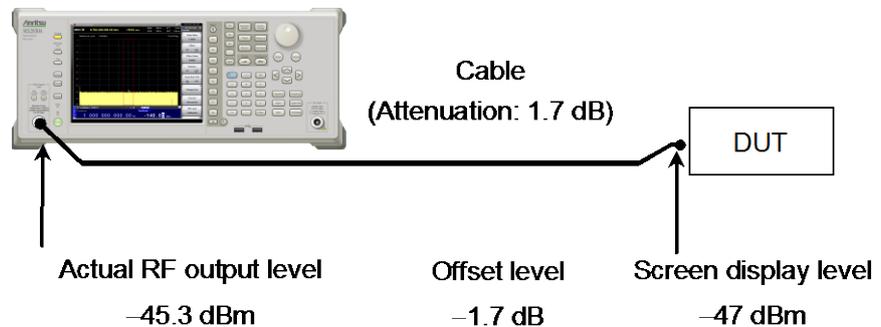


Figure 2.3.9-1 Outline of offset level

Setting range: -100.00 to +100.00 dB
 Minimum resolution for offset level: 0.01 dB

Example: Setting the offset level to -1.7 dB and the output level after offset to -47 dBm

<Procedure>

1. Press **F3** (Offset Value) to display the offset level setup window.

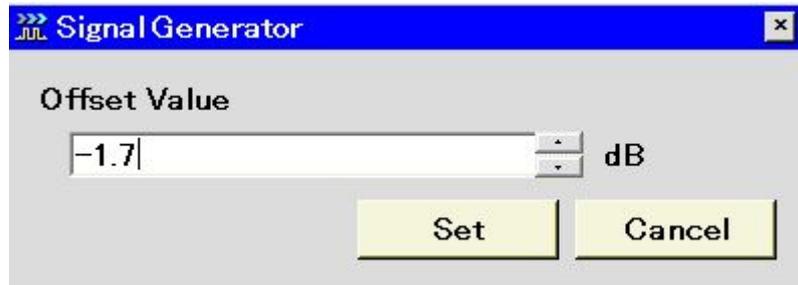


Figure 2.3.9-2 Offset level setup window

2. After pressing **-/*** **1** **.** **7**, press **F7** (Set) to set the offset level to -1.7 dB. The window closes at the same time the setup completes.
3. Press **F2** (Offset On/Off) to turn on the offset mode, unless the cursor is already moved to the On portion. “Offset” is displayed above the output level display, to indicate the offset setting state.
4. After pressing **-/*** **4** **7**, press **F7** (Set) to set the output level to -47 dBm. “ -47.00 dBm” is displayed on the screen. At this time, the actual output level is -45.3 dBm.

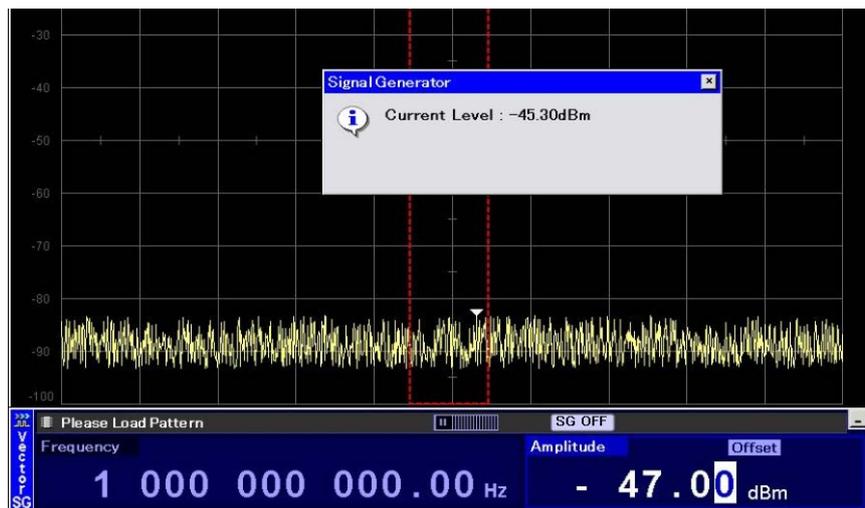


Figure 2.3.9-3 Output level confirmation window

2.3.10 Displaying relative level

The relative output level display function displays the output level as a relative value based on a reference output level regarded as 0 dB.

$$[\text{RF output level}] = [\text{Screen display level}] + [\text{Output level for change to relative level display}]$$

Example: Increasing the level by 7.5 dB in relation to -47 dBm

<Procedure>

1. After pressing [-/+] [4] [7] , press [F7] (Set) to set the output level to -47 dBm.
2. Press [F4] (Relative On/Off) to turn on relative level display. The MS2830A enters the relative level display mode with the current output level (-47 dBm) as the reference level. The displayed output level, -47.00 dBm, changes to +0.00 dB. In addition, "Relative" is displayed on the right of the output level display, to indicate that the relative level is currently displayed.



Figure 2.3.10-1 "Relative" display

3. After pressing [7] [.] [5] , press [F7] (Set) to set the relative level to 7.5 dB. Although the level displayed is 7.50 dB, the actual output level is -47 dBm + 7.5 dB, i.e., -39.5 dBm.

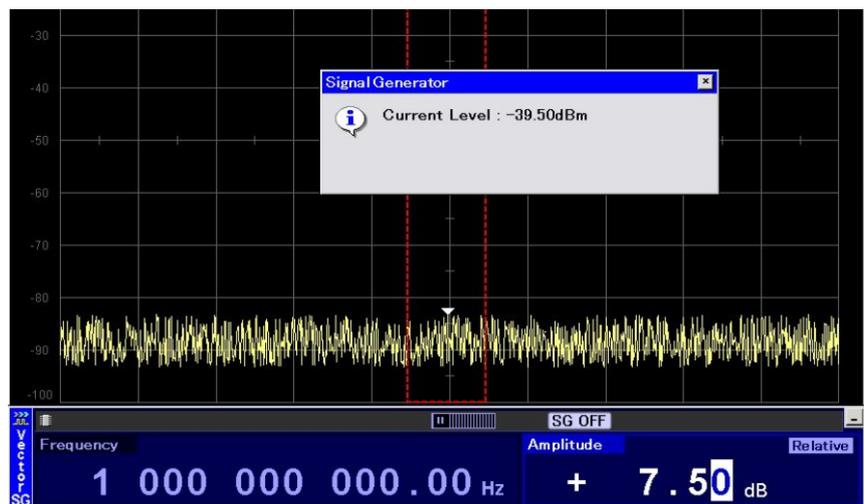


Figure 2.3.10-2 Output level confirmation window

2.3.11 Switching output level display unit

The output level display unit (dBm, open voltage (EMF), or termination voltage (Term)) can be selected.

Example: Setting the output level to -83.01 dBm in dBm display and then switching it to open voltage or termination voltage display

<Procedure>

1. After pressing [-/*] [8] [3] [.] [0] [1] , press [F7] (Set) to set the output level to -83.01 dBm.
2. Press [F6] (Change Unit) to display the Change Unit function menu.
3. Press [F3] ($\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$ (EMF)) to change the output level display to the open voltage display (" 30.00 $\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$ " is displayed in this example). "EMF" (abbreviation of Electro Motive Force) is displayed on the right of the output level display.



Figure 2.3.11-1 EMF display

4. Press [F6] (Change Unit) to display the Change Unit function menu.
5. Press [F2] ($\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$ (Term)) to change the output level display to the termination voltage display (" 23.98 $\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$ " is displayed in this example). "Term" (Terminate) is displayed on the right of the output level display.



Figure 2.3.11-2 Term display

2.3.12 Displaying current amplitude

The current output level is displayed. The output level display unit will however be dBm, even if display unit switching, offset change, or relative change have been performed. In addition, the reason will be displayed if the Amplitude status is “Unleveled.”



Figure 2.3.12-1 Output level display window

2.3.13 Correcting RF output level

In a normal operation status, signals are always output at a stable level thanks to the ALC loop circuit. If modulation is on, the ALC loop circuit will be held, but performing any of the following operations will enable automatic level calibration.

- Changing the frequency
- Changing the output level
- Selecting a pattern

If used with the same settings for a long time, level calibration is useful for removing temperature drifts. Pressing  (SG Level Calibration) starts output level calibration.

2.3.14 Turning RF output on/off

Pressing the On/Off key on the front panel, or pressing  (SG Output) from page 1 of the main function menu switches the RF output between On and Off. Once the RF output is turned on, the red SG On/Off key lamp lights up and the currently set signal is output.

Note:

It is recommended that the setting process of the MS2830A parameters be completed, with the RF output off, before the RF output be turned on. This prevents damage of the measured target that is connected to the RF output.

Initial setting of RF Output: Off

Example: Turning the RF output on an then off again

<Procedure>

1. Press  (SG Output) to turn on the RF output (the lamp lights up).
2. Press  (SG Output) to turn off the RF output (the lamp goes off).

2.4 Setting Modulation Function

The Signal Generator function is capable of reproducing waveform patterns and performing vector modulation with those patterns.

Waveform patterns are stored in the pattern files on the internal hard disk. A folder that contains patterns classified by type is called a package.

To reproduce a waveform pattern, first, a package and patterns sorted on the internal hard disk must be loaded into the waveform memory.

Next, select the patterns to be output from the patterns expanded on the waveform memory.

AWGN can be added to the selected waveform patterns.

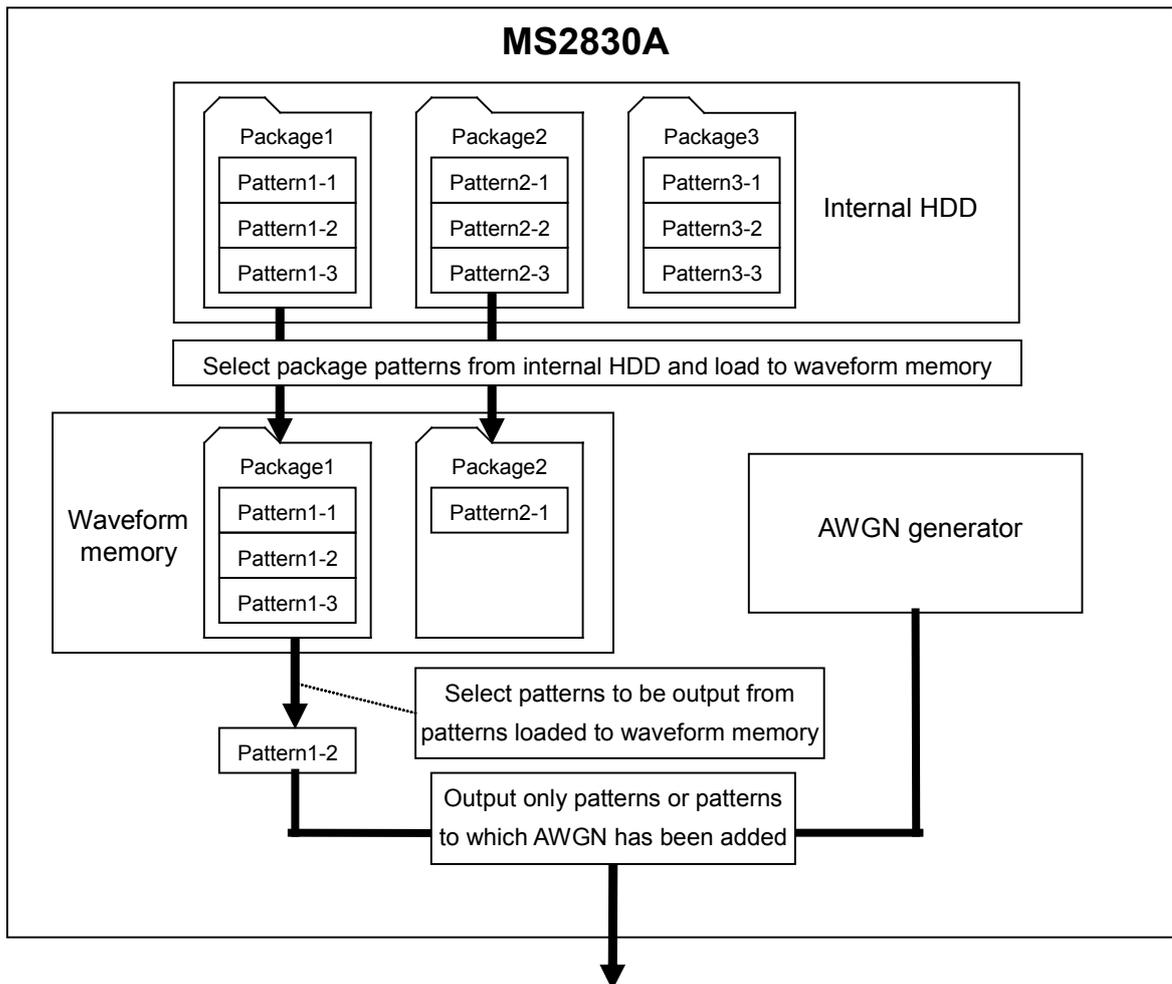


Figure 2.4-1 Outline of waveform pattern output

2.4.1 Loading waveform pattern(s) to memory

This section describes how to load waveform patterns to the waveform memory.

Note:

To load waveform patterns to the waveform memory, license files associated with each pattern must be installed. For installing license files, refer to the MS2830A Signal Analyzer Operation Manual (Mainframe Operation).

Pressing  (Load Pattern) displays the waveform file load window. In this window, waveform files stored on the internal hard disk are loaded to the waveform memory integrated in the MS2830A.

This section describes operation methods for when the waveform file load window is displayed, unless otherwise specified.

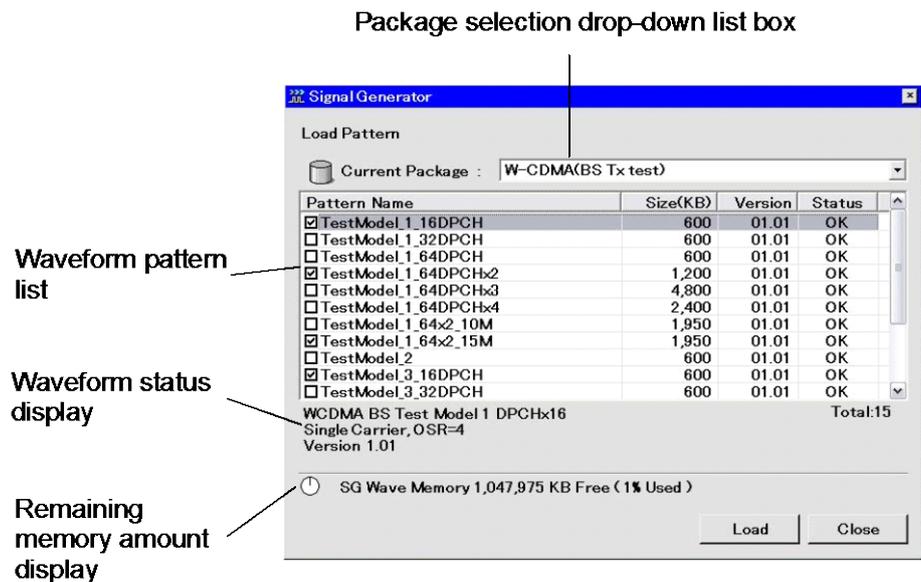


Figure 2.4.1-1 Waveform file load window

Table 2.4.1-1 Display items on waveform file load window

Display	Description
Package selection drop-down list box	Selects the package.
Waveform pattern list	Displays a list of the waveform patterns in the package.
Waveform status display	Displays comments and statuses of the waveform pattern.
Remaining memory amount display	Displays the amount of free memory space.

Example: Loading waveform files to the waveform memory of the MS2830A

<Procedure>

1. Press **F4** (Load Pattern) from page 1 of the main function menu to display the waveform file load window.
2. Pressing **Enter** displays the package on the package selection list. Using the **Up** **Down** **Left** **Right** step keys or the rotary knob, align the cursor with the package that includes the desired waveform patterns and press **Enter**.
3. A list of waveform patterns is displayed. Using **F1** (Change Focus), the **Up** **Down** **Left** **Right** step keys, or the rotary knob, align the cursor with the waveform pattern to be loaded and press **Enter** to select that pattern (if you press **Enter** again, the pattern check box will be cleared). To select all the pattern waveforms, press **F2** (Select All).

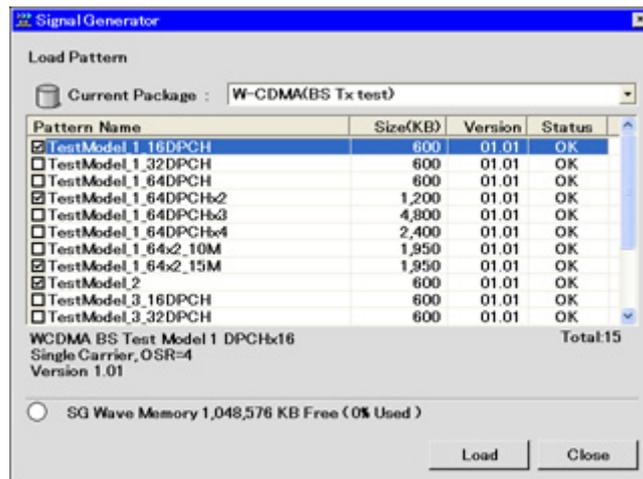


Figure 2.4.1-2 Checking waveform pattern check boxes

4. Press **F7** (Load) to load patterns to the waveform memory.
5. During the loading of pattern files, the progress bar window is displayed. If **Cancel** is pressed while the progress bar window is displayed, the loading of pattern files is aborted.
6. Once the loading of waveform files is complete, the progress bar window closes. The remaining memory amount display changes according to the total amount of loaded waveform files.

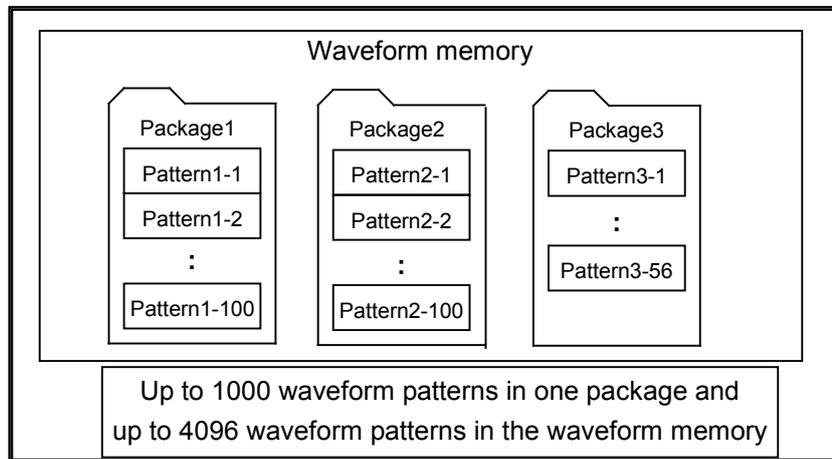


Figure 2.4.1-3 Remaining memory amount display

Up to 4096 pattern files and 100 packages can be loaded to the waveform memory.

Up to 1000 waveform files can be stored in one package on the waveform memory.

If the total amount of the waveform patterns to be loaded is larger than the remaining amount of waveform memory, loading fails and an error message will be displayed. In such a case, delete waveform patterns from the waveform memory to secure the required amount of waveform memory space.



Notes:

1. Do not insert or remove the USB memory during waveform pattern loading.
2. When Option 027/127 is installed, the maximum file size to be loaded to waveform memory is calculated as: 1 GByte – 8 Byte.

2.4.2 Selecting waveform pattern(s)

This section describes how to select waveform patterns loaded to the waveform memory.

Pressing **F3** (Select Pattern) from page 1 of the main function menu displays the waveform file selection window. In this window, select the desired waveform patterns loaded to the waveform memory. The selected waveform patterns will then be output.

This section describes operation methods for when the waveform file load window is displayed, unless otherwise specified.

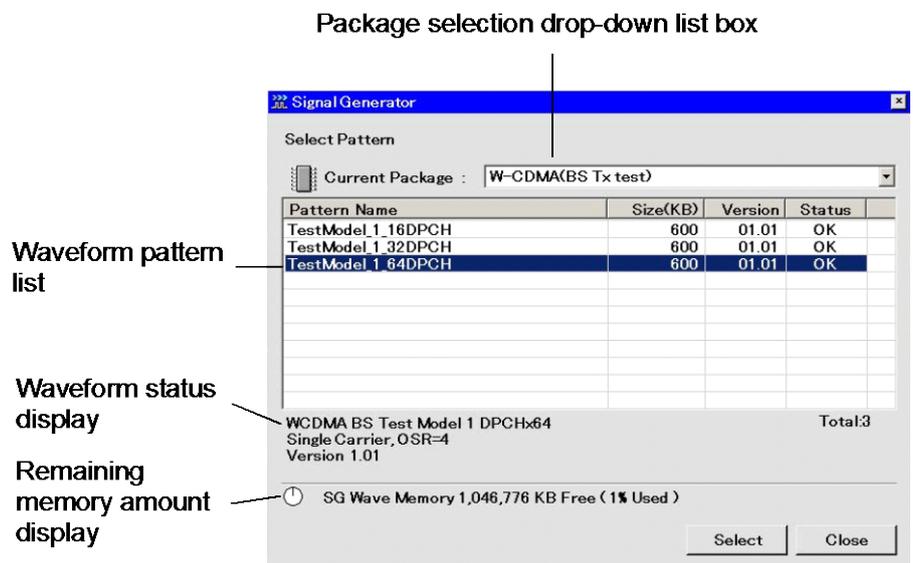


Figure 2.4.2-1 Waveform file selection window

Table 2.4.2-1 Display items on waveform file selection window

Display	Description
Package selection drop-down list box	Selects the package.
Waveform pattern list	Displays a list of the waveform patterns in the package.
Waveform status display	Displays comments and statuses of the waveform pattern.
Remaining memory amount display	Displays the amount of free memory space.

Example: Selecting waveform files from waveform memory of the MS2830A

<Procedure>

1. Press **F3** (Select Pattern) from page 1 of the main function menu to display the waveform file selection window.
2. Pressing **Enter** displays the package on the package selection list. Using the **Up** **Down** **Left** **Right** step keys or the rotary knob, align the cursor with the package that includes the desired waveform patterns and press **Enter**.
3. A list of waveform patterns is displayed. Using **F1** (Change Focus), the **Up** **Down** **Left** **Right** step keys, or the rotary knob, align the cursor with the waveform pattern to be loaded and press **F7** (Select) or **Enter** to select that pattern.
4. When a waveform is selected, the status of the selected waveform pattern changes from **OK** to **Selected** on the waveform list.

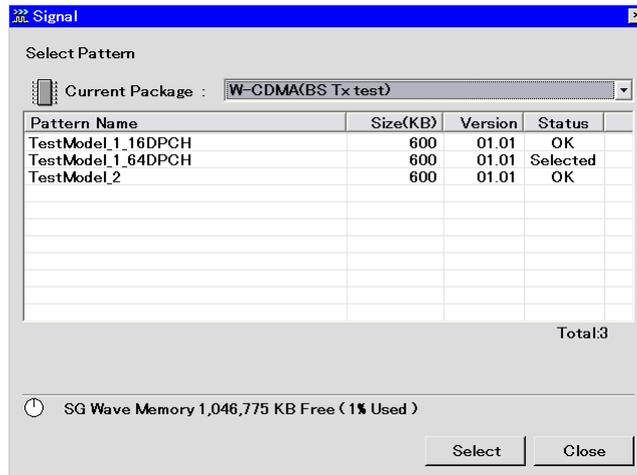


Figure 2.4.2-2 Status display of selected waveform patterns

AWGN can be added to a waveform pattern when outputting it. Refer to Section 2.5 “AWGN Addition Function” for details of the AWGN function. After preset operations have been performed, the selection of waveform patterns is released and waveform patterns are left unselected. Waveform patterns that have been loaded to the waveform memory, however, are retained.

2.4.3 Deleting waveform file(s) from waveform memory

This section describes how to delete waveform files loaded to the waveform memory.

Pressing **F3** (Select Pattern) from page 1 of the main function menu displays the waveform file selection window, and pressing **F4** (Load Pattern) displays the waveform file load window. The deletion of waveform patterns from the waveform memory can be performed in the waveform file selection window or the waveform file load window.

This section describes operation methods for when the waveform file selection window is displayed, unless otherwise specified.

Example: Deleting a selected waveform file from the waveform memory
<Procedure>

1. Press **F3** (Select Pattern) from page 1 of the main function menu to display the waveform file selection window.
2. Select from the package selection drop-down list box the package in which the desired waveform pattern is stored.
3. A list of waveform patterns will be displayed. Move the cursor to the waveform which is to be deleted.

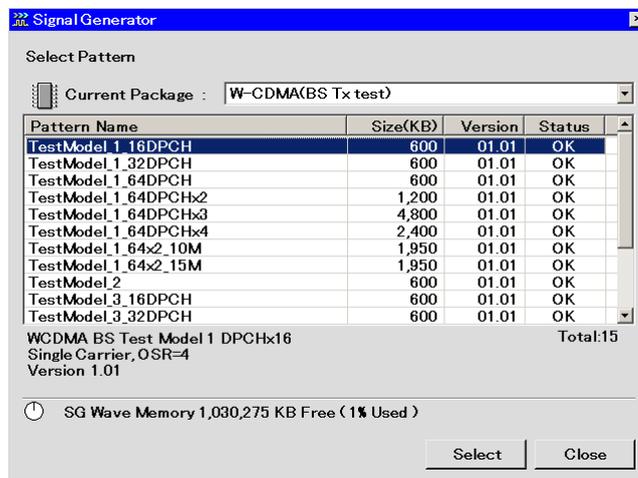


Figure 2.4.3-1 Selecting waveform pattern to be deleted

4. Press **F3** (Delete Pattern) to delete the selected waveform pattern from the waveform memory.

Even if a waveform pattern is deleted from the waveform memory, it can be reloaded as long as the deleted waveform file is stored on the hard disk.

Example: Deleting all waveform files from the waveform memory

<Procedure>

1. Press  (Select Pattern) or  (Load Pattern) from page 1 of the main function menu to display the waveform file selection window or waveform load window.
2. Press  (Clear Wave Memory) to delete all waveform patterns from the waveform memory.

Even if a waveform pattern is deleted from the waveform memory, it can be reloaded as long as the deleted waveform file is stored on the hard disk.

2.4.4 Copying waveform file(s) to hard disk

The patterns to be used are stored in the C drive of the MS2830A internal hard disk. Patterns can be copied from other devices to this drive.

The D drive (of the MS2830A internal hard disk) and subsequent drives (assigned to an external device, such as USB memory) can be used as a pattern copy source.

Store the pattern to be copied in the device as follows.

```
<Device root folder>
|
+--<Folder with the same name as the package>
|
+<Waveform pattern (*.wvi, *.wvd)>
```

Example: Copying a waveform file from USB memory to the internal hard disk

<Procedure>

1. Insert the USB memory containing the waveform pattern into the USB slot of the MS2830A.
2. Press  (Copy Pattern File to HDD) from page 2 of the main function menu.
3. Press  (Device) to display the Device selection screen.
4. Select the Device corresponding to the USB memory and press  (Set).
5. Press  (Select Copy Package) to display the “Copy Package to HDD” screen.
6. Move the cursor to the package to be copied and press  to select the check box. Pressing  (Select All) selects all check boxes.
7. Press  (Copy).

Example: Copying a waveform file from the D drive of the MS2830A to the internal hard disk

<Procedure>

1. Press  (Copy Pattern File to HDD) from page 2 of the main function menu.
2. Press  (Device) to display the Device selection screen.
3. Select the drive (D:) and press  (Set).
4. Press  (Select Copy Package) to display the “Copy Package to HDD” screen.
5. Move the cursor to the package to be copied and press  to select the check box. Pressing  (Select All) selects all check boxes.
6. Press  (Copy).

2.4.5 Deleting waveform file(s) from hard disk

This section describes how to delete waveform files from the hard disk.

Example: Deleting a waveform file from the internal hard disk

<Procedure>

1. Press **F7** (Delete Pattern File on HDD) from page 2 of the main function menu to display the internal hard disk edit window.
2. Select the package in which the waveform file to be deleted is stored from the package selection drop-down list box.

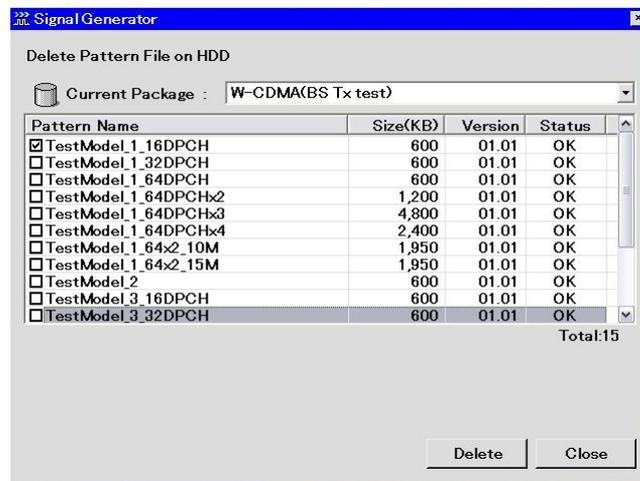


Figure 2.4.5-1 Internal hard disk edit window

3. Move the cursor to the package to be deleted and press **Enter** to select the check box. Pressing **F2** (Select All) selects all check boxes.
4. Press **F7** (Delete) to display the confirmation window. Click [OK] to delete the checked waveform files from the internal hard disk.

Do not power off the MS2830A while deleting waveform files.

Note that the waveform files deleted from the internal hard disk cannot be restored.

2.4.6 Turning modulation signal on/off

Press the Mod On/Off key on the front panel, or the  (Modulation) button from page 1 of the main function menu to turn modulation on and off. When RF output is on, the green LED on the Mod On/Off key turns on and signals are modulated.

Initial setting value of Modulation: Off

Example: Turning Modulation on and then off again

<Procedure>

1. Press  (Modulation) to turn modulation on (the lamp lights up).
2. Press  (Modulation) again to turn modulation off (the lamp turns off).

2.4.7 Re-outputting Pattern Beginning at Head

When the tail of the waveform pattern is reached, control automatically returns to the head and the waveform pattern is output repeatedly if no trigger signal is input from the external system. By pressing  (Waveform Restart), the waveform pattern can be re-output, beginning at the head, at any time.

Condition for using Waveform Restart

This function can only be used when a waveform pattern is selected.

2.4.8 Displaying information of selected waveform pattern

Pressing **F3** (Baseband Information) from page 2 of the main function menu displays the information of the currently selected waveform pattern. A blank will be displayed if no waveform is selected.



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Operation (Signal Generator Function)

Comments about the waveform pattern

Figure 2.4.8-1 Information of selected waveform pattern

Table 2.4.8-1 Status display

Actual Display	Display	Description
Modulation	Modulation	Indicates that Modulation is turned on. Nothing will be displayed if Modulation is turned off.
Pulse Mod Int Pulse Mod Ext	Pulse Mod Int Pulse Mod Ext	Indicates the pulse modulation setting. Nothing will be displayed if pulse modulation is turned off.

2.5 AWGN Addition Function

When Option 028/128 is installed, AWGN can be digitally added to the selected waveform pattern. This function is useful when testing reception sensitivity.

This section describes how to use the AWGN addition function. In this section, the waveform currently selected is handled as the desired waveform.

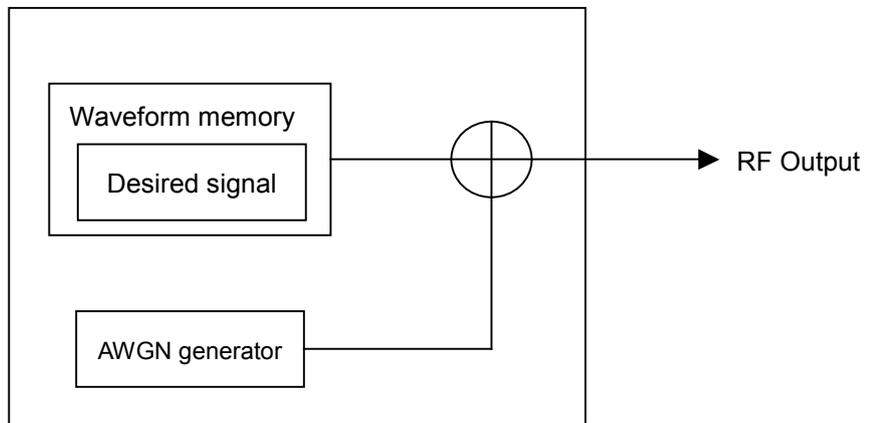
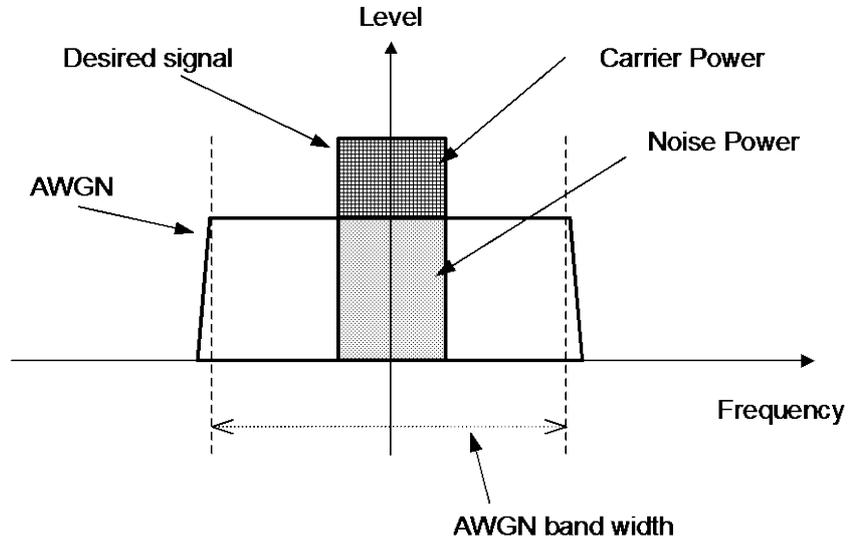


Figure 2.5-1 Outline of AWGN addition function

Specifications of AWGN to be added



Carrier Power:	Output level of the desired signal
Noise Power:	Value of the AWGN output level converted by the signal band of the desired signal (not displayed on the screen)
C/N Ratio:	Level ratio between Carrier Power and Noise Power
Amplitude:	Sum of the output level of the desired signal and the AWGN output level

Figure 2.5-2 AWGN specifications

The AWGN bandwidth is the sampling clock value of the desired signal.

Example:

If the conditions of the desired signal are as follows:

- WCDMA
- Band width = 3.84 MHz
- Over sampling = 4 times

AWGN band width

= Sampling clock

= 3.84 MHz × 4

= 15.36 MHz

Restrictions on the AWGN addition function

The settable range of each parameter of the AWGN addition function is restricted as follows.

- $-40 \text{ dB} \leq \text{C/N Ratio} \leq +40 \text{ dB}$
- Amplitude = Output level of desired signal + AWGN output level $\leq 0 \text{ dBm}$

If the Amplitude is around 0 dBm, the settable range of the C/N Ratio will be restricted to a range in which the Amplitude does not exceed 0 dBm.

2.5.1 Display description

Pressing **F5** (AWGN Setup) from page 1 of the main function menu displays the AWGN setup screen.

This section describes the AWGN addition function screen display.

2
Operation (Signal Generator Function)

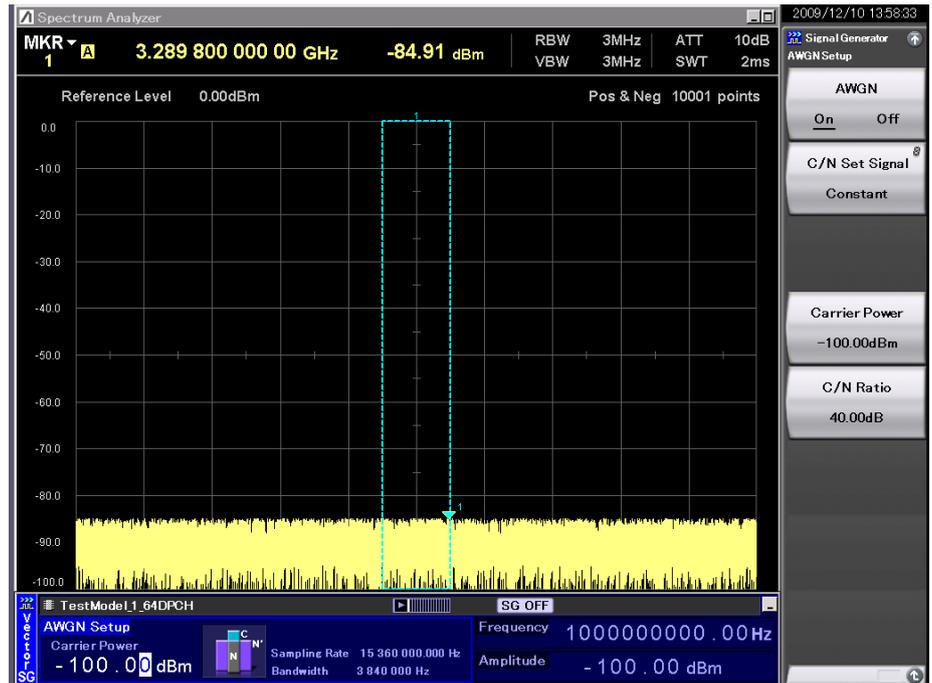


Figure 2.5.1-1 AWGN setup screen (Carrier Power display)

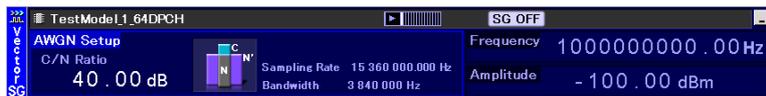


Figure 2.5.1-2 AWGN setup screen (C/N Ratio display)

Table 2.5.1-1 Display items on AWGN setup screen

Display	Description
Carrier Power display	Displays the output level of the desired signal.
C/N Ratio display	Displays the level ratio between the desired signal and band-converted AWGN.

Table 2.5.1-2 AWGN function menu

Function Key	Menu Display	Function
F1	AWGN (On/Off)	Switches between AWGN On and Off.  2.5.2 "Setting AWGN on/off"
F2	C/N Set Signal	Sets whether the C/N value is applied to Constant, Carrier, or Noise.  2.5.4 "Inputting C/N"
F4	Carrier Power	Sets the Carrier Power value.  2.5.3 "Inputting Carrier Power"
F5	C/N Ratio	Sets the C/N value.  2.5.4 "Inputting C/N"

2.5.2 Setting AWGN on/off

To add AWGN, set AWGN to On.

<Procedure>

1. Press **F1** (AWGN On/Off) to select “On.”
2. AWGN will be added to the desired signal and output.

To stop AWGN output, select Off in step 1 above.

The AWGN addition function can only be used if the following condition is met.

- Modulation is turned On

When AWGN is switched to On, the current RF output level value (Amplitude) is the output level value of the desired signal (Carrier Power). In addition, the RF output level itself increases because the AWGN output level value (Noise Power) has been added.

When AWGN is switched to Off, the current output level value of the desired signal (Carrier Power) is the RF output level value (Amplitude). The RF output level value itself, therefore, decreases.

2.5.3 Inputting Carrier Power

This function sets the output level of the desired signal.

Example: Setting Carrier Power to –100 dBm

<Procedure>

1. Press **F4** (Carrier Power).
2. Then, press **-/+** **1** **0** **0** to display the Carrier Power input window and press **F7** (Set).



Figure 2.5.3-1 Carrier Power input window

2.5.4 Inputting C/N

This function sets the level ratio between Carrier Power and Noise Power. Depending on the C/N Set Signal setting, the input value will be reflected to the output level differently.

- C/N Set Signal: Carrier
When the C/N Ratio is changed, Noise Power is fixed, and Carrier Power and the Amplitude change.
- C/N Set Signal: Noise
When the C/N Ratio is changed, Carrier Power is fixed, and Noise Power and the Amplitude change.
- C/N Set Signal: Constant
When the C/N Ratio is changed, the Amplitude is fixed, and Carrier Power and Noise Power change.

Note:

Noise Power will not be displayed on the screen.

Example: Setting C/N Set Signal Carrier to Carrier and C/N Ratio to -10 dB

<Procedure>

1. Press **F2** (C/N Set Signal) to select Carrier.
2. Press **F5** (C/N Ratio).
3. Then press **-/*** **1** **0** to display the C/N setup window and press **F7** (Set).

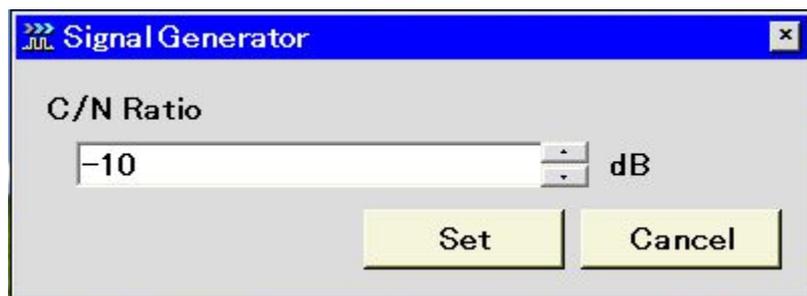


Figure 2.5.4-1 C/N setup window

2.6 Setting External I/O

Pressing **F1** (Ext I/O Setup) from page 2 of the main function menu displays the Ext I/O Setup function menu, which is used to set the external I/O to be used for modulation or pattern reproduction.

2.6.1 Display description

This section describes the external I/O Setup screen display.

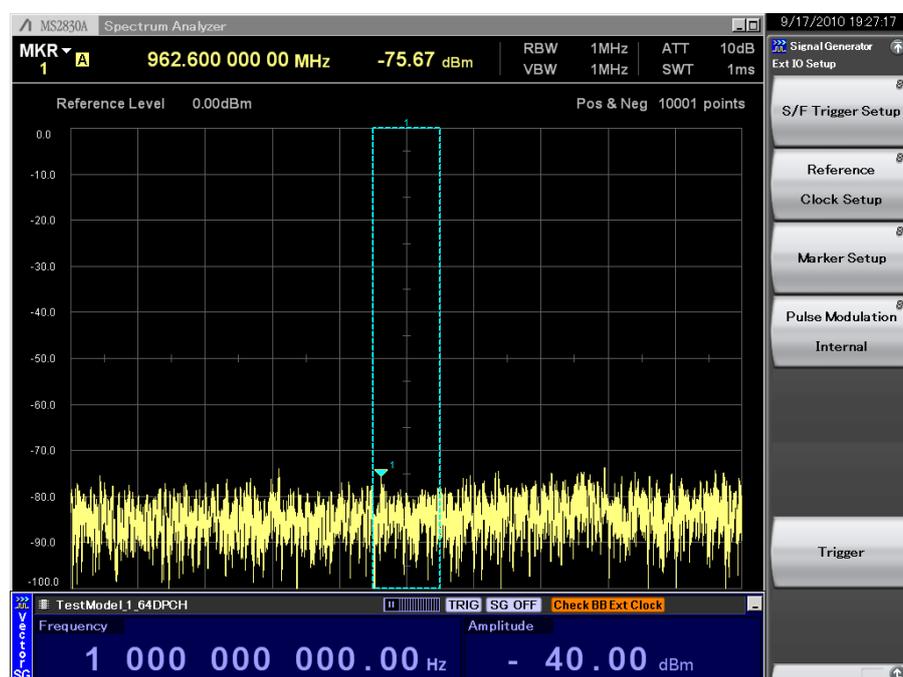


Figure 2.6.1-1 Ext I/O Setup screen

Table 2.6.1-1 Status display

Actual view	Display	Description
	TRIG	Indicates that the Start/Frame trigger is On. 2.6.2 “Setting Start/Frame trigger”

Table 2.6.1-2 Alarm display

Actual view	Display	Description
	Check BB Ext Clock	Indicates the state where frequency is not locked and the external reference signal source is in effect. 2.6.3 “Setting reference clock”

Table 2.6.1-3 Ext I/O Setup function menu

Function Key	Menu display	Function
F1	S/F Trigger Setup	Sets the Start/Frame trigger.  2.6.2 "Setting Start/Frame trigger"
F2	Reference Clock Setup	Sets the reference clock.  2.6.3 "Setting reference clock"
F3	Marker Setup	Sets the marker signal.  2.6.4 "Setting marker output"
F4	Pulse Modulation	Sets pulse modulation.  2.6.5 "Setting pulse modulation"
F7	Trigger	This becomes available when Trigger Source is Trigger Key. Pressing this button will generate internal Trigger signal, and starts outputting Baseband signal.

2.6.2 Setting Start/Frame trigger

The Signal Generator function can output a waveform pattern in sync with a trigger signal incoming from an external system. This application can output waveform patterns which are in sync with external or internally-generated trigger signal. Either of two signals can be selected for the external trigger signal. One is Start Trigger, which specifies the output start position of the waveform pattern. The other is Frame Trigger, which specifies the output timing for each of the bursts when a burst signal is selected. The external trigger signal is input to the SG Trigger Input connector on the rear panel.

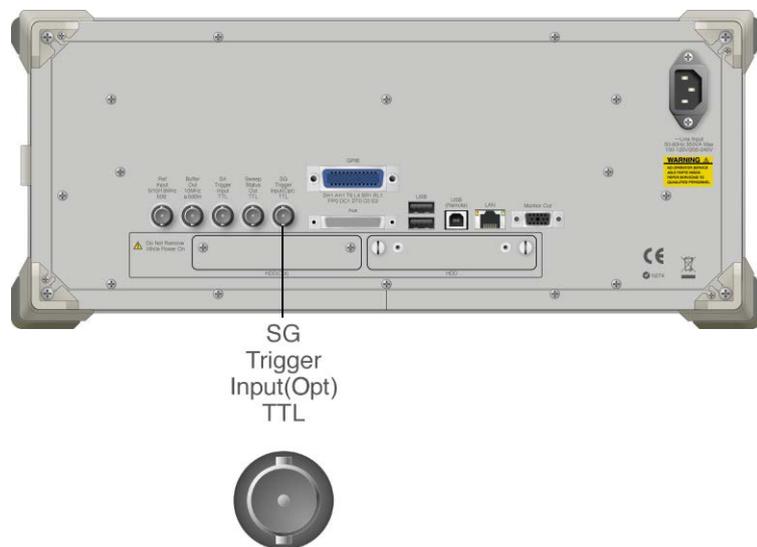


Figure 2.6.2-1 Connector connection location

Press **F1** (S/F Trigger Setup) on the Ex IO Setup function menu to display the S/F Trigger Setup window. In this window, set the trigger. This section describes operation methods for when the Start/Frame Trigger Setup window is displayed, unless otherwise specified.

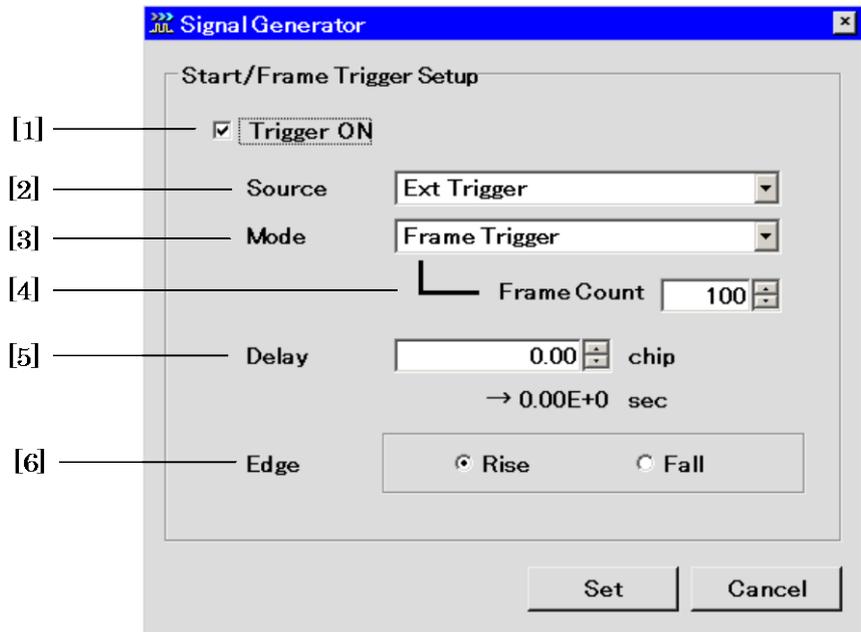


Figure 2.6.2-2 Start/Frame Trigger Setup window

This section describes each parameter.

The following are only valid when a waveform pattern is selected.

- [1] Trigger (On/Off)
Enables the trigger.

The following are all enabled only when Trigger is set to [On].

- [2] Source (Ext Trigger/Trigger Key/Bus/)
Selects trigger signal to use.

Ext Trigger : External Trigger Signal

Trigger Key : Pressing the Trigger function key generates trigger signal.



Table 2.6.1-3 Ext I/O Setup function menu

Bus: Generates trigger signal with the reception of remote command "SFTGGENBUS" (Native mode) or with the "[[:SOURce]:RADio:ARB:TRIGger:GENerate]" (SCPI mode).

- [3] Mode (Start/Frame)

Selects whether the trigger is used as a start or frame trigger.

- [4] Frame Count

Signal is output for the number of specified frames. This is available when Mode is Frame Trigger.

Setting Range: 1 to 32767 (Default: 1)

- [5] Delay

Sets the trigger delay amount.

Setting range: Depends on the selected pattern.

Minimum resolution setting: Depends on the waveform.

Displays the value calculated by converting the delay amount to the delay time.

- [6] Edge (Rise/Fall)

Sets the trigger detection edges, and switches between rising and falling operations.

When the Mode or Delay setting is changed, the pattern operation will restart and await trigger inputs from the external system.

Trigger signal input conditions

The following are input conditions for the trigger signal that is used.

External trigger signal input conditions

Input level: TTL level

Polarity: Rise or Fall can be selected.

Waveform: Figure 2.6.2-3 shows a waveform for the rising edge.

T1: 40 ns or more

T2: 40 ns or more

Reference values T1 and T2 vary depending on the drive current impedance of the outputting source, the quality and length of the cable connected to the MS2830A.

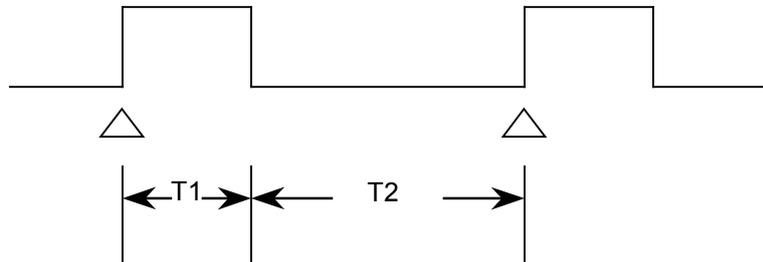


Figure 2.6.2-3 Trigger signal input conditions

Start Trigger Operation

Output of the Start Trigger operation starts with the rising timing of the first external trigger signal after the waveform pattern is selected. Any trigger signal being input from the second time or later will be disabled. The relationship between the external trigger signal and the waveform pattern output can be set in the Delay field. If Delay is set to [0], output of the waveform pattern is delayed by the one-frame* period (relative to the rise of the external trigger signal) that depends on the waveform pattern.

*: One-frame period refers to the following value:

- (1) If the waveform pattern was generated using the IQproducer™ Convert function:

The number of samples of one frame is determined according to the Frame Length (L_f) and Gap Length (L_g) settings of Burst Setting. One-frame period indicates the number of samples within one frame, which equals $L_f + L_g$.

Example: If over sampling data of four times of W-CDMA is to be converted, set the following:

$$\text{Frame Length} = 3.84 \times 10^6 [\text{sample/s}] \times 0.01 [\text{s}] \times 4 [\text{Over sample ratio}] = 153600$$

For details, refer to the “MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A and MS2830A Signal Analyzer Vector Signal Generator Operation Manual (IQproducer™)”.

- (2) If the waveform pattern is generated using any of a number of IQproducer™ option signal generation applications:

The frame length matching each communication system is set automatically. In this case, the L_f and L_g values vary as follows, depending on whether your system is using continuous or burst signals.

- If the system is using continuous signals
 - L_f = The number of samples of one frame for the system is set.
 - L_g = 0 is set.
- If the system is using burst signals
 - L_f = The number of samples of one slot or frame is set.
 - L_g = [Number of samples of one frame] – [number of samples of one slot] or 0 is set.

Although the above details depend on the system, the resulting value is the number of samples of one frame where the value of [$L_f + L_g$] is determined depending on the system.

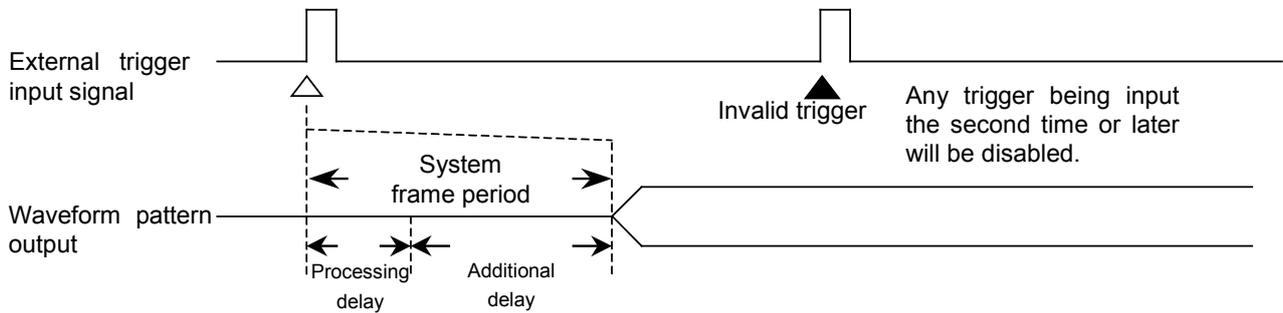


Figure 2.6.2-4 Start Trigger operation

Notes:

1. If Delay is set to 0, a delay is added internally to the processing delay that occurs between when the trigger is input and when the waveform pattern is output (added delay), causing the output of the waveform pattern to be delayed by one system Frame period.
2. The Frame period varies depending on the system. Refer to the operation manual of the currently selected waveform pattern.

Frame Trigger Operation

The Frame Trigger operation outputs one burst of the waveform pattern with the rising timing of the external trigger signal. The relationship between the external trigger signal and the waveform pattern output is the same as Start Trigger. The following figure shows operation that takes place when the external trigger signal is input with the frame period, with Delay set to [0].

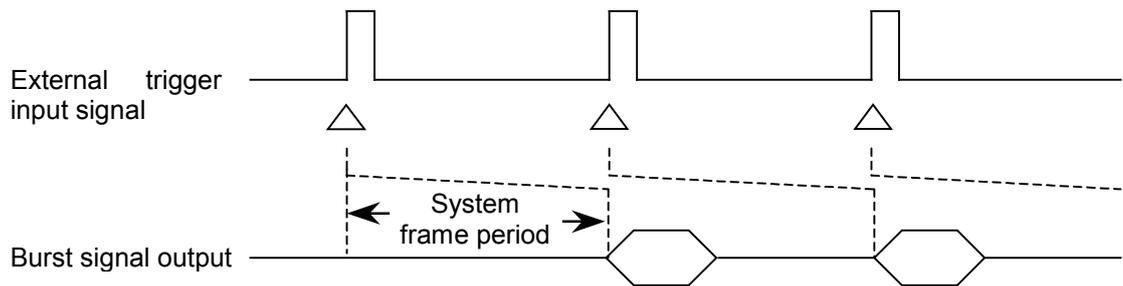


Figure 2.6.2-5 Frame Trigger operation

If the input period of the external trigger signal is N samples shorter than the frame period, it is masked to be a disabled trigger. A burst signal matching the trigger signal cannot be obtained in this case.

$$N [\text{samples}] = (L_f + L_g) - (L_f + 1)$$

Notes:

1. For L_f , and L_g , refer to the “Start Trigger Operation” description.
2. If Delay is set to the positive side, the frame period will increase by the number of samples set in Delay.
3. The maximum value of N (N_{\max}) can be calculated from the expression shown below, in accordance with the interpolation ratio (IPLR) that is determined by the sampling clock (f_s).

$$N_{\max} = 28/\text{IPLR}$$

$$\text{IPLR: } 2^n \text{ value that satisfies } 160 \text{ MHz} \geq \text{IPLR} \times f_s > 80 \text{ MHz (n is an integer of 3 or higher)}$$

4. If N exceeds N_{\max} as the result of the above expression, assign N_{\max} to it.

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For example, suppose that $L_f = 140$ symbols, $L_g = 280$ symbols, and the sampling clock = 50 MHz. In this case, because the right-hand side of the N formula above exceeds N_{max} , $N = 28$. In Figure 2.6.2-6, if a trigger signal is input with a period 28 samples shorter than the frame period ($L_f + L_g$), it will be disabled.

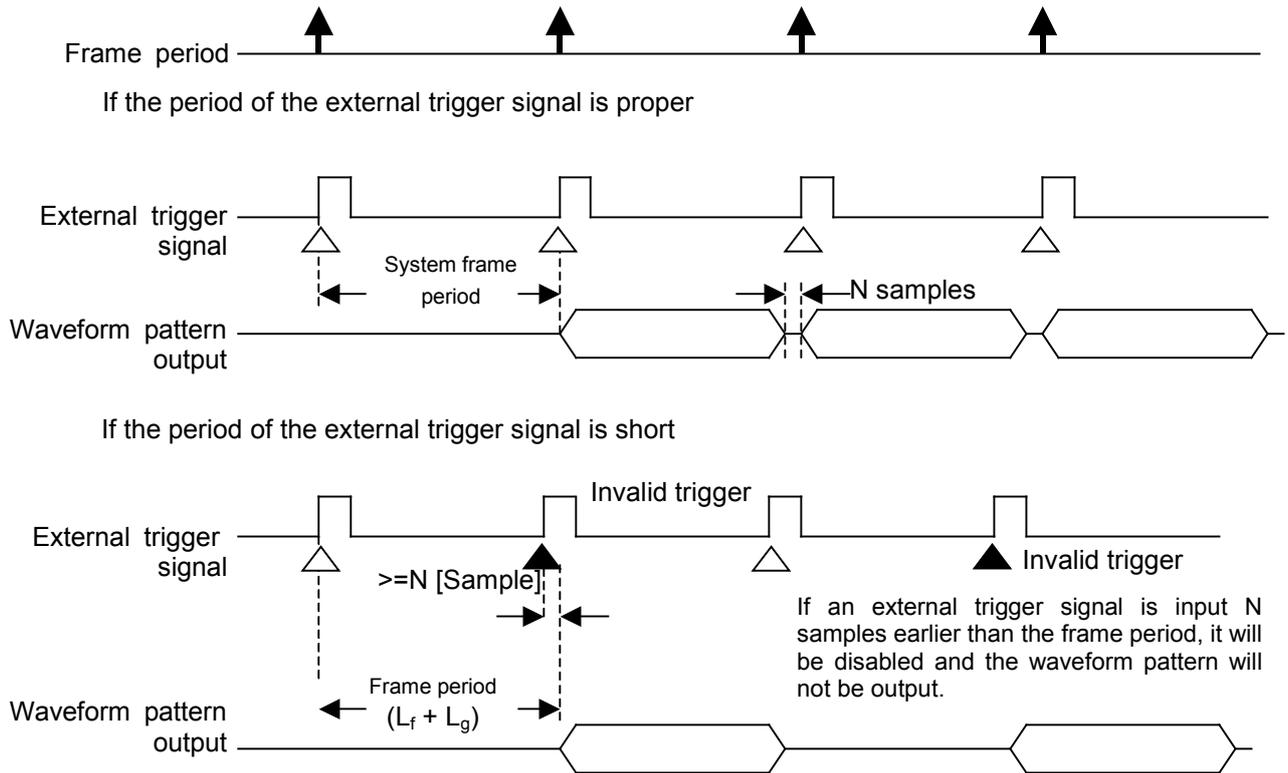


Figure 2.6.2-6 Example of Frame Trigger operation

2.6.3 Setting reference clock

This function sets the reference clock of the internal arbitrary waveform generator.

For the reference clock of the internal arbitrary waveform generator, select either the same reference signal source that is used for the carrier or the signal that is input externally. When using an external signal, input it to BB_REF_CLK of the AUX connector on the rear panel. Refer to Appendix C “AUX Connector” for details on pin assignment.

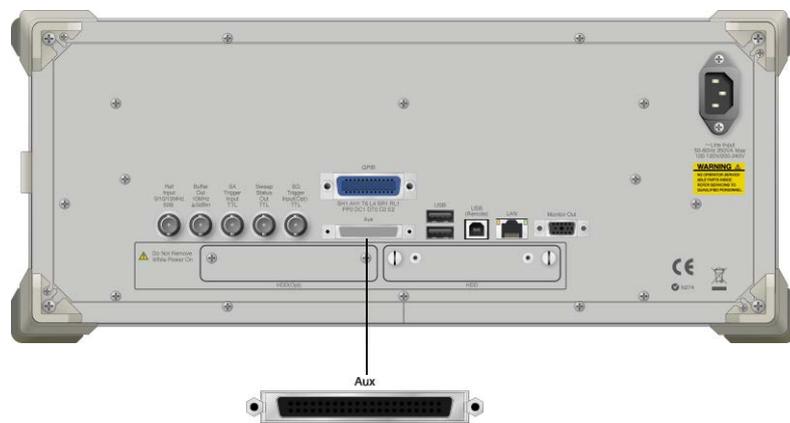


Figure 2.6.3-1 Connector connection location

Pressing **F2** (Reference Clock Setup) from the Ext I/O Setup function menu displays the Reference Clock Setup window. In this window, set the reference clock. This section describes operation methods for when the Reference Clock Setup window is displayed, unless otherwise specified.

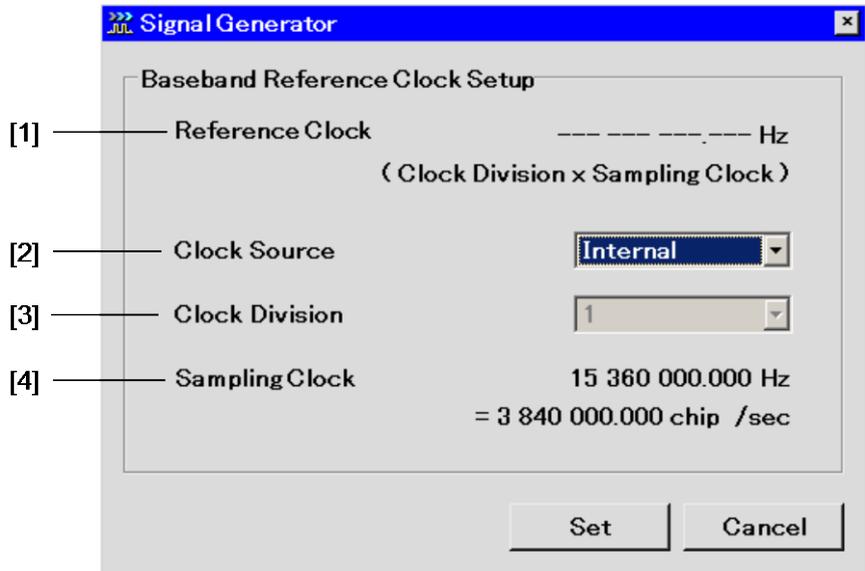


Figure 2.6.3-2 Reference Clock Setup window

This section describes each parameter.

The following are only valid when a waveform is selected.

[1] Reference Clock

The current reference clock value is displayed only when External is selected for Clock Source.

[2] Clock Source

For the reference clock of the MS2830A, select either the same reference signal source that is used for the carrier or the signal that is input to the baseband reference clock signal input connector. If Internal is selected for the Clock Source, use the same reference signal source that is used for the carrier. The signal from this signal source will be a 10 or 5 MHz external input signal that will be input to the 10 MHz internal reference oscillator or the reference frequency signal input connector (Ref Input).

If External is selected for Clock Source, the input signal to the baseband reference clock signal input pin of the AUX connector will be used as the reference signal source.

[3] Clock Division

Determined from the currently set sampling clock and the factor that is set here.

$$[\text{Reference clock}] = [\text{Sampling clock}] \times [\text{Factor}]$$

↑ To be set here.

The selectable factor range varies with the sampling clock value.

[4] Sampling Clock

The current sampling rate is displayed only when a waveform is selected. The value converted in time will also be displayed at the same time.

Table 2.6.3-1 Selectable factor range

Sampling clock f (Hz)	Baseband Reference Clock setting								
	16	8	4	2	1	1/2	1/4	1/8	1/16
$20 \text{ k} \leq f \leq 24414.062$	√	√	√	√	√				
$24414.062 < f \leq 48828.125$	√	√	√	√	√	√			
$48828.125 < f \leq 97656.25$	√	√	√	√	√	√	√		
$97656.25 < f \leq 195312.5$	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	
$195312.5 < f \leq 2.5 \text{ M}$	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
$2.5 \text{ M} < f \leq 5 \text{ M}$		√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
$5 \text{ M} < f \leq 10 \text{ M}$			√	√	√	√	√	√	√
$10 \text{ M} < f \leq 20 \text{ M}$				√	√	√	√	√	√
$20 \text{ M} < f \leq 40 \text{ M}$					√	√	√	√	√
$40 \text{ M} < f \leq 80 \text{ M}$						√	√	√	√
$80 \text{ M} < f \leq 160 \text{ M}$							√	√	√

2.6.4 Setting marker output

This section describes how to set marker signals output by the Signal Generator function. There are two types of marker signals output by the Signal Generator function: one based on information described in waveform patterns and another set by this setting. Marker signals are output from MARKER 1 to 3 of the AUX connector on the rear panel. Refer to Appendix C “AUX Connector” for details on pin assignment.



Figure 2.6.4-1 Output connector location

Modulation must be on and a waveform must be selected to perform this setting.

Pressing **F3** (Marker Setup) from the Ext I/O Setup function menu displays the Marker Setup window. In this window, set the trigger. This section describes operation methods for when the Marker Setup window is displayed, unless otherwise specified.

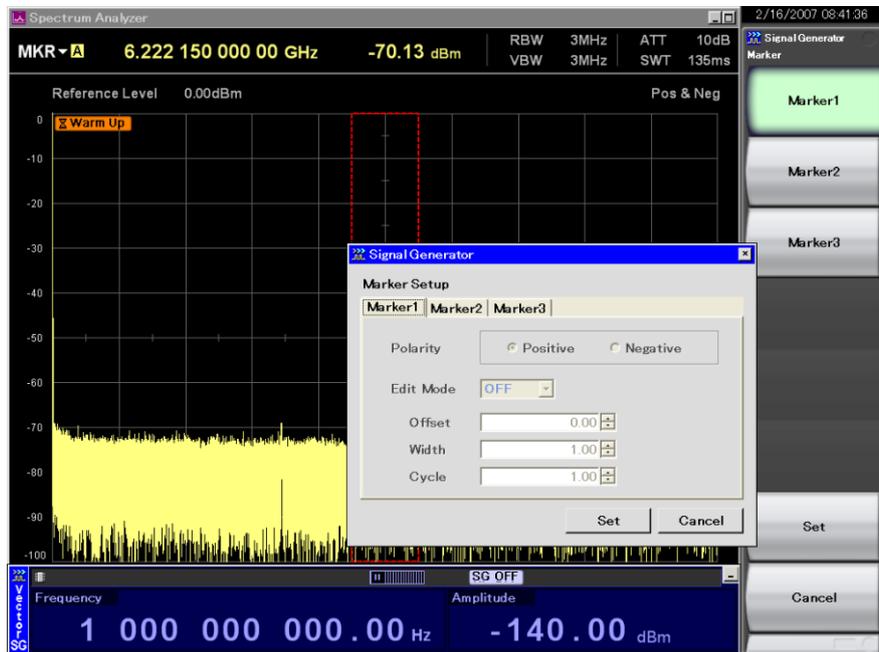


Figure 2.6.4-2 Marker output setup screen

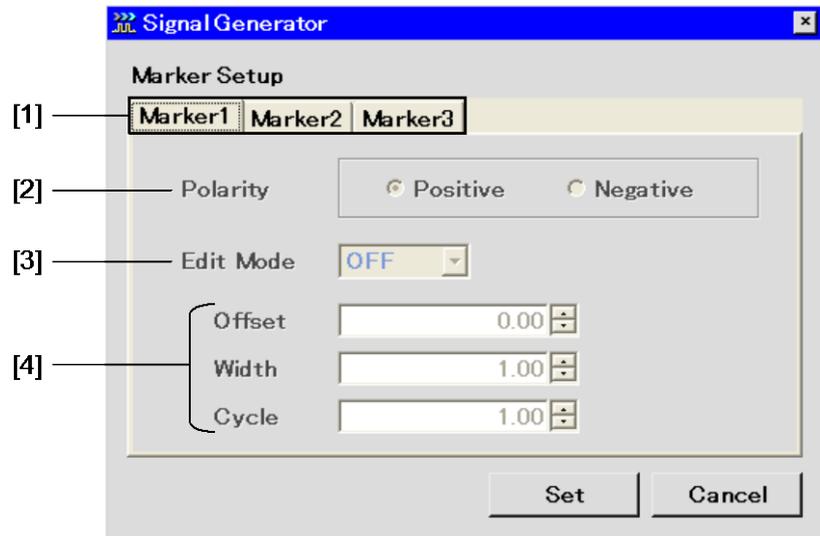


Figure 2.6.4-3 Marker Setup window

This section describes each parameter.

[1] Markers 1 to 3

Selects the number of the marker to be edited. This can be performed from the tabs in the Marker Setup window or using the function keys. The settings in steps [2] to [4] below are to be set separately for Markers 1 to 3.

[2] Polarity

Selects the polarity of the marker signal selected in [1].

[3] Edit Mode

Switches the marker signal to be output. When Edit Mode is set to Off, a marker signal based on information described in waveform patterns is output. When Edit Mode is set to On, the marker signal set with this setting is output. When Edit Mode is set to SYNC, the marker signal set with this setting is output from the beginning of a frame.

When a waveform with a resolution of 15 or 16 bits is selected, the following restriction applies:

15-bit resolution: Markers 2 and 3 cannot be turned off.

16-bit resolution: Markers 1 to 3 cannot be turned off.

[4] Offset/Width/Cycle

Set the marker signal to be output. These settings are valid when Edit Mode is set to On or SYNC. When Edit Mode is set to SYNC, however, Cycle is invalid. Parameter details are described later.

Marker signal based on information in waveform pattern

When Edit Mode is set to Off, marker signals based on information in waveform patterns, such as clocks and gate signals are output. At this time, the marker signal depends on the content of the currently selected waveform pattern. Refer to the operation manual of the selected waveform pattern for details.

Marker signal to be set with this setting

Set Edit Mode to On or SYNC to define the marker signal with this setting. The following are parameters to set the marker signal.

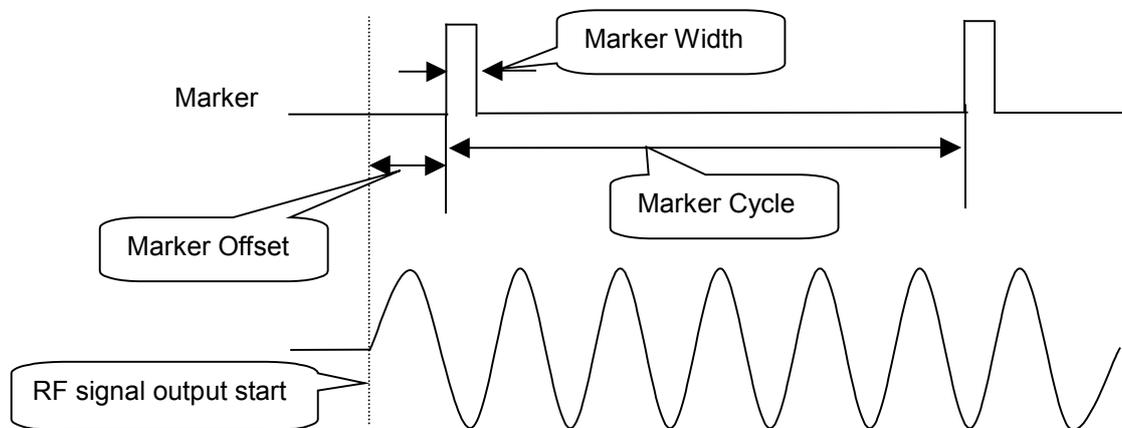


Figure 2.6.4-4 Outline of marker parameters

This section describes the details of each parameter. Set each parameter in Chip/Over Sampling units.

<1> Offset

Delays the marker signal by the set value from the head of the waveform pattern.

<3> Width

Sets the pulse width of the marker signal.

<3> Cycle

Sets the cycle of the marker signal. This cannot be set when Edit Mode is set to SYNC.

Conditions when inputting Edit Mode, Offset, Width, or Cycle

To set Offset, Width, or Cycle, Edit Mode must be set to On or SYNC.

Example: Setting Edit Mode to On, Offset to 1000 chips, Width to 1000 chips, and Cycle to 1000 chips

<Procedure>

1. Press **F3** (Marker Setup) to display the Marker Setup screen. This is valid only when a waveform pattern is selected.
2. Move the cursor to Edit Mode and set it to On.
3. Move the cursor to Offset, press **1 0 0 0**, and then press **Enter**.
4. Move the cursor to Cycle, press **1 0 0 0**, and then press **Enter**.
5. Move the cursor to Width, press **1 0 0 0**, and then press **Enter**.
6. Press **F7** (Set).

The operation in each Edit Mode setting is as follows.

When Edit Mode is set to Off

Offset, Width, and Cycle cannot be set.

When Edit Mode is set to On

Offset, Width, and Cycle can be set.

Tables 2.6.4-1 and 2.6.4-2 show the setting range and set resolution of Offset, Width, and Cycle.

Table 2.6.4-1 Setting range of Offset, Width, and Cycle

Item	Setting Range
Offset	0.00 to $(2^{24} - 1)/\text{Over Sampling}$
Width	$1/\text{Over Sampling}$ to $(2^{24} - 1)/\text{Over Sampling}^*$
Cycle	$1/\text{Over Sampling}$ to $(2^{24} - 1)/\text{Over Sampling}$

*: The maximum value of Width varies depending on the value of Cycle. The actual setting range is “ $1/\text{Over Sampling}$ to Cycle value.”

Table 2.6.4-2 Setting resolution of Offset, Width, and Cycle

Item	Setting Resolution
Offset	$1/\text{Over Sampling}$
Width	$1/\text{Over Sampling}$
Cycle	$1/\text{Over Sampling}$

When Edit Mode is set to SYNC

Offset and Width can be set.

Tables 2.6.4-3 and 2.6.4-4 show the setting range and setting resolution of Offset and Width.

Table 2.6.4-3 Setting range of Offset and Width

Item	Setting Range
Offset	0.00 to $(2^{24} - 1)/\text{Over Sampling}$
Width	$1/\text{Over Sampling}$ to Data Point/ Over Sampling

Table 2.6.4-4 Setting resolution of Offset and Width

Item	Setting resolution
Offset	$1/\text{Over Sampling}$
Width	$1/\text{Over Sampling}$

2.6.5 Setting pulse modulation

For pulse modulation, use an internal or external signal.

By default, it is designed to use an internal signal to perform pulse modulation. It is possible to modify it so that an external signal is used for modulation, or so that no pulse modulation is performed.

Pressing  (Pulse Modulation) from the Ext I/O Setup function menu displays the pulse modulation setup window. In this window, set pulse modulation.

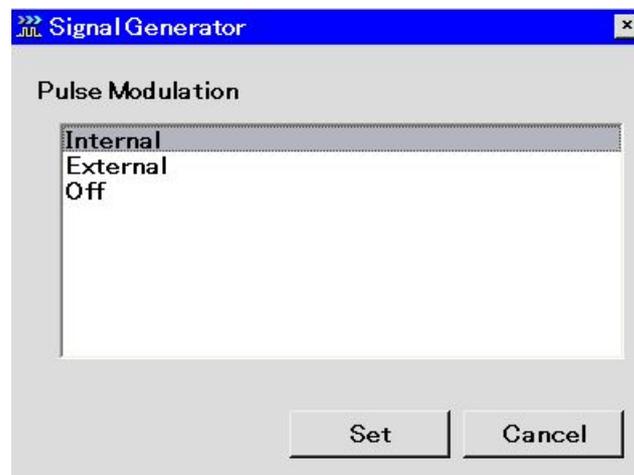


Figure 2.6.5-1 Pulse modulation setup window

This section describes the parameter.

<1> Pulse Modulation

Selects the pulse modulation reference.

Using Internal signal

This function is useful to load patterns for pulse modulation. When an internal signal is generated, the pulse modulator is controlled by the pulse modulation control bit (RF Gate), which has been added to the waveform pattern. Refer to the “MS2690A/MS2691A/MS2692A and MS2830A Signal Analyzer Vector Signal Generator Operation Manual (IQproducer™)” for details.

Using External Signal



Figure 2.6.5-2 Input connector

To perform pulse modulation using an external signal, input the external signal to PULS_MOD of the AUX connector.

For details about the pin configuration, refer to Appendix C “AUX Connector”. The pulse modulation polarity is fixed to Positive. In other words, if the external modulation signal is High, the RF signal is output, and if the external modulation signal is Low, the RF signal is not output. The input level is the TTL level.

Disabling Pulse Modulation

Select Off for Pulse Modulation to disable pulse modulation.

2.7 BER Measurement Function

Note:

This function is available only when MS2830A-026/126 is installed.

Pressing **F4** (BER Test Control) from page 2 of the main function menu displays the BER measurement control function menu, which is used to control the starting and stopping of BER measurement.

2

Operation (Signal Generator Function)

2.7.1 Display description

This section describes the BER measurement control screen display.

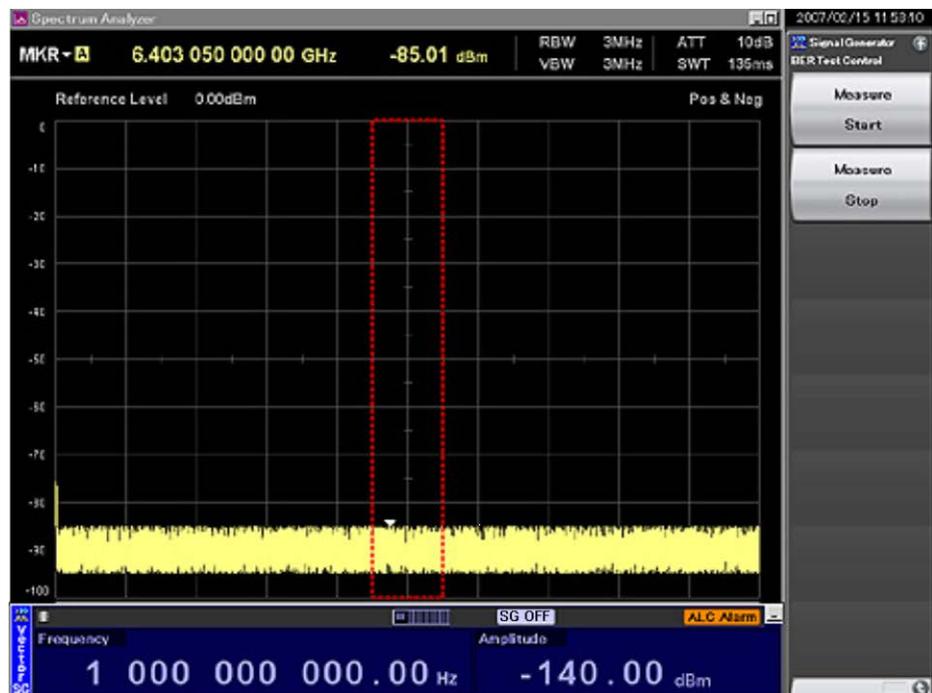


Fig. 2.7.1-1 BER measurement control screen



Fig. 2.7.1-2 BER measurement control function menu

Table 2.7.1-1 BER measurement control function menu

Menu Display	Function
Measure Start	Starts BER measurement.
Measure Stop	Stops BER measurement.

2.8 Selecting SA Trigger

Select the type of the trigger to be output for the Spectrum Analyzer function (hereinafter referred to as “SPA”) or the Signal Analyzer function (hereinafter referred to as “SA”).

Operate SA/SPA at the head of the waveform pattern or in sync with Markers 1 to 3 as set in Section 2.6.4 “Setting maker output.”

To enable this function, Trigger Source of Trigger/Gate must be set to SG Marker on the SA/SPA side. Refer to the MS2830A Signal Analyzer Operation Manual (Mainframe Operation), MS2830A Signal Analyzer Operation Manual (Spectrum Analyzer Function Operation), or MS2830A Signal Analyzer Operation Manual (Signal Analyzer Function Operation) for details.

Pressing  (SA Trigger Out) from page 2 of the main function menu displays the SA Trigger Out setup window.

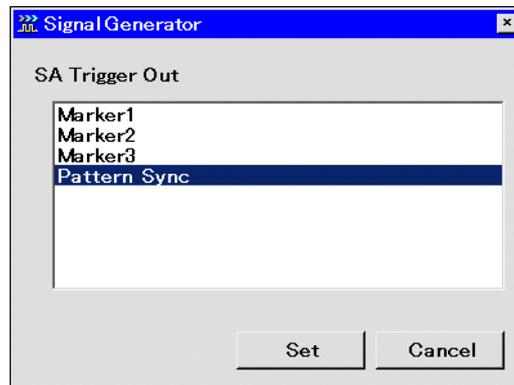


Figure 2.8-1 SA Trigger Out setup window

This section describes the parameters.

<1> SA Trigger Out

- Marker1: Outputs Marker 1 for SA/SPA.
- Marker2: Outputs Marker 2 for SA/SPA.
- Marker3: Outputs Marker 3 for SA/SPA.
- Pattern Sync: Outputs the trigger at the head of the waveform pattern.

2.9 Other Functions

This section describes other functions that can be executed from the main function menu.

2.9.1 Display description

Pressing **F8** (Accessory) from page 2 of the main function menu displays the Accessory setup screen.

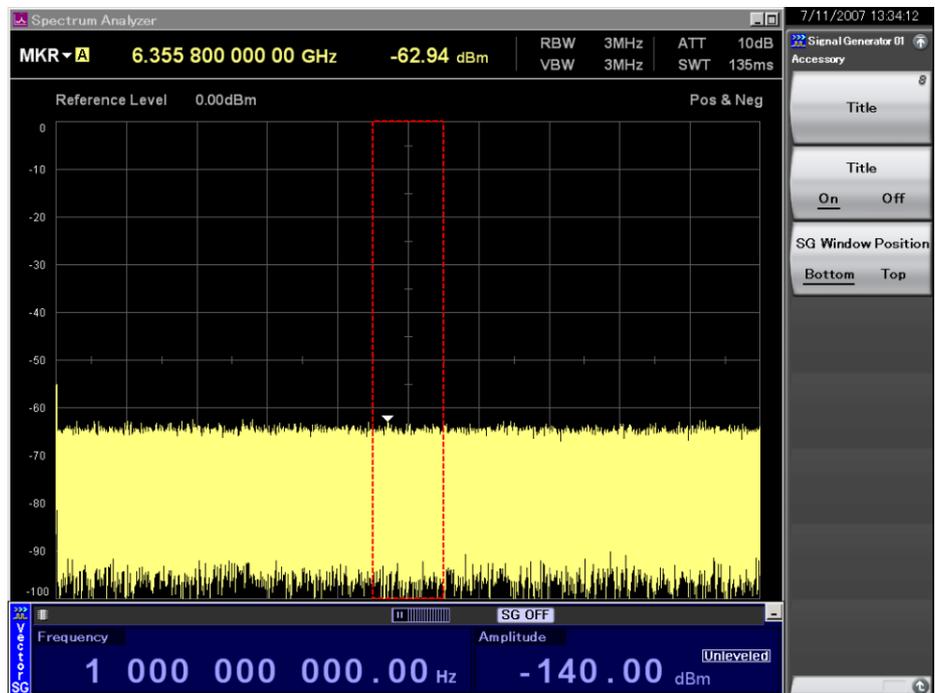


Figure 2.9.1-1 Accessory setup screen

Table 2.9.1-1 Accessory function menu

Function Key	Menu Display	Function
F1	Title	For entering the application title.  2.9.2 "Entering application title"
F2	Title (On/Off)	Selects between displaying and not displaying the application title.  2.9.2 "Entering application title"
F3	SG Window Position (Bottom/Top)	Switches the display position of the Signal Generator screen. The Signal Generator screen is displayed at the lower portion when Bottom is selected, and displayed at the upper portion when Top is selected.

2.9.2 Entering application title

This is for setting the application title. The character string entered will be displayed on the top part of the function menu (17 characters maximum).

Example: Entering the application title

<Procedure>

1. Press **F1** (Title) to display the Title Entry window.
2. Select the characters using the rotary knob and press **Enter**.
Enter the title character string and press **F7** (Set).



Figure 2.9.2-1 Title Entry window

3. The title entered will be displayed on the top part the function menu.



Figure 2.9.2-2 Title display

This section describes the procedure for switching between displaying and hiding the application title.

Example: Setting the title display to On/Off

<Procedure>

1. Press  (Title On/Off) to select Off. The title will be hidden.
2. Press  (Title On/Off) to select On. The title will be displayed.

Even if the title is hidden, the set title character string will be retained.

Chapter 3 Performance Test

This chapter describes measurement devices, setup methods, configuration procedures, and performance test procedures required for performing performance tests as preventive maintenance of the MS2830A.

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3.1.2	Performance test items and instruments used	3-3
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3.1 Overview of Performance Test

3.1.1 Performance Test

Performance tests are performed as part of preventive maintenance in order to prevent the performance of the MS2830A from being degraded before it occurs. Use performance tests when required for acceptance inspection, routine inspection and performance verification after repairs.

If items that do not meet the required level are detected during performance testing, contact an Anritsu Service and Sales office. Contact information can be found on the last page of the printed version of this manual, and is available in a separate file on the CD version.

 **CAUTION**

Warm up the subject testing device and measuring instruments for at least 30 minutes, in order to stabilize them sufficiently before running performance tests. Demonstrating maximum measurement accuracy requires, in addition to the above, conducting performance tests under ambient temperatures, little AC power supply voltage fluctuations (100 to 120 VAC, 200 to 240 VAC), as well as the absence of noise, vibrations, dust, humidity or other problems.

3.1.2 Performance test items and instruments used

Table 3.1.2-1 lists the performance test items for the MS2830A and measuring instruments used for testing each of these test items.

Table 3.1.2-1 List of performance test items and measuring instruments

Test Items		Summary	Main Instruments Used (Anritsu Model Name)
Frequency	Frequency	A frequency is set and the output frequency is measured.	Counter (MF2412C)
Output level	Output level frequency characteristics	The absolute accuracy is measured using a power meter (frequency characteristics).	Power Meter (ML2437A) Power Sensor (MA24002A)
Vector modulation	Vector accuracy	A modulated pattern signal is generated through internal modulation and the vector accuracy is measured by using a signal analyzer.	Signal Analyzer (MS2690A/91A/92A) W-CDMA/HSPA Downlink Measurement Software (MX269011A)

Perform items deemed critical at regular intervals as preventive maintenance. A recommended cycle for routine tests of once or twice a year is desirable.

3.2 Frequency Performance Test

3.2.1 Frequency

This test consists of setting the frequency of the MS2830A, and counting the frequency with a counter (MF2412C) in order to check that the set frequency is output normally.

Test standards

Frequency Range

MS2830A-020/120: 250 kHz to 3600 MHz

MS2830A-021/121: 250 kHz to 6000 MHz

Frequency setting resolution 0.01 Hz

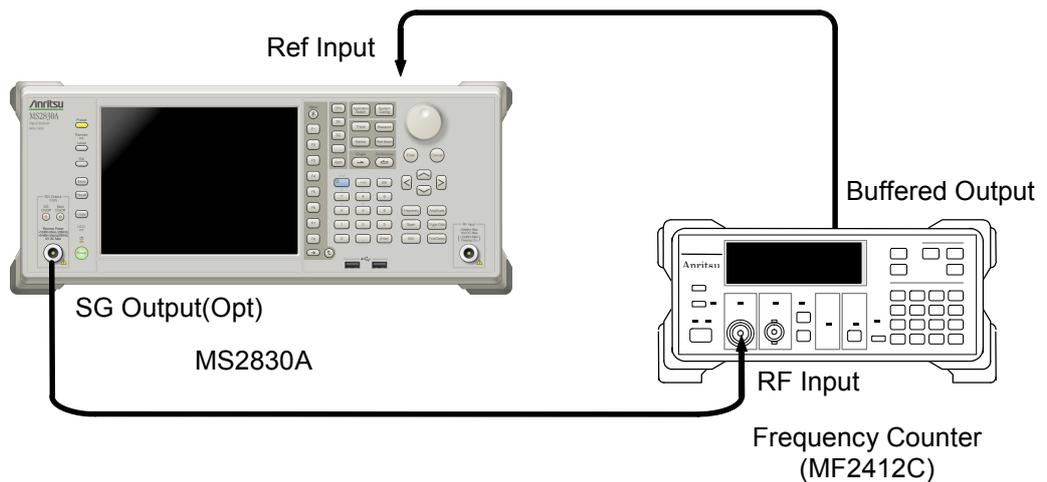


Figure 3.2.1-1 Frequency test

Test procedure

When MS2830A-020/120 is installed, set the frequency in the range of 250 kHz to 3600 MHz.

When MS2830A-021/121 is installed, set the frequency in the range of 250 kHz to 6000 MHz.

1. Connect the reference signal output (10 MHz) of the MF2412C to the external reference input connector (Ref input) of the MS2830A to establish frequency synchronization.
2. Set the measuring resolution of the MF2412C to 10 MHz.
3. Press  to preset the MS2830A.
4. Set the output level of the MS2830A to 0 dBm.

5. Set the output frequency of the MS2830A to the FR(1) value in Table 3.2.1-1.
6. Check that the frequency set for the MS2830A is the same as the frequency displayed by the MF2412C.
7. Repeat the above measuring sequence, changing the frequency FR(x) according to Table 3.2.1-1.

Table 3.2.1-1 Frequency settings

x	FR(x) (MHz)
1	0.25
2	100
3	300
4	600
5	1000
6	1500
7	2000
8	2500
9	3000
10	3600
11	3600.001
12	4000
13	4500
14	5000
15	5500
16	6000

X can be set to 11 or higher only when the MS2830A-021/121 option is installed.

3.3 Output Level Performance Test

3.3.1 Output level frequency characteristics

Using a power meter (ML2437A) and a power sensor (MA24002A), measure the level for each frequency of the MS2830A at the reference level.

The measurement result is the absolute accuracy for the reference level, and the absolute accuracy below the reference level is obtained through combination with the linearity error measurement result at each frequency.

Test standards

Absolute accuracy ($23 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, in CW mode)

Table 3.3.1-1 Test specifications

Configuration	Output Level	Frequency	
		375 MHz ≤ Frequency ≤ 3.6 GHz	3.6 GHz < Frequency ≤ 6 GHz
MS2830A-022/122 Not Installed	-10 dBm	±0.5 dB	±0.8 dB
MS2830A-022/122 Installed	-15 dBm	±0.5 dB	±0.8 dB

A frequency setting of 3.6 GHz < Frequency ≤ 6 GHz is possible only when the MS2830A-021/121 option is installed.

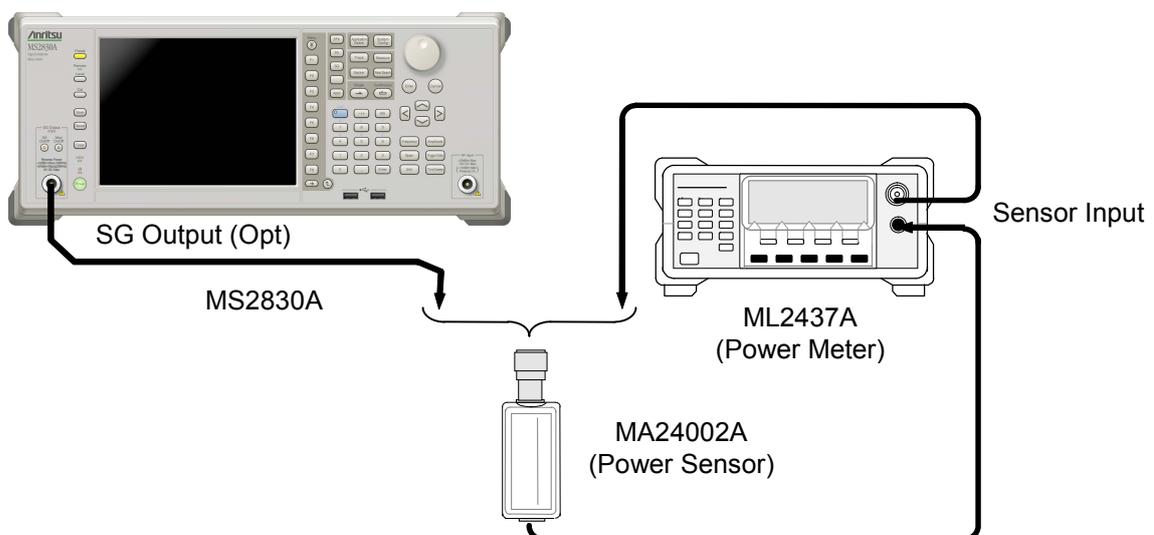


Figure 3.3.1-1 Output level frequency characteristics test

Perform level measurement according to the frequency table shown in Table 3.3.1-2.

Test procedure

1. Turn on the RF output of the MS2830A.
2. Set the output level of the MS2830A Signal Analyzer according to the frequency settings in Table 3.3.1-1.
3. Execute sensor calibration (zero point, sensitivity) for the ML2437A.
4. Set the frequencies of the MS2830A and the ML2437A to the FR(1) value in Table 3.3.1-2.
5. Measure the level with the ML2437A.
6. Repeat Step 4, changing the frequency setting FR(x) according to Table 3.3.1-2, to obtain measurement values.

Table 3.3.1-2 Frequency settings for absolute accuracy measurement

x	FR(x) (MHz)
1	375
2	500
3	1000
4	1500
5	2000
6	2500
7	3000
8	3600
9	3600.001
10	4000
11	4500
12	5000
13	5500
14	6000

X can be set to 9 or higher only when the MS2830A-021/121 option is installed.



3.4 Vector Modulation Performance Test

3.4.1 Vector accuracy

This test consists of generating a baseband signal from the internal waveform pattern, and performing vector modulation with the MS2830A. The vector error in the modulated RF signal is measured by using a signal analyzer (MS2690A/91A/92A) in which signal analysis software has been installed.

Test standards (23 ±5°C)

Vector accuracy

≤1.4% (rms): (Output frequency: 800 to 2700 MHz, W-CDMA 1code modulation)

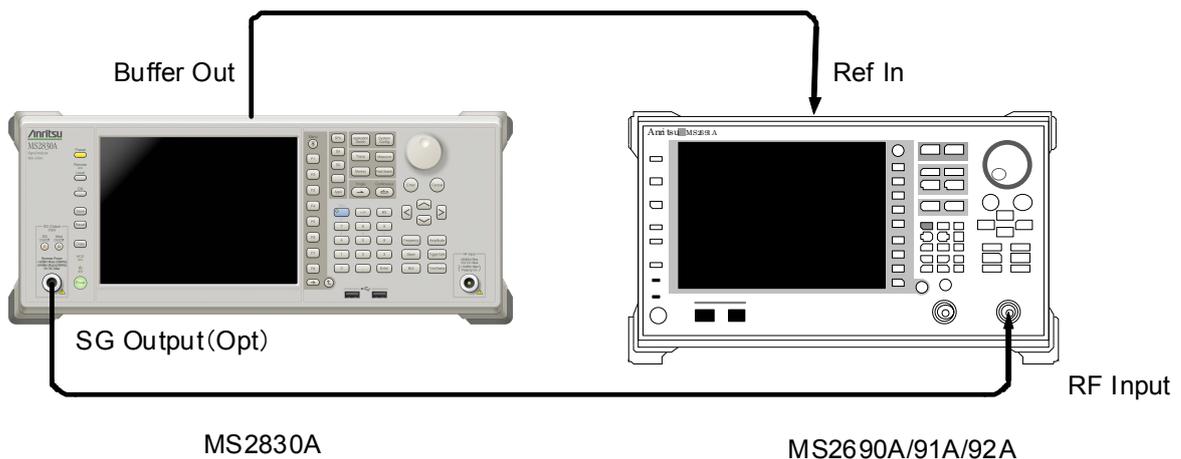


Figure 3.4.1-1 Vector accuracy test

Test procedure (W-CDMA 1code)

1. Turn SG Output of the MS2830A on and set the output level as follows:
 - When MS2830A-022/122 option is not installed: 0 dBm
 - When MS2830A-022/122 option is installed: -5 dBm
2. Turn on the vector modulation of the MS2830A and perform modulation with the W-CDMA DL_CPICH of the standard waveform pattern.
3. Set the measurement condition according to the waveform pattern of W-CDMA 1code with the MS2690A/91A/92A mode as TX Tester and System as WCDMA.
4. Set the frequencies of the MS2830A and MS2690A/91A/92A to the FR(1) value in Table 3.4.1-1.
5. Measure the vector error with the MS2690A/91A/92A.

- Repeat Step 3 to obtain the measurement values, changing the frequency setting FR(x) according to Table 3.4.1-1.

Table 3.4.1-1 W-CDMA 1code modulation accuracy measurement frequencies

x	FR(x) (MHz)
1	800
2	1000
3	1800
4	2000
5	2200
6	2400
7	2700



Appendix

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Appendix A Message Display

A.1 Error MessagesA-2
A.2 Confirmation MessagesA-5

A.1 Error Messages

Table A.1-1 Signal Generator function errors

Message	Description
Out of range	The settable range is exceeded.
Invalid parameter	Invalid parameter
Invalid status	Invalid status
Invalid status Not available in Relative Off.	This operation is invalid when Relative is set to Off.
Invalid status Not available in AWGN Off.	This operation is invalid when AWGN is set to Off.
Invalid status Not available in Modulation Off.	This operation is invalid when Modulation is set to Off (CW).
Invalid status Not available in Reference Clock Source Internal.	This operation is invalid when Reference Clock Source is set to Internal.
Invalid status Not available in Start/Frame Trigger Off.	This operation is invalid when Start/Frame Trigger is set to Off.
Invalid status Not available in Marker Edit Mode Off.	This operation is invalid when Edit Mode in the Marker Setup screen is set to Off.
Invalid status Not available in Marker Edit Mode Pattern Sync.	This operation is invalid when Edit Mode in the Marker Setup screen is set to Pattern Sync.
Invalid status Not available if no Pattern is loaded.	This operation is invalid when no pattern is loaded.
Invalid status Not available if no Pattern is selected.	This operation is invalid when no pattern is selected.
Cannot find checked pattern	The specified pattern cannot be found.
Invalid status Not available if not selected valid pattern	The specified pattern cannot be loaded.
Cannot find pattern on HDD	The specified pattern cannot be found.
Pattern not found The pattern is not found on memory.	The specified pattern cannot be found on memory.
Pattern not found The pattern is not found on HDD.	The specified pattern cannot be found on the hard disk.
Pattern not found The pattern is not found on the device.	The specified pattern cannot be found on the device.
Invalid pattern information file	The pattern information file is invalid.

Table A.1-1 Signal Generator function errors (Cont'd)

Message	Description
Invalid pattern file name	The pattern file name is invalid.
Insufficient pattern information parameter	The pattern parameters are insufficient.
Invalid pattern information parameter	The pattern parameter is invalid.
Invalid pattern license	The pattern license is invalid.
Not match pattern version	The pattern version does not match.
Invalid pattern data size	The pattern data size is invalid.
Pattern data file not found	The pattern data file cannot be found.
The number of pattern files is full in the package.	The maximum number of patterns loadable in one package is exceeded.
The number of pattern files is full on memory.	The maximum number of patterns loadable in waveform memory is exceeded.
The number of packages is full on memory.	The maximum number of packages loadable in waveform memory is exceeded.
Pattern load is finished. Some problems occurred.	An error occurred when loading a pattern.
BER Test application is not found.	BER test application cannot be found.
No function	Invalid function with Signal Generator.
Pattern data over waveform memory size. Free area of the waveform memory is not enough.	Free space in waveform memory is insufficient.
Not available in Current Pattern Resolution.	Invalid operation with the waveform pattern resolution currently selected.
Not available if not AWGN option.	Option 028/228 AWGN is required.
ARB Memory Upgrade is required.	Option 027/227 ARB Memory Upgrade 256Msamples is required to load this pattern.
Invalid character	—
Not available because Trigger source is not Trigger Key.	Invalid operation as Trigger Source is not set for Trigger Key.
Not available because Trigger source is not BUS.	Invalid operation as Trigger Source is not set for Bus.

Table A.1-2 Load Pattern screen errors

Message	Description
Invalid pattern data size	The pattern data size is invalid.
Pattern information file is not found on HDD.	The pattern information file cannot be found on the hard disk.
Pattern data file is not found on HDD.	The pattern data file cannot be found on the hard disk.
Not available because of mismatch licensed version	Invalid because the license version does not match.
No pattern license	The required license is not installed in the mainframe.
Invalid pattern license	The pattern license is invalid.
Invalid pattern information parameter	The pattern parameter is invalid.
Insufficient pattern information parameter	The pattern parameters are insufficient.
Invalid pattern file name	The pattern file name is invalid.
Invalid pattern information file	The pattern information file is invalid.
Invalid format	The format cannot be analyzed.
Unknown error!	Unknown error

A.2 Confirmation Messages

Table A.2-1 Confirmation messages

Message	Description
Overwrite the current pattern data in the waveform memory?	Prompts the user to load and overwrite the currently selected pattern.
Clear all pattern data in the waveform memory?	Prompts the user to delete all patterns loaded in memory.
Delete checked pattern data in the HDD?	Prompts the user to delete the selected pattern from the hard disk.
Delete checked pattern data in the waveform memory?	Prompts the user to delete the selected pattern from memory.
Cancel loading?	Prompts the user to cancel loading the pattern.
Cancel copying?	Prompts the user to cancel copying the pattern.

Appendix B Initial Value List

<Frequency functions>

Frequency	1 GHz
Cursor display digits	0.01 Hz (least significant digit)
Frequency step	100 kHz
RF spectrum	Normal

<Output level main functions>

Output level	-40 dBm	MS2830A-022/122 NOT installed
	-136 dBm	MS2830A-022/122 installed
Display unit	dBm	
Cursor display digits	0.01 dB (least significant digit)	
Output level step	1 dB	
Offset On/Off	Off	
Offset level	0 dB	
Relative display On/Off	Off	
SG output On/Off	Off	

<Modulation main functions>

Mod On/Off	Off
Output pattern	Not selected
AWGN	
AWGN	Off
C/N Set Signal	Constant
Carrier Power	Same as output level
C/N Ratio	40.00 dB

Appendix B Initial Value List

Ext I/O Setup

Start/Frame Trigger

On/Off	Off
Source	Ext Trigger
Mode	Start Trigger
Delay	0.00
Edge	Rise

Reference Clock

Clock Source	Internal
Clock Division	1

Markers 1 to 3

Polarity	Positive
Edit Mode	Off
Offset	0.00
Width	1.00
Cycle	1.00

(The values given here for Start/Frame Trigger, Reference Clock, and Markers 1 to 3 are initial values before a waveform is selected.)

Pulse Modulation	Internal
SA Trigger Out	Pattern Sync

<Display function>

SG Window Position	Bottom
--------------------	--------

Appendix C AUX Connector

Figure C-1 and Table C-1 show the pin configuration and the signals output from each pin for the AUX connector located on the rear panel of the MS2830A.

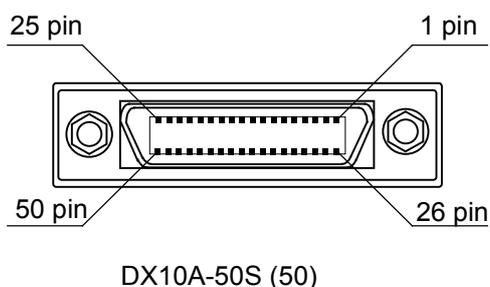


Figure C-1 AUX connector

Table C-1 AUX connector

Function	Pin No.	Signal name	Function
BER*	24	BER_CLK	BER_CLK Input
	25	GND	Grounding
	48	BER_EN	BER_EN Input
	45	GND	Grounding
	49	BER_DATA	BER_DATA Input
	50	GND	Grounding
SG	13	MARKER1	Outputs Marker1.
	11	GND	Grounding
	38	MARKER2	Outputs Marker2.
	36	GND	Grounding
	39	MARKER3	Outputs Marker3.
	16	GND	Grounding
	42	PULS_MOD	Output signals for pulse modulation.
	41	GND	Grounding
	22	BB_REF_CLK	Inputs the baseband reference clock.
	20	GND	Grounding

Do not connect anything to connectors not listed in Table C-1 because they are interfaces for equipment maintenance.

*: The signals can be used only with the J1556A AUX conversion adaptor.

Appendix C AUX Connector

The adapter to convert the AUX connector to BNC is sold separately.

Model name: J1487A(for Signal Generator)

Product name: AUX conversion adapter

Model name: J1556A(for Signal Generator and BER Measurement function)

Product name: AUX conversion adapter

Refer to Section 1.2.3 “Applicable parts” in the MS2830A Signal Analyzer Operation Manual (Mainframe Operation).

Appendix D Performance Test Result Form

Performance Test Result Form

Test Location _____

Report No. _____
 Date _____
 Test person in charge _____

Equipment Name: MS2830A Signal Analyzer Option 020/120, 021/121: Vector Signal Generator

Serial No. _____

Ambient temperature _____ °C

Power frequency _____

Relative humidity _____ %

Remarks: _____

Appendix

Appendix D

Output Frequency (Section 3.2.1)

Setting	Results	
0.25 MHz	<input type="checkbox"/> OK	<input type="checkbox"/> NG
100 MHz	<input type="checkbox"/> OK	<input type="checkbox"/> NG
300 MHz	<input type="checkbox"/> OK	<input type="checkbox"/> NG
600 MHz	<input type="checkbox"/> OK	<input type="checkbox"/> NG
1000 MHz	<input type="checkbox"/> OK	<input type="checkbox"/> NG
1500 MHz	<input type="checkbox"/> OK	<input type="checkbox"/> NG
2000 MHz	<input type="checkbox"/> OK	<input type="checkbox"/> NG
2500 MHz	<input type="checkbox"/> OK	<input type="checkbox"/> NG
3000 MHz	<input type="checkbox"/> OK	<input type="checkbox"/> NG
3600 MHz	<input type="checkbox"/> OK	<input type="checkbox"/> NG
3600.001 MHz	<input type="checkbox"/> OK	<input type="checkbox"/> NG
4000 MHz	<input type="checkbox"/> OK	<input type="checkbox"/> NG
4500 MHz	<input type="checkbox"/> OK	<input type="checkbox"/> NG
5000 MHz	<input type="checkbox"/> OK	<input type="checkbox"/> NG
5500 MHz	<input type="checkbox"/> OK	<input type="checkbox"/> NG
6000 MHz	<input type="checkbox"/> OK	<input type="checkbox"/> NG

Output Level Frequency Characteristics (Section 3.3.1)

Setting		Min. limit	Results	Max. limit	Measurement Uncertainty
Frequency	Output Level				
375 MHz	MS2830A -022/122 Not installed: -10 dBm	MS2830A -022/122 Not installed: -10.5 dBm Installed: -15.5 dBm	_____	MS2830A -022/122 Not installed: - 9.5 dBm Installed: -14.5 dBm	±0.25 dB
500 MHz			_____		
1000 MHz			_____		
1500 MHz			_____		
2000 MHz			_____		
2500 MHz			_____		
3000 MHz			_____		
3600 MHz			_____		
3600.001 MHz	Installed: -15 dBm	MS2830A -022/122 Not installed: -10.8 dBm Installed: -15.8 dBm	_____	MS2830A -022/122 Not installed: -9.2 dBm Installed: -14.2 dBm	±0.38 dB
4000 MHz			_____		
4500 MHz			_____		
5000 MHz			_____		
5500 MHz			_____		
6000 MHz			_____		

Vector Accuracy (Section 3.4.1)

Setting		Maximum Rating	Results	Measurement Uncertainty
Frequency	Output Level			
800 MHz	MS2830A -022/122 Not installed: 0 dBm Installed: -5 dBm	W-CDMA 1 code 1.4% (rms)	_____	±0.0%
1000 MHz			_____	
1800 MHz			_____	
2000 MHz			_____	
2200 MHz			_____	
2400 MHz			_____	
2700 MHz			_____	

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