

#### CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL SUMMARY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2016 (IFRS)

FASE MEMBERSHIP

April 27, 2016

Company name: ANRITSU CORPORATION (Securities code : 6754)

Stock exchange listings: Tokyo (URL http://www.anritsu.com/)

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Date of general shareholders' meeting (as planned): June 28, 2016 Dividend payable date (as planned): June 29, 2016 Annual securities report filing date (as planned): June 28, 2016 Supplemental material of annual results: Yes Convening briefing of annual results: Yes (for financial analysts and institutional investors)

(Millions of yen, round down)

#### 1. Consolidated financial results of the year ended March 31, 2016

(From April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016)

(1) Consolidated operating results				(Note) Percentage figures indicate change from the previous period.			
	Revenue		Operating profit (loss)	Profit (loss) before tax	Profit (loss)	Profit (loss) attributable to owners of parent	Total comprehensive income (loss)
For the year ended	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen %	Millions of yen %	Millions of yen %	Millions of yen %	Millions of yen %
March, 2016	95,532	-3.3	5,897 -45.8	5,434 -53.1	3,767 -52.2	3,760 -52.1	633 -94.7
March, 2015	98,839	-3.0	10,882 -22.9	11,591 -18.6	7,874 -15.5	7,857 -15.6	11,898 -11.9

	Basic earnings per share	Diluted earnings per share	Profit to equity attributable to owners of parent ratio	Profit before tax to total assets ratio	Operating profit to revenue ratio
For the year ended	Yen	Yen	%	%	%
March, 2016	27.38	27.38	4.9	4.3	6.2
March, 2015	55.72	55.72	10.2	9.1	11.0

(Reference) Investments accounted for using equity method

FY2015 (March 31, 2016) : (87) million yen FY2014 (March 31, 2015) : 83 million yen

#### (2) Consolidated financial positions

	Total assets	Total equity	Equity attributable to owners of parent	Equity attributable to owners of parent to total assets ratio	Equity attributable to owners of parent per share
For the year ended	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	%	Yen
March, 2016	124,624	75,862	75,811	60.8	552.26
March, 2015	126,893	78,665	78,639	62.0	572.04

#### (3) Cash flows

$\sim$	Cash flows from	Cash flows from	Cash flows from	Cash and equivalents,
	operating activities	investing activities	financing activities	end of period
For the year ended	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	Millions of yen
March, 2016	10,195	(9,042)	2,450	37,391
March, 2015	7,582	(6,049)	(11,234)	34,916

#### 2. Dividends

	Dividend per share					Devent	Ratio of total amount	
	First quarter	Second quarter	Third quarter	Fiscal year end	Total	Total Dividends	Payout ratio (Consolidated)	of dividends to equity attributable to owners of parent (Consolidated)
For the year ended	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Millions of Yen	%	%
March, 2015	-	12.00	-	12.00	24.00	3,369	43.1	4.4
March, 2016	-	12.00	-	12.00	24.00	3,299	87.7	4.3
For the year ending	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Yen	Millions of Yen	%	%
March, 2017 (Forecast)	-	7.50	-	7.50	15.00		38.9	

#### 3. Consolidated forecast for the year ending March 31, 2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017) (Note) Percentage forum the provisue period

	(Note) Percentage indicate change from the previous period								
	Revenue	Operating profit (loss)	Profit (loss) before tax	Profit (loss)	Profit (loss) attributable to owners of parent	Basic earnings per share			
	Millions of yen	% Millions of yen %	Millions of yen %	Millions of yen %	Millions of yen %	Yen			
Annual	97,000 1	5 7,200 22.1	7,100 30.6	5,300 40.7	5,300 40.9	38.61			

#### **※** Others

- (1) Material changes in subsidiaries during this period
   (Changes in scope of consolidations resulting from change in subsidiaries) : None
   Number of subsidiaries newly consolidated : Number of subsidiaries excluded from consolidation : -
- (2) Changes in accounting policies and accounting estimates
  - 1. Changes in accounting policies required by IFRS : Yes
  - 2. Changes in accounting policies other than IFRS requirements : None
  - 3. Changes in accounting estimates : None
- (3) The number of shares issued and outstanding

1. Number of issued and outstanding shares at the period end (including treasury stock)							
FY2015 (March 31, 2016) :	138,115,294 shares	FY2014 (March 31, 2015) :	138,115,294 shares				
2. Total number of treasury stock	at the period end						
FY2015 (March 31, 2016) :	838,609 shares	FY2014 (March 31, 2015) :	643,983 shares				
<ol><li>Average number of issued and outstanding shares during the period</li></ol>							
FY2015 (March 31, 2016) :	137,349,163 shares	FY2014 (March 31, 2015) :	141,017,097 shares				

#### (Reference) Non-consolidated financial results

#### 1. Financial results of the year ended March 31, 2016 (From April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016)

(1) Operating re	(Note) Percentage figures indicate change from the previous period.							
	Net sale	es	Operating inco	me (loss)	Ordinary incor	me (loss)	Net income	e (loss)
For the year ended	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%	Millions of yen	%
March, 2016	46,939	-5.9	2,841	-36.6	3,394	-42.9	2,807	-35.2
March, 2015	49,876	-7.8	4,479	-38.6	5,946	-25.4	4,333	-19.8

$\sim$	Basic net income	Diluted net income
	(loss) per share	(loss) per share
For the year ended	Yen	Yen
March, 2016	20.44	20.44
March, 2015	30.73	30.73

#### (2) Financial positions

	Total assets	Net assets	Ratio of equity capital	Net assets per share
For the year ended	Millions of yen	Millions of yen	%	Yen
March, 2016	122,297	77,161	62.9	560.60
March, 2015	120,350	77,673	64.4	563.46

 (Reference) Equity capital FY2015 (March 31, 2016): 76,957 million yen
 FY2014 (March 31, 2015): 77,459 million yen

#### Expression of implementation status of audit procedures

This financial summary is out of scope of audit procedures based on the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act.
As of disclosure of this financial summary, the review procedure based on the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act has not been completed.

#### Notes for using forecasted information and others

As the business forecast mentioned above are based on the recent information, actual results may vary substantially from projections above due to known or unknown risks, changes relating to uncertainties, and others. The reader should be aware that actual results may be materially different from any future results expressed herein due to various factors.
With regard to notes for utilizing preconditions of outlook and business forecast, please refer to 4) Outlook for the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2017 at page 5 and 6.

•Additional explanatory material related to the financial statements will be available at Anritsu's web site since the results briefing session to be held on April 28, 2016.

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# 1. Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Position

# (1) Analysis of Operating Results

1) General Overview

	Fiscal	(Milli	(Millions of yen)		
	2014 2015		Chan	ge	
Orders	101,084	94,589	-6,495	-6.4%	
Backlog of orders	19,684	17,810	-1,874	-9.5%	
Revenue	98,839	95,532	-3,307	-3.3%	
Operating profit (loss)	10,882	5,897	-4,985	-45.8%	
Profit before tax (loss)	11,591	5,434	-6,156	-53.1%	
Profit (loss)	7,874	3,767	-4,106	-52.2%	
Profit (loss) attributable to owners of parent	7,857	3,760	-4,097	-52.1%	

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During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, while the zero-interest-rate policy was lifted under economic recovery trend in the U.S., the outlook for the global economy remained uncertain due to adverse elements including increase of geopolitical risk in Middle East and Europe, decelerating economic growth in China, along with a decline in oil prices. In Japan, despite the continuation of economic stimulus measures through monetary/fiscal policies, including the introduction of negative interest rates, concerns about economic prospects have been mounting mainly due to increasing overseas risks, including the slowdown of the Chinese economy, and sharp fluctuations in the foreign exchange market in the fourth quarter.

In the field of communication networks, mobile broadband services are spreading, and as a result, data traffic over networks is going on increasing. In response, LTE (Long-Term Evolution) and LTE-Advanced, a further expanded LTE, have become widely used, and demand for development of protocol conformance testing, operator acceptance testing and comprehensive transmitting/receiving testing of mobile devices have increased. Furthermore, there is a movement toward standardization also with respect to fifth generation (5G) mobile system, the next-generation communications system, and a wide range of industries are pursuing development of new service applications that utilize IoT (Internet of Things).

As just described, although business environment surrounding the Anritsu group is under medium, long-term growth trend, in the current mobile-related market, while continued growth is expected in some emerging markets, growth of the overall market has slowed down as the commoditization of smartphones progressed. As a result, earnings of customers varied, which resulted in developments such as restructurings announced and carried out by some major chip and device vendors, and difference in investment appetite were observed.

Amid such business environment, the Anritsu Group worked to build up a platform for business expansion by carrying out strategic investments mainly in the areas of development of new products and enhancing competitiveness in the offering of solutions.

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, there was growth in orders/sales in the Products Quality Assurance business primarily in the Japanese convenience store market. However, in the Test and Measurement business, while demand relating to the development and manufacture of optical modules in the field of core and metro networks that respond to an increase in data traffic remained strong, there was a contraction in the smartphone manufacturing market in Asia and accompanying restraints on investments by major players and a decline in demand for base station construction in the North American market. Consequently, revenue and profit in the Test and Measurement business decreased compared with the previous fiscal year. As a result, orders decreased 6.4 percent compared with the previous fiscal year to 5,434 million yen, profit decreased 52.2 percent compared with the previous fiscal year to 5,434 million yen. Profit decreased 52.2 percent compared with the previous fiscal year to 3,767 million yen, profit attributable to owners of parent decreased 52.1 percent compared with the previous fiscal year to 3,760 million yen.

#### 2) Overview by Segment

#### 1. Test and Measurement

	Fiscal	(Millions of yen)		
	2014	2015	Change	
Revenue	73,443	67,729	-5,713 -7.8%	
Operating profit (loss)	8,943	4,706	-4,237 -47.4%	

This segment develops, manufactures and sells measuring instruments and systems for a variety of communications applications, and service assurance, to telecom operators, manufacturers of related equipment, and maintenance and installation companies around the world.

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, while demand for measuring instruments for optical/digital device was strong in Asia, in the mobile market, withdrawal from business and restrained investment by customers continued. Meanwhile, communications carriers in North America have restraint capital investment, including construction of LTE network, thereby revenue in the Test and Measurement business decreased compared with the previous fiscal year. In order to deal with these circumstances, the Anritsu Group implemented measures to streamline the corporate organizations and the restructuring expenses were recorded in overseas subsidiaries.

Consequently, segment revenue decreased 7.8 percent compared with the previous fiscal year to 67,729 million yen and operating profit decreased 47.4 percent to 4,706 million yen.

#### 2. Products Quality Assurance

	Fiscal	(Millions of yen)		
	<b>2014 2015</b> Cha			
Revenue	16,198	18,891	+2,693 +16.6%	
Operating profit (loss)	824	1,194	+370 +45.0%	

This segment develops, manufactures and sells production management and quality management systems, including precision, high-speed auto checkweighers, automatic combination weighers and metal detectors, for the food, pharmaceutical and cosmetics industries.

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, the business continued strong growth both in Japan and the overseas market. Especially in Japan, we captured renewal demand for facilities with new products mainly in the convenience store market, thereby increasing sales. Also the Anritsu Group engaged in research and development and sales promotion for enhancing the global competitiveness.

As a result, segment revenue increased 16.6 percent compared with the previous fiscal year to 18,891 million yen and operating profit increased 45.0 percent to 1,194 million yen.

#### 3. Others

	Fiscal	(Millions of yen)		
	2014	2015	Change	
Revenue	9,198	8,910	-287 -3.1%	
Operating profit (loss)	1,963	575	-1,388 -70.7%	

This segment comprises Information and Communications, Devices, Logistics, Welfare services, Real estate leasing and other businesses.

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, segment revenue decreased 3.1 percent compared with the previous fiscal year to 8,910 million yen, and operating profit decreased 70.7 percent to 575 million yen. Operating profit decreased compared with the previous fiscal year mainly because a reversal of impairment losses was recognized in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2015.

#### 3) Analysis of Operating Results

#### 1. Test and Measurement

The Test and Measurement business, which accounts for 71 percent of the Anritsu Group's revenue, is divided into the following 3 sub-segments.

#### 1) Mobile

The Mobile sub-segment includes measuring instruments for mobile phone acceptance testing by mobile phone service operators, and for design, production, function and performance verification, and maintenance of mobile phone handsets by manufacturers of mobile phones including smartphones, IC chipsets and relevant components.

Demand in this sub-segment tends to be influenced by factors including the technological innovations in mobile phone services, market penetration, number of new subscribers as well as new entries in and withdrawals from the market by mobile phone and chipset manufacturers, and the number of models and shipments of mobile phones and chipsets.

Currently a variety of mobile broadband services offered through mobile phones that support LTE are available around the world. Leading telecom operators, and mobile phones and chipset manufacturers are pursuing research and development of LTE-Advanced, the most advanced communications system, with the aim of providing more sophisticated and high-quality services. Moreover, mobile communications technology is also used for in-vehicle telecom handsets, and research and development for new services is progressing. Driven by these efforts, there is ongoing demand for leading-edge measuring solutions related to measuring systems that perform conformance testing and interoperability testing. In addition, demand for test and measurement is emerging in basic research and development of 5G.

Meanwhile, smartphones which have rapidly come into widespread use are showing a slowdown in market growth as demand in China has run its course and the commoditization of smartphones progressed. Against the backdrop of such market changes, there is demand for more efficient measuring instruments for device manufacturing.

Anritsu will continue to develop and launch competitive leading-edge measuring solutions, as well as accurately conduct development portfolio management, to strengthen the revenue base.

#### 2) Network Infrastructure

The Network Infrastructure sub-segment includes network construction maintenance, monitoring and service quality assurance solutions for wireline and wireless service providers, and solutions for communication equipment manufacturer in areas including design, production and testing.

In this sub-segment, with the popularity of broadband networks, service offerings including not only music and video distribution but also cloud computing services are increasing. Accompanying this growth, data traffic continues to expand rapidly, and advanced telecom operators and equipment manufacturers pursuing higher-speed networks are commercializing 100Gbps services and concentrating on research and development of 400Gbps network equipment. Moreover, efficiently dense base station networks are being promoted by integrating and using wireline and wireless network technology in order to improve connectivity from mobile phones. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, although decreasing trend of demand for base station construction in the North American market was observed, along with the change of market trend, demand is growing for measuring solutions that optimize wireline and wireless technology depending on the intended use. Furthermore, mainly owing to the increase in data centers supporting cloud services, the market for high-speed data communication equipment is expanding. Along with this, research and development and manufacturing market of high-speed optical communications modules are active, creating additional demand for related measuring solutions.

Anritsu is working to expand business by providing comprehensive solutions from constructing and monitoring communications infrastructure to ensuring service quality in addition to research and development solutions for telecommunications equipment.

#### 3) Electronics

The Electronics sub-segment includes measuring instruments widely used in the electronics industry, particularly for design, production and evaluation of electronic devices used in telecommunications network-related communications equipment and other electronic equipment.

Demand in this sub-segment tends to be impacted by the scale of production of electronic components and products used in telecommunications equipment, intelligent home appliances and automobiles.

Expansion of mobile broadband services and the use of the IoT (Internet of Things), such as smart meters, are driving growth in demand for measuring solutions for development and manufacturing of wireless modules for a broad array of applications. Furthermore, various wireless systems have been digitalized for effective use of frequency resources. Demand for measuring solutions for manufacturing and maintenance of new systems is also steadily growing. Anritsu will work to further expand the business in this sub-segment by offering a wider range of solutions for the electronics market.

#### 2. Products Quality Assurance

The Products Quality Assurance business accounts for 20 percent of Anritsu Group's revenue. Since more than 80 percent of segment revenue is made of food manufacturers, this segment is substantially influenced by the impact of economic growth rate and changes in consumer spending which would affect results on food manufacturers' business.

Core products include highly precise checkweighers for high-speed food processing lines, as well as X-ray and other inspection systems that detect and remove metal fragments, stones and other alien materials in the food processing process with high precision. We captured renewal demand for facilities with new products mainly in the Japanese convenience store market, thereby increasing sales. In addition, continuous investment aimed at expanding global market share resulted in a 15 percent increase in segment overseas revenue compared with the previous fiscal year mainly due to the contribution of the expansion of the customer base in North America.

Demand for quality control inspection solutions is expected to remain firm in every region of the world, as interest among food manufacturers remains high. To meet this demand, Anritsu will develop and deliver new products and quality assurance solutions, and will optimize its supply chain including overseas production in order to expand the business and increase profitability.

From the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, this segment has changed its name from the former "Industrial Automation" to "Products Quality Assurance".

#### 4) Outlook for the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2017

During the fiscal year ending March 31, 2017, the global economy is expected to recover in the U.S. However, growing uncertainties over trends in the Chinese economy, rising geopolitical risks mainly in the Middle East, and market turbulence due to negative interest rate policies in Japan and Europe have made the future unpredictable. In addition, there is a need for constant and appropriate responses to technological innovations, changes in the market environment and competitive relationships, and trends in the financial situation.

In this market environment, the Anritsu Group will undertake the following measures.

In the core Test and Measurement business, the Anritsu Group will strive to achieve the full-year forecast by expanding sales in the network infrastructure market and actively investing in the next-generation IoT/5G business while strengthening the revenue base of the mobile market. In the mobile market, the Anritsu Group will continue to provide solutions for LTE-Advanced (CA: Carrier Aggregation, MIMO: Multiple-Input and Multiple-Output, etc.) and strengthen the development of emerging markets in an effort to secure revenue. In the network infrastructure market, in order to acquire the network reshaping market which is expanding due to the explosive increase in demand for mobile data traffic and data centers as a result of expansion of service, we will reinforce competitiveness. We will continue to actively make investments for the purpose of seizing business opportunities in the IoT/5G market which is expected to grow over the medium- to long-term.

The Products Quality Assurance business will maintain a stable revenue base in the Japanese market as a market leader and strive to expand market share in the growing overseas markets. In order to reinforce competitiveness in the overseas markets, we will enhance and expand the global supply chain system.

The performance forecast for the year ending March 31, 2017 is shown as below.

The Anritsu Group is planning on growth in revenue. In the Test and Measurement business, revenue are expected to remain the same level with the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016. In the Products Quality Assurance business, revenue are expected to increase in both Japanese and overseas markets. The outlook for operating profit and profit shows increases from the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016.

### BUSINESS FORECAST FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING MARCH 31, 2017 (IFRS)

	(Millions of yen)
	FY2016
Revenue	97,000
Operating profit	7,200
Profit before tax	7,100
Profit	5,300
Profit attributable to owners of parent	5,300

Assumed annual exchange rate; 1US\$=110Yen

#### (For Reference)

#### **REVENUE BY SEGMENT**

					(Millions	
	FY2014	FY201	5	FY2016 (Forecast)		
	From Apr.1, 2014 To Mar.31, 2015	From Apr.1, 2015 To Mar.31, 2016		From Apr.1, 2016 To Mar.31, 2017		
Revenue	98,839	95,532	-3.3	97,000	+1.5	
By Segment						
Test and Measurement	73,443	67,729	-7.8	68,000	+0.4	
PQA	16,198	18,891	+16.6	20,000	+5.9	
Others	9,198	8,910	-3.1	9,000	+1.0	
By Market						
Japan	27,116	28,565	+5.3	29,500	+3.3	
Overseas	71,723	66,966	-6.6	67,500	+0.8	
Americas	24,367	23,246	-4.6	22,500	-3.2	
EMEA	15,885	13,537	-14.8	13,000	-4.0	
Asia and Others	31,470	30,182	-4.1	32,000	+6.0	

(Notes)

PQÁ: Products Quality Assurance

EMEA: Europe, Middle East and Africa

#### (Note)

Statements made in these materials with respect to Anritsu's current plans, strategies and beliefs that are not historical fact are forward-looking statements of future business results or other forward-looking projections pertinent to the business of Anritsu. These descriptions are based on assumptions and judgments made by Anritsu's management from information currently available, and include certain risks and uncertain factors. Actual business results are the outcome of a number of unknown variables, and may substantially differ from the figures projected herein. Furthermore, Anritsu disclaims any obligation, unless required by law, to update or revise any forward-looking statements as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Factors which may affect the actual business results include but are not limited to the economic situation in the geographic areas where Anritsu conducts business, including but not limited to Japan, Americas, Europe, and Asia, pressure on prices due to trends in demand for Anritsu's products and services or to increased competition, Anritsu's ability to continue supplying products and services that are accepted by customers in a highly competitive market environment, and currency exchange rates.

# (2) Analysis of Financial Position

# 1) Assets, Liabilities and Equity

	Ended M	(Millions of yen)	
	2015	2016	Change
Assets	126,893	124,624	-2,268
Liabilities	48,227	48,761	+534
Equity	78,665	75,862	-2,802
Interest-bearing debt	16,065	22,024	+5,959

#### (Excluding lease payable)

Assets, liabilities and equity as of March 31, 2016 were as follows.

#### 1. Assets

Total assets decreased 2,268 million yen compared with the end of the previous fiscal year to 124,624 million yen. While trade and other receivables decreased, cash and cash equivalents increased.

#### 2. Liabilities

Total liabilities increased 534 million yen compared with the end of the previous fiscal year to 48,761 million yen. This was mainly due to increase of bonds and borrowings and employee benefits in non-current liabilities, while decrease of bonds and borrowings and trade and other payables in current liabilities.

#### 3. Equity

Equity decreased 2,802 million yen compared with the end of the previous fiscal year to 75,862 million yen. This was mainly due to decrease of retained earnings and other components of equity.

As a result, the equity attributable to owners of parent to total assets ratio was 60.8 percent, compared with 62.0 percent at the end of the previous fiscal year.

	Fiscal Year		(Millions of yen)	
	2014	2015	Change	
Cash flows from operating activities	7,582	10,195	+2,613	
Cash flows from investing activities	(6,049)	(9,042)	-2,993	
Cash flows from financing activities	(11,234)	2,450	+13,685	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	34,916	37,391	+2,475	
(Reference) Free cash flow	1,533	1,153	-380	

### 2) Summarized Cash Flows

In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, cash and cash equivalents (hereafter, "net cash") increased 2,475 million yen from the end of the previous fiscal year to 37,391 million yen.

Free cash flow, the sum of cash flows from operating activities and cash flows from investing activities, was positive 1,153 million yen (compared with positive 1,533 million yen in the previous fiscal year).

Conditions and factors for each category of cash flow for the fiscal year are as follows.

#### 1. Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was 10,195 million yen (in the previous fiscal year, operating activities provided net cash of 7,582 million yen). The main factor was increase in recording profit before tax and decrease of trade and other receivables while decrease in payment of income taxes.

Depreciation and amortization was 3,969 million yen, an increase of 598 million yen compared with the previous fiscal year.

### 2. Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was 9,042 million yen (in the previous fiscal year, investing activities used net cash of 6,049 million yen). This was primarily due to acquisition of property, plant and equipment including construction of the Global Headquarters Building.

#### 3. Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities was 2,450 million yen (in the previous fiscal year, financing activities used net cash of 11,234 million yen). The cash increase was mainly due to proceeds from issuing bonds of 8,000 million yen and proceeds from long-term borrowings of 3,000 million yen. On the other hand, the cash decrease was mainly due to repayment of long-term borrowings of 5,000 million yen and payment of cash dividends totaling 3,296 million yen (in the same period of the previous fiscal year, cash dividends was 3,152 million yen).

#### 3) Analysis of Financial Position

The Anritsu Group's funding requirements are mainly for working capital to purchase materials and cover expenses incurred in the manufacturing, sales and marketing of products; for capital investments; and for research and development expenses. In addition, during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, funds were required for the construction of the Global Headquarters Building. The Group secures sufficient funding to cover these requirements from retained earnings, bank borrowings, and capital market funding. To ensure stability in funding, the Anritsu Group arranged for a commitment line of 10 billion yen in March 2014, which is effective through March 2017. Looking forward, while preparing for unforeseen financial risks, both domestic and overseas, in a dramatically changing market environment, the Anritsu Group will swiftly and flexibly meet its capital requirements for working capital, regular repayment of long-term borrowings and business growth.

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, as a result of issuing bonds and bank loan repayment, as of March 31, 2016, the balance of interest-bearing debt (excluding lease payable) was 22.0 billion yen (compared with 16.0 billion yen at the end of the previous fiscal year) and the debt-to-equity ratio was 0.29 (compared with 0.20 at the end of the previous fiscal year). And the net debt-to-equity ratio was negative 0.20 (compared with negative 0.24 at the end of the previous fiscal year). In addition, the average turnover ratio on the end-of-period balance of inventories to revenue was 5.1 times.

The Company will utilize increased cash flow generated by improvements in ACE (achievement of net operating profit after tax less an adjustment for the cost of capital) and CCC as well as enhanced capital efficiency resulting from measures including an internal group cash management system to make further reductions in interest-bearing debt, improve the debt-to-equity ratio, enhancing shareholders' equity and fortify its financial structure.

At the end of March 2016, Rating and Investment Information, Inc. (R&I) has rated Anritsu's short-term debt a-1, and its long-term debt A-. Anritsu will continue working to enhance its financial stability in order to improve its debt rating.

#### (Note)

ACE (Anritsu Capital-cost Evaluation): Net operating profit after tax – Cost of capital Debt-to-equity ratio: Interest-bearing debt / Equity attributable to owners of parent Net debt-to-equity ratio: (Interest-bearing debt- Cash and cash equivalent) / Equity attributable to owners of parent CCC: Cash Conversion Cycle

#### 4) Cash Flow Outlook for the Year Ending March 31, 2017

#### 1. Cash Flows from Operating Activities

The Anritsu Group expects cash flows from operating activities to be positive, mainly due to reporting of profit before tax. The Anritsu Group will aim to improve its cash conversion cycle to make more effective use of operating assets such as trade receivables and inventories.

#### 2. Cash Flows from Investing Activities

The Anritsu Group expects cash flows from investing activities to be negative due to capital expenditure.

Capital expenditures will include regular investments to strengthen the foundation of its product development environment, as well as strategic investments in global information system.

#### 3. Cash Flows from Financing Activities

The Anritsu Group expects cash flows from financing activities to be negative, mainly due to payment of dividends.

	Year Ended March 31, 2014	Year Ended March 31, 2015	Year Ended March 31, 2016
Equity attributable to owners of parent / Total assets (%)	58.9	62.0	60.8
Market capitalization / Total assets (%)	133.6	90.9	68.2
Interest bearing debt / Operating cash flows (years)	1.4	2.1	2.2
Operating cash flows / Interest expense (times)	54.2	41.7	52.0

#### 5) Indicator Trend of Consolidated Cash Flows

(Notes)

1. All indicators are calculated on a consolidated basis.

2. *Market capitalization* is calculated by multiplying the total number of shares outstanding at the end of the period (excluding treasury stock) by the closing share price at the end of the period.

3. Operating cash flows and Interest expense are as reported in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

# (3) Profit Distribution Policy and Dividends for the Years Ended/Ending March 31, 2016 and March 31, 2017

The Company's basic policy for returning profits to its shareholders is to distribute profits in accordance with its consolidated performance and by taking into account the total return ratio.

With regard to dividends, while taking the basic approach of raising dividends on equity (DOE) in accordance with the increase in consolidated profits for the fiscal year, the Company aims at a consolidated dividend payout ratio of 30 percent or more. The Company's basic policy is to make distributions of dividends, twice a year, consisting of a fiscal year-end dividend and an interim dividend by resolution of the General Meeting of Shareholders and by approval of the Board of Directors.

The Company intends to carry out the purchase of treasury stock appropriately as necessary, by taking into account its financial situation, the trends in stock prices and other factors, in an effort to execute capital policies that respond flexibly to changes in the corporate environment.

The Company's basic policy is to apply retained earnings to research and development and capital investment in order to respond to rapid technological advances and changes in the market structure.

Anritsu plans to pay a year-end dividend of 12.0 yen per share as initially scheduled, and total dividends for the fiscal year will be 24.0 yen per share for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016.

For the fiscal year ending March 31, 2017, Anritsu plans to pay cash dividends of 15.0 yen per share (including an interim dividend of 7.5 yen per share), assuming achievement of the business forecast on page 6.

#### (4) Risk Information

#### 1) Inherent Risks in the Anritsu Group's Technology and Marketing Strategies

The Anritsu Group works to deploy its well-developed technological capabilities to promptly provide cuttingedge products and services that offer value to customers. However, the rapid pace of technological innovation in the Anritsu Group's core information and communication markets and the Anritsu Group's ability to deliver products and services in a timely manner to meet the needs and wants of customers are factors that have the potential to exert a material impact on the Anritsu Group's financial condition and operating results.

#### 2) Market Fluctuation Risk

External factors including changes in the economy or market conditions and technological innovation affect the profitability of product lines the Group develops and have the potential to exert a significant material impact on the Anritsu Group's financial condition and operating results.

Because a high percentage of Test and Measurement segment revenue is in the telecommunications market, capital investment trends among telecom operators, telecommunications equipment manufacturers and electronic component manufacturers have the potential to exert a material effect on business results. Telecom operators are progressively adopting technologies to handle rapid increases in data traffic even as they curtail capital investment. However, they are also increasingly adopting shared open network use in order to increase service development efficiency. Moreover, business results for the mobile communications measuring instrument field, the cornerstone of earnings for the Anritsu Group, are affected by changes in technological innovation in mobile phone services, the number of subscribers and the replacement ratio for mobile phones. Business results are also affected by factors such as changes in development methods as seen in the shift to mobile phone software platforms and response to intensifying price competition in measuring instruments used in handset production.

In the Products Quality Assurance business, sales to food manufacturers constitute more than 80 percent of revenue. Economic growth rates, consumer spending and raw material price trends have the potential to impact performance, capital investment and other issues among food manufacturers and materially influence its performance.

#### 3) Global Business Development Risk

The Anritsu Group markets its products globally, and conducts business in the Americas, Europe, Asia and elsewhere. In particular, the overseas sales ratio including both the Test and Measurement business and the Products Quality Assurance business is 70 percent, and many customers likewise operate on a global scale. As a result, economic trends in countries worldwide, changes in international conditions, compliance with required laws and regulations and progress in the Anritsu Group's global strategy have a potential to exert a material impact on the Group's financial position and results of operations. In addition, global-scale mergers, acquisitions and realignment in the telecommunications industry are changing the competitive landscape. Significant changes in capital investment trends that result have the potential to exert a material impact on the Anritsu Group's financial condition and operating results.

#### 4) Foreign Exchange Risk

The Anritsu Group's sales outside Japan account for 70 percent of consolidated revenue. The Anritsu Group hedges foreign exchange risk using instruments including forward foreign exchange contracts for foreign exchange transactions that occur upon collection of accounts receivable and other events. However, rapid changes in foreign exchange rates have the potential to exert a material impact on the Anritsu Group's financial condition and operating results.

#### 5) Long-term Inventory Obsolescence Risk

The Anritsu Group works to provide products and services that precisely meet customer needs and wants. However, particularly in the test and measuring instruments market, product lines are subject to rapid change in technology, which can easily result in obsolescence of products and parts, and cause inventory held for long periods to lose its value. These factors have the potential to exert a material impact on the Anritsu Group's financial condition and operating results.

#### 6) Risk Related to Deferred Tax Assets

The Anritsu Group applies deferred tax accounting and recognizes deferred tax assets. Calculation of deferred tax assets is based on projections that include estimates of future taxable profit, and the actual benefit may differ from the projection. If the tax benefits based on the estimate of future taxable profit are judged to be unavailable, these deferred tax assets are written down, which has the potential to exert a material impact on the Anritsu Group's financial condition and operating results.

#### 7) Risk related to Defined-Benefit Pension Plan

The amounts of retirement benefit payments and obligations incurred in connection with employee definedbenefit pension plans of the parent company and certain of its subsidiaries are calculated based on assumptions, including discount rates, made for actuarial calculations. If the discount rates and other assumptions, which were made for the actuarial calculations of the expected amount of obligations under these defined-benefit pension plans undergo change, this has the potential to exert a material impact on the Anritsu Group's financial condition and operating results.

#### 8) Impact of Revisions, Etc., in Accounting Standards

The Anritsu Group voluntarily adopted its financial statements in conformity with IFRS. However, if, in the future, new accounting principles, tax laws, etc., are applied and/or changes are made in such regulations, this has the potential to exert a material impact on the Anritsu Group's financial condition and operating results.

#### 9) Risk of Natural Disasters and Other Unexpected Events

The Anritsu Group operates production and sales activities globally. Consequently, the occurrence of major earthquakes or other natural disaster, fire, war, acts of terrorism or violence could exert a material impact on the Anritsu group's financial condition and operating results by disrupting the business activities of the Anritsu Group or its suppliers and customers due to damage to key facilities, or by causing political or economic instability.

# 2. Management Policies

# (1) Basic Policy

The Company Philosophy of Anritsu Corporation is to contribute to creating an affluent safe and secure global society by providing "Original & High Level" products and services with sincerity, harmony and enthusiasm. Based on the Company Vision "Achieve continuous growth with sustainable superior profits through innovation using all knowledge of all parties", the Anritsu's Company Policy is 1) to make energetic organization synthesizing the knowledge of all employees, 2) to capture growth drivers through innovation, 3) to be a leader in the global market and 4) to contribute to the creation of a society that is friendly to people and the Earth as a good corporate citizen.

The Anritsu Group has built a solid base of customer trust with its portfolio of communications, test and measurement and inspection technologies that it has built up for 120 years since its founding. These core technologies support the Group's current businesses, including Test and Measurement, Products Quality Assurance, and other businesses, and are a source of its corporate value. Strong relationships with suppliers and good labor-management relationships based on trust are also key management resources and further sources of corporate value.

The Anritsu Group conveys its brand statement, "envision: ensure," for an "advanced and trustworthy corporate brand," which can be said to be testimony of the company's 120 years, as we work on a strategy to make our brand more global. Embedded in the statement "envision:ensure." is the intention, "We will share dreams with customers, create a vision together, and develop this vision into tangible solutions that exceed our customers' expectations through innovation." The Anritsu Group will continue working to raise corporate value by making the most of these management resources while contributing to the realization of an affluent, safe and secure global society.

# (2) Management Targets

Anritsu aims to maximize corporate value by managing its operations with a focus on cash flow. In addition, to evaluate the added value generated by capital invested, Anritsu uses an original metric, ACE (Anritsu Capital-cost Evaluation), for evaluating the results of each business. A target for ROE is also set as an indicator of the efficiency of capital invested.

To attain its management vision of "continuous growth with sustainable superior profits," the Anritsu Group had prepared its ANRITSU 2020 VISION, which has a time horizon of 10 years (that began in 2010) and announced a medium-term milestone plan entitled Mid-term Business Plan GLP2017 (a three-year plan that ends in fiscal 2017) on April 27, 2015, which is based on ANRITSU 2020 VISION. However, with structural changes in the smartphone market as a backdrop, the operating environment has substantially changed from the time of formulation of GLP2017. Although we set a consolidated revenue target of 120.0 billion yen for FY2017, the management targets for FY2017 aim at revenue growth rate of 7% or higher based on FY2015 results and the FY2016 plan, and set a target for profit by operating margin.

Each business will strive to continue strengthening the profit structure going forward to achieve the initially planned operating margin target as soon as possible.

	Year Ended March 31, 2016 (Actual)	Year Ending March 31, 2017 (Forecast)	Year Ending March 31, 2018 (Revised Management Target)	Year Ending March 31, 2018 (Original Target)
Revenue (Billions of yen)	95.5	97.0	See the above	120.0
Operating Profit (Billions of yen)	5.8	7.2		17.0
Profit (Billions of yen)	3.7	5.3		13.0
ACE (Billions of yen)	-0.5	0.5		8.0
ROE	5%	7%	10%	14%
Operating margin (Consolidated)	6%	7%	≧10%	14%
Operating margin (T&M)	7%	8%	≧12%	15%

ACE : Net operating profit after tax - Cost of capital

#### (3) Medium- and Long-Term Management Strategy and Issues to be Dealt With

The core Test and Measurement business of the Anritsu Group's businesses involve information and communication technology (ICT) services. In the ICT field, global mobile broadband services and the creation of new social value by IoT are driving growth and innovation of communication system which aims to enhance user experience in the medium- to long-term will be platform for the growth driver. In order to enable this innovation, continuous development of mobile telecommunication technology from LTE and LTE-Advanced which support broadband, and beyond to 5G will be promoted, as well as the network reshaping through measures, as represented by increased density of the base station network, which is indispensable for enhancing connectivity. From basic social infrastructure to the creation of new value through IoT, safe and secure networks that are easy to connect to anytime and anywhere are vital to a sustainable society. As an advanced measurement company covering both wireline and wireless telecommunication areas, Anritsu provides network solutions for its customers and for society.

The growth driver for the Products Quality Assurance business is "increasing safety, security, and health." As a long-term goal, with the food product and pharmaceutical-related markets as our focus, the Anritsu Group will aim to expand its business by raising the overseas revenue ratio to 50 percent. The Anritsu Group will work to enhance overseas resources to accelerate business development mainly in North American and Asian markets.

Steady implementation of these strategies requires appropriately managing and reducing risks and transforming them from impediments into a source of competitive advantage. For this reason, Anritsu will improve the risk management system through further strengthening of established ties among the Group companies in Japan and overseas via upgrades to the internal control system. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, Anritsu transmitted to a "Company with an Audit Committee," to reinforce the audit and supervisory functions of the Board of Directors and established "Anritsu Corporation Basic Policy on Corporate Governance" with the aim to realize better corporate governance in the Anritsu Group. The Anritsu Group will continue working to conduct business management with greater transparency from a global perspective.

The Anritsu Group believes that contribution to solving social issues through honest business practices enhance corporate value, and will continue to actively conduct corporate social responsibility (CSR) activities. Anritsu considers contributing to the realization of a safe, secure, and comfortable society through its products and services to be its primary CSR activity, and will fulfill its role required as an entity in all areas including compliance, customer satisfaction, supply chain management, environmental protection, respect of diversity (great success of female and foreign-registered employees), human rights and occupational health and safety.

Through the activities mentioned above, Anritsu will seek to achieve the goals "to be a global market leader" and "to create new businesses by emerging business" set out in "2020 VISION," which expresses what Anritsu hopes to achieve by 2020, as well as continue to enhance corporate value.

# 3. Basic Policy regarding Adoption of Accounting Standards

The Anritsu Group has voluntarily applied the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) from the fiscal year ended March 31, 2013.

The Anritsu Group is involved in global business development, as approximately 70 percent of its consolidated revenues are generated outside of Japan and it has research and development bases in Japan, the U.S. and Europe. In light of these circumstances, the Anritsu Group has voluntarily applied the IFRS in an effort to reinforce its management base through improvement of its internal decision-making process, while at the same time diversifying its means of financing by enhancing the comparability of its financial information on a global basis.

# 4. Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
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Assets				Liabilities and Eq		lions of yen;	round down)
	End of FY2014 as of 3.31.15 (A)	End of FY2015 as of 3.31.16 (B)	(B) - (A)		End of FY2014 as of 3.31.15 (A)	End of FY2015 as of 3.31.16 (B)	(B) - (A)
Assets	126,893	124,624	( <u>2,268</u> )	Liabilities	48,227	48,761	534
Current assets	84,126	80,541	(3,585)	Current liabilities	34,516	21,550	(12,966)
Cash and cash equivalents	34,916	37,391	2,475	Trade and other payables	11,536	7,133	(4,402)
Trade and other receivables	24,811	19,738	(5,072)	Bonds and borrowings	6,585	1,590	(4,995)
Other financial assets	1,276	1,163	(112)	Other financial liabilities	82	60	(21)
Inventories	19,191	18,376	(814)	Income tax payables	1,785	1,230	(555)
Income tax receivables	205	171	(34)	Employee benefits	6,458	5,606	(851)
Other assets	3,725	3,699	(26)	Provisions	320	254	(65)
				Other liabilities	7,749	5,674	(2,074)
Non-current assets	42,766	44,082	1,316				
Property, plant and equipment	26,877	27,738	860	Non-current liabilities	13,710	27,211	13,500
Goodwill and intangible assets	2,558	3,209	650	Trade and other payables	378	359	(18)
Investment property	1,997	1,830	(166)	Bonds and borrowings	9,479	20,434	10,955
Trade and other receivables	393	339	(54)	Other financial liabilities	107	81	(25)
Other financial assets	2,183	2,395	212	Employee benefits	1,416	4,290	2,873
Investments accounted for using equity method	87	-	(87)	Provisions	127	108	(18)
Deferred tax assets	8,651	8,545	(105)	Deferred tax liabilities	362	302	(59)
Other assets	17	24	6	Other liabilities	1,839	1,633	(205)
				Equity	78,665	75,862	( <u>2,802</u> )
				Total equity attributable to owners of parent	78,639	75,811	(2,827)
				Common stock	19,052	19,052	-
				Additional paid-in capital	28,217	28,220	3
				Retained earnings	24,565	23,193	(1,372)
				Treasury stock	(869)	(1,040)	(171)
				Other components of equity	7,673	6,385	(1,287)
				Non-controlling interests	26	51	24
TOTAL	126,893	124,624	(2,268)	TOTAL	126,893	124,624	(2,268)

# (2) Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

	FY2014 From April 1, 1		FY2015 From April 1, 1		Millions of yen; rou Change	
	to March 31, 20	015 (A)	to March 31, 20	016 (B)	-	
	Amount	%	Amount	%	(B) - (A)	%
Revenue	98,839	100.0	95,532	100.0	(3,307)	-3.3
Cost of sales	46,147	46.7	46,557	48.7	409	0.9
Gross profit	52,692	53.3	48,974	51.3	(3,717)	-7.1
Other revenue and expenses						
Selling, general and administrative expenses	29,605	30.0	29,621	31.0	15	0.1
Research and development expense	12,940	13.1	12,820	13.4	(119)	-0.9
Other income	1,016	1.0	241	0.3	(774)	-76.2
Other expenses	279	0.3	876	0.9	597	213.5
Operating profit (loss)	10,882	11.0	5,897	6.2	(4,985)	-45.8
Finance income	1,260	1.3	240	0.3	(1,019)	-80.9
Finance expenses	634	0.6	616	0.6	(18)	-2.9
Share of profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	83	0.1	(87)	-0.1	(170)	-
Profit (loss) before tax	11,591	11.7	5,434	5.7	(6,156)	-53.1
Income tax expense	3,716	3.8	1,667	1.7	(2,049)	-55.1
Profit (loss)	7,874	8.0	3,767	3.9	(4,106)	-52.2
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss						
Change of financial assets measured at fair value	(7)		251		259	
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	1,338		(1,556)		(2,895)	
Total	1,330		(1,305)		(2,636)	
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss						
Exchange differences on translation	2,692		(1,829)		(4,521)	
Total	2,692		(1,829)		(4,521)	
Total of other comprehensive income	4,023	4.1	(3,134)	-3.3	(7,157)	-
Comprehensive income	11,898	12.0	633	0.7	(11,264)	-94.7
Profit (loss), attributable to :						
Owners of parent	7,857		3,760		(4,097)	
Non-controlling interests	16		7		(9)	
Comprehensive income attributable to :						
Owners of parent	11,881		626		(11,254)	
Non-controlling interests	16		7		(9)	
Earnings per share						
Basic earnings per share (Yen)	55.72		27.38		(28.34)	
Diluted earnings per share (Yen)	55.72		27.38		(28.34)	

# (3) Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

#### FY2014 (From April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015)

F12014 (F1011 April 1, 2014 to March	101, 2010)					(Un	it: Millions of ye	n; round down)
	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Treasury stock	Other components of equity	Total equity attributable to owners of parent	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Balance at April 1, 2014	19,052	28,191	23,521	(868)	4,988	74,886	10	74,896
Profit (loss)	-	-	7,857	-	-	7,857	16	7,874
Other comprehensive income	-	-	1,338	-	2,684	4,023	-	4,023
Total comprehensive income	-	-	9,196	-	2,684	11,881	16	11,898
Share-based payments	-	25	-	-	-	25	-	25
Dividends paid	-	-	(3,152)	-	-	(3,152)	-	(3,152)
Purchase of treasury stock	-	-	-	(5,000)	-	(5,000)	-	(5,000)
Retirement of treasury stock	-	-	(4,999)	4,999	-	-	-	-
Dividends to non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	(0)	(0)
Total transactions with owners and other transactions	-	25	(8,152)	(0)	-	(8,128)	(0)	(8,128)
Balance at March 31, 2015	19,052	28,217	24,565	(869)	7,673	78,639	26	78,665

#### FY2015 (From April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016)

· · ·						(Un	it: Millions of ye	n; round down)
	Common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Treasury stock	Other components of equity	Total equity attributable to owners of parent	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Balance at April 1, 2015	19,052	28,217	24,565	(869)	7,673	78,639	26	78,665
Profit (loss)	-	-	3,760	-	-	3,760	7	3,767
Other comprehensive income	-	-	(1,556)	-	(1,577)	(3,134)	-	(3,134)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	2,203	-	(1,577)	626	7	633
Share-based payments	-	3	11	28	-	43	-	43
Dividends paid	-	-	(3,296)	-	-	(3,296)	-	(3,296)
Purchase of treasury stock	-	-	-	(200)	-	(200)	-	(200)
Acquisition of subsidiary with non- controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	18
Dividends to non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	(0)	(0)
Transfer from other components of equity to retained earnings	-	-	(289)	-	289	-	-	-
Total transactions with owners and other transactions	-	3	(3,575)	(171)	289	(3,453)	17	(3,436)
Balance at March 31, 2016	19,052	28,220	23,193	(1,040)	6,385	75,811	51	75,862

# (4) Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

(Unit: Millions of yen; round down					
	FY2014 (12 months)	FY2015 (12 months)	Change		
	From April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015 (A)	From April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016 (B)	(B) - (A)		
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities					
Profit (Loss) before tax	11,591	5,434	(6,156)		
Depreciation and amortization expense	3,371	3,969	598		
Impairment loss	86	_	(86)		
Reversal of impairment loss	(573)	_	573		
Interest and dividends income	(206)	(218)	(11)		
Interest expenses	194	166	(27)		
Loss (Gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	78	31	(46)		
Decrease (Increase) in trade and other receivables	1,453	4,754	3,300		
Decrease (Increase) in inventories	(868)	255	1,124		
Increase (Decrease) in trade and other payables	(1,117)	(483)	634		
Increase (Decrease) in employee benefits	(283)	(104)	179		
Other, net	(1,875)	(1,874)	0		
Sub Total	11,849	11,932	82		
Interest received	130	120	(10)		
Dividends received	83	98	15		
Interest paid	(181)	(196)	(14)		
Income taxes paid	(4,460)	(1,780)	2,680		
Income taxes refund	161	21	(140)		
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities	7,582	10,195	2,613		
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities	(1 378)	(1.210)	67		
Payments into time deposits	(1,278)	(1,210)			
Proceeds from withdrawal of time deposits	1,312	1,203	(108)		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(5,012)	(7,665)	(2,653)		
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	23	10	(13)		
Purchase of other financial assets	(5)	(5)	(0)		
Proceeds from sale of other financial assets		137	137		
Proceeds from sale of investments accounted for using equity method	221	_	(221)		
Proceeds from government grants	116	(1 5 1 1)	(116)		
Other, net Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities	(1,427)	(1,511) (9,042)	(84)		
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities	(6,049)	(9,042)	(2,993)		
			-		
Net increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings	(354)	—	354		
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	2,500	3,000	500		
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(5,000)	(5,000)	_		
Proceeds from issuing bonds		8,000	8,000		
Purchase of treasury stock	(5,000)	(200)	4,800		
Dividends paid	(3,152)	(3,296)	(144)		
Other, net	(226)	(51)	174		
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities	(11,234)	2,450	13,685		
Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents	1,402	(1,128)	(2,530)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(8,299)	2,475	10,774		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	43,215	34,916	(8,299)		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	34,916	37,391	2,475		

# (5) Notes regarding Going Concern None

#### (6) Changes in Accounting Policies

The Anritsu Group adopted the following IFRSs from the year ended March 31, 2016.

IFRSs	Title	Summaries of new IFRSs / amendments
IFRS 3	Business Combinations	Clarification of the scope of exemption in respect of jointly controlled entities
IFRS 8	Operating Segments	Additional disclosure for explaining the nature and the aggregation criteria of operating segments with similar economic characteristics as well as the clarification of the requirement for providing reconciliation of total reporting segment assets to the entity's entire assets only if the disclosure of the segment asset is regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker
IFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement	Clarification of the scope of exception regarding the measurement of fair value of portfolio
IAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment	Clarification of the accounting treatment for the revaluation of property, plant and equipment measured by the revaluation model
IAS 19	Employee Benefits	Simplification of the accounting treatment for the contributions to defined benefit plans by employees or third parties, which are made to be independent of the number of years of service of the employees
IAS 24	Related Party Disclosures	Amendment to the definition of the related party to include the key management personnel of the reporting entity or its parent as well as additional disclosure of the amount of key management personnel compensation
IAS 38	Intangible Assets	Clarification of the accounting treatment for the revaluation of intangible assets measured by the revaluation model
IAS 40	Investment Property	Clarification of the mutual relationship between IFRS 3 and IAS 40, involving the classification of property into investment property and owner-occupied property

These standards have been applied in accordance with respective transitional provisions. There are no standards that are early adopted by the Group for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016.

With the adoption of these IFRSs, there is no material impact to the consolidated financial statements.

#### (7) Changes in Accounting Estimates

None

# (8) Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

### (Segment Information)

#### 1. Outline of reportable segment

The reportable segments of the Anritsu Group are business segments which are classified based on products and services. Each business segment operates its business activities with created comprehensive strategic business plans for domestic and overseas. The board of directors meeting periodically make decision of allocation of operating resources and evaluate business performance based on segment financial information.

The Anritsu group's reportable segments are composed of "Test and Measurement" and "PQA (Products Quality Assurance)". Effective from the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, the name of the reportable segment previously known as "Industrial Automation" has been changed to "PQA".

The segment name change has no impacts on the method for classification of the reportable segments.

Main Products and services by segments are as follows:

1. Test and Measurement	Measuring instruments for Digital communications and IP network, Optical communications equipment,
	Mobile communications equipment, RF / microwave and millimeter wave communications equipment / systems,
	Service assurance
2. PQA	Checkweighers, Automatic combination weighers, Inspection equipment,
	Comprehensive production management system

#### 2. Information regarding revenue, profit/loss, assets and others by reportable segment

Reportable segment information of the Anritsu Group is included below.

Accounting policies of reportable segment are same as the accounting policies for the Anritsu Group.

#### Year ended March 31, 2015 (From April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015)

		-			(Uı	nit : Millions of Ye	en ; round down)
	Re	portable segmer	nt	0.1		A	
	Test and Measurement	PQA	Subtotal	Others (Notes 1)	Total	Adjustment (Notes 3,4)	Consolidated
Revenue :							
Outside customers	73,443	16,198	89,641	9,198	98,839	-	98,839
Inter - segment (Notes 2)	147	5	152	4,168	4,321	(4,321)	-
Total	73,590	16,203	89,794	13,367	103,161	(4,321)	98,839
Cost of sales, Other revenue and expenses	(64,647)	(15,379)	(80,026)	(11,403)	(91,430)	3,473	(87,956)
Operating profit (loss)	8,943	824	9,767	1,963	11,731	(848)	10,882
Finance income	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,260
Finance costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	634
Share of profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	-	-	-	-	-	-	83
Profit (loss) before tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,591
Income tax expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,716
Profit (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,874
Assets	88,050	15,018	103,069	13,004	116,073	10,819	126,893
Capital expenditures	9,468	295	9,764	281	10,046	(6)	10,039
Depreciation and amortization	2,734	192	2,927	452	3,380	(8)	3,371
Impairment loss	17	-	17	68	86	-	86
Reversal of impairment loss	-	-	-	573	573	-	573

(Notes 1) : Others .....Information and Communications, Devices, Logistics, Welfare related service, Lease on real estate, Corporate administration, Parts manufacturing and others

(Notes 2) : Inter-segment revenue is measured based on market price.

(Notes 3) : Adjustment of operating profit (-848 million yen) includes elimination of inter-segment transactions (9 million yen) and company-wide expenses not allocated to business segments (-857 million yen). Company-wide expenses are mainly composed of basic research expense as well as selling, general and administrative expenses not attributable to business segments.

(Notes 4) : Adjustment of segment assets (10,819 million yen) includes excess investment capital not attributable to business segments (cash and cash equivalents), long-term investment capital (other financial assets (non-current assets)), and assets related to basic research.

#### Year ended March 31, 2016 (From April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016)

(Unit : Millions of Yen ; round down)

	R	eportable segme	nt	Others		A diverter ant	Consolidated
	Test and Measurement	PQA	Subtotal	Others (Notes 1)	Total	Adjustment (Notes 3,4)	
Revenue :							
Outside customers	67,729	18,891	86,621	8,910	95,532	-	95,532
Inter - segment (Notes 2)	72	3	76	4,454	4,530	(4,530)	-
Total	67,802	18,895	86,697	13,364	100,062	(4,530)	95,532
Cost of sales, Other revenue and expenses	(63,096)	(17,700)	(80,796)	(12,789)	(93,586)	3,951	(89,634)
Operating profit (loss)	4,706	1,194	5,900	575	6,476	(578)	5,897
Finance income	-	-	-	-	-	-	240
Finance costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	616
Share of profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	-	-	-	-	-	-	(87)
Profit (loss) before tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,434
Income tax expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,667
Profit (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,767
Assets	89,386	16,196	105,582	11,900	117,482	7,141	124,624
Capital expenditures	5,046	360	5,406	359	5,765	(14)	5,751
Depreciation and amortization	3,256	244	3,500	480	3,980	(10)	3,969

(Notes 1) : Others ......Information and Communications, Devices, Logistics, Welfare related service, Lease on real estate, Corporate administration, Parts manufacturing and others

(Notes 2) : Inter-segment revenue is measured based on market price.

(Notes 3) : Adjustment of operating profit (-578 million yen) includes elimination of inter-segment transactions (-8 million yen) and company-wide expenses not allocated to business segments (-570 million yen). Company-wide expenses are mainly composed of basic research expense as well as selling, general and administrative expenses not attributable to business segments.

(Notes 4) : Adjustment of segment assets (7,141 million yen) includes excess investment capital not attributable to business segments (cash and cash equivalents), long-term investment capital (other financial assets (non-current assets)), and assets related to basic research.

(Notes 5) : The segment information of the same period of the previous fiscal year is shown based on the revised reportable segment name.

#### (Reversal of Impairment Losses)

#### (1) Assets recognized reversal of impairment losses

The detailed information on reversal of impairment losses recognized is as below. Reversal of impairment losses has been included in "Other income".

		(Unit : Millions of yen)
	FY2014	FY2015
	From April 1, 2014	From April 1, 2015
	to March 31, 2015	to March 31, 2016
Buildings and structures	573	-
Property, plant and equipment	573	-
Total of reversal of impairment losses	573	-

(Note) For reversal of impairment losses by segment, please refer to (Segment information).

(2) Main item of reversal of impairment losses

FY2014 (From April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015)

Impairment losses on buildings and structures, which had been initially decided to be closed, were reversed as a result of a decision for the continued use of them in the head office site due to the partial re-examination of the plan for utilizing them. Consequently, a reversal of the impairment loss of 573 million yen has been recognized.

Note that the recoverable amount is measured based on value in use, and the value in use is estimated using the discount rate 12.9% which is based on weighted average cost of capital of other companies within the same industry.

FY2015 (From April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016)

The description is not disclosed as there are no items.

### (Related Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity)

(1) Number of issued shares and treasury stock

	Balance at March 31, 2015	Balance at March 31, 2016
The classification of shares	Ordinary shares with no par-	Ordinary shares with no par-
The classification of shares	value	value
Number of authorized shares	400,000,000	400,000,000
Number of issued shares		
Balance at beginning of fiscal year	143,956,194	138,115,294
Decrease in retirement of treasury stock	(5,840,900)	-
Balance at end of fiscal year	138,115,294	138,115,294
Treasury stock		
Balance at beginning of fiscal year	643,246	643,983
Increase in purchase of treasury stock	5,841,637	227,226
Decrease in distribution of treasury stock	-	(32,600)
Decrease in retirement of treasury stock	(5,840,900)	-
Balance at end of fiscal year	643,983	838,609

#### (2) Dividends

Year ended March 31, 2015

	The classes of shares	Total dividends (Millions of Yen)	Dividends per share (Yen)	Record date	Effective date
June 26, 2014 Ordinary general meeting of shareholders	Ordinary shares		10.00	March 31, 2014	June 27, 2014
October 30, 2014 Board of directors meeting	Ordinary shares	1,719	12.00	September 30, 2014	December 3, 2014

#### Record date of dividend belongs to the year ended March 31, 2015 but its effective date is next fiscal year

	The classes of shares	Total dividends (Millions of Yen)	Dividend resource	Dividends per share (Yen)	Record date	Effective date
June 25, 2015 Ordinary general meeting of shareholders	Ordinary shares	1,649	Retained Earnings	12.00	March 31, 2015	June 26, 2015

#### Year ended March 31, 2016

	The classes of shares	Total dividends (Millions of Yen)	Dividends per share (Yen)	Record date	Effective date
June 25, 2015 Ordinary general meeting of shareholders	Ordinary shares	1,649	12.00	March 31, 2015	June 26, 2015
October 29, 2015 Board of directors meeting	Ordinary shares	1,649	12.00	September 30, 2015	December 2, 2015

# Record date of dividend belongs to the year ended March 31, 2016 but its effective date is next fiscal year

	The classes of shares	Total dividends (Millions of Yen)	Dividend resource	Dividends per share (Yen)	Record date	Effective date
June 28, 2016 Ordinary general meeting of shareholders	Ordinary shares	1,649	Retained Earnings	12.00	March 31, 2016	June 29, 2016

(Finance Income and Costs)

Details of finance income are as below.

In this section, financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are referred to as "Financial Assets Measured at FVTOCI."

		(Unit : Millions of yen)
	FY2014	FY2015
	From April 1, 2014	From April 1, 2015
	to March 31, 2015	to March 31, 2016
Interest income		
Financial assets measured at	123	119
amortized cost	125	119
Dividends income		
Financial assets at FVTOCI	83	98
Foreign exchange gains	1,002	-
Other	50	21
Total	1,260	240

Details of finance costs are as follows:

(Unit : Millions of yen)

		(Onit : Winnons of yen)
	FY2014	FY2015
	From April 1, 2014	From April 1, 2015
	to March 31, 2015	to March 31, 2016
Interest expenses		
Financial liabilities measured at	194	166
amortized cost	174	100
Foreign exchange losses	_	397
Other	440	51
Total	634	616

# (Earnings Per Share)

# Earnings per share (attributable to owners of parent)

	FY2014	FY2015
	From April 1, 2014	From April 1, 2015
	to March 31, 2015	to March 31, 2016
Profit attributable to owners of parent	7,857 Million yen	3,760 Million yen
Adjusted profit used for diluted earnings per share	- Million yen	- Million yen
Profit used in calculation of diluted earnings per share	7,857 Million yen	3,760 Million yen
Weighted average number of issued and outstanding shares Increased number of shares used in the calculation of diluted earnings per share	141,017,097 shares	137,349,163 shares
Increase by stock options Weighted average number of issued and outstanding shares used in the calculation of diluted earnings per share	6,344 shares	- shares
share	141,023,441 shares	137,349,163 shares
Basic earnings per share	55.72 yen	27.38 yen
Diluted earnings per share	55.72 yen	27.38 yen

(Significant Subsequent Events)

None

# 5. Non - Consolidated Financial Statements

Ass	sets			Liabilities and		lillions of yen;	round down)
	FY2014 as of 3.31.15 (A)	FY2015 as of 3.31.16 (B)	(B) - (A)		FY2014 as of 3.31.15 (A)	FY2015 as of 3.31.16 (B)	(B) - (A)
Assets	120,350	122,297	1,947	Liabilities	42,676	45,136	2,460
Current assets	41,789	42,002	212	Current liabilities	32,888	24,340	(8,548)
Cash and deposits	15,095	16,976	1,881	Notes and accounts payable - trade	4,135	4,921	785
Notes receivable-trade	486	406	(80)	Short-term loans payable	1,190	1,190	-
Accounts receivable - trade	13,971	11,725	(2,245)	Current portion of long-term loans payable	5,000	-	(5,000)
Finished goods	2,789	2,549	(240)	Lease obligations	15	5	(9)
Work in process	2,332	51	(2,281)	Accounts payable - other	6,856	2,404	(4,452
Raw materials	2,876	3,199	323	Accrued expenses	1,388	1,263	(125
Prepaid expenses	119	122	3	Income taxes payable	409	253	(155)
Deferred tax assets	1,152	982	(169)	Advances received	1,643	1,063	(580)
Other	3,077	6,082	3,004	Deposits received	12,155	13,132	976
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(111)	(95)	16	Provision for product warranties	40	30	(10)
Noncurrent assets	78,560	80,295	1,734	Provision for directors' bonuses	48	30	(18)
Property, plant and equipment	17,604	19,452	1,847	Other	5	46	40
Buildings	13,331	14,337	1,006	Noncurrent liabilities	9,787	20,796	11,008
Structures	269	290	20	Bonds payable	6,000	14,000	8,000
Machinery and equipment	169	137	(31)	Long-term loans payable	3,500	6,500	3,000
Vehicles	0	0	(0)	Lease obligations	12	6	(5)
Tools, furniture and fixtures	1,741	2,542	800	Provision for directors' retirement benefits	5	5	-
Land	2,010	2,010	-	Other	269	283	14
Construction in progress	81	133	51	Net assets	77,673	77,161	(512)
Intangible assets	1,274	1,684	409	Shareholders' equity	77,063	76,400	(663)
Software	1,222	1,657	435	Capital stock	19,052	19,052	-
Other	52	26	(25)	Capital surplus	28,002	28,002	-
Investments and other assets	59,680	59,157	(522)	Legal capital surplus	28,002	28,002	-
Investment securities	859	1,104	244	Retained earnings	30,878	30,386	(491)
Stocks of subsidiaries and affiliates	46,258	46,280	22	Legal retained earnings	2,468	2,468	-
Long - term loans receivable	5,501	5,651	150	Other retained earnings	28,410	27,918	(491
Prepaid pension cost	4,075	3,173	(901)	General reserve	21,719	21,719	-
Deferred tax assets	2,869	2,861	(7)	Retained earnings brought forward	6,691	6,199	(491)
Other	117	87	(30)	Treasury stock	(869)	(1,040)	(171)
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(0)	-	0	Valuation and translation adjustments	395	557	161
				Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	395	557	161
				Subscription rights to shares	214	203	(11)
TOTAL	120,350	122,297	1,947	TOTAL	120,350	122,297	1,947

# (1) Non - Consolidated Balance Sheets

~	~	<b>E</b> ) (0.0 (		51/00/		Millions of yen; r	ound down)
		FY201 From April 1 to March 31, 3	, 2014	FY2015 From April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016(B)		Change	
		Amount	%	Amount	%	(B) - (A)	%
Ne	t sales	49,876	100.0	46,939	100.0	(2,937)	-5.9
Co	st of sales	28,125	56.4	26,987	57.5	(1,137)	-4.0
Gre	oss profit	21,751	43.6	19,951	42.5	(1,799)	-8.3
Sel	lling, general and administrative expenses	17,271	34.6	17,110	36.4	(161)	-0.9
Ор	erating income (loss)	4,479	9.0	2,841	6.1	(1,638)	-36.6
	Interest and dividend income	1,045		1,359		314	
	Other	788		175		(613)	
No	n-operating income	1,834	3.7	1,535	3.3	(299)	-16.3
	Interest expenses	167		140		(26)	
	Other	200		840		640	
No	n-operating expenses	367	0.7	981	2.1	614	167.3
Ore	dinary income (loss)	5,946	11.9	3,394	7.2	(2,551)	-42.9
	Gain on states of investment securities	-		98		98	
	Gain on reversal of subscription rights to shares	-		11		11	
Ext	traordinary income	-	-	109	0.2	109	-
	Impairment loss	67		-		(67)	
Ext	traordinary loss	67	0.1	-	-	(67)	-
Inc	come (Loss) before income taxes	5,879	11.8	3,503	7.5	(2,375)	-40.4
Inc	ome taxes-current	1,329	2.7	627	1.3	(701)	-52.8
Inc	ome taxes-deferred	216	0.4	69	0.2	(147)	-68.0
Ne	t income (loss)	4,333	8.7	2,807	6.0	(1,526)	-35.2

# (2) Non-Consolidated Statements of Income

# (3) Non-Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets

FY2014 (From April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015)

(Unit: Millions of yen; round down)

		Shareholders' equity							
		Capital surplus Retained earnings							
					Other retained	ed earnings	_	Tressur	Total
	Capital stock	stock Legal capital surplus	l Total Capital surplus	Legal retained earnings	General reserve	Retained earnings brought forward	Total retained earnings	Treasury stock	shareholders' equity
Balance at the beginning of current period	19,052	28,002	28,002	2,468	21,719	10,510	34,697	(868)	80,883
Changes of items during the period									
Dividends from surplus						(3,152)	(3,152)		(3,152)
Net income (loss)						4,333	4,333		4,333
Purchase of treasury stock								(5,000)	(5,000)
Retirement of treasury stock						(4,999)	(4,999)	4,999	-
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity									-
Total changes of items during the period	-	-	-	-	-	(3,819)	(3,819)	(0)	(3,820)
Balance at the end of current period	19,052	28,002	28,002	2,468	21,719	6,691	30,878	(869)	77,063

		d translation ments			
	Valuation difference on available-for- sale securities		Subscription rights to shares	Net assets	
Balance at the beginning of current period	465	465	189	81,538	
Changes of items during the period					
Dividends from surplus				(3,152)	
Net income (loss)				4,333	
Purchase of treasury stock				(5,000)	
Retirement of treasury stock				-	
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(69)	(69)	25	(44)	
Total changes of items during the period	(69)	(69)	25	(3,864)	
Balance at the end of current period	395	395	214	77,673	

### FY2015 (From April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016)

							(Unit	: Millions of ye	n; round down)
		Shareholders' equity							
		Capital	surplus		Retained	earnings			
					Other retain	ed earnings		Tracourt	Total
	Capital stock	Legal capital surplus	Total Capital surplus	Legal retained earnings	General reserve	Retained earnings brought forward	Total retained earnings	Treasury stock	shareholders' equity
Balance at the beginning of current period	19,052	28,002	28,002	2,468	21,719	6,691	30,878	(869)	77,063
Changes of items during the period									
Share-based payments								28	28
Dividends from surplus						(3,299)	(3,299)		(3,299)
Net income (loss)						2,807	2,807		2,807
Purchase of treasury stock								(200)	(200)
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity									-
Total changes of items during the period	-	-	-	-	-	(491)	(491)	(171)	(663)
Balance at the end of current period	19,052	28,002	28,002	2,468	21,719	6,199	30,386	(1,040)	76,400

			Subscription rights to shares	Net assets
Balance at the beginning of current period	395	395	214	77,673
Changes of items during the period				
Share-based payments				28
Dividends from surplus				(3,299)
Net income (loss)				2,807
Purchase of treasury stock				(200)
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	161	161	(11)	150
Total changes of items during the period	161	161	(11)	(512)
Balance at the end of current period	557	557	203	77,161

# 6. Others

(1) Executive personnel changes expected on June 28, 2016

# **1.** Change of Representative Director

None

2. Other Changes

Retiring Director	
Name	Current Title
Fumihiro Tsukasa	Director

# 3. Expected New Order of Executive Personnel after Shareholder's Meeting: 1)Directors and Audit Committee Members

Hirokazu Hashimoto
Kenji Tanaka
Toshisumi Taniai
Akifumi Kubota
Teruaki Aoki
Sachiko Ichikawa
Takashi Sano
Takaya Seki
Yuji Inoue
Tomoyuki Kikugawa
-

#### 2)Executive Officers

President	Hirokazu Hashimoto (*)	Group CEO
Senior Executive Vice President	Kenji Tanaka (*)	Measurement Business Group President
Senior Vice President	Toshisumi Taniai (*)	Chief Corporate Officer, General Manager of Management Strategy Center, Management Information System Dept., Corporate Communication Dept., Legal Dept., Trade Control Dept., Business Originating Center
Senior Vice President	Hirokazu Hamada	Measurement Business Group Executive Vice President, General Manager of Measurement Business Div., General Manager of IoT & 5G Promotion Div., General Manager of Service Infrastructure Solutions Div., Global Operation Center, Global Business Development Dept.
Senior Vice President	Takashi Seike	Chief R&D Officer of Measurement Business, General Manager of R&D Div.
Vice President	Nobuo Funahashi	Information & Communication Business Group President, Network Sales Div.
Vice President	Akifumi Kubota (*)	Chief Financial Officer, Director of Accounting and Control Dept., Investor Relations Dept., Global Audit Dept.
Vice President	Gerald Ostheimer	Chief Service Assurance Business Officer, Chief Strategy Sales Officer, Chief Americas Sales Officer, Chief EMEA Sales Officer, General Manager of Network Monitoring Solutions Div., Managing Director of Anritsu EMEA Ltd.(U.K.), CEO & President of Anritsu A/S (Denmark)
Vice President	Yasunobu Hashimoto	Chief Japan Sales Officer, General Manager of Measurement Solution Sales Div.
Vice President	Tsukasa Hattori	Chief SCM Officer, General Manager of Koriyama Business Office, General Manager of SCM Div., Global Procurement Operation Div.
Vice President	Wade Hulon	Chief Americas Business Officer, President of Anritsu U.S. Holding Inc.(U.S.A.), President of Anritsu Company (U.S.A.)
Vice President	Toru Wakinaga	Chief APAC Sales Officer, General Manager of APAC Sales Center
Vice President	Yukihiro Takahashi	Chief Mobile Business Officer, General Manager of Mobile Solutions Div.
Vice President	Akio Takagi	Chief Technology Officer, Chief Environmental and Quality Officer, Chief Device Business Officer, General Manager of Technical Headquarters, General Manager of Device Development Center, Environment and Quality Promotion Dept., Device Sales Dept.
Vice President	Masumi Niimi	Products Quality Assurance Business Group President

(Note) Names marked as (\*): Board Member

# (2) Reference Information Consolidated Quarterly Financial Highlights

### Year ended March 31, 2015

	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
			(Millions of	yen, round down)
Revenue	22,172	25,833	23,839	26,995
Gross profit	11,836	13,405	12,722	14,728
Operating profit (loss)	1,422	3,203	2,655	3,602
Quarterly profit (Loss) before tax	1,350	3,661	2,992	3,587
Quarterly profit (Loss)	815	2,675	2,075	2,307
Quarterly profit attributable to owners of parent	808	2,670	2,074	2,304
Quarterly comprehensive income	703	4,367	4,318	2,508
				(Yen)
Quarterly earnings per share : Basic	5.64	18.63	14.79	16.76
: Diluted	5.64	18.63	14.79	16.76
			(Millions of	yen, round down)
Total assets	123,293	126,771	123,256	126,893
Total equity	74,166	78,558	76,157	78,665
				(Yen)
Equity attributable to owners of parent per share	517.40	548.01	553.82	572.04
			(Millions of	yen, round down)
Cash flows from operating activities	3,416	3,271	(1,118)	2,013
Cash flows from investing activities	(801)	(776)	(3,098)	(1,372)
Cash flows from financing activities	(1,660)	(2,357)	(7,197)	(18)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	897	983	(10,300)	120
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	44,112	45,096	34,795	34,916

### Year ended March 31, 2016

	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
			(Millions of	yen, round down)
Revenue	23,647	25,372	23,177	23,334
Gross profit	12,676	13,093	12,170	11,034
Operating profit (loss)	1,530	1,706	1,939	721
Quarterly profit (Loss) before tax	1,673	1,538	1,900	322
Quarterly profit (Loss)	1,147	1,214	1,559	(153)
Quarterly profit attributable to owners of parent	1,143	1,214	1,554	(151)
Quarterly comprehensive income	2,533	(49)	1,727	(3,578)
				(Yen)
Quarterly earnings per share : Basic	8.32	8.84	11.32	(1.10)
: Diluted	8.32	8.84	11.32	-
			(Millions of	yen, round down)
Total assets	132,064	129,375	127,584	124,624
Total equity	79,549	79,329	79,421	75,862
				(Yen)
Equity attributable to owners of parent per share	578.44	577.65	578.29	552.26
			•	yen, round down)
Cash flows from operating activities	6,647	(190)	118	3,620
Cash flows from investing activities	(5,254)	(781)	(1,203)	(1,802)
Cash flows from financing activities	6,330	(2,218)	(1,664)	2
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	8,384	(3,859)	(2,744)	694
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	43,300	39,441	36,697	37,391

Year ended March 31, 2015			(Millions	of yen, round down
	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
Assets	123,293	126,771	123,256	126,893
Current assets	86,367	89,447	82,317	84,126
Non-current assets	36,925	37,323	40,939	42,766
Property, plant and equipment	19,500	19,707	23,015	26,877
Goodwill and intangible assets	2,188	2,341	2,508	2,558
Investment property	2,123	2,082	2,039	1,997
Other non-current assets	13,113	13,193	13,375	11,333
Liabilities	49,126	48,212	47,099	48,227
Current liabilities	31,064	32,863	31,596	34,516
Non-current liabilities	18,062	15,349	15,502	13,710
Equity	74,166	78,558	76,157	78,665
Common stock	19,052	19,052	19,052	19,052
Additional paid-in capital	28,191	28,217	28,217	28,217
Retained earnings	22,897	25,567	25,922	24,565
Treasury stock	(868)	(869)	(5,869)	(869)
Other component of equity	4,876	6,568	8,810	7,673
Non-controlling interests	16	22	23	26
Supplemental information: Interest-bearing debt	18,758	16,486	16,061	16,065

# Consolidated Quarterly Financial Position

## Year ended March 31, 2016

(Millions of yen, round down)

	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
Assets	132,064	129,375	127,584	124,624
Current assets	87,888	85,310	83,378	80,541
Non-current assets	44,176	44,064	44,205	44,082
Property, plant and equipment	27,658	27,981	27,888	27,738
Goodwill and intangible assets	2,814	2,943	3,111	3,209
Investment property	1,955	1,914	1,872	1,830
Other non-current assets	11,747	11,225	11,333	11,304
Liabilities	52,515	50,046	48,163	48,761
Current liabilities	30,623	25,067	23,102	21,550
Non-current liabilities	21,891	24,978	25,060	27,211
Equity	79,549	79,329	79,421	75,862
Common stock	19,052	19,052	19,052	19,052
Additional paid-in capital	28,217	28,206	28,218	28,220
Retained earnings	24,059	25,008	24,915	23,193
Treasury stock	(869)	(1,040)	(1,040)	(1,040)
Other component of equity	9,059	8,071	8,240	6,385
Non-controlling interests	30	30	35	51
Supplemental information: Interest-bearing debt	24,019	22,012	22,018	22,024

Year ended March 31, 2015			(Millio	ns of yen, round down)
	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
Revenue by segment	22,172	25,833	23,839	26,995
Test and Measurement	17,557	19,102	17,994	18,788
PQA	2,839	4,819	3,551	4,987
Others	1,775	1,911	2,292	3,219
Operating profit (loss) by segment	1,422	3,203	2,655	3,602
Test and Measurement	1,955	2,717	1,811	2,459
PQA	(365)	497	22	669
Others	25	190	1,014	732
Adjustment	(193)	(201)	(194)	(259)
Revenue by market	22,172	25,833	23,839	26,995
Japan	4,859	7,138	5,760	9,357
Americas	5,453	6,374	6,222	6,317
EMEA	4,149	3,600	4,250	3,885
Asia and Others	7,710	8,719	7,605	7,434

# **Consolidated Quarterly Segment Information**

#### Year ended March 31, 2016

(Millions of yen, round down) 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter **Revenue by segment** 23,647 25,372 23,177 23,334 **Test and Measurement** 18,070 17,794 16,834 15,030 PQA 3,683 5,595 4,387 5,226 1,982 1,893 3,078 Others 1,955 Operating profit (loss) by segment 1,530 1,706 1,939 721 **Test and Measurement** 1,824 1,326 1,607 (52) PQA 579 292 327 (3)Others (54) 33 93 502 Adjustment (235)(233)(54)(55)Revenue by market 23,647 25,372 23,177 23,334 Japan 5,080 8,015 5,712 9,756 Americas 6,957 6,053 5,455 4,778 EMEA 3,635 3,432 3,976 2,493 Asia and Others 7,973 7,870 8,032 6,305

(\* 1) PQA : Products Quality Assurance

(\* 2) Since FY2015, "PQA" has been changed from "Industrial Automation" and it is also restated for FY2014.

# Consolidated Quarterly Segment Information

Year ended March 31, 2015 (Millions of yen, r						
	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter		
Orders received by segment	23,790	25,158	24,884	27,251		
Test and Measurement	17,898	18,344	18,220	20,054		
PQA	3,800	4,565	4,081	4,638		
Others	2,091	2,247	2,583	2,558		
Orders outstanding by segment	19,057	18,382	19,428	19,684		
Test and Measurement	14,773	14,015	14,240	15,506		
PQA	3,054	2,801	3,331	2,982		
Others	1,229	1,565	1,856	1,195		

Year ended March 31, 2016			(Millions o	f yen, round down)
	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
Orders received by segment	23,983	23,857	22,088	24,659
Test and Measurement	17,278	16,491	15,443	17,729
PQA	4,930	4,605	4,619	4,958
Others	1,774	2,761	2,024	1,971
Orders outstanding by segment	20,020	18,505	17,417	17,810
Test and Measurement	14,707	13,404	12,013	13,787
PQA	4,230	3,240	3,472	3,181
Others	1,083	1,861	1,930	841

(\* 1) PQA : Products Quality Assurance

(\* 2) Since FY2015, "PQA" has been changed from "Industrial Automation" and it is also restated for FY2014.

# **Anritsu Corporation Supplement of FY2015**

#### 1. Supplement of Trend of Results

- Consolidated -	Actual							
	J-GA	J-GAAP			IFRS			
	2011/3	2012/3	2012/3	2013/3	2014/3	2015/3	2016/3	2017/3
Revenue	77,853	93,586	93,622	94,685	101,853	98,839	95,532	97,000
Change %	5.9%	20.2%	-	1.1%	7.6%	-3.0%	-3.3%	1.5%
Operating Profit	6,994	14,414	14,000	15,714	14,123	10,882	5,897	7,200
Change %	52.6%	106.1%	-	12.2%	-10.1%	-22.9%	-45.8%	22.1%
as % of Revenue	9.0%	15.4%	15.0%	16.6%	13.9%	11.0%	6.2%	7.4%
Ordinary Income	5,362	13,593	-	-	-	-	-	-
Change %	49.8%	153.5%	-	-	-	-	-	-
as % of Revenue	6.9%	14.5%	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit before Taxes	4,237	11,351	13,094	16,139	14,239	11,591	5,434	7,100
Change %	8.3%	167.9%	-	23.3%	-11.8%	-18.6%	-53.1%	30.6%
as % of Revenue	5.4%	12.1%	14.0%	17.0%	14.0%	11.7%	5.7%	7.3%
Profit	3,069	10,180	7,972	13,888	9,318	7,874	3,767	5,300
Change %	697.0%	231.7%	-	74.2%	-32.9%	-15.5%	-52.2%	40.7%
as % of Revenue	3.9%	10.9%	8.5%	14.7%	9.1%	8.0%	3.9%	5.5%
EPS	¥24.09	¥79.39	¥62.17	¥98.41	¥64.93	¥55.72	¥27.38	¥38.61
Orders	80,282	90,358	90,358	96,037	103,864	101,084	94,589	97,000
Change %	5.5%	12.6%	-	6.3%	8.2%	-2.7%	-6.4%	2.5%
Cash Flow from Operating Activities	9,229	15,871	16,143	11,771	13,792	7,582	10,195	10,200
Change %	15.8%	72.0%	-	-27.1%	17.2%	-45.0%	34.5%	0.0%
Free Cash Flow	7,797	13,907	13,968	6,740	8,480	1,533	1,153	5,500
Change %	4.4%	78.4%	-	-51.7%	25.8%	-81.9%	-24.8%	377.0%
Capital Expenditures	1,549	3,165	(*1) 3,200	(*1) <b>4,562</b>	(* 1) <b>5,355</b>	(* 1) <b>9,612</b>	(*1) 5,399	(*1) 3,800
Change %	36.6%	104.2%	-	42.5%	17.4%	79.5%	-43.8%	-29.6%
Depreciation	2,589	2,555	(* <sup>2</sup> ) <b>2,469</b>	<sup>(*2)</sup> 2,562	<sup>(*2)</sup> 2,863	<sup>(*2)</sup> 3,186	<sup>(*2)</sup> 3,736	<sup>(*2)</sup> <b>4,200</b>
Change %	-13.1%	-1.3%	-	3.8%	11.8%	11.3%	17.3%	12.4%
R&D Expenses	9,380	10,012	(* 3) <b>9,842</b>	<sup>(*3)</sup> 10,323	(* 3) <b>12,488</b>	(* 3) <b>13,366</b>	(*3)13,089	(*3) <b>12,000</b>
Change %	-0.1%	6.7%	-	4.9%	21.0%	7.0%	-2.1%	-8.3%
as % of Revenue	12.0%	10.7%	10.5%	10.9%	12.3%	13.5%	13.7%	12.4%
Number of Employees	3,614	3,681	3,681	3,771	3,880	3,926	3,846	-

Assumed annual exchange rate : 1US\$=110 Yen

(\*1) Capitalized development cost booked as intangible asset for the fiscal year is not included.

(\*2) Amotization of capitalized development cost is not included.

(\*3) R&D expenses for the FY2011(IFRS), 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015 and 2016(estimate) are amounts of R&D investment including capitalized development cost.

Thus, these amounts do not agree the R&D expense booked on the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

(\* 4) With an amendment of IAS19, FY2012 actual has been restated based on the revised accounting policies retrospectively.

#### 2. Supplement of Quarterly Results

- Consolidated -				Act	ual			
				IFF	۲S			
Quarter Results	2014/Q1	2014/Q2	2014/Q3	2014/Q4	2015/Q1	2015/Q2	2015/Q3	2015/Q4
Revenue	22,172	25,833	23,839	26,995	23,647	25,372	23,177	23,334
YoY	-0.9%	0.6%	3.4%	-12.2%	6.7%	-1.8%	-2.8%	-13.6%
Operating Profit	1,422	3,203	2,655	3,602	1,530	1,706	1,939	721
YoY	-42.3%	-17.0%	3.6%	-31.2%	7.6%	-46.7%	-27.0%	-80.0%
as % of Revenue	6.4%	12.4%	11.1%	13.3%	6.5%	6.7%	8.4%	3.1%
Profit before Tax	1,350	3,661	2,992	3,587	1,673	1,538	1,900	322
YoY	-49.7%	-5.7%	9.8%	-27.5%	23.9%	-58.0%	-36.5%	-91.0%
as % of Revenue	6.1%	14.2%	12.6%	13.3%	7.1%	6.1%	8.2%	1.4%
Profit	815	2,675	2,075	2,307	1,147	1,214	1,559	(153)
YoY	-49.7%	0.0%	17.2%	-29.1%	40.7%	-54.6%	-24.9%	-
as % of Revenue	3.7%	10.4%	8.7%	8.5%	4.9%	4.8%	6.7%	-0.7%

							(Millions of yer	n, round down)
				Act	ual			
Upper : Revenue				IFI	२ऽ			
Lower : Operating Profit	2014/Q1	2014/Q2	2014/Q3	2014/Q4	2015/Q1	2015/Q2	2015/Q3	2015/Q4
Test and Measurement	17,557	19,102	17,994	18,788	18,070	17,794	16,834	15,030
	1,955	2,717	1,811	2,459	1,824	1,326	1,607	(52)
PQA	2,839	4,819	3,551	4,987	3,683	5,595	4,387	5,226
	(365)	497	22	669	(3)	579	292	327
Others	1,775	1,911	2,292	3,219	1,893	1,982	1,955	3,078
	(167)	(11)	820	473	(290)	(199)	39	447
Total Revenue	22,172	25,833	23,839	26,995	23,647	25,372	23,177	23,334
Total Operating Profit	1,422	3,203	2,655	3,602	1,530	1,706	1,939	721

(\* 1) PQA : Products Quality Assurance

(\* 2) "Others" contains "Others" and "Adjustment" of segment information. (\* 3) Since FY2015, "PQA" has been changed from "Industrial Automation"and it is also restated for FY2014.

# **Anritsu Corporation Supplement of FY2015**

#### 3. Supplement of Segment Information

#### 1) Revenue by Segment

1) Revenue by Segment	nent					(Millions of ye	n, round down)					
		Actual										
	J-GAAP			IFRS			IFRS					
	2012/3	2012/3	2013/3	2014/3	2015/3	2016/3	2017/3					
Test and Measurement	70,531	70,556	71,232	75,962	73,443	67,729	68,000					
YoY	31.9%	-	1.0%	6.6%	-3.3%	-7.8%	0.4%					
PQA	14,221	14,200	14,439	16,919	16,198	18,891	20,000					
YoY	15.4%	-	1.7%	17.2%	-4.3%	16.6%	5.9%					
Others	8,833	8,866	9,014	8,970	9,198	8,910	9,000					
YoY	-26.8%	-	1.7%	-0.5%	2.5%	-3.1%	1.0%					
Total	93,586	93,622	94,685	101,853	98,839	95,532	97,000					
YoY	20.2%	-	1.1%	7.6%	-3.0%	-3.3%	1.5%					

(\*) The name "PQA" has been changed from "Industrial Automation" since April 1, 2015 and it is also restated for the past fiscal years.

The classification of the precision measurement business has been changed from "Others" to "PQA" since April 1, 2011.

The Information and Communications segment has been included in "Others" since April 1, 2012.

Numbers for FY2011 have also been retrospectively presented in "Others".

#### 2) Operating Profit by Segment

(Millions of yen, round down)

	Actual							
	J-GAAP	IFRS						
	2012/3	2012/3	2013/3	2014/3	2015/3	2016/3	2017/3	
Test and Measurement	13,735	13,841	14,985	13,011	8,943	4,706	5,500	
YoY	172.0%	-	8.3%	-13.2%	-31.3%	-47.4%	16.9%	
PQA	528	570	814	1,208	824	1,194	1,400	
YoY	-19.8%	-	42.9%	48.3%	-31.8%	45.0%	17.2%	
Others	150	(411)	(86)	(96)	1,115	(3)	300	
YoY	-88.3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	14,414	14,000	15,714	14,123	10,882	5,897	7,200	
YoY	106.1%	-	12.2%	-10.1%	-22.9%	-45.8%	22.1%	

(\*1) "Others" contains "Others" and "Adjustment" of segment information.

The name "PQA" has been changed from "Industrial Automation" since April 1, 2015 and it is also restated for the past fiscal years.

The classification of the precision measurement business has been changed from "Others" to "PQA"

since April 1, 2011.

The Information and Communications segment has been included in "Others" since April 1, 2012.

Numbers for and FY2011 are also retrospectively presented in "Others".

(\* 2) With an amendment of IAS19, FY2012 actual has been restated based on the revised accounting policies retrospectively.

#### 2) Dovonuo hy Markota

Assumed annual exchange rate : 1US\$=110 Yen
(Millions of yen, round down)

3) Revenue by Markets (Millions of yen, round								
	Actual							
	J-GAAP 2012/3		IFRS					
		2012/3	2013/3	2014/3	2015/3	2016/3	2017/3	
Japan	36,898	36,933	35,293	30,133	27,116	28,565	29,500	
YoY	12.0%	-	-4.4%	-14.6%	-10.0%	5.3%	3.3%	
Overseas	56,687	56,689	59,391	71,720	71,723	66,966	67,500	
YoY	26.3%	-	4.8%	20.8%	0.0%	-6.6%	0.8%	
Americas	19,884	19,885	22,667	28,858	24,367	23,246	22,500	
YoY	4.9%	-	14.0%	27.3%	-15.6%	-4.6%	-3.2%	
EMEA	12,549	12,549	12,615	14,601	15,885	13,537	13,000	
YoY	18.1%	-	0.5%	15.7%	8.8%	-14.8%	-4.0%	
Asia and others	24,253	24,253	24,107	28,260	31,470	30,182	32,000	
YoY	58.3%	-	-0.6%	17.2%	11.4%	-4.1%	6.0%	
Total	93,586	93,622	94,685	101,853	98,839	95,532	97,000	
YoY	20.2%	-	1.1%	7.6%	-3.0%	-3.3%	1.5%	

(\*) EMEA : Europe, Middle East and Africa