



# TETRA Tx Test Solution

Signal Analyzer MS2830A

Reference Specifications

ETSI EN 300 394-1 V3.3.1(2015-04) / Part1: Radio

ETSI TS 100 392-2 V3.6.1(2013-05) / Part2: Air Interface

May. 2016

# [Anritsu] TETRA Tx Test Solution

## Tx Evaluation

*Multi-functions supported with one unit!*

Unit, Module\*



\*Output in Test Mode



MS2830A  
Signal Analyzer

Spectrum Analyzer

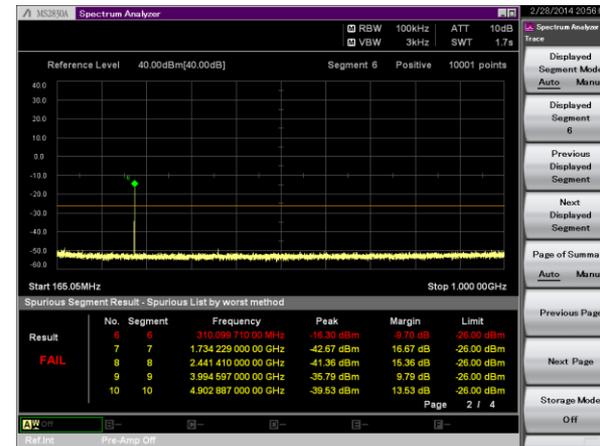
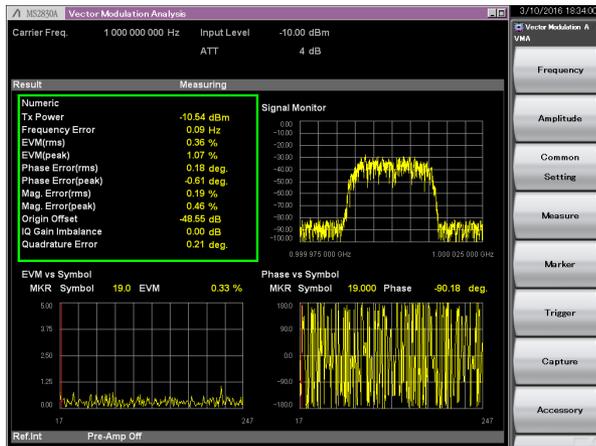
Signal Analyzer

Modulation Analyzer  
(MX269017A)

Signal Generator

MX269017A  
Vector Modulation Analysis Software

Spectrum Analyzer  
Spurious Emission Function



Class 7 is Transmitter parameter definitions and limits.  
 Class 8 is Methods of measurement for transmitter parameter.

EN300	8. Methods of measurement for transmitter parameters		MS2830A
394-1 V3.3.1 (2015-04)			
7.1.1 8.1	Transmitter output power		---
8.1.1	Transmitter output power for phase modulation		
8.1.1.1	MS Transmitter output power for phase modulation		✓(MX269017A)
8.1.1.2	BS Transmitter output power for phase modulation		✓(MX269017A)
7.1.2 8.2	Unwanted output power in non active transmit state		✓(Signal Analyzer)
7.1.3 8.3	Adjacent channel power due to modulation		✓(Spectrum Analyzer)
7.1.4 8.4	Adjacent channel power due to switching transients		✓(Spectrum Analyzer)
7.1.5 8.5	Unwanted emissions far from the carrier		✓(Spectrum Analyzer)
7.1.8 8.8	Transmitter intermodulation attenuation		---
8.8.1	MS Transmitter intermodulation attenuation		✓(Spectrum Analyzer, Signal Generator)
8.8.2	BS Transmitter intermodulation attenuation		✓(Spectrum Analyzer, Signal Generator)
8.8.3	Intra BS transmitter intermodulation attenuation		✓(Spectrum Analyzer)

Vector Modulation Analysis [MX269017A] supports only TETRA Release 1 ( $\pi/4$  DQPSK).

Class 7 is Transmitter parameter definitions and limits.  
 Class 10 is Methods of measurement for transmitter parameter.

<b>EN300</b>	<b>10. Methods of measurement for transmitter/receiver parameters</b>		<b>MS2830A</b>
<b>394-1 V3.3.1 (2015-04)</b>			
7.3.1 10.1	Modulation accuracy	---	
10.1.1	MS modulation accuracy for phase modulation	✓(MX269017A)	
10.1.2	BS modulation accuracy for phase modulation	✓(MX269017A)	
10.1.3	Vector error magnitude at symbol time for phase modulation	✓(MX269017A)	
7.3.2 10.2	Carrier frequency accuracy	---	
10.2.1	MS carrier frequency accuracy for phase modulation	✓(MX269017A)	
10.2.2	BS carrier frequency accuracy for phase modulation	✓(MX269017A)	

Vector Modulation Analysis [MX269017A] supports only TETRA Release 1 ( $\pi/4$  DQPSK).

# 8.1 Transmitter output power

## 8.1.1.1 MS transmitter output power for phase modulation

## 8.1.1.2 BS transmitter output power for phase modulation

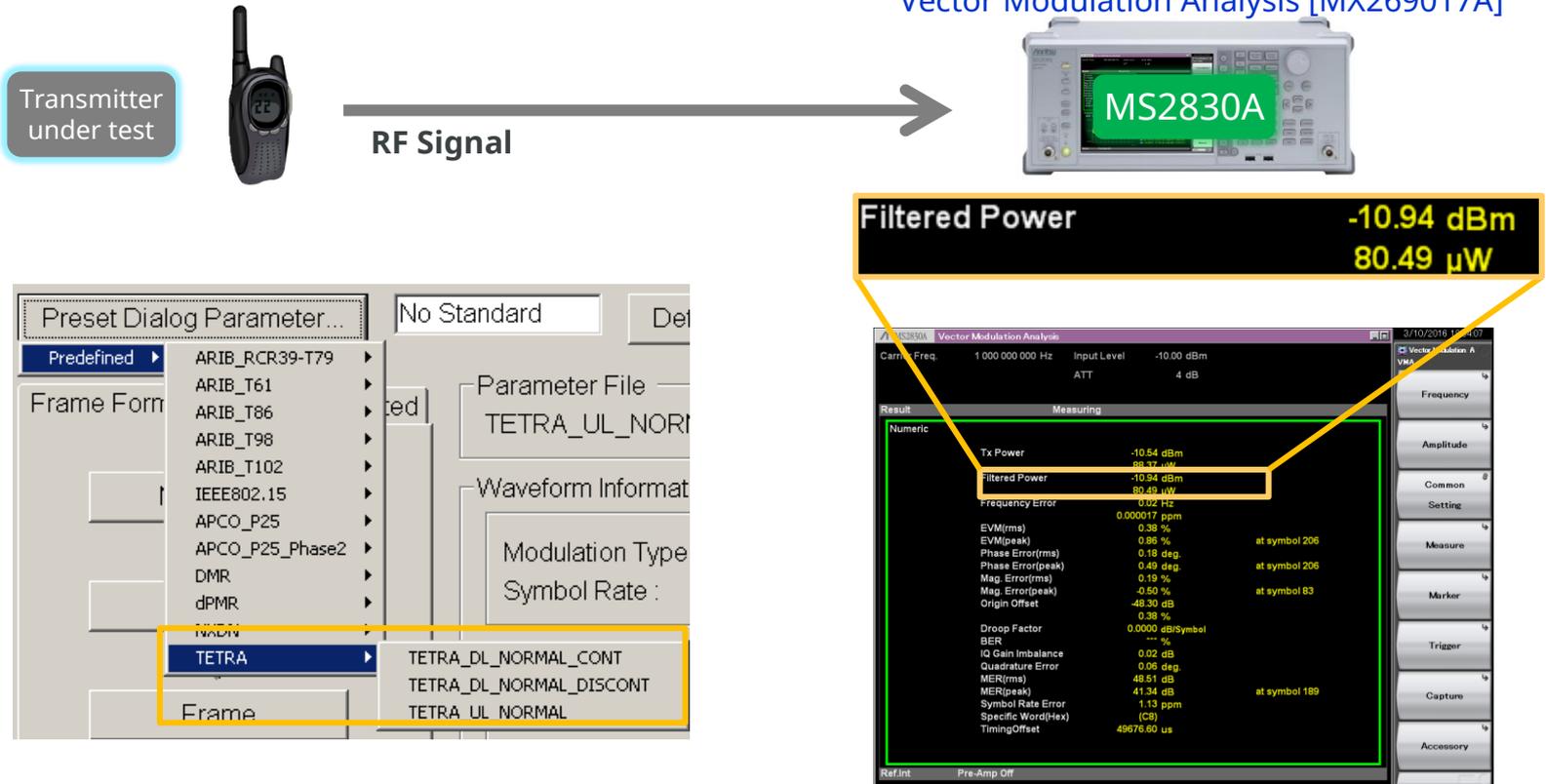
### Output power for phase modulation

Limits:

within  $\pm 2.0$  dB of the nominal value (normal test condition).

within  $+3.0$  dB and  $-4.0$  dB of the nominal value (extreme test conditions).

within  $\pm 2.5$  dB of the MS power control levels. (The difference in level between adjacent power control levels shall be  $5.0$  dB  $\pm$  2.5 dB.)



# 8.1 Transmitter output power

## 8.1.1.1 MS transmitter output power for phase modulation

## 8.1.1.2 BS transmitter output power for phase modulation

### RF Output power time mask (1/2)

Limits:

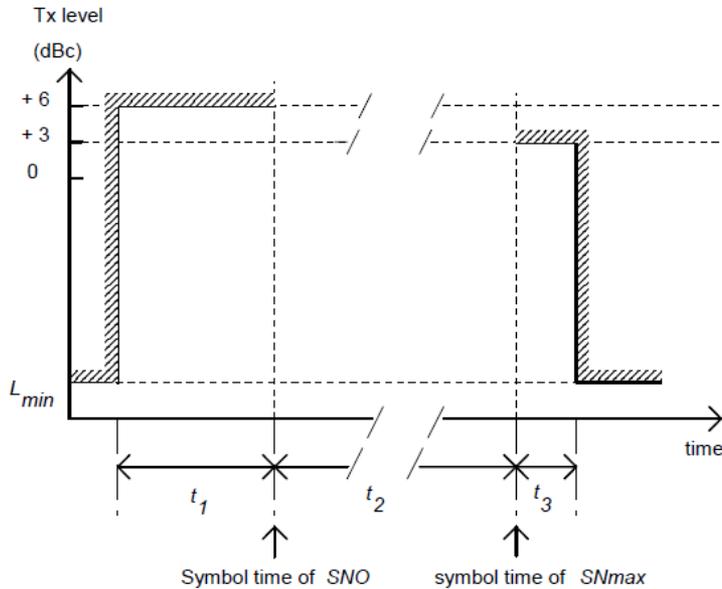


Figure 6.3: Transmit level versus time mask

Table 6.8: Transmit level versus time mask symbol durations (refer figure 6.3)

Burst Type	$t_1$	$t_2$	$t_3$
Control uplink	16	103	15
Linearization uplink	119	0	15
Linearization downlink	107	0	0
Normal uplink	16	231 (see note)	15
Discontinuous downlink	7	246 (see note)	7
Continuous downlink	Unspecified	Unspecified	Unspecified

NOTE: In the case of single slot transmission.

$$L_{min} = -70 \text{ dBc or } L_{min} = -36 \text{ dBm.}$$

# 8.1 Transmitter output power

## 8.1.1.1 MS transmitter output power for phase modulation

## 8.1.1.2 BS transmitter output power for phase modulation

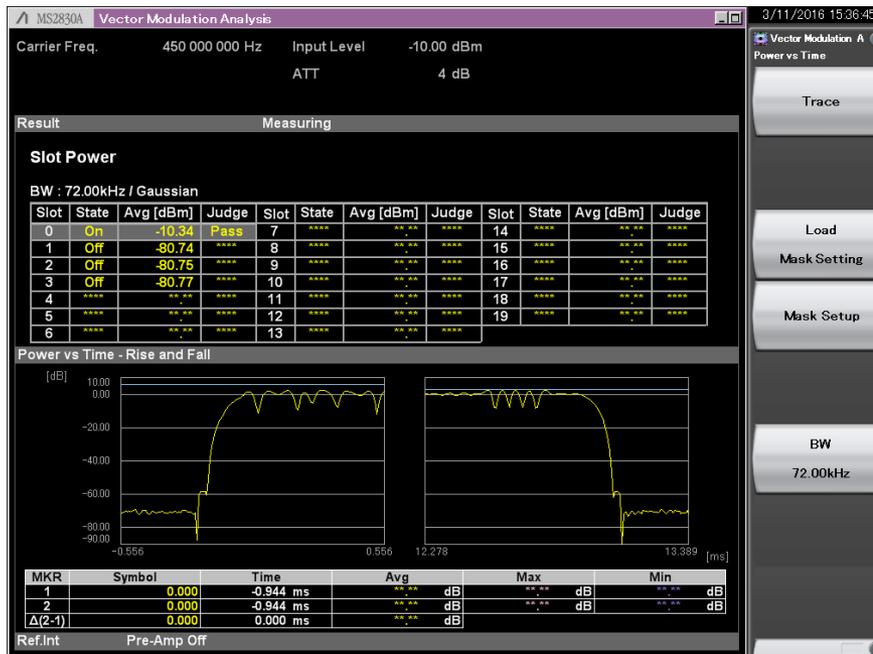
### RF Output power time mask (2/2)

Transmitter under test



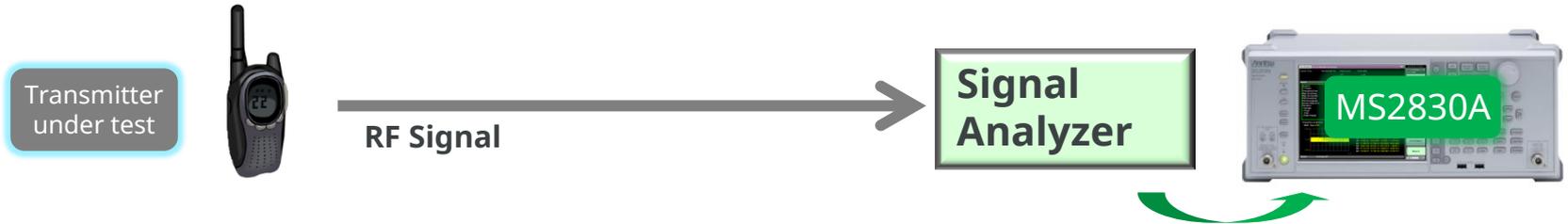
RF Signal

Vector Modulation Analysis [MX269017A]

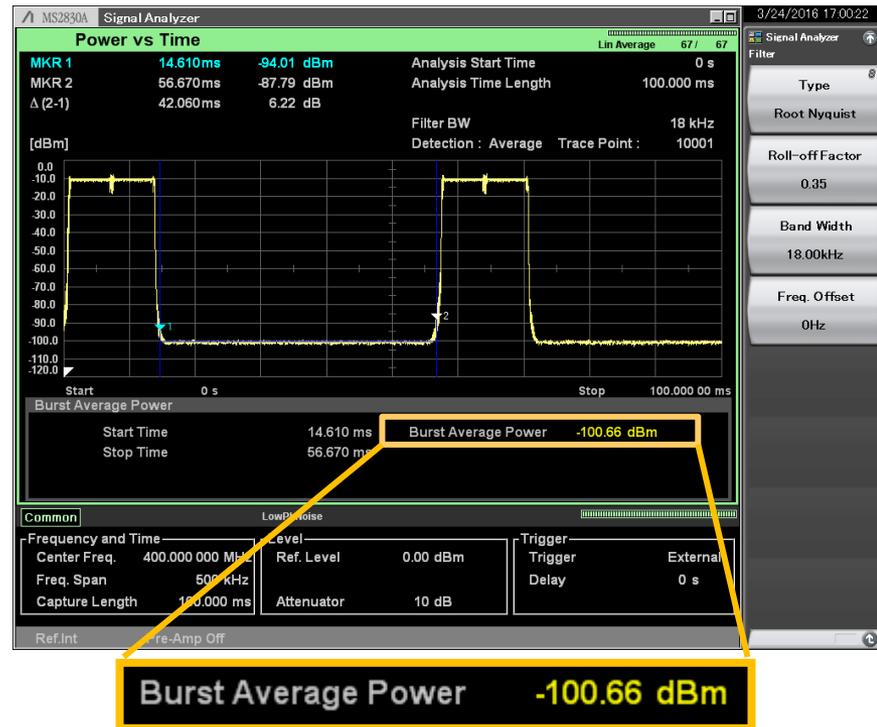


## 8.2 Unwanted output power in non active transmit state

Limits: -40 dBc (BS), -70 dBc (MS)

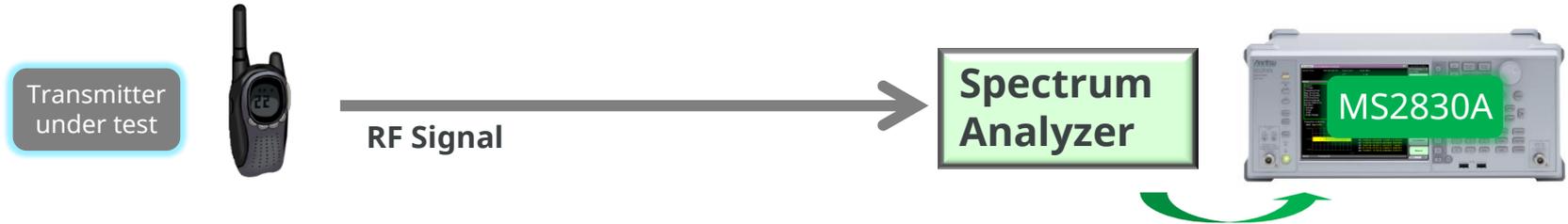


The unwanted output power in non-active transmit state is the average power emitted by a BS operating in discontinuous mode or MS transmitter, as measured through the TETRA filter.

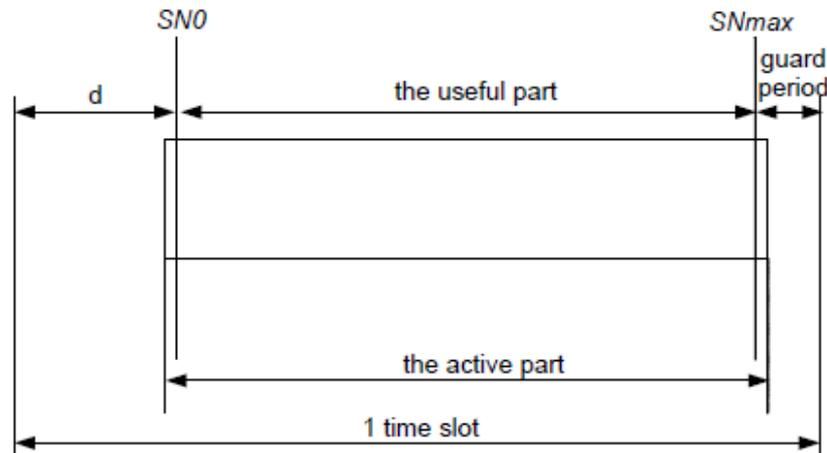


Unwanted output power in non active transmit state

## 8.3 Adjacent channel power due to modulation



The power measurements described here shall be timed to occur only during the useful part of the TETRA signal.



NOTE 1: For certain burst types  $d$  and the guard period may be of length zero.

NOTE 2: The active part of the burst is the period during which modulation symbols are present; it is longer than the useful part by an amount equal to the sum of the time necessary for symbol rise and decay.

# 8.3 Adjacent channel power due to modulation

Limits: [below tables.](#)

Table 7.1: Maximum adjacent channel power levels for MS power classes 4 and 4L

Frequency offset	Maximum level (normal test conditions)	Maximum level (extreme test conditions)
25 kHz	-55 dBc	-45 dBc
50 kHz	-70 dBc	-60 dBc
75 kHz	-70 dBc	-60 dBc

Table 7.2: Maximum adjacent channel power levels for other power classes

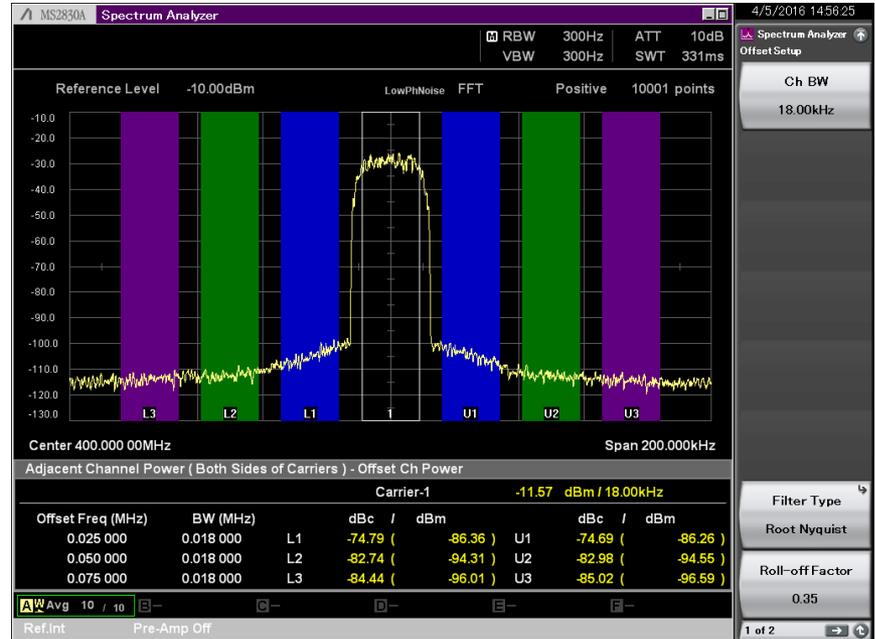
Frequency offset	Maximum level (normal test conditions)	Maximum level (extreme test conditions)
25 kHz	-60 dBc	-50 dBc
50 kHz	-70 dBc	-60 dBc
75 kHz	-70 dBc	-60 dBc

Table 7.3: Maximum adjacent channel power levels for frequencies above 700 MHz

Frequency offset	Maximum level (normal test conditions)	Maximum level (extreme test conditions)
25 kHz	-55 dBc	-45 dBc
50 kHz	-65 dBc	-55 dBc
75 kHz	-65 dBc (note 1)	-55 dBc (note 2)

NOTE 1: A level of -70 dBc shall apply for BS Power Classes 1, 2 and 3 and for MS Power Classes 1 and 1L.

NOTE 2: A level of -60 dBc shall apply for BS Power Classes 1, 2 and 3 and for MS Power Classes 1 and 1L.

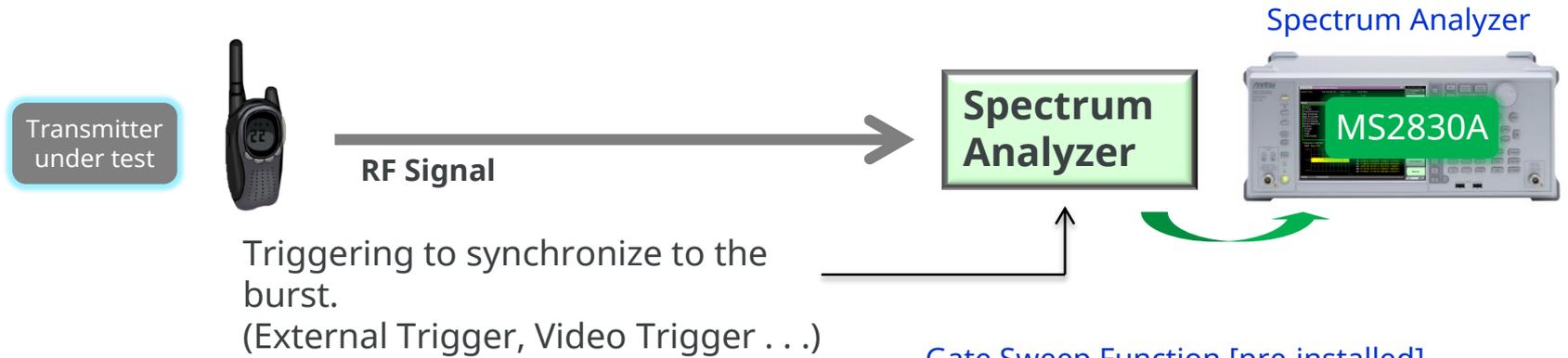


Option MS2830A-066 greatly improves phase noise, especially at carrier offsets of 1 kHz to 100 kHz.

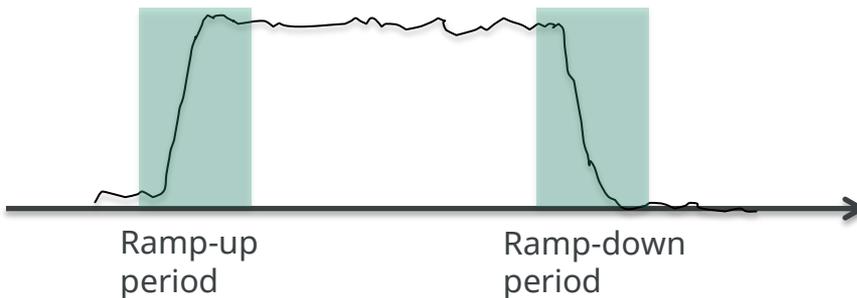
Freq. Offset	MS2830A-066 Measured data
25 kHz	-74 dBc
50 kHz	-82 dBc
75 kHz	-84 dBc

# 8.4 Adjacent channel power due to switching transients

Limits:  
 At a frequency offset of 25 kHz, shall not exceed -45 dBc for MS Power Classes 4 and 4L and -50 dBc for other Power Classes.



The peak power over the ramp-up and ramp-down periods of a burst, as measured through the TETRA filter. Appropriate triggering shall be used to capture the adjacent channel .

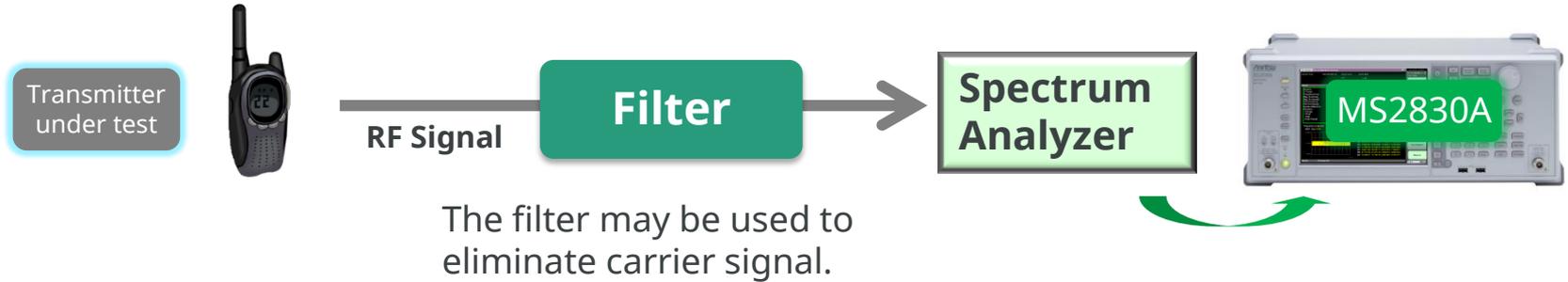


## Gate Sweep Function [pre-installed]



Ramp-down period Measurement Example

# 8.5 Unwanted emissions far from the carrier



The below measurement bandwidth is used to measure discrete spurious.

Table 8.4: Measurement bandwidths

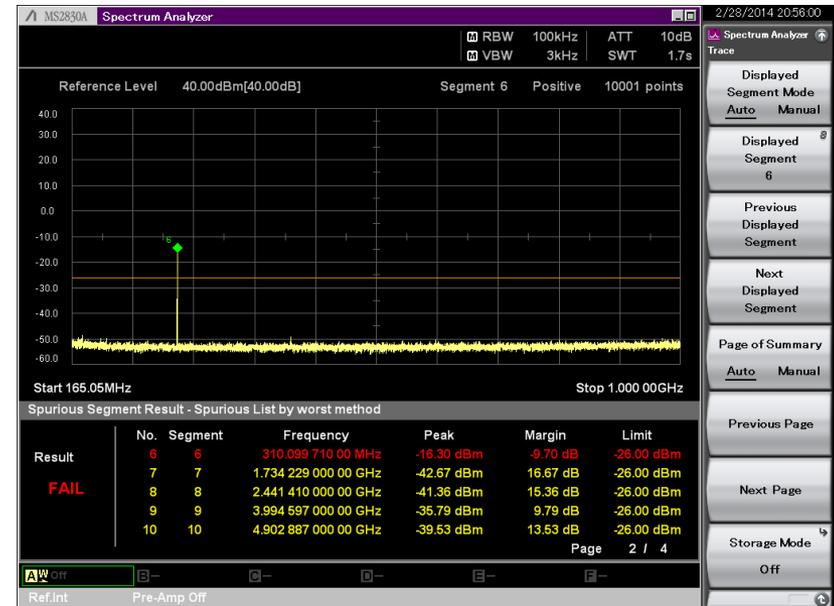
Measurement frequency	Resolution bandwidth	Video bandwidth (note 1)
9 kHz to 150 kHz	1 kHz	3 kHz
150 kHz to 30 MHz	10 kHz	30 kHz
30 MHz to 1 GHz (note 2)	100 kHz	300 kHz
1 GHz to 4 GHz	1 MHz	3 MHz
4 GHz to 12,75 GHz (note 3)	1 MHz	3 MHz

NOTE 1: When using a conventional swept frequency spectrum analyser.

NOTE 2: Excluding frequencies within  $f_{rb}$  of the carrier.

NOTE 3: Only for equipment capable of operating at frequencies greater than 470 MHz.

## Spurious Function [pre-installed]



# 8.5 Unwanted emissions far from the carrier

## Discrete Spurious

Limits: -36 dBm/100 kHz (Frequency Range : 9 kHz to 1 GHz )

-30 dBm/1 MHz (Frequency Range : 1 GHz to 4 GHz

or 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz (operating frequency is above 470 MHz))

## Wideband noise

Limits: [below tables.](#)

Table 7.9: Wideband noise limits for frequencies above 700 MHz

Frequency offset	Maximum wideband noise level		
	MS Nominal power level ≤ PL 4 (1 W)	MS Nominal power levels from 1,8 W to 10 W and BS Nominal power levels ≤ 10 W	MS and BS Nominal power levels from 15 W to 40 W
100 kHz to 250 kHz	-74 dBc	-74 dBc	-80 dBc
250 kHz to 500 kHz	-80 dBc	-80 dBc	-85 dBc
500 kHz to $f_{rb}$	-80 dBc	-85 dBc	-90 dBc
> $f_{rb}$	-100 dBc	-100 dBc	-100 dBc

NOTE:  $f_{rb}$  denotes the frequency offset corresponding to the near edge of the received band or 10 MHz whichever is greater. All levels are expressed in dBc relative to the actual transmitted power level, and in any case no limit tighter than -55 dBm for offsets ≤  $f_{rb}$  or -70 dBm for offsets >  $f_{rb}$  shall apply.

Table 7.8: Wideband noise limits for frequencies below 700 MHz

Frequency offset	Maximum wideband noise level		
	MS Nominal power level ≤ PL 4 (1 W)	MS Nominal power level = PL 3 (3 W) or PL 3L (1,8 W)	MS Nominal power level ≥ PL 2L (5,6 W) BS (all classes)
100 kHz to 250 kHz	-75 dBc	-78 dBc	-80 dBc
250 kHz to 500 kHz	-80 dBc	-83 dBc	-85 dBc
500 kHz to $f_{rb}$	-80 dBc	-85 dBc	-90 dBc
> $f_{rb}$	-100 dBc	-100 dBc	-100 dBc

NOTE:  $f_{rb}$  denotes the frequency offset corresponding to the near edge of the received band or 5 MHz (10 MHz for frequencies above 520 MHz) whichever is greater. All levels are expressed in dBc relative to the actual transmitted power level, and in any case no limit tighter than -55 dBm for offsets ≤  $f_{rb}$  or -70 dBm for offsets >  $f_{rb}$  shall apply.

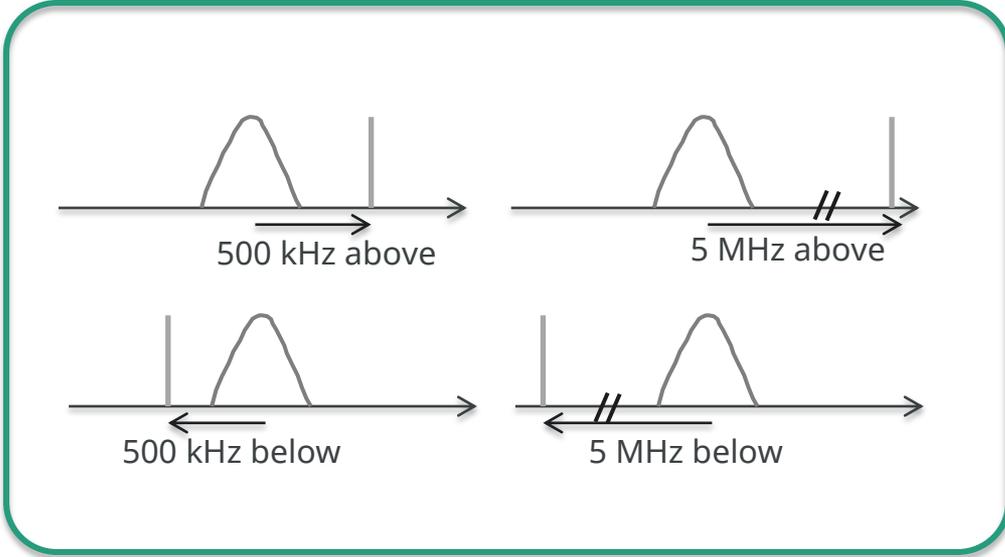
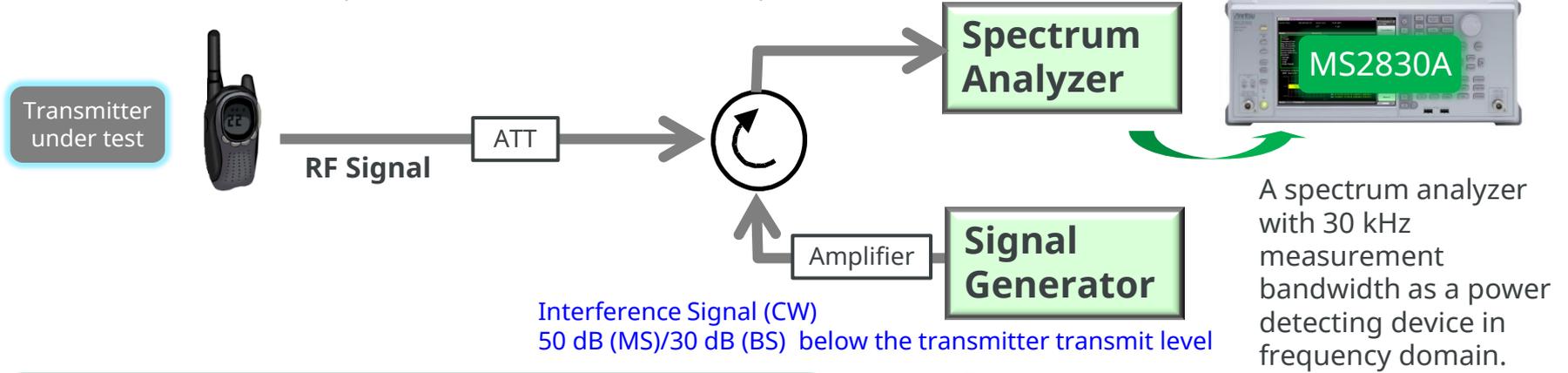
# 8.8 Transmitter intermodulation attenuation

## 8.8.1 MS Transmitter intermodulation attenuation

## 8.8.2 BS Transmitter intermodulation attenuation

MS Limits: at least 60 dB (measured in 30 kHz bandwidth).

BS Limits: at least 70 dB (measured in 30 kHz bandwidth).

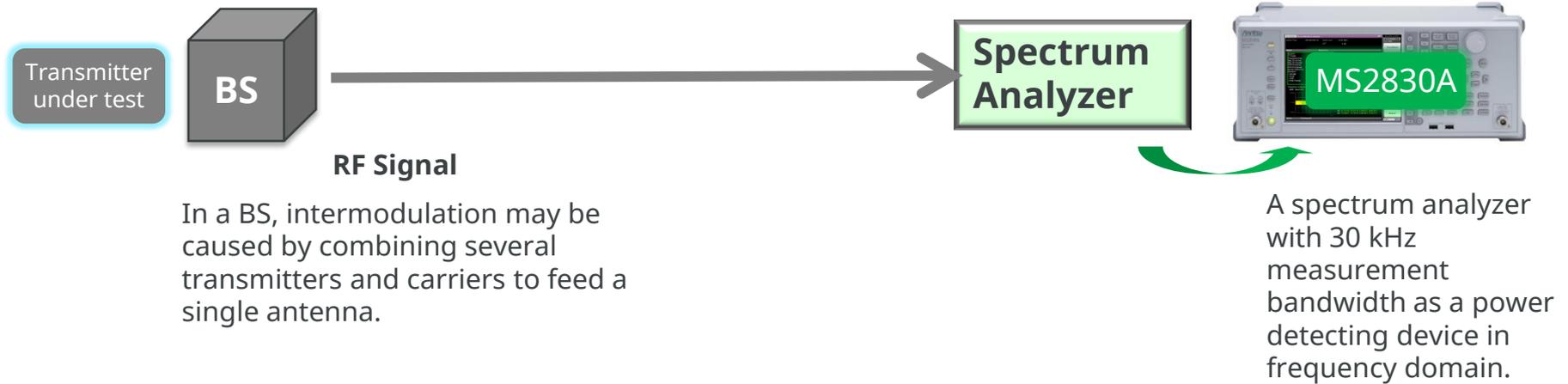


**Frequency :**  
500 kHz above, 5 MHz above  
500 kHz below, 5 MHz below  
the frequency of the transmitter under test/

## 8.8 Transmitter intermodulation attenuation

### 8.8.3 Intra BS transmitter intermodulation attenuation

Limits: For all transmitters of a single TETRA BS, not exceed -60 dBc (measured in 30 kHz bandwidth).



# 10.1 Modulation accuracy

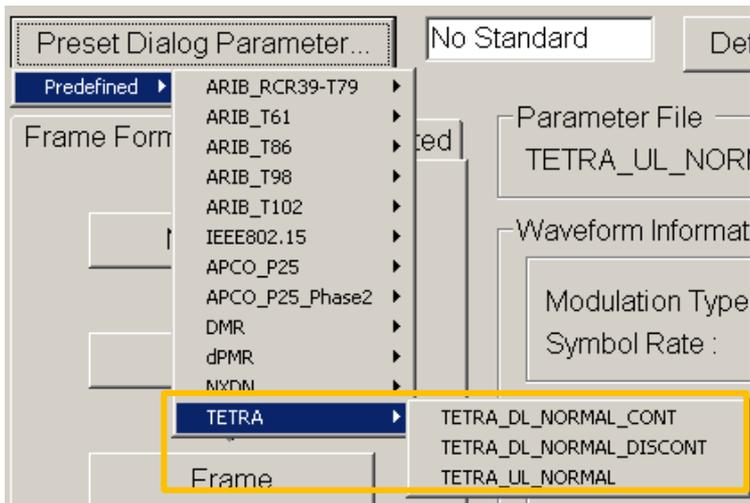
## 10.1.1 MS modulation accuracy for phase modulation

## 10.1.2 BS modulation accuracy for phase modulation

Limits: less than 10% (RMS), 30% (Peak)



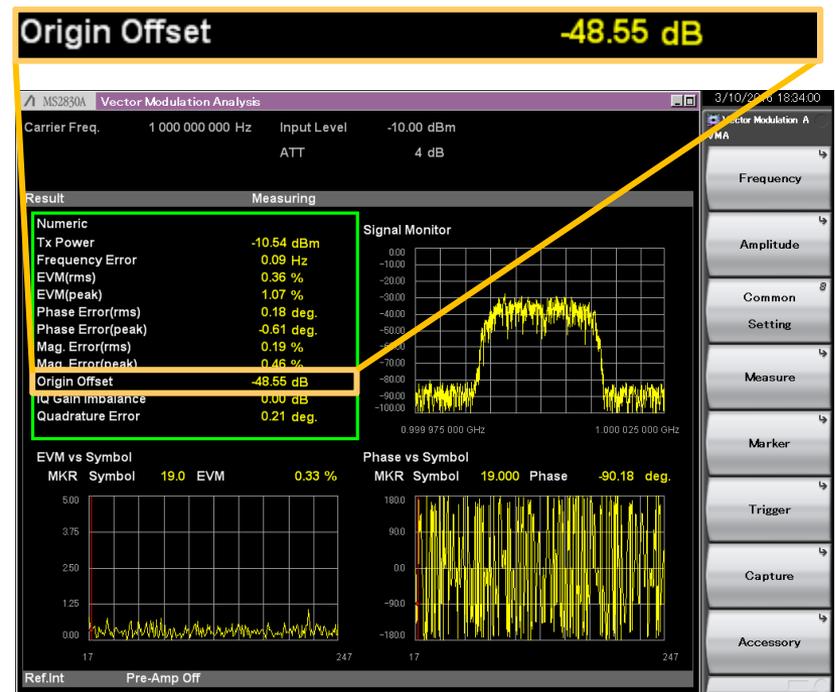
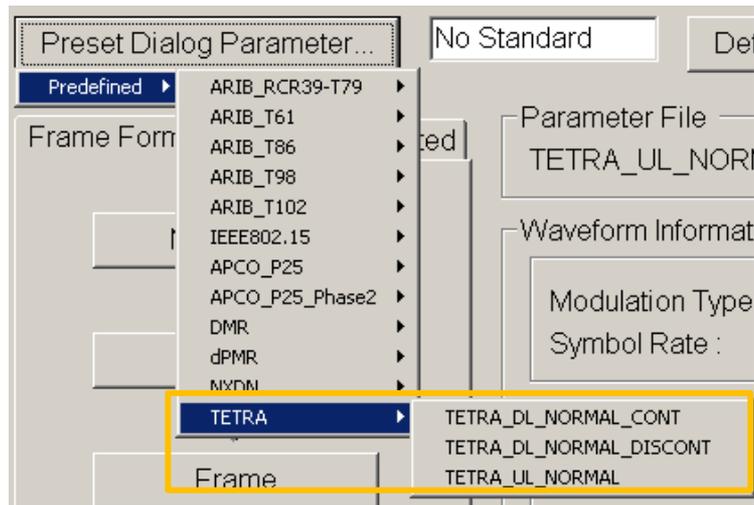
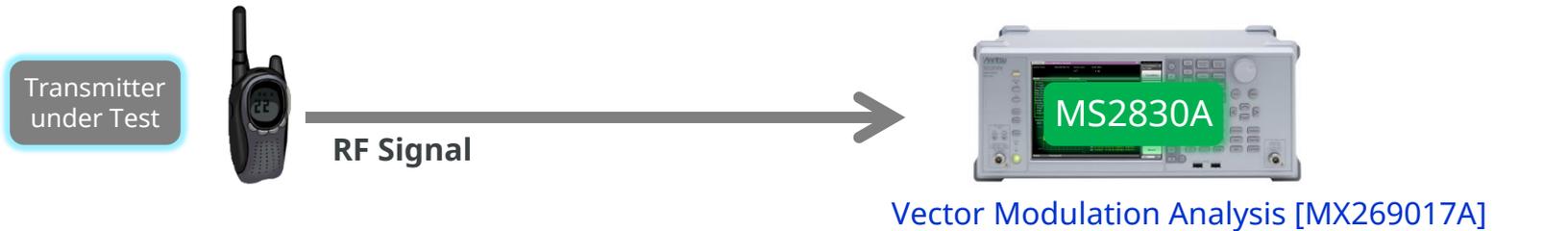
### Vector Modulation Analysis [MX269017A]



# 10.1 Modulation accuracy

## 10.1.3 Vector error magnitude at symbol time for phase modulation

Limits: Residual carrier magnitude shall be less than 5 % (-26 dB) in any burst.



# 10.2 Carrier frequency accuracy

## 10.2.1 MS carrier frequency accuracy for phase modulation

## 10.2.2 BS carrier frequency accuracy for phase modulation

MS Limits: within  $\pm 100$  Hz.

BS Limits:  $\pm 0.2$  ppm (up to 520 MHz),  $\pm 0.1$  ppm (above 520 MHz)



Vector Modulation Analysis [MX269017A]

