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## Utilizing Line-Reflect-Line (LRL) Calibration Method to Measure a Surface-Mount Bandpass Filter on a Fixture

## Introduction

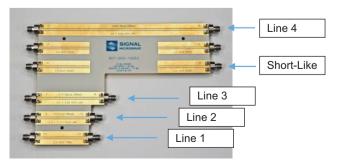
Microwave devices are typically packaged as a surface-mounted device (SMD) that are either soldered or socket-mounted to a PCB fixture. However, as the frequency of the device increases, the effect on the fixture can no longer be ignored. For this application note, a Line-Reflect-Line (LRL) calibration method is introduced to demonstrate how to achieve an accurate measurement of the SMD when it is soldered onto a PCB fixture. The advantage of LRL calibration is that the calibration kit has the same material or dielectric constant and similar trace characterization as the fixture, which enables customers to readily fabricate the LRL calibration kit from the same lot as the fixture. In addition, the length of the shortest line in the LRL kit can be arbitrary and unknown as long as it is the same length as the fixture, therefore the reference plane can be moved to where the DUT is placed in the fixture.

## **LRL Calibration Method**

LRL uses two or more transmission lines and a reflect standard, either an open-like or a short-like. In the LRL calibration technique, the optimum electrical length of the line is 90° or an odd-multiple of a quarter-wavelength. Avoid the electrical lengths near 00 or even-multiples of 90°, which would result in ill-conditioned, closed-form equations. For example, the algorithm will not work at DC or a frequency where the difference in length is N x ( $\lambda/2$ ) (where N is an integer number and  $\lambda$  is the wavelength).

The equipment used for this application note were:

- Anritsu's ShockLine™ MS46122B-040 or MS46524B-040 vector network analyzers
- A signal microwave LRL calibration kit (Figure 1)
- A fixture for the surface mounted device 3225 (3.2 mm x 2.5 mm) (Figure 2)
- The device-under-test soldered on the fixture is a Mini-Circuit B FCV-52 70+ bandpass filter (Figure 2)





B FV-52 0 BPF

Figure 1. LRL Calibration Kit

Figure 2: Fixture with B FCV-52 70+ Bandpass Filter

## **LRL Calibration Procedure**

## 1. First define the frequency range to calculate the number of bands required.

Because of the phase restrictions, each line is fundamentally band-limited to something around an 8:1 ratio (some users may restrict it further for measurements requiring very low uncertainties when the line losses are low). For most cases, a phase difference between 2<sup>o</sup> and 16<sup>o</sup> is recommended which yields an 8:1 ratio. For this example, the calibration needs to be valid from around 245 MHz to 40 GHz, so we need to decide how many bands or lines are required. To calculate number of bands, one needs to find out the ratio of highest to lowest frequency. In this example, it is 163. Using the 8:1 ratio, 8<sup>3</sup>=512 is the next number that covers 163, this means that we need 3 bands (4 lines) in order to cover the frequency range.

## 2. Next, measure the delay on each line.

Perform a 1-port full calibration on the ShockLine VNA and measure  $\tau$ , the delay in ps, for each line (shown in Figure 1). In this case: Line 1 is 355ps; Line 2 is 365ps; Line 3 is 438ps; Line 4 is 999ps; short-line is 316ps. Note:  $\tau$ =electrical length × speed of light. Once the delay is measured, to calculate the effective or electrical length simply divide the delay by the speed of light.

## **3.** 20<360×f×ΔL÷vph<160 equation [1]

f is the frequency of interest in Hz,  $\Delta L$  is the offset in length in meters, and *vph* is the velocity of the line and equals 2.9978 10<sup>8</sup> m/s for air dielectric. By entering each length in ps, one can calculate the rest parameters as in the table below based on equation [1]. From this table, this LRL calibration can cover from 86 MHz to 44.4 GHz.

Enter Length in ps										
Dielectric Constant	1.000000	Effective Length mm	Lower Limit	Upper Limit						
Line 1 (ps)	355.000000	106.426323								
Line 2 (ps)	999.000000	299.492666	0.086266	0.690131						
Line 3 (ps)	438.000000	131.309097	0.669344	5.354752						
Line 4 (ps)	365.000000	109.424247	5.555556	44.44444						
Short-Like (ps)	316.000000	94.734417								

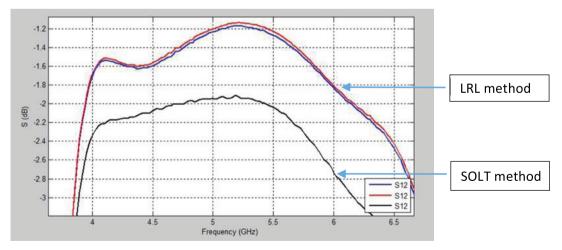
- **4.** Enter the values in the ShockLine LRL table as shown in Figure 3. Specifically, select **Middle of Line 1**. This will move the reference plane to where the DUT is placed.
- **5.** To convert time to distance, use effective length = speed of light x delay for the short-like length.

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Figure 3. LRL Menu Setup

SOLT and LRL comparison is also measured. LRL appears more accurate than the SOLT measurement because the LRL can de-embed the fixture closer to where the SMD is soldered, ulike the SOLT calibration where the reference plane is at the end of the RF cable and does not de-embed the fixture. The blue curve is where the reference plane is, where the connector center pin touches the fixture. This is done by selecting **Ends of Line 1** in the LRL setup menu.

## Summary



*Figure 4. S12 Measurement Comparison Between SOLT and LRL Methods. The Reference Plane for the Blue Line is End of Line 1; the Red Line Reference Plane is Middle of Line 1.* 

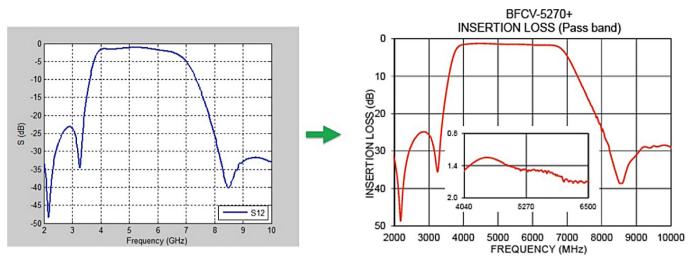


Figure 5. Comparison Between LRL Method and S2P File From BFCV-7270

LRL calibration can de-embed the fixture closer to the thru SMD measurement. In addition, the LRL calibration kit is easier to fabricate and can match the fixture material more closely than other types of calibration kits. This calibration becomes particularly useful in a mass production environment where the fixture is part of an automated test equipment (ATE) setup.

## **References:**

[1] ShockLine MS46522B and MS46524B Calibration and Measurement Guide, available online at anritsu.com

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