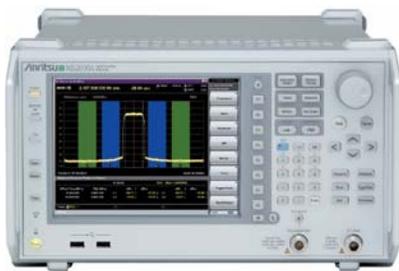


RKE/TPS Measurement

System Measurement for Automotive Applications

MS269xA
Signal Analyzer



Introduction

Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) systems or immobilizers are embedded in modules that control electromechanical drivers for door locks, windshield wipers, interior lighting and other such functionalities – and in some cases to prevent vehicle theft. Tire Pressure Monitoring Systems (TPMS) and other auto sensor applications measure pressure, temperature, and acceleration.

Testing for these automotive applications is essential. For example, testing TPMS is crucial because its sensors are subjected to harsh environments, as well as chemicals and fluids. Testing measures the reliability, system security and integrity of TPMS, as well as RKE and immobilizers.

Because of its combined Spectrum Analyzer, Signal Analyzer and Digitizing Function, the MS269xA is well suited for measuring these wireless Automotive Applications. As a Spectrum Analyzer, the MS269xA demonstrates world-class dynamic range and total level accuracy. When in Signal Analyzer mode, it features analysis bandwidths up to 125 MHz and fast FFT measurements. The standard Digitizer features 128M sample memory, which is capable of capturing an entire 125 MHz bandwidth. It can capture any waveform. The maximum capture time varies according to the frequency span.

This application note provides directions for measuring RKE/TPS with MS269xA. Its instructions outline the procedures necessary for these measurements. The procedures should be performed in the order that they are given:

Freq. Span	Sampling Rate	Max. Capture Time	Capture Time Setting Resolution
1 kHz	2 kHz	50 ms - 2000 s	500µs
2.5 kHz	5 kHz	20 ms - 2000 s	200µs
5 kHz	10 kHz	10 ms - 2000 s	100µs
10 kHz	20 kHz	5 ms - 2000 s	50µs
25 kHz	50 kHz	2 ms - 2000 s	20µs
50 kHz	100 kHz	1 ms - 1000 s	10µs
100 kHz	200 kHz	500µs - 500 s	5µs
250 kHz	500 kHz	200µs - 200 s	2µs
500 kHz	1 MHz	100µs - 100 s	1µs
1 MHz	2 MHz	50µs - 50 s	500ns
2.5 MHz	5 MHz	20µs - 20 s	200ns
5 MHz	10 MHz	10µs - 10 s	100ns
10 MHz	20 MHz	5µs - 5 s	50ns
25 MHz	50 MHz	2µs - 2 s	20ns
31.25 MHz	50 MHz	2µs - 2 s	20ns
50 MHz ^{*1}	100 MHz	1µs - 500 ms	10ns
100 MHz ^{*1}	200 MHz	500ns - 500 ms	5ns
125 MHz ^{*1}	200 MHz	500ns - 500 ms	5ns

*1 : Up to 6GHz

TABLE 1.

Frequency Span Vs. Maximum Capture Time.

- 1. CAPTURE OF RKE • TPMS TRANSMITTER SIGNAL.** In the first step, the MS269xA captures and analyzes the signal coming from an RKE transmitter. This signal is either ASK or FSK modulation. Use the “Power vs. Time” function to analyze ASK modulated signal, and “Frequency vs. Time” function to analyze FSK signal. Both functions are supported by VSA mode.

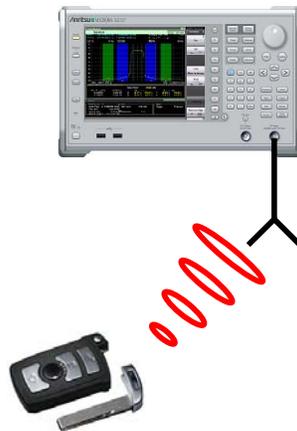
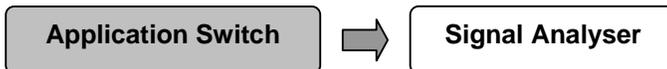


FIGURE 1.

Capture Of RKE Transmitter Signal.

A. Capture RKE FSK transmitter signal.

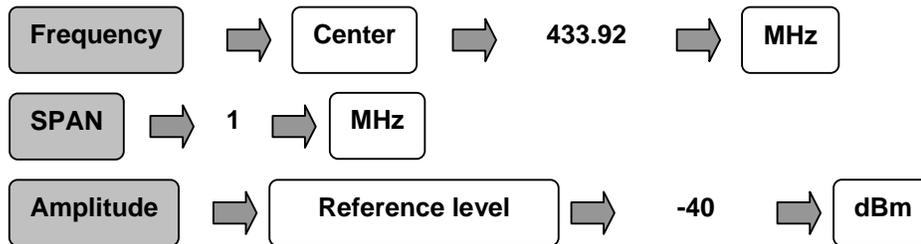
- 1) Connect an adapted antenna to the RF input of the MS269xA.
- 2) Switch the MS269xA to VSA mode.



3) Set Trace mode to "Power vs. Time."



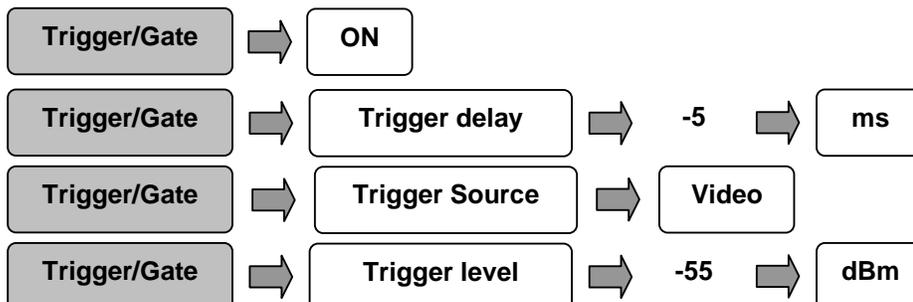
4) Set Frequency, Span, Reference level.



5) Set Capture time. (Generally the length of an RKE burst is between 50ms and 300ms.)



6) Set trigger parameters.



- 7) With all settings in place, begin transmitting from the RKE transmitter. The transmitted burst will appear as shown in *Figure 2*.



FIGURE 2.

225 Ms FSK Burst Capture From RKE Transmitter Seen By The S269XA.

- 8) Make the following settings in the Signal Analyzer mode to examine the modulated RF signal produced by the RKE transmitter.

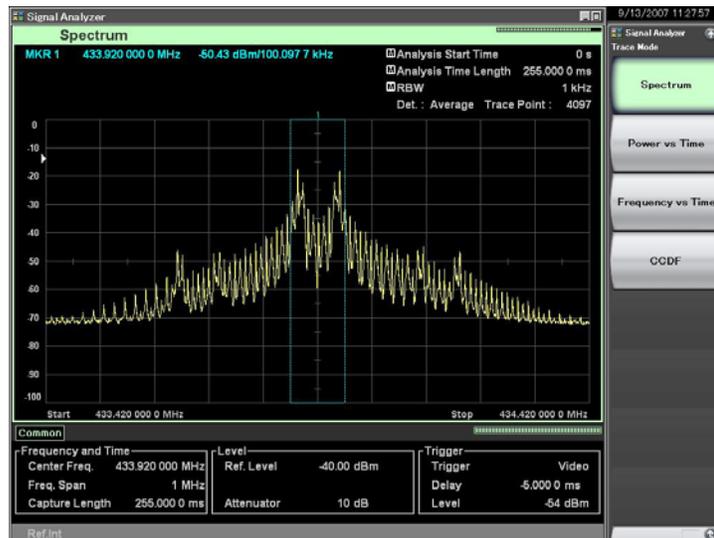
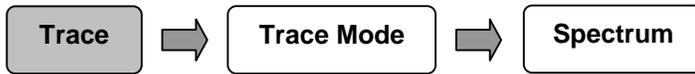


FIGURE 3.

Spectrum Display Of RKE Transmitter Signal.

- 9) Make the following settings in the Signal Analyzer mode to examine the FSK frame. The large memory size of the MS269xA allows the user to capture and see the whole frame including the wake-up sequence and the coded message. The entire frame is shown in *Figure 4*.

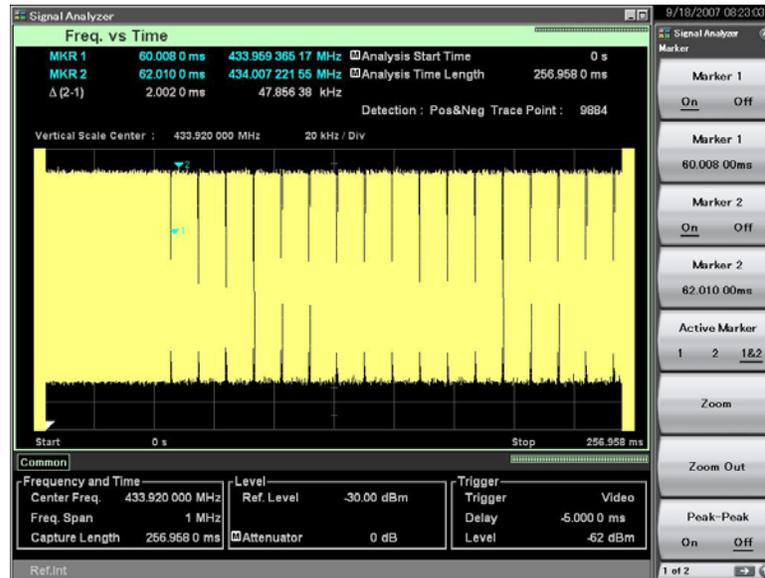


FIGURE 4.

FSK Frame As Seen By The Power Power Vs. Time Function Of The MS269XA.

- 10) To examine specific sections of the frame, use the Marker Zoom function. Make the following settings to zoom into the frame, beginning at 60 ms and ending at 62 ms. The results of these choices are shown in *Figure 5*.

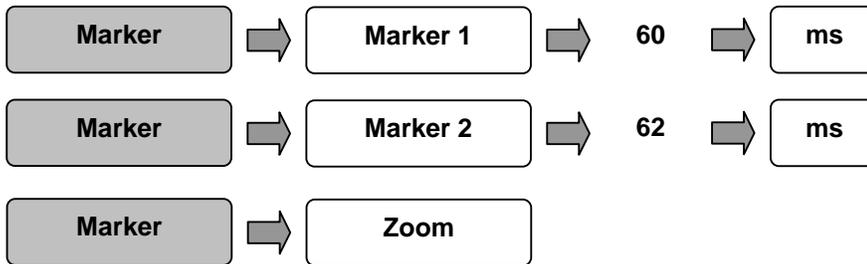




FIGURE 5.

Use The Marker Zoom Functions To Examine Particular Segments Of The FSK Frame.

- 11) When two markers are used, the frequency deviation between two points in the frame can be determined. This frequency deviation measurement using the marker is shown in *Figure 6*.



FIGURE 6.

FSK Frequency Deviation Measurement.

- B. Capture an RKE ASK transmitter signal. The process to capture the ASK signal is similar to the process described for the FSK signal. Follow Steps 1 – 11 in the preceding section. Transmit the ASK signal as indicated to the FSK signal. The ASK frame is shown in *Figure 7*.

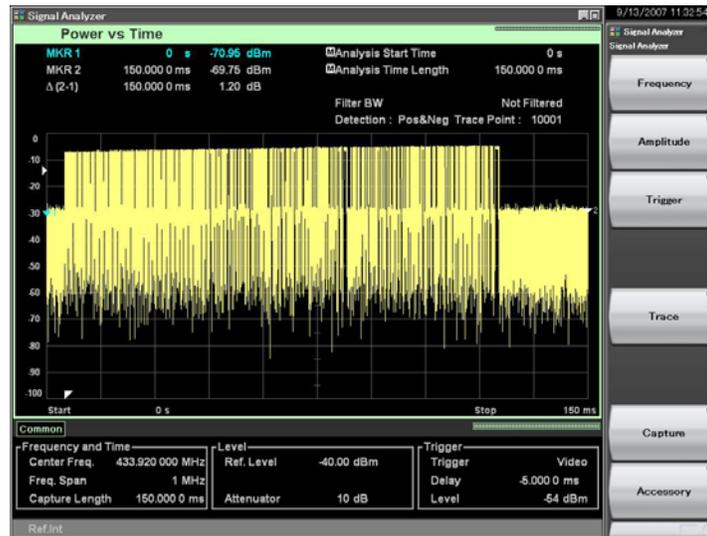


FIGURE 7.

ASK Frame As Seen By The Power Vs. Time Function Of The MS269XA.

- 1) The ASK spectrum can be displayed by using the Spectrum function of the Signal Analyzer Trace Mode.

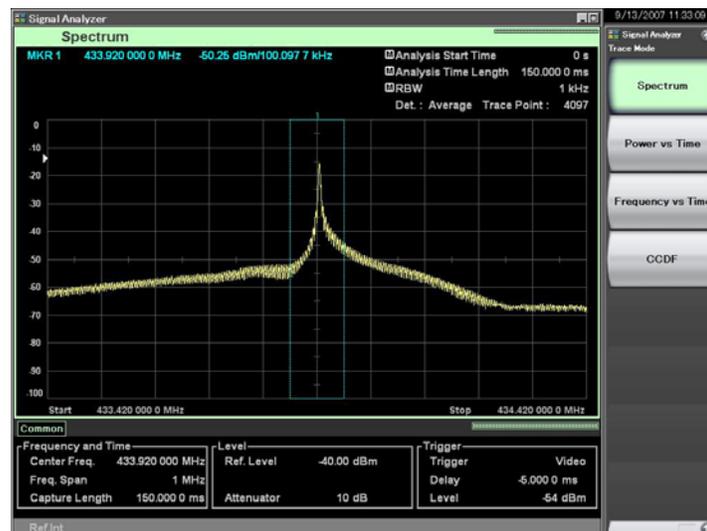


FIGURE 8.

Spectrum Display Of ASK Signal.

3. **CONVERT I/Q DATA USING IQPRODUCER.** IQproducer™ is a software tool integrated in the MS269xA that allows the user to convert the I/Q data captured with the MS269xA to a pattern file that can be used in VSG mode.

NOTE: IQproducer can also build waveforms that can be played by the MS269xA signal generator using patterns generated by simulation tools such as MATLAB. (Simulation files must also be converted to the Signal Generator's format using IQproducer.)

- A. Go to the desktop of the MS269XA.
- B. On the Start menu, choose the IQproducer icon.

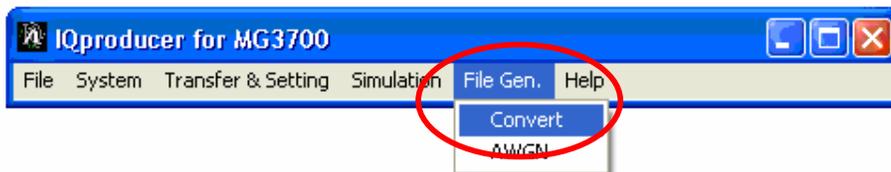


IQproducer.lnk

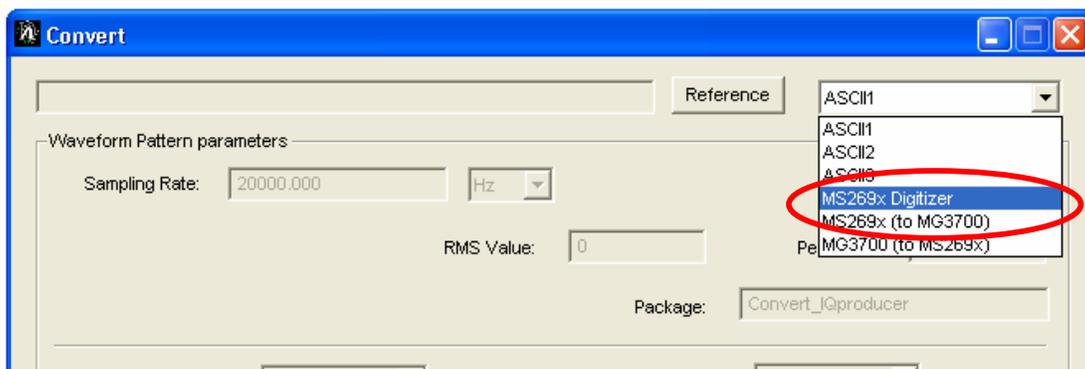
- C. Select “MS269x” on the following window:



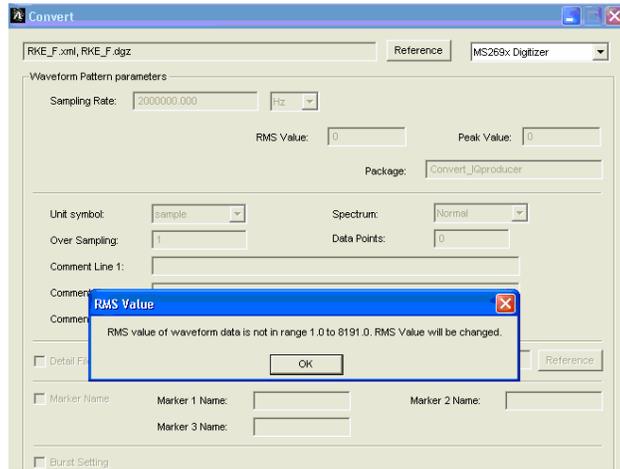
- D. The IQproducer banner appears. Select the File Generation menu, then “Convert.”



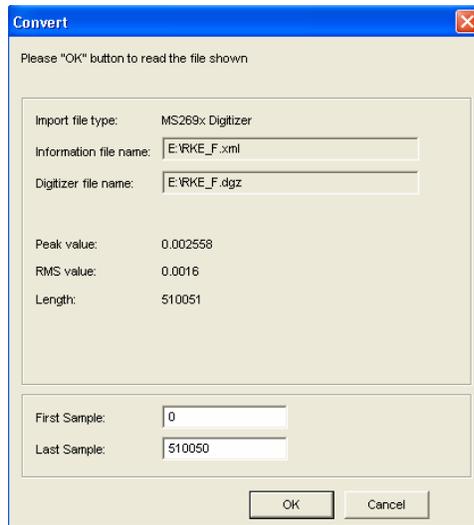
- E. Select the file type “MS269x Digitizer.”



- F. Select the digitized file by choosing the Reference button. By default, the files are in the directory D:\Anritsu Corporation\Signal Analyzer\User Data\Digitized Data\SIGNAL ANALYZER.

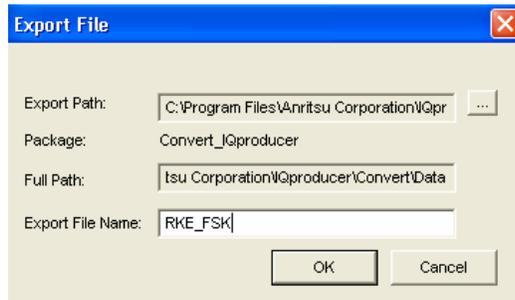


- G. If the message about the RMS values appears, select “OK” to clear the message. The Convert dialog appears.



- H. Press “OK” to accept the selected file. The Convert dialog closes. Select “Convert” to process the file.

- I. Enter a file name for the output file. Select “OK.”

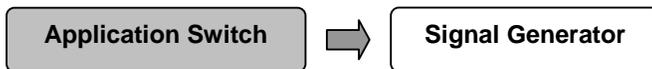


J. The conversion is complete.



4. **LOAD THE PATTERN AND OUTPUT FROM VSG.** The MS269xA can “Replay” the RF signal transmitted by an RKE (or TPMS) transmitter to allow better characterization of the RKE receiver. The next procedure loads and plays the digitized signal from the previous steps.

A. Switch application to Signal Generator.



- B. The digitized pattern must be loaded into the MS269xA.
- C. Select “Load Pattern” from the soft keys.
- D. Select “Convert_IQproducer” from the drop-down menu to choose the package.
- E. Select the file to load by checking the box to the left of the appropriate file name.
- F. Select “Load” to load the file, then select “Close” to close the dialog.
- G. Select “Select Pattern” from the soft keys.
- H. Select “Convert_IQproducer” from the drop-down menu to choose the package.
- I. Select the appropriate file, choose "Select", then select “Close” to close the dialog.
- J. Check the file name in the upper left of the Signal Generator display.
- K. Using the appropriate keys, set the frequency and the amplitude of the output signal.



- L. Using the soft keys, turn the Signal Generator output on and the modulation on.
- M. The digitized signal is now being output from the Signal Generator.

5. **BUILD FSK PATTERN FILE.** IQproducer can be used to build ASK or FSK signals with PBRS (or your own user data) patterns included, in order to make BER measurements. Generally, in RKE or TPMS application, Manchester coding is used. The Manchester Coding uses a transition to indicate the bit. If the bit is a zero, the transition goes from low to high. If the bit is a one, the transition goes from high to low. When coded in binary for our purposes, the high portion of the bit is translated as a one and the low portion is translated as a zero. Thus, every Manchester Coded bit is translated as two binary bits. The data rate is two times faster in binary than in the Manchester Coding. The following example shows how to do the conversion:

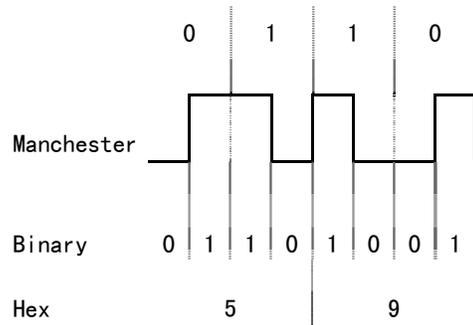


FIGURE 10.

Conversion of Manchester Coding to Binary and Hex.

- A. Go to the desktop of the MS269xA.
- B. On the Start menu, choose the IQproducer icon.

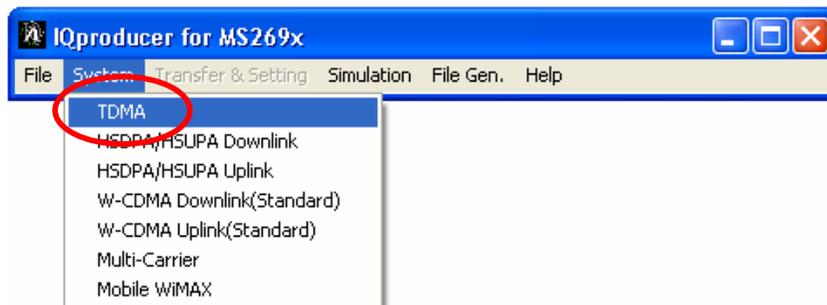


IQproducer.Ink

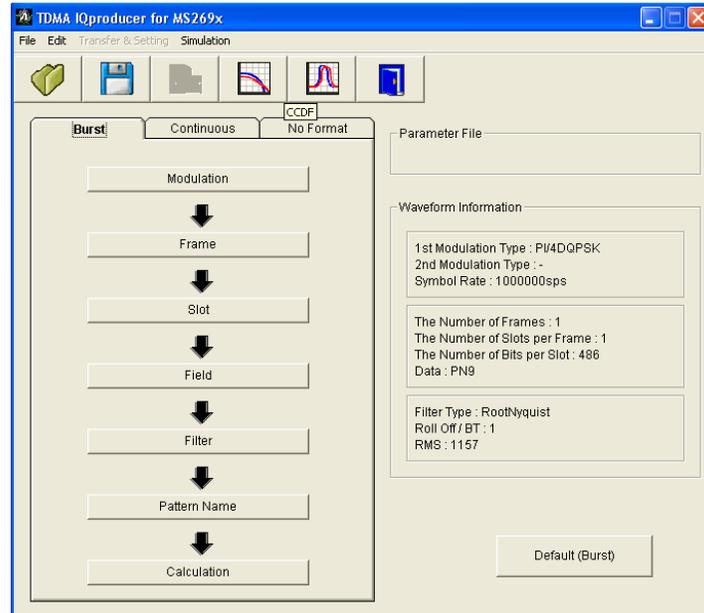
- C. Select “MS269x.”



- D. Select “TDMA” from “System” menu.



E. The TDMA IQproducer window appears.



F. Select the Burst tab as RKE or TPMS signals are RF bursts of FSK frames.

G. Each item in *Table 2* will be set in the following steps:

Modulation	Choose modulation type, modulation index, modulation rate, sampling rate.
Frame	Choose the number of frames desired. As the signal transmitted by VSG is repetitive, the number of frames chosen will involve the delay between two bursts.
Slot	Choose the burst content of either fixed fields or data fields.
Field	Choose the content of the fields. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For the fixed fields, enter the data in hexadecimal For the data fields, choose PN9, PN15, 16-BitPattern, ALL0, ALL1, or User file (hexadecimal text file).
Filter	Choose filtering type. Usually there is no filtering for RKE/TPMS.
Pattern Name	Choose name and folder for file.
Calculation	Compile the file.

TABLE 2.

IQproducer Items Used In This Procedure.

- J. SLOT settings: Field 1: Guard = 0 Field 2: Ramp = 1 bit (Required)
 Field 3 and 4 Fixed = 128 bits Field 5: Fixed = 8 bits
 Field 6: Data = 1024 bits Field 7: Fixed = 8 bits

Slot Format

R	F	F	F		D	F	R	G
1	128	128	8		1024	8	1	1

1st Field: Guard 0 bit
 2nd Field: Ramp 1 bit
 3rd Field: Fixed 128 bit
 4th Field: Fixed 128 bit
 5th Field: Fixed 8 bit
 6th Field: Data 1024 bit
 7th Field: Fixed 8 bit
 8th Field: Fixed 0 bit
 9th Field: Fixed 0 bit
 10th Field: Fixed 0 bit
 11th Field: Fixed 0 bit
 12th Field: Fixed 0 bit
 13th Field: Fixed 0 bit
 14th Field: Fixed 0 bit
 15th Field: Fixed 0 bit
 16th Field: Fixed 0 bit
 17th Field: Fixed 0 bit
 18th Field: Fixed 0 bit
 19th Field: Fixed 0 bit
 20th Field: Fixed 0 bit
 21st Field: Fixed 0 bit
 22nd Field: Fixed 0 bit
 23rd Field: Ramp 1 bit
 24th Field: Guard 1 bit

Apply OK Cancel

- K. FIELD settings: Field 2 and 3 will contain 0000... in Manchester coding which will be coded at 5555... in hex. Field 4 contains 8 bits for synchronization before the data. Field 6 contains 8 bits to indicate the end of the message. The data field contains 1024 bits of PN9 data.

Slot Format: ALL

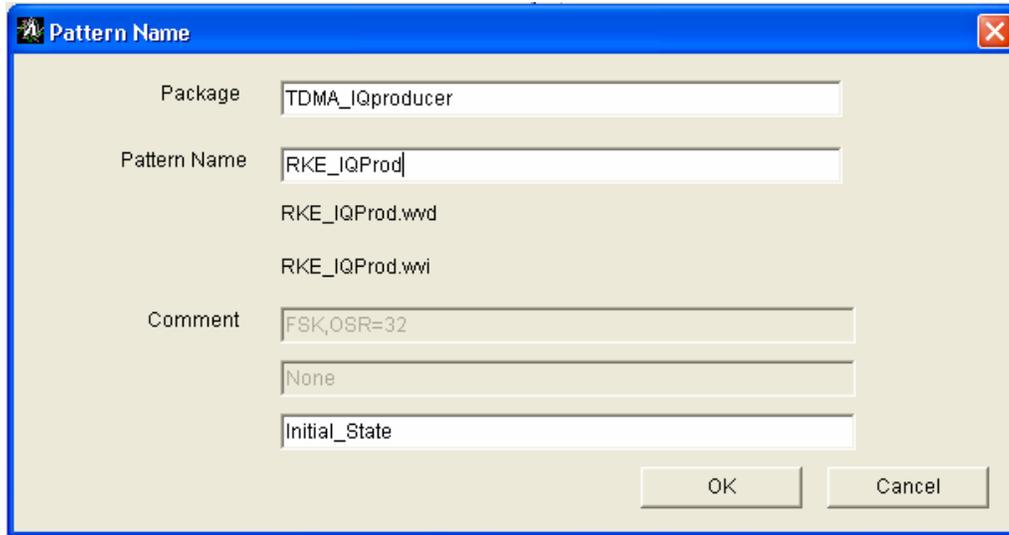
R	F	F	F		D	F	R	G
1	128	128	8		1024	8	1	1

Data Field: PNG
 Data Field has a continuity between the fields in the adjacent slots.
 Data Field has a continuity between the fields in the same number slots.

CRC Field:
 Ones Complement
 Initial Content of the Register:
 ALL1 ALL0

1st Field: Ramp 1 bit
 2nd Field: Fixed 128 bit 55555555555555555555555555555555 (Hex)
 3rd Field: Fixed 128 bit 55555555555555555555555555555555 (Hex)
 4th Field: Fixed 8 bit 01 (Hex)
 5th Field: Data 1024 bit
 6th Field: Fixed 8 bit 01 (Hex)
 7th Field: Ramp 1 bit
 8th Field: Guard 1 bit

- L. FILTER setting: Select “None.”
- M. Enter the File Name and pattern package. Put the pattern in the “TDMA IQproducer” package or create a new package.



- N. Choose “Calculate” to compile the file. Load and run the pattern file as described in Section 4.

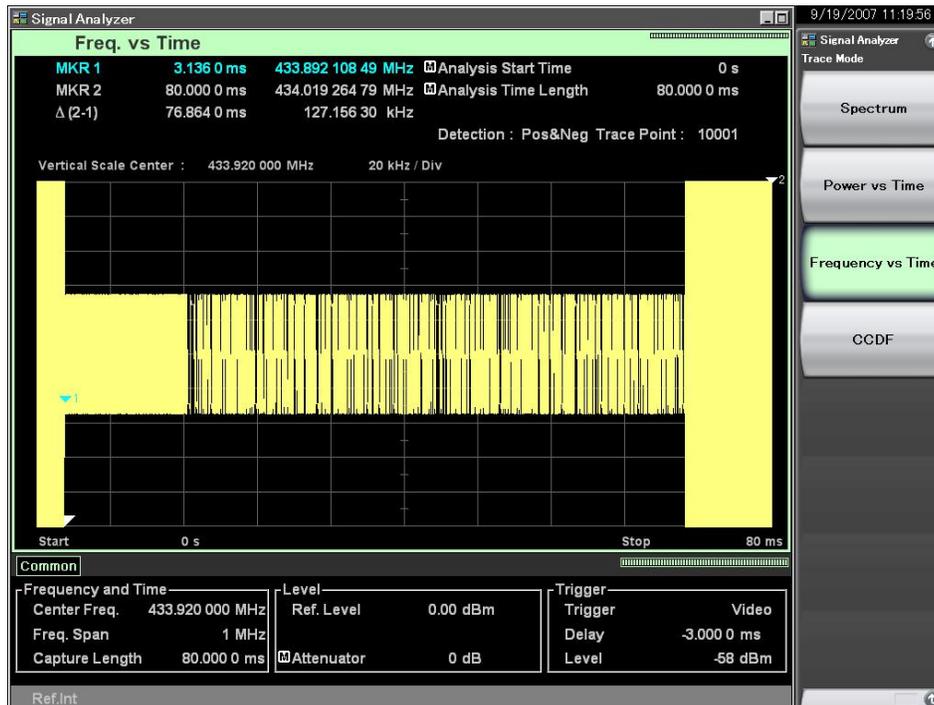


FIGURE 11.

FSK Signal Built With IQproducer And Generated By VSG.

- 6. MAKE BER MEASUREMENT.** The MS269xA includes a bit error rate tester. Connect the data and clock outputs of the receiver to the connectors at the rear of the MS269xA and activate the BER application. The bit error rate is then computed on the Data patterns.

Conclusion

This application note provides directions for measuring Remote Keyless Entry (RKE) and Tire Pressure Monitoring Systems (TPS) with MS269xA and outlines the procedures necessary for these measurements. The MS269xA is useful for measuring automotive applications such as RKE and TPMS because of its combined Spectrum Analyzer, Signal Analyzer and Digitize Functions. As a Spectrum Analyzer, the MS269xA demonstrates world-class dynamic range and total level accuracy. When in Signal Analyzer mode, it features analysis bandwidths up to 125 MHz and fast FFT measurements. The standard Digitizer features 128M sample memory, which is capable of capturing an entire 125 MHz bandwidth. It can capture any waveform. The maximum capture time varies according to the frequency span.

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